Same period Change since

Same period

# **Auburn Hospital:** Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 6,954 patients	6,719	3%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 6,739 patients	6,500	4%

# **Auburn Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment <sup>3</sup> January to March 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 998 patients	964	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 19 minutes	22 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,448 patients	2,186	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 23 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 70 minutes	60 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,793 patients	2,845	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 35 minutes	33 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	129 minutes	98 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 481 patients	476	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 29 minutes	32 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	116 minutes	97 minutes

## **Auburn Hospital:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 6,953 patients

Percentage of patients who spent		000/
four hours or less in the ED		83%

	Change since one year ago
6,717	4%
80%	

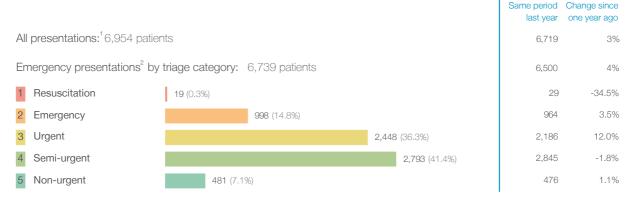
- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

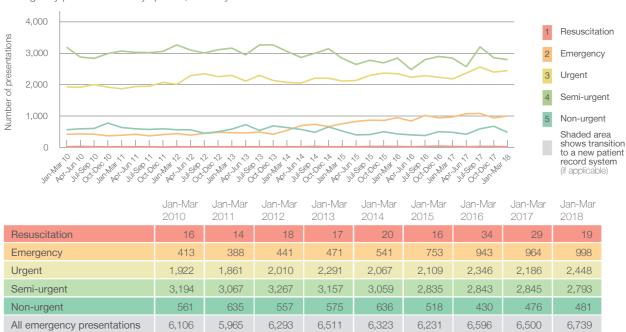
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

## **Auburn Hospital:** Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2018



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 <sup>‡</sup>



#### Auburn Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2018

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	801		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	13 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	22 minutes	24 minutes	-2 minutes

Same period Change since

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

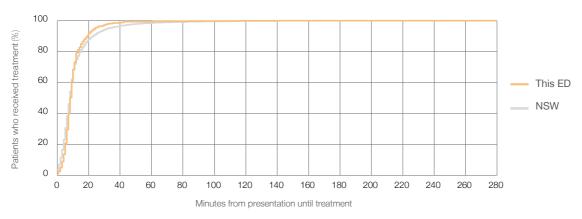
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

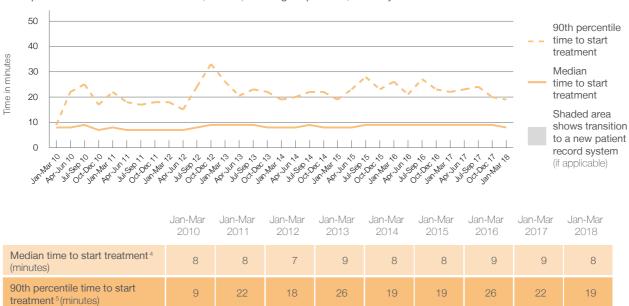
### Auburn Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 998	964	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 991	963	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 19 minutes	22 minutes	23 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



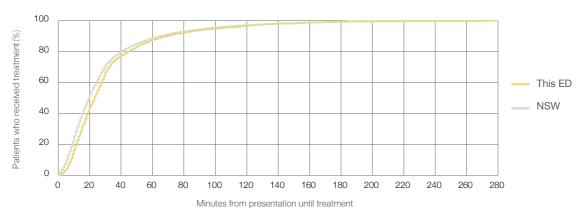
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### Auburn Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,448	2,186	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,357	2,141	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 23 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 70 minutes	60 minutes	65 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)	21	22	20	26	23	18	22	21	23
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)	71	70	68	68	61	52	68	60	70

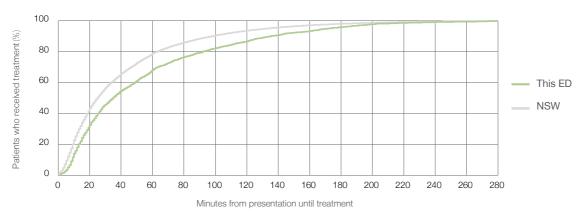
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### Auburn Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,793	2,845		
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting t	2,561		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 35 minute	es	33 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	136 minutes	129 minutes	98 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	47	54	42	42	37	27	32	33	35
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	151	167	151	162	132	104	125	129	136

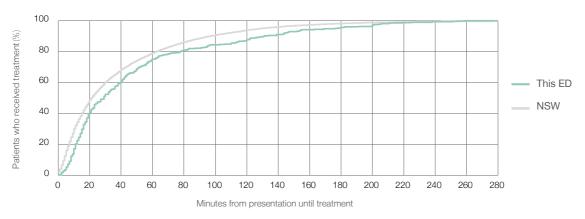
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### Auburn Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts of	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 5 patients: 481	476		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calc	358		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	29 minutes	32 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	132 minutes	116 minutes	97 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



(†)	Data points	are not	shown in	graphs f	or quarters	when	patient	numbers	are to	o small.
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<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

109

90th percentile time to start

treatment 5 (minutes)

90

101

116

#### Auburn Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2018

All presentations: <sup>1</sup> 6,954 patients

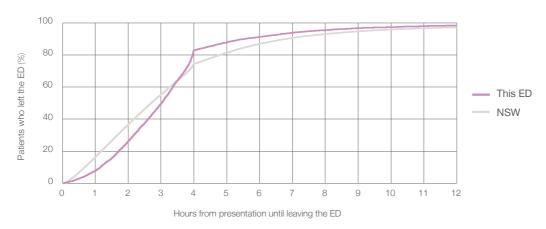
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: <sup>6</sup> 6,953 patients

Median time spent in the ED <sup>8</sup> 3 hours and 1 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED <sup>9</sup> 5 hours and 33 minutes

Same period last year		
6,719		
6,717		
2 hours and 59 minutes		
6 hours and 3 minutes		
	last year 6,719 6,717 2 hours and 59 minutes 6 hours and	

## Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018  $^{\dagger\ddagger}$ 

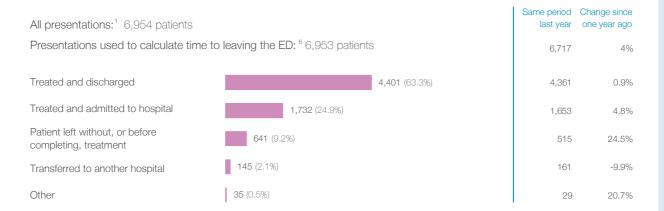


 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$   $\;$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

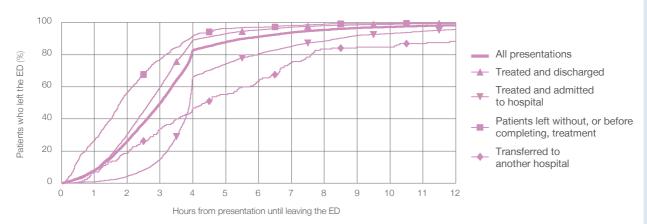
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

## Auburn Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation January to March 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018 <sup>†‡</sup>



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	7.7%	30.5%	59.7%	89.0%	95.4%	98.1%	99.0%	99.5%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.9%	4.2%	14.9%	66.0%	80.6%	88.5%	93.1%	95.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	26.7%	56.4%	77.2%	91.6%	97.2%	99.1%	99.5%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	6.9%	18.6%	33.8%	46.9%	63.4%	83.4%	84.8%	88.3%
All presentations	7.9%	26.2%	49.7%	82.7%	91.2%	95.5%	97.3%	98.4%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### Auburn Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 16,954 patients

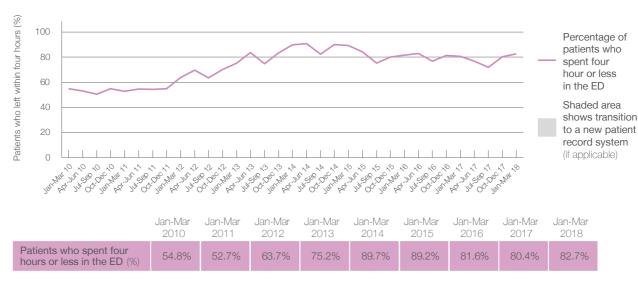
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 6,953 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

82.7%

	Change since one year ago
6,719	3%
6,717	4%
90.40/	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).