Same period Change since

NSW

Same period

Singleton Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 2,981 patients	2,918	2%
Emergency presentations: ² 2,855 patients	2,805	2%

Singleton Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

October to December 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 203 patients	242	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 26 minutes	30 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 766 patients	834	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	26 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	72 minutes	72 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,700 patients	1,571	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 35 minutes	36 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 99 minutes	95 minutes	104 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 181 patients	158	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 35 minutes	32 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	95 minutes	104 minutes

Singleton Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,981 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

Change since one year ago	
2%	2,918
	89%

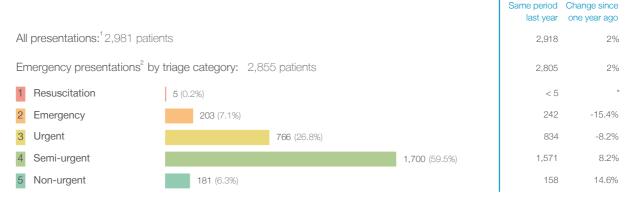
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

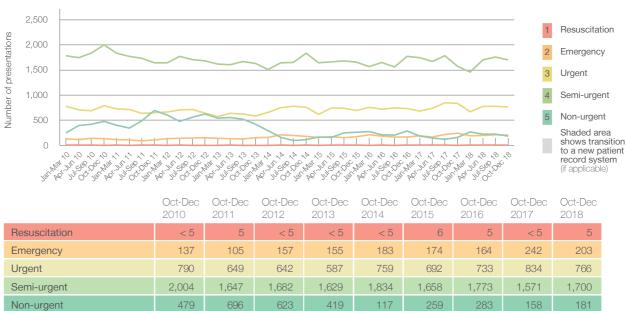
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Singleton Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 [‡]



Singleton Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

3,410

3,102

3,104

2,790

2,893

2,958

2,789

2,805

Same period Change since

2,855

October to December 2018

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 306 patients	263	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	3 minutes	5 minutes	-2 minutes
90th percentile time	10 minutes	16 minutes	-6 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

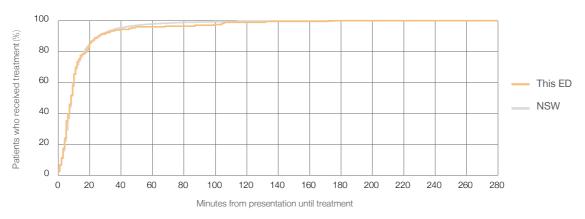
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

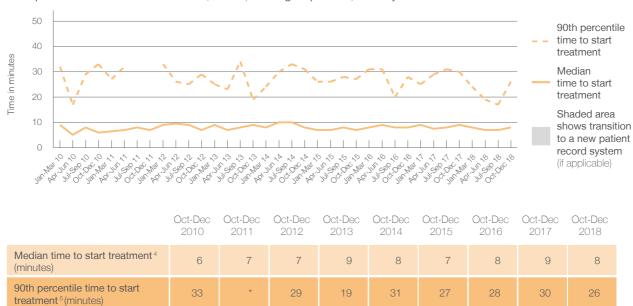
Singleton Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 203	242	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 196	228	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes	30 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †‡



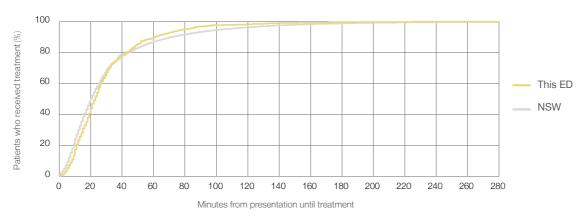
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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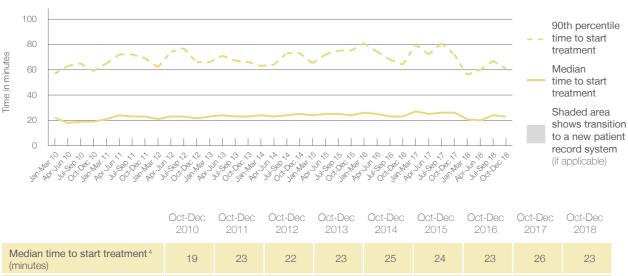
Singleton Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 766	834	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 744	814	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	26 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 61 minutes	72 minutes	72 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †*



59

69

66

66

73

75

64

72

61

90th percentile time to start

treatment 5 (minutes)

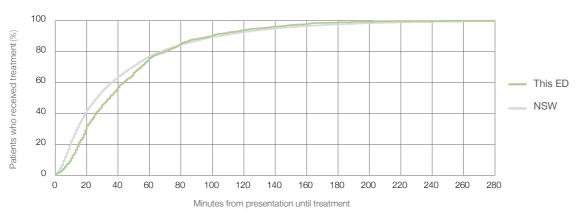
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

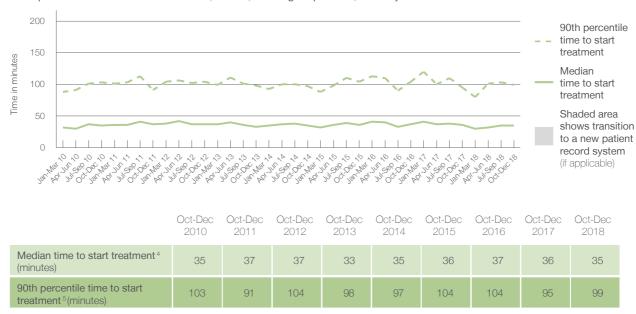
Singleton Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,700	1,571	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,630	1,524	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 35 minutes	36 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 99 minutes	95 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †‡



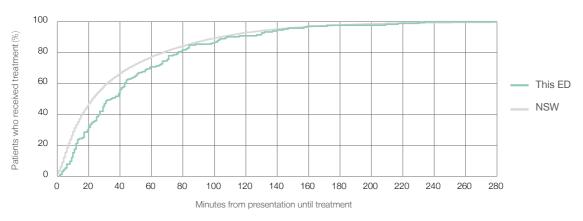
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

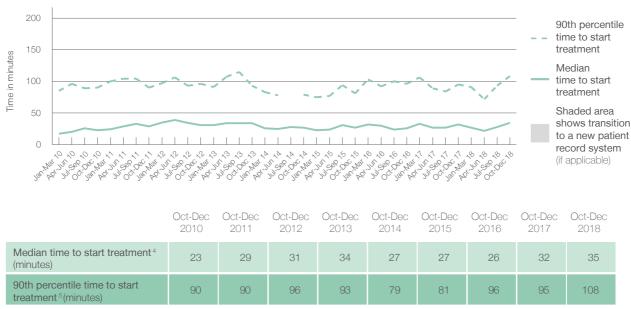
Singleton Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 181	158	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 164	142	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 35 minutes	32 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 108 minutes	95 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †‡



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Singleton Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2018

All presentations: 2,981 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,981 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8

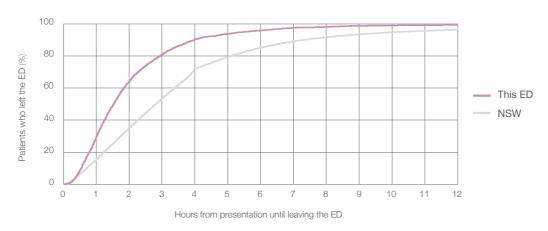
1 hours and 32 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED $^{\rm 9}$

3 hours and 59 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	2,918
	2,918
2 hours and 49 minutes	1 hours and 26 minutes
7 hours and 19 minutes	4 hours and 5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 ^{1‡}

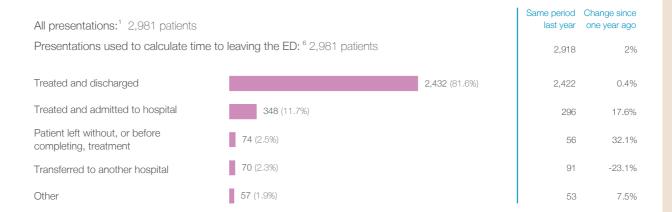


^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

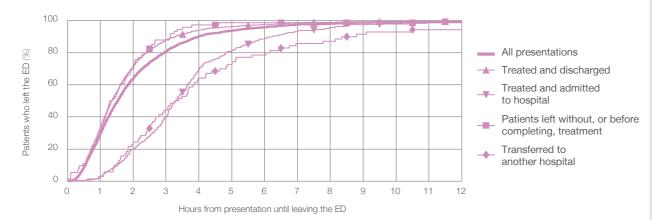
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Singleton Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2018 **



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	33.8%	71.5%	87.9%	94.1%	97.6%	98.9%	99.5%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	3.2%	19.8%	39.9%	69.5%	88.8%	95.4%	98.0%	99.7%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	31.1%	70.3%	87.8%	97.3%	98.6%	98.6%	98.6%	98.6%
Transferred to another hospital	2.9%	24.3%	44.3%	64.3%	78.6%	87.1%	92.9%	94.3%
All presentations	29.7%	64.1%	80.9%	90.3%	95.9%	98.1%	99.0%	99.4%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Singleton Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 12,981 patients

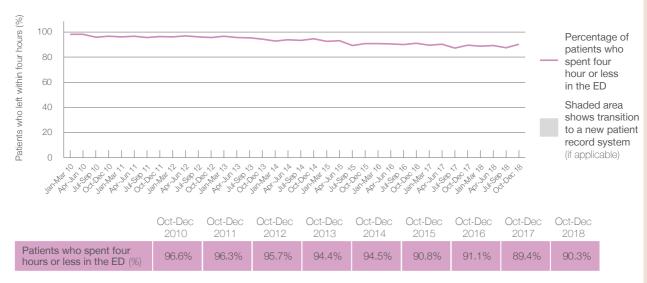
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 62,981 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

90.3%

one year ago	
2%	2,918
2%	2,918
	89.4%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 January 2019).