

Hospital Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

Ungrouped acute – tertiary referral hospitals (A3) peer group

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Calvary Mater Newcastle: Emergency department (ED) overview

July to September 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 9,068 patients	8,620	5.2%
Emergency presentations: ² 9,027 patients	8,520	6.0%

Calvary Mater Newcastle: Time patients waited to start treatment³

July to September 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,221 patients	1,223	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment 5 38 minutes	50 minutes	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,474 patients	2,245	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	22 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 71 minutes	87 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,267 patients	4,093	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	28 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	130 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,007 patients	906	
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,007 patients	900	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	29 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	153 minutes	138 minutes

Calvary Mater Newcastle: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 9,068 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 72.8%

	Change since one year ago
8,620	5.2%
70.3%	

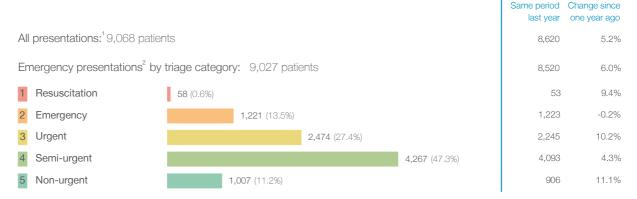
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

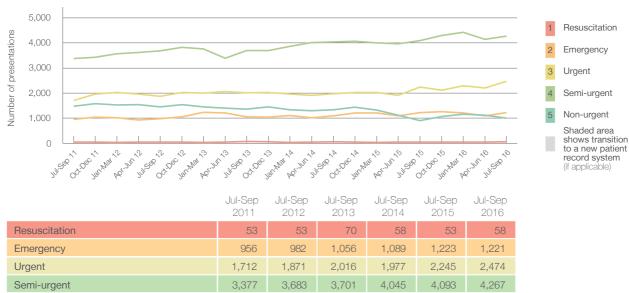
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Calvary Mater Newcastle: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 [‡]



1.366

8,209

1 341

8,510

Calvary Mater Newcastle: Patients arriving by ambulance

1 482

7.580

July to September 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 2,811 patients		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	4 minutes	7 minutes	-3 minutes
95th percentile time	39 minutes	62 minutes	-23 minutes

8,039

1,007

9,027

Same period Change since

906

8,520

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

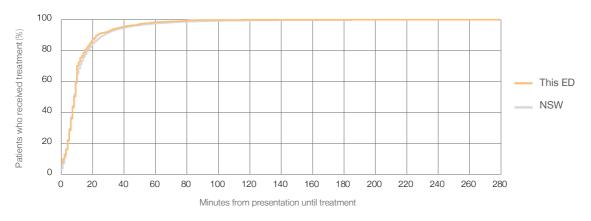
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

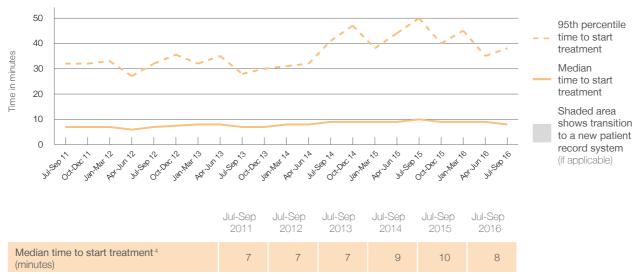
Calvary Mater Newcastle: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,221	1,223	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 951		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 38 minutes	50 minutes	41 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 **



32

95th percentile time to start treatment 5

(minutes)

41

38

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

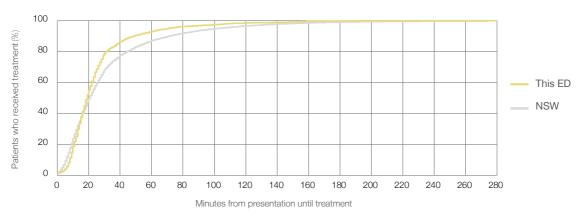
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Calvary Mater Newcastle: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)			NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,474	2,245		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,143			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	19 minutes	22 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	71 minutes	87 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)	20	20	19	22	22	19
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	97	108	73	93	87	71

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

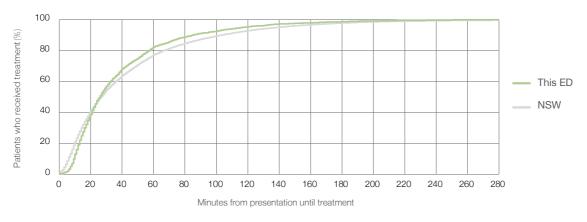
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Calvary Mater Newcastle: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,267	4,093	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3,846	3,720	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	28 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	130 minutes	139 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)	30	29	27	28	28	26
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	174	155	139	119	130	118

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

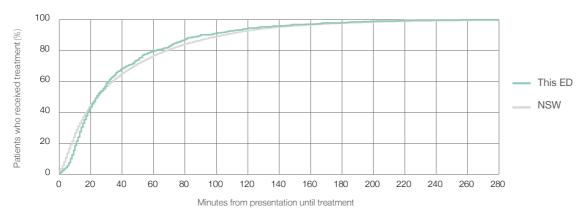
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Calvary Mater Newcastle: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts of	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,007	906		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calcu	762		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	24 minutes	29 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	128 minutes	153 minutes	138 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	34	31	33	26	29	24
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	191	168	142	119	153	128

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9 hours and 39 minutes

Calvary Mater Newcastle: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

95th percentile time spent in the ED 9

All presentations: 1 9,068 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 9,068 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 46 minutes

Same period last year (this period)

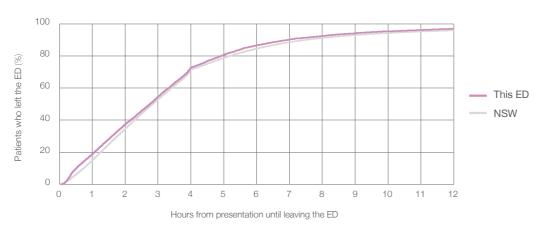
8,620

2 hours and 45 minutes

11 hours and 6 minutes

10 hours and 43 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016



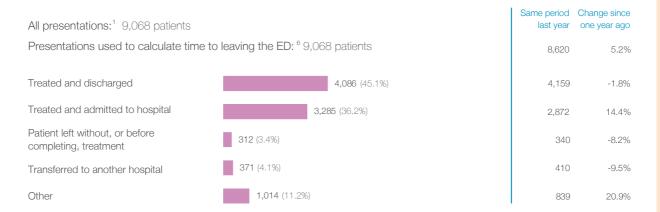
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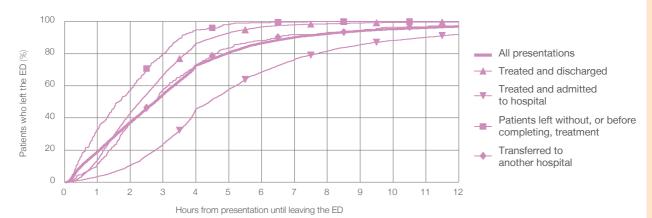
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Calvary Mater Newcastle: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	13.8%	43.0%	66.6%	86.4%	96.7%	98.6%	99.5%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	3.5%	10.4%	23.7%	45.7%	68.5%	81.6%	88.2%	92.0%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	32.7%	57.1%	80.1%	94.9%	99.4%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	11.1%	36.9%	57.4%	72.8%	88.1%	93.3%	96.5%	97.6%
All presentations	18.8%	37.4%	54.6%	72.8%	86.6%	92.4%	95.3%	96.9%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Calvary Mater Newcastle: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 1 9,068 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 9,068 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

72.8%

Change since one year ago	
5.2%	8,620
5.2%	8,620
	70.3%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 14



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- [†] Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED)
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

$\textbf{Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital:} \ \, \textbf{Emergency department} \ \, \textbf{(ED)} \ \, \textbf{overview}$

July to September 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 7,217 patients	8,731	-17.3%
Emergency presentations: ² 6,933 patients	7,067	-1.9%

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

July to September 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 132 patients	90	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	*	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 982 patients	797	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	17 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 69 minutes	49 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,024 patients	3,562	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	22 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	73 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,795 patients	2,618	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	23 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	91 minutes	138 minutes

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED July to September 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 7,211 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 88.

	one year ago
8,731	-17.4%
89.9%	

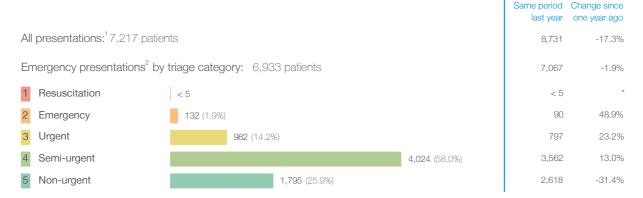
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- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 [‡]



Emergency	101	86	100	85	90	132
Urgent	765	653	715	647	797	982
Semi-urgent	3,616	3,575	3,454	3,405	3,562	4,024
Non-urgent	2,981	2,809	3,009	2,842	2,618	1,795
All emergency presentations	7,473	7,123	7,284	6,979	7,067	6,933

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2016

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 717 patients		714	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	8 minutes	10 minutes	-2 minutes
95th percentile time	20 minutes	23 minutes	-3 minutes

Same period Change since

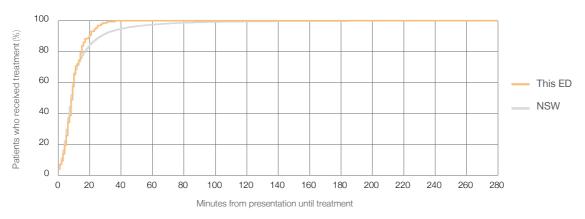
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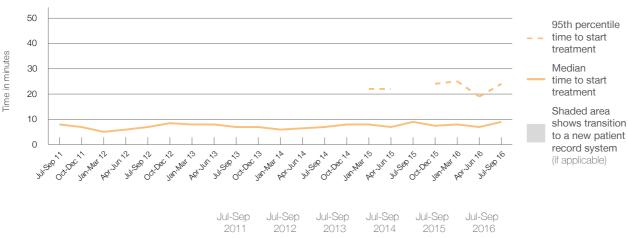
Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 132		
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 129		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 24 minutes	*	41 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



	Jul-Sep 2011	Jul-Sep 2012	Jul-Sep 2013	Jul-Sep 2014	Jul-Sep 2015	Jul-Sep 2016
Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)	8	7	7	7	9	9
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	25	*	21	*	*	24

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

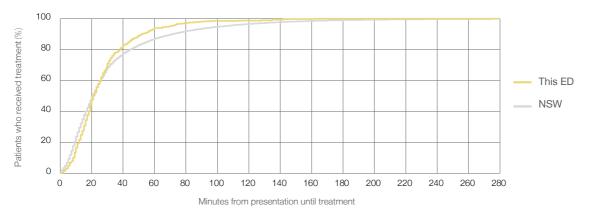
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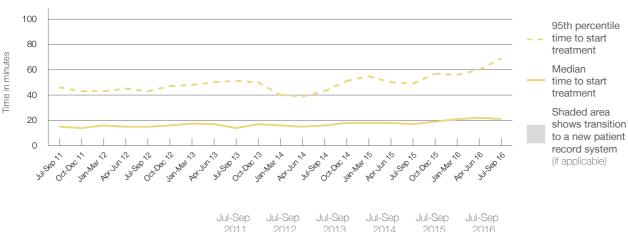
Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 982		797	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 964		777	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	21 minutes	17 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	69 minutes	49 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	15	15	14	16	17	21
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	46	43	51	43	49	69

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

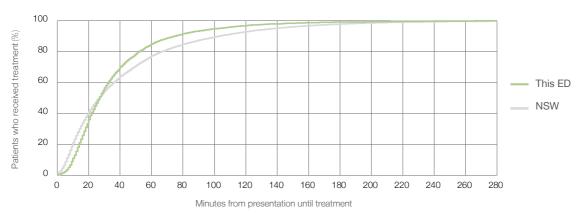
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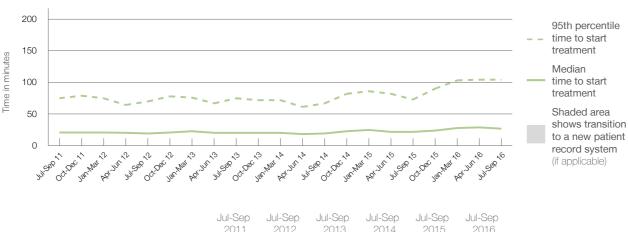
Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,024	3,562	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3,924		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	22 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 104 minutes	73 minutes	139 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	21	19	20	19	22	27
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	75	70	75	67	73	104

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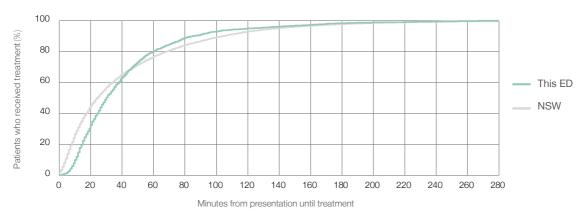
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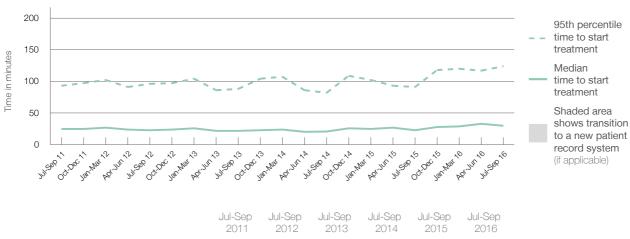
Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,795	2,618	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,630	2,458	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	23 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 124 minutes	91 minutes	138 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	25	23	22	21	23	30	
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	93	96	88	82	91	124	

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

All presentations: 1 7,217 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 7,211 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸

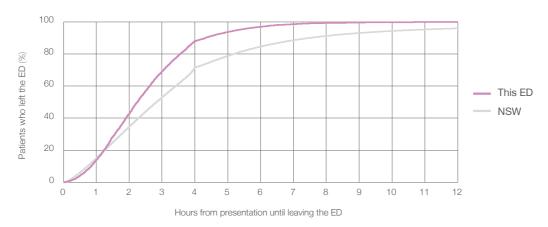
2 hours and 15 minutes

95th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹





Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 $^{\dagger *}$



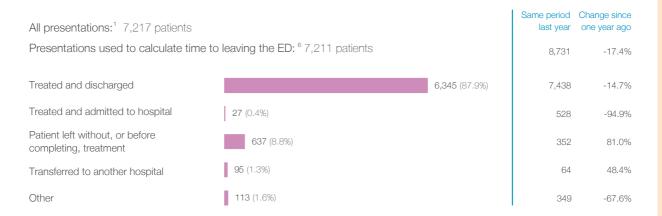
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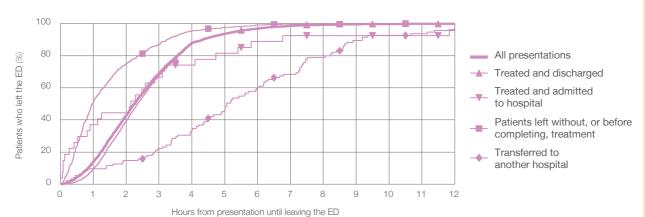
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	9.5%	39.3%	67.7%	87.9%	97.2%	99.6%	99.9%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	37.0%	44.4%	66.7%	74.1%	88.9%	92.6%	92.6%	100%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	51.2%	75.2%	87.1%	95.6%	99.1%	99.7%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	9.5%	14.7%	22.1%	33.7%	60.0%	78.9%	92.6%	96.8%
All presentations	14.0%	42.9%	69.2%	88.0%	96.9%	99.3%	99.8%	99.9%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: ¹7,217 patients

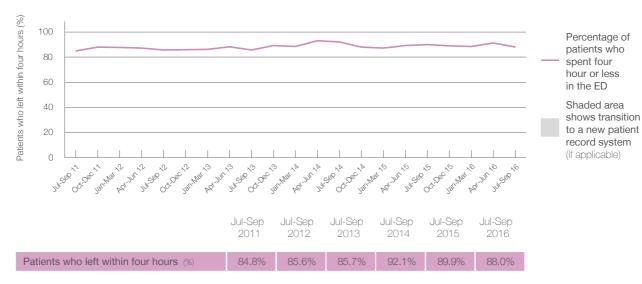
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶7,211 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

88.0%

	Change since one year ago
8,731	-17.3%
8,731	-17.4%
90.00/	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 14



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED)
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).