NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

### Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

April to June 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 944 patients	1,057	-10.7%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 888 patients	1,036	-14.3%

#### Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

April to June 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 89 patients	91	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 5 minutes	4 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	*	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 206 patients	292	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	10 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 35 minutes	29 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 462 patients	484	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	12 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 58 minutes	50 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 131 patients	169	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	10 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	50 minutes	101 minutes

#### Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 944 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
four hours or less in the ED	95.1%

Change since	Same period
one year ago	last year
-10.7%	1,057
	91.8%

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

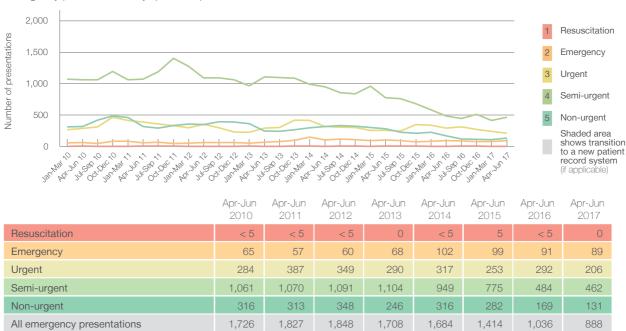
Same period Change since

#### Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017

			last year	one year ago		
All presentations 1944 patients	1,057	-10.7%				
Emergency presentations <sup>2</sup> by	1,036	-14.3%				
1 Resuscitation	O (0%)					
2 Emergency	89 (10.0%)		91	-1.1%		
3 Urgent	206 (23.2%)		292	-29.5%		
4 Semi-urgent		462 (52.0%)	484	-4.5%		
5 Non-urgent	131 (14.8%)		169	-22.5%		

Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 <sup>‡</sup>



#### Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

ED Transfer of care time is not currently available for this hospital. <sup>7</sup>

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

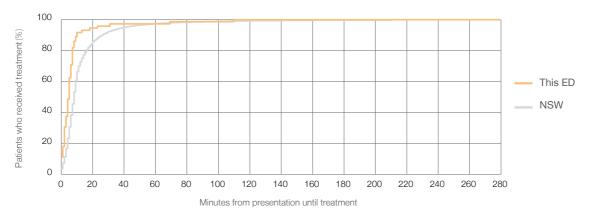
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

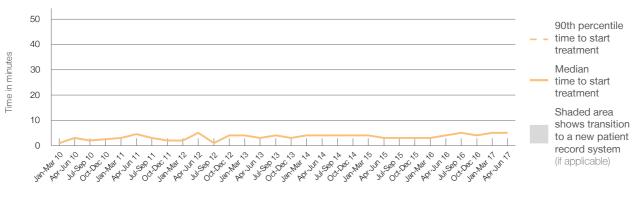
## **Kurri Kurri District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 89	91	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 72	80	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 5 minutes	4 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> *	*	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	3	5	5	3	4	3	4	5
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

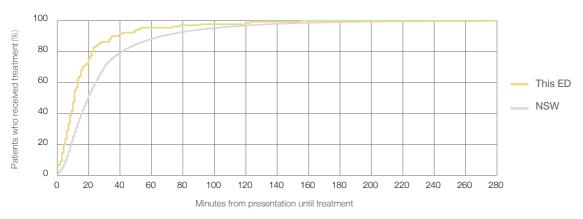
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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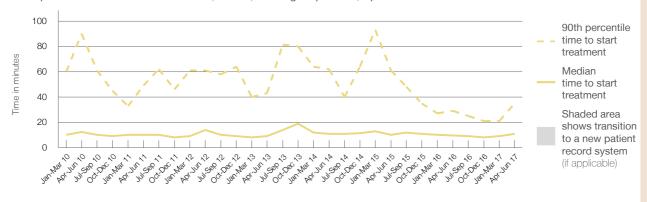
## **Kurri Kurri District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 206	292	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 131	216	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 11 minutes	10 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 35 minutes	29 minutes	67 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	13	10	14	9	11	10	10	11
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	90	49	61	43	62	61	29	35

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

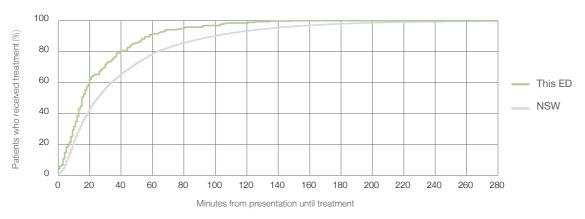
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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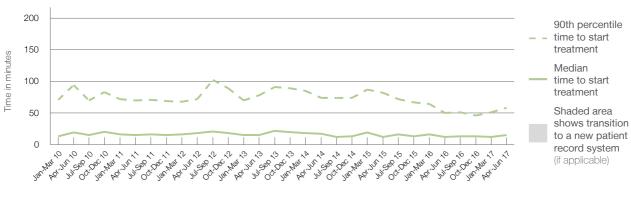
## **Kurri Kurri District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 462	484	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 259	346	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 15 minutes	12 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 58 minutes	50 minutes	99 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	19	15	18	15	17	12	12	15
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	94	70	72	78	74	82	50	58

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

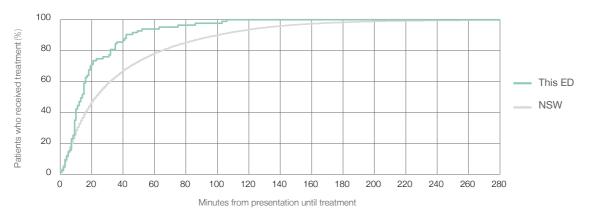
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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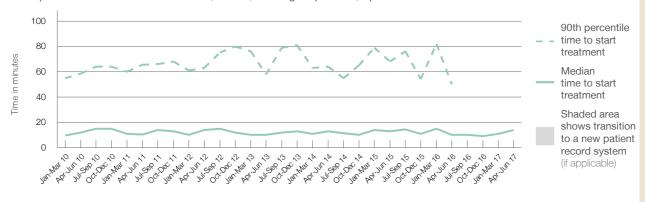
## **Kurri Kurri District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 131	169	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 83	129	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 14 minutes	10 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> *	50 minutes	101 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †\*



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	12	11	14	10	13	13	10	14
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	59	66	63	58	64	68	50	*

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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NSW

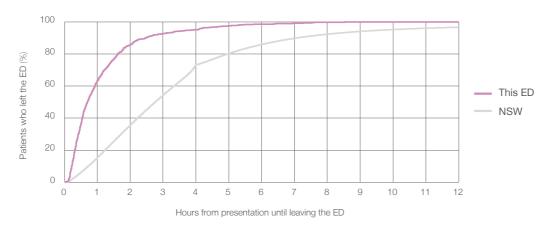
Same period

#### Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 944 patients 1,057 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 944 patients 1,057 0 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 0 hours and 42 minutes 46 minutes 3 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 2 hours and 28 minutes 38 minutes 5 minutes

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



### Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 $^{\dagger\ddagger}$

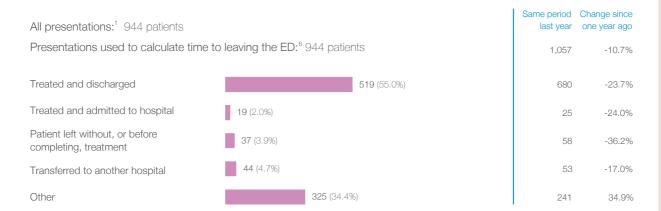


 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

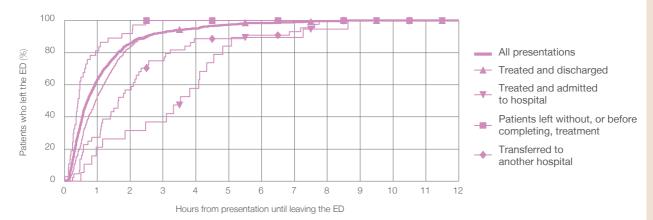
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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# **Kurri Kurri District Hospital:** Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 †\*



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	53.2%	83.6%	93.1%	94.8%	98.7%	99.8%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	21.1%	31.6%	36.8%	57.9%	89.5%	94.7%	100%	100%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	81.1%	91.9%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	27.3%	56.8%	75.0%	88.6%	90.9%	100%	100%	100%
All presentations	63.5%	85.7%	92.7%	95.1%	98.5%	99.8%	100%	100%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# **Kurri Kurri District Hospital:** Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 1944 patients

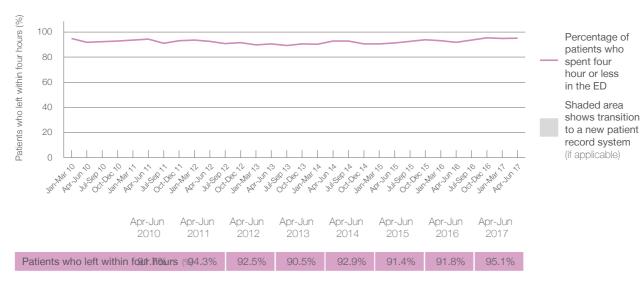
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6944 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

95.1%

Same period last year one year ago
1,057 -10.7%
1,057 -10.7%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).