From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

| Prince of Wales Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview October to December 2016 | | |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Same period last year | Change since one year ago |
| All presentations:1 14,878 patients | 14,696 | 1.2% |
| Emergency presentations: ² 13,863 patients | 13,509 | 2.6% |
| | | |
| Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³ | | |
| October to December 2016 | | |
| | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,157 patients | 1,222 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes | 8 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 24 minutes | 25 minutes | 26 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 7,113 patients | 6,736 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ | 20 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes | 65 minutes | 67 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,851 patients | 4,759 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ | 19 minutes | 25 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 83 minutes | 97 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 548 patients | 595 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes | 27 minutes | 24 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 108 minutes | 103 minutes |

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

| October to December 2016 | | | last year | one year ago |
|---|---------------------------------|-------|-----------|--------------|
| Attendances used to calculate time to le | eaving the ED:6 14,864 patients | | 14,695 | 1.2% |
| Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED | | 65.1% | 68.1% | |

Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

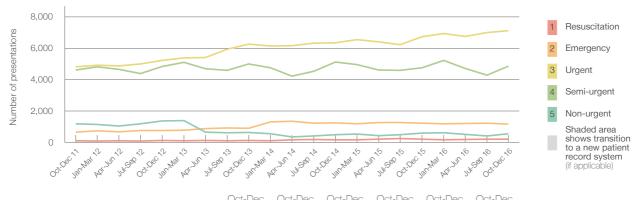
Same period Change since

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

| October to December 2016 | | | | Same period | Change since |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | | | last year | one year ago |
| All presentations: ¹ 14,878 patie | ents | | | 14,696 | 1.2% |
| Emergency presentations ² by | triage category: 13,863 patients | 5 | | 13,509 | 2.6% |
| 1 Resuscitation | 194 (1.4%) | | | 197 | -1.5% |
| 2 Emergency | 1,157 (8.3%) | | | 1,222 | -5.3% |
| 3 Urgent | | | 7,113 (51.3%) | 6,736 | 5.6% |
| 4 Semi-urgent | | 4,851 (35.0%) | | 4,759 | 1.9% |
| 5 Non-urgent | 548 (4.0%) | | | 595 | -7.9% |

Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



| | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Resuscitation | 92 | 111 | 110 | 163 | 197 | 194 |
| Emergency | 642 | 754 | 900 | 1,249 | 1,222 | 1,157 |
| Urgent | 4,821 | 5,229 | 6,253 | 6,343 | 6,736 | 7,113 |
| Semi-urgent | 4,605 | 4,824 | 5,006 | 5,110 | 4,759 | 4,851 |
| Non-urgent | 1,174 | 1,360 | 627 | 495 | 595 | 548 |
| All emergency presentations | 11,334 | 12,278 | 12,896 | 13,360 | 13,509 | 13,863 |

Prince of Wales Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

| | | | Change since one year ago |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|
| Arrivals used to calculate transfer | of care time: 7 3,422 patients | 3,305 | |
| ED Transfer of care time | | | |
| Median time | 10 minutes | 11 minutes | -1 minute |
| 90th percentile time | 25 minutes | 26 minutes | -1 minute |
| | | | |
| | | | |

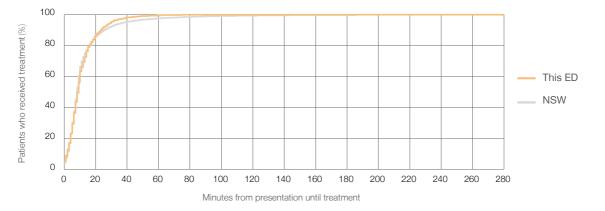
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

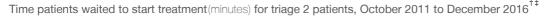
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

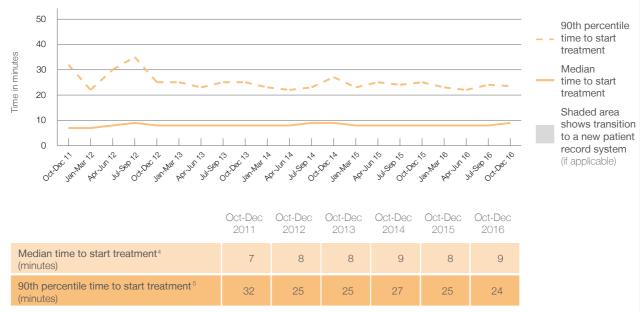
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016 NSW Same period Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) (this period) last year Number of triage 2 patients: 1,157 1.222 Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 1,140 1,216 Median time to start treatment⁴ 9 minutes 8 minutes 8 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 24 minutes 26 minutes 25 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016







(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

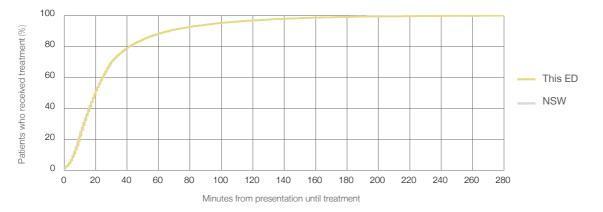
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

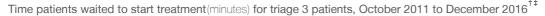
 ^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016 NSW Same period Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration) last year (this period) Number of triage 3 patients: 7,113 6.736 Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 6,996 6,623 Median time to start treatment⁴ 20 minutes 20 minutes 20 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 66 minutes 67 minutes 65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016







(minutes)

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

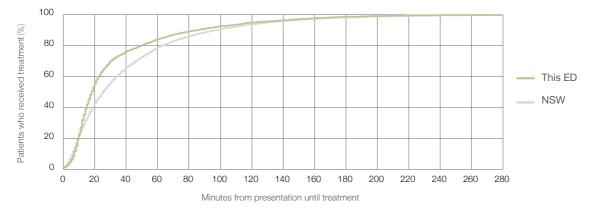
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

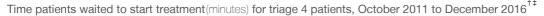
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016 NSW Same period Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache) (this period) last year Number of triage 4 patients: 4,851 4.759 Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 4,674 4.592 Median time to start treatment⁴ 18 minutes 19 minutes 25 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 85 minutes 97 minutes 83 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016







^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

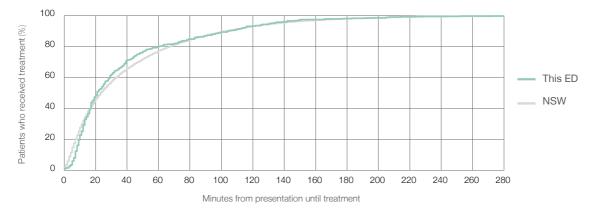
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{††}



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(minutes)

(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

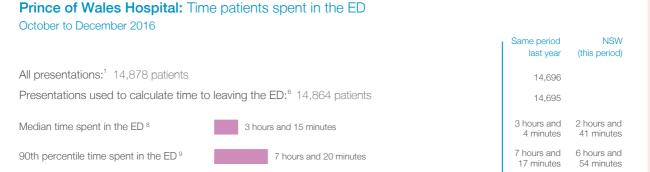
110

117

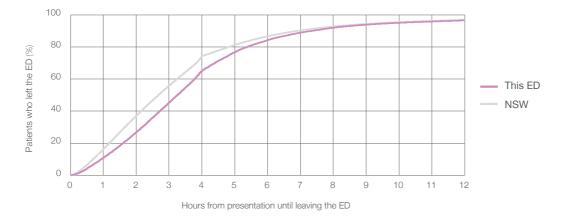
108

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance. December 2011 Principal referral hospitals (A1)

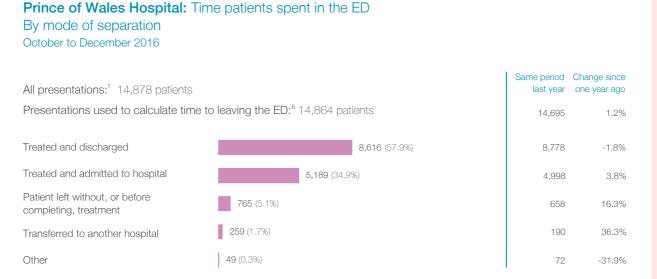
Eastern Sydney Local Health District

South

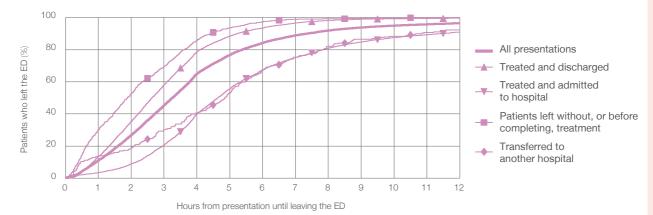
Prince of Wales Hospital

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



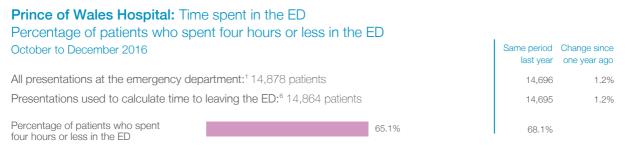
1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

| Treated and discharged | 13.4% | 35.2% | 58.2% | 78.8% | 93.6% | 98.2% | 99.2% | 99.6% |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Treated and admitted to hospital | 3.4% | 8.9% | 20.8% | 40.1% | 67.6% | 80.9% | 87.5% | 91.0% |
| Patient left without, or before completing, treatment | 30.1% | 52.5% | 69.7% | 85.8% | 97.4% | 99.2% | 99.7% | 99.9% |
| Transferred to another hospital | 13.9% | 18.5% | 30.1% | 40.5% | 67.2% | 81.9% | 88.4% | 92.3% |
| All presentations | 11.0% | 26.9% | 45.4% | 65.1% | 84.3% | 92.0% | 95.0% | 96.5% |

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System(extracted 24 January 2017).