Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview April to June 2017

	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 3,189 patients	3,427	-6.9%
Emergency presentations: ² 3,081 patients	3,338	-7.7%

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017 Same period NSW last year (this period) Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 223 patients 241 7 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 7 minutes 8 minutes 22 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 27 minutes 26 minutes Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,013 patients 975 21 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 23 minutes 20 minutes 63 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 70 minutes 67 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,546 patients 1.775 29 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 31 minutes 25 minutes 79 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 85 minutes 99 minutes Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 286 patients 334 28 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 23 minutes 27 minutes 88 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 101 minutes 86 minutes

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

April to June 2017	-	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to le	3,427	-6.9%	
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED	85.7%	86.6%	

Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016. 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

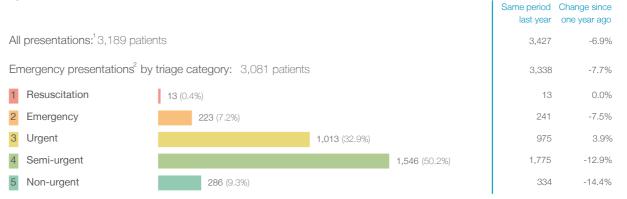
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

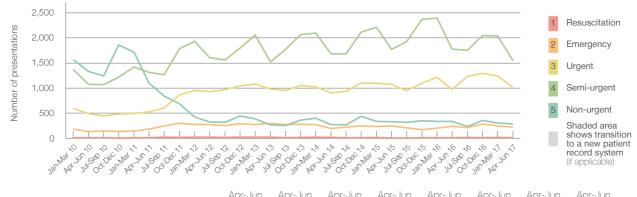
Same period Change since

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Resuscitation	9	10	22	24	17	< 5	13	13
Emergency	135	182	276	299	197	252	241	223
Urgent	493	528	933	981	906	1,077	975	1,013
Semi-urgent	1,076	1,314	1,604	1,523	1,680	1,771	1,775	1,546
Non-urgent	1,331	1,094	322	270	276	330	334	286
All emergency presentations	3,044	3,128	3,157	3,097	3,076	3,430	3,338	3,081

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 352 patients

ED Transfer of care time

13 minutes

90th percentile time

Median time

	29 minutes

	Change since one year ago
329	
14 minutes	-1 minute
29 minutes	0 minutes

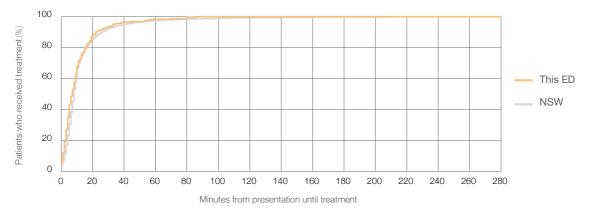
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

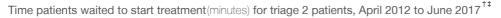
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

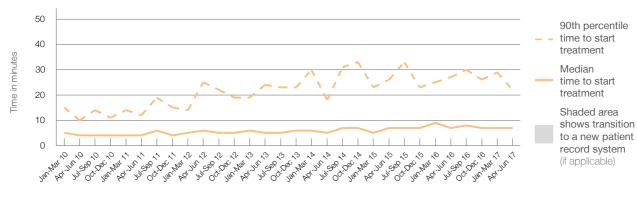
Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 223	241	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 223	241	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 22 minutes	27 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017







	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	4	4	6	5	5	7	7	7
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	10	12	25	24	18	26	27	22

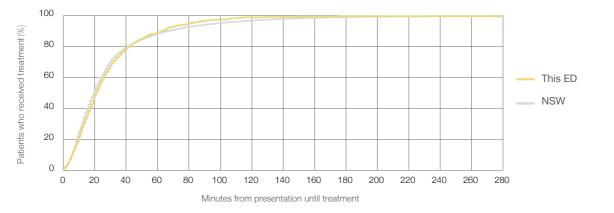
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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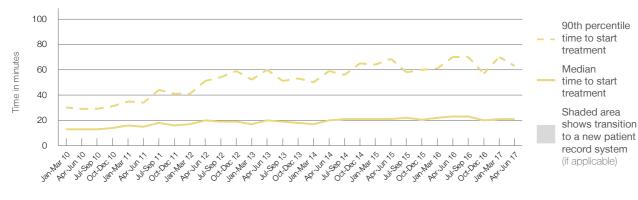
Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,013	975		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calc	968		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	21 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	63 minutes	70 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017^{†‡}



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	13	15	20	20	20	21	23	21
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	29	34	51	60	59	69	70	63

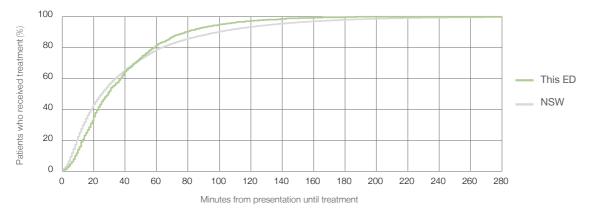
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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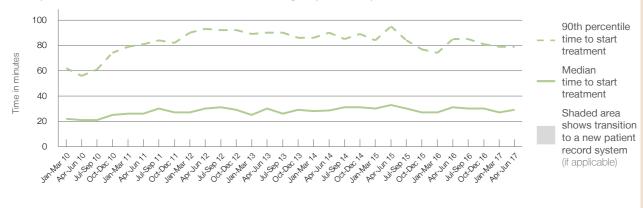
Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017



Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017^{†‡}



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	21	26	30	30	29	33	31	29
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	56	81	93	90	90	95	85	79

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

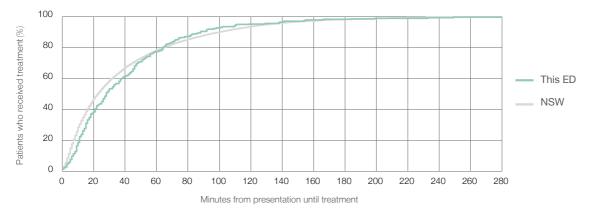
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5

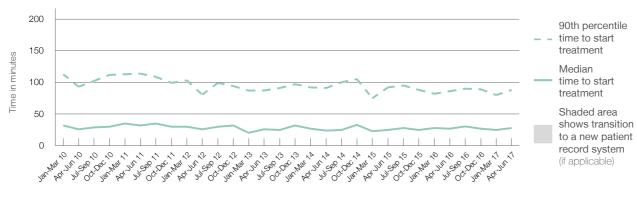
April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 286	334	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 273	323	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 88 minutes	86 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



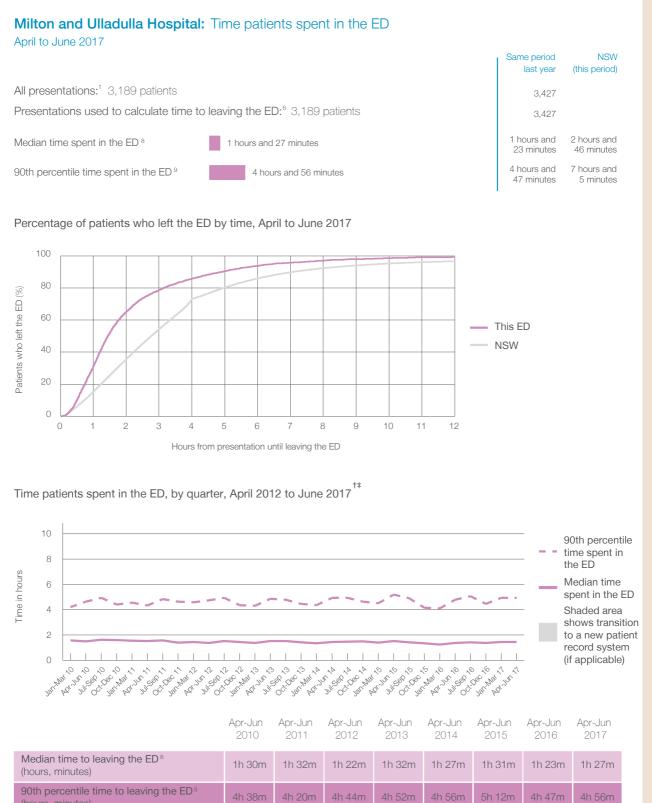




	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	26	32	26	26	24	25	27	28
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	93	114	81	87	91	92	86	88

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.



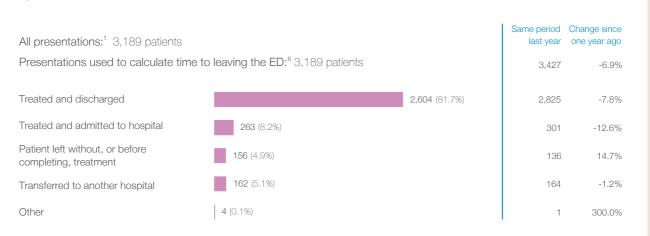
(hours, minutes)

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

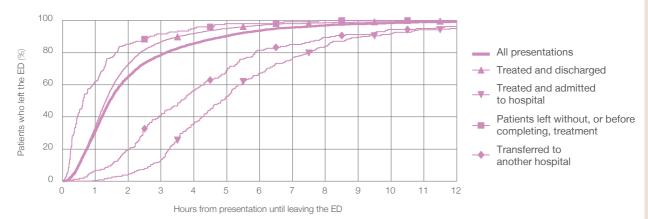
 $^{(\}ddagger)$ Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017^{†‡}

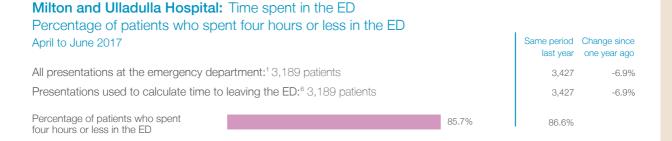


1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

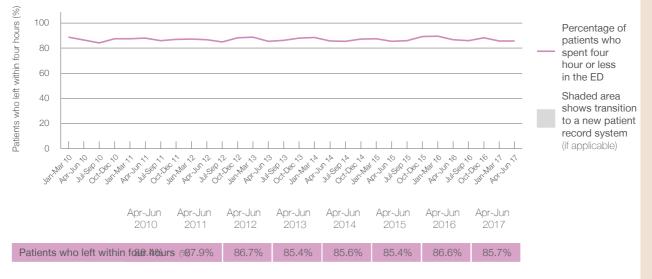
Treated and discharged	34.0%	72.8%	86.9%	92.0%	97.0%	98.6%	99.3%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.4%	4.2%	13.3%	35.7%	66.9%	84.0%	92.0%	95.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	62.2%	85.3%	91.7%	94.9%	98.1%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	6.8%	19.8%	41.4%	56.2%	81.5%	89.5%	94.4%	96.3%
All presentations	31.3%	65.1%	78.7%	85.7%	93.8%	97.0%	98.5%	99.3%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.



Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017^{†‡}



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017)

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System(extracted 21 July 2017).