Queanbeyan Health Service: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2017		Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 5,307 patients	4,840	9.6%
Emergency presentations: ² 5,139 patients	4,736	8.5%

Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

October to December 2017 Same period NSW last year (this period) Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 336 patients 282 9 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 9 minutes 8 minutes 25 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 27 minutes 23 minutes Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,414 patients 1,335 22 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 21 minutes 20 minutes 60 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 58 minutes 65 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,304 patients 2.305 26 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 29 minutes 26 minutes 92 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 102 minutes 99 minutes Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,071 patients 805 25 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 23 minutes 32 minutes 100 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 103 minutes 121 minutes

Queanbeyan Health Service: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2017			Change since one year ago	
Attendances used to calculate time to le	4,840	9.6%		
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		87.8%	87.4%	

* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

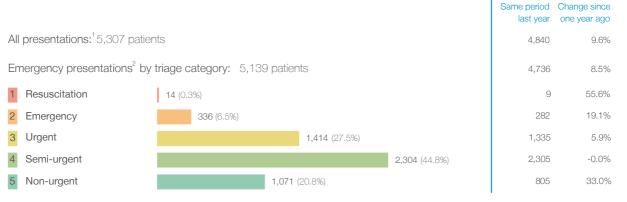
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

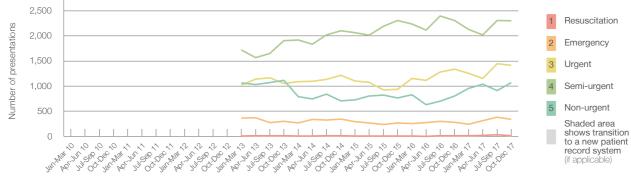
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Queanbeyan Health Service: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 ^{‡§}



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Resuscitation				11	12	< 5	9	14
Emergency				301	344	271	282	336
Urgent				1,051	1,215	937	1,335	1,414
Semi-urgent				1,904	2,100	2,308	2,305	2,304
Non-urgent				1,114	705	764	805	1,071
All emergency presentations				4,381	4,376	4,280	4,736	5,139

Queanbeyan Health Service: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2017

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(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

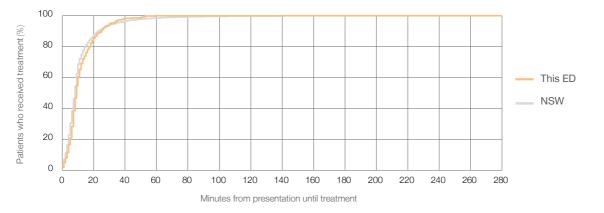
(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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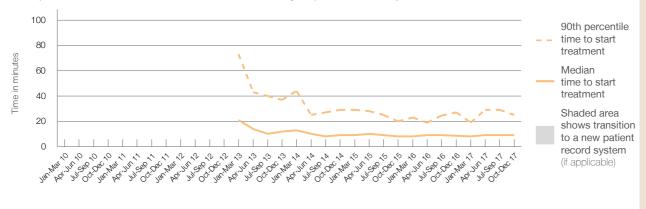
Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 336	282	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 336	282	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 25 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 ^{++s}



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)				12	9	8	9	9
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)				37	29	20	27	25

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

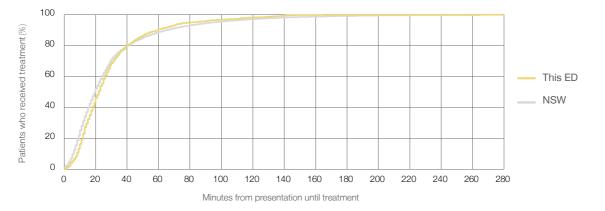
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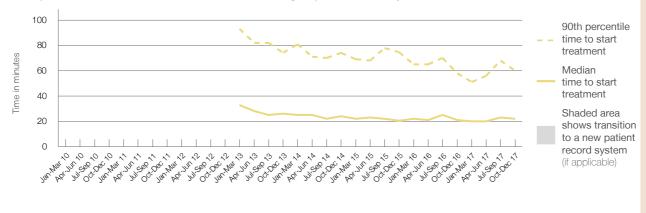
Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,414	1,335	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 1,381	1,304	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 60 minutes	58 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 ^{++s}



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)				26	24	21	21	22
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)				74	74	75	58	60

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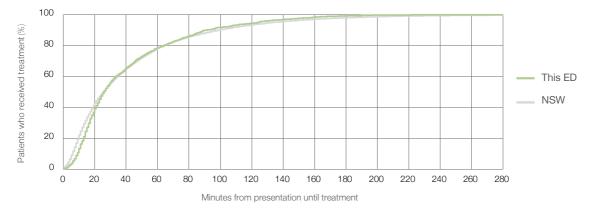
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Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4

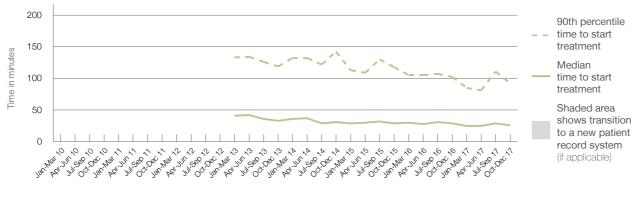
October to December 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,304	2,305	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,114	2,123	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	29 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 92 minutes	102 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013		Oct-Dec 2015		Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)				33	31	29	29	26
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)				119	142	118	102	92

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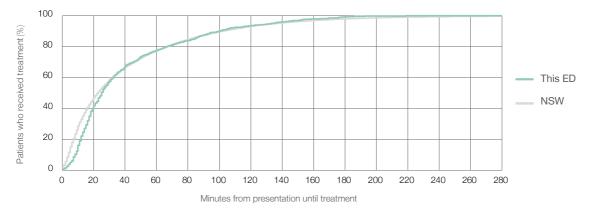
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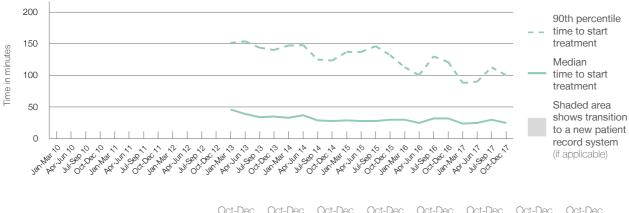
Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2017



Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 ^{1+\$}



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)				35	28	30	32	25
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)				140	124	132	121	100

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Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients spent in the ED October to December 2017 NSW Same period (this period) last vear All presentations:¹ 5,307 patients 4,840 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 5,307 patients 4.840 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 2 hours and 1 minutes 44 minutes 5 minutes 4 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 4 hours and 30 minutes 24 minutes 55 minutes Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017 100 80 8 the 60 This ED Patients who left NSW 40 20



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Median time to leaving the ED [®] (hours, minutes)		1h 57m	2h 12m	2h 10m	2h 5m	2h 1m
90th percentile time to leaving the ED ⁹ (hours, minutes)		5h 52m	5h 48m	5h 30m	4h 24m	4h 30m

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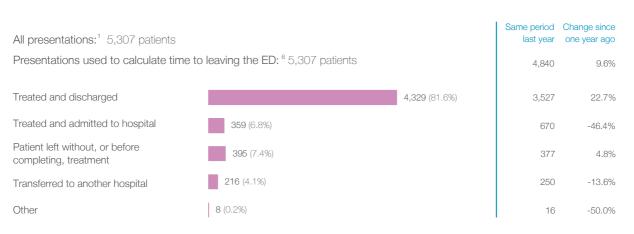
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(8) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

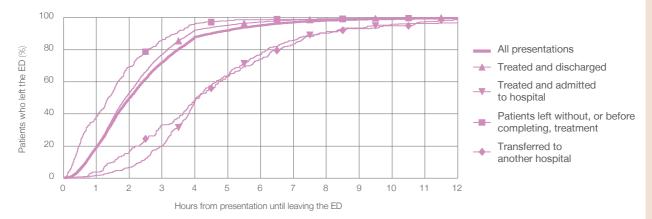
Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation

October to December 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	19.5%	53.2%	77.1%	92.2%	97.3%	99.1%	99.6%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.7%	6.7%	20.1%	49.0%	77.2%	91.4%	95.8%	98.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	38.2%	69.1%	86.1%	96.2%	98.7%	99.2%	99.7%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	3.7%	16.7%	33.3%	48.1%	74.1%	90.3%	94.9%	96.8%
All presentations	19.1%	49.8%	72.1%	87.8%	95.1%	98.2%	99.2%	99.7%

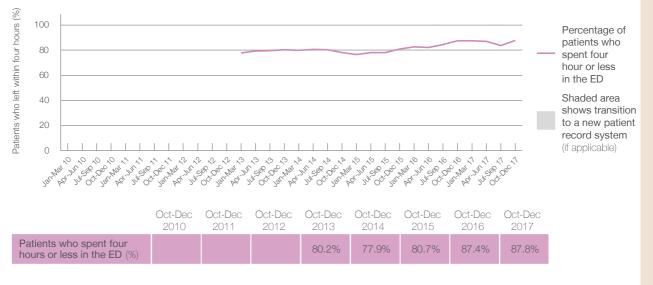
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Queanbeyan Health Service: T Percentage of patients who sper			
October to December 2017		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations at the emergency depa	4,840	9.6%	
Presentations used to calculate time to I	4,840	9.6%	
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED	87.8%	87.4%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
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- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before
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- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011. § Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information
- Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see *Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time* measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).

District group 2 hospitals (C2) southern NSW Local Health District