Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2018

		Change since one year ago
All presentations: 1 11,728 patients	10,494	12%
Emergency presentations: ² 11,324 patients	9,918	14%

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

October to December 2018

October to December 2018

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,036 patients	793	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 15 minutes	13 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 4,513 patients	4,011	
Median time to start treatment 4 16 minutes	15 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 44 minutes	43 minutes	72 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,438 patients	3,878	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	20 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	73 minutes	104 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,290 patients	1,195	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	17 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 94 minutes	86 minutes	104 minutes

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

last year one year ago Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 11,725 patients 10.493 Percentage of patients who spent 72% 70% four hours or less in the ED

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

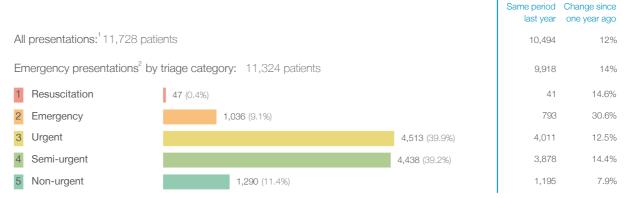
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Same period Change since

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 [‡]



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Resuscitation		60	54	49	51	37	37	41	47
Emergency		653	713	675	695	884	688	793	1,036
Urgent		2,958	3,208	3,617	3,579	3,785	4,169	4,011	4,513
Semi-urgent		3,665	3,981	3,766	3,690	4,159	3,894	3,878	4,438
Non-urgent		896	899	508	730	716	712	1,195	1,290
All emergency presentations		8,232	8,855	8,615	8,745	9,581	9,500	9,918	11,324

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2018

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	2,163		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	9 minutes	9 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	23 minutes	18 minutes	5 minutes

Same period Change since

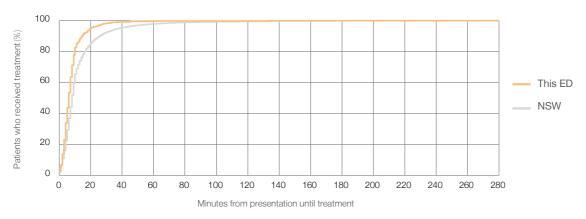
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

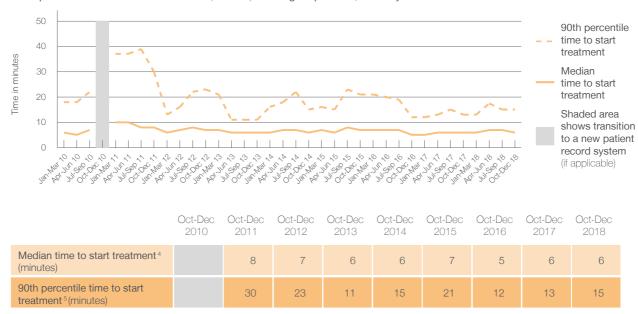
Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,036	793	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,032	792	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 15 minutes	13 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †‡



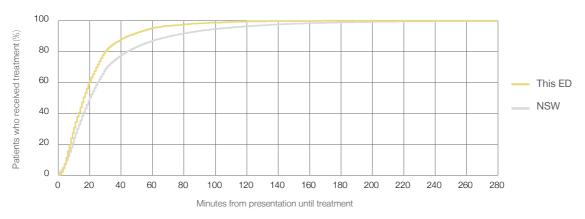
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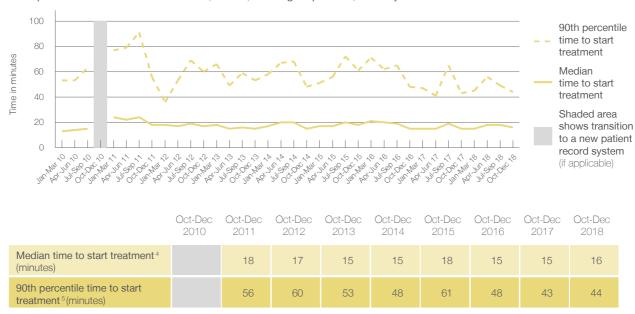
Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 4,513	4,011	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,462	3,968	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	15 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 44 minutes	43 minutes	72 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †‡



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

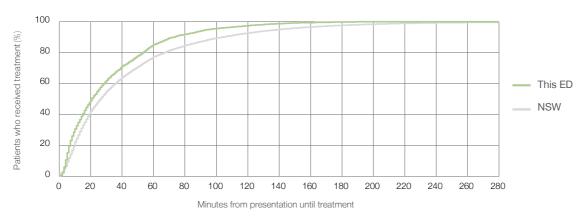
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,438	3,878	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,261	3,759	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	20 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 73 minutes	73 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †‡



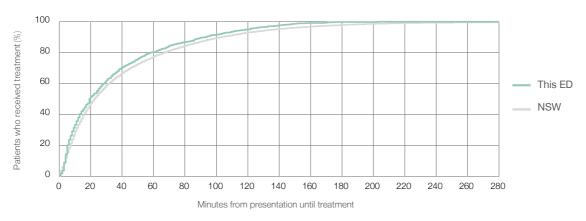
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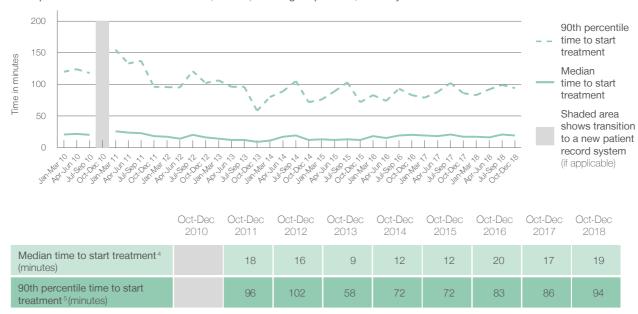
Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,290	1,195	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,195	1,129	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 19 minutes	17 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 94 minutes	86 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †‡



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2018

All presentations: 1 11,728 patients

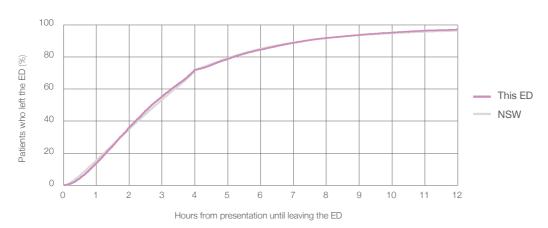
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 11,725 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 41 minutes

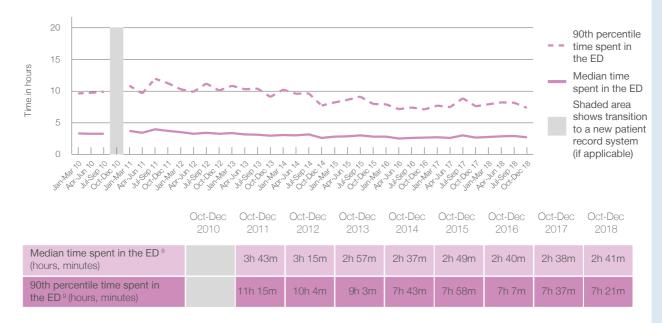
90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 7 hours and 21 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year	
	10,494	
	10,493	
2 hours and 49 minutes	2 hours and 38 minutes	
7 hours and 19 minutes	7 hours and 37 minutes	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018



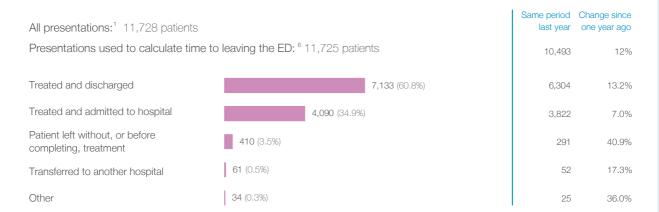
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

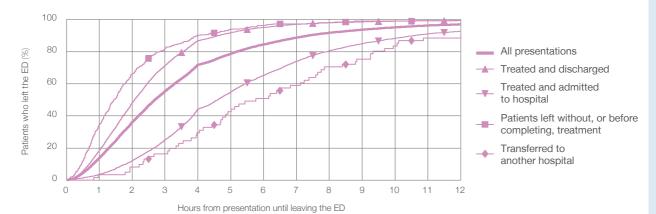
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	18.6%	48.3%	71.5%	86.8%	95.1%	98.1%	99.0%	99.5%
Treated and admitted to hospital	3.5%	12.1%	25.2%	44.3%	65.3%	80.7%	88.4%	92.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	34.6%	66.3%	82.0%	90.2%	96.3%	98.0%	99.0%	99.5%
Transferred to another hospital	3.3%	8.2%	16.4%	29.5%	50.8%	70.5%	83.6%	90.2%
All presentations	14.0%	36.2%	55.4%	71.8%	84.5%	91.8%	95.2%	97.1%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wagga Wagga Rural Referral Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2018

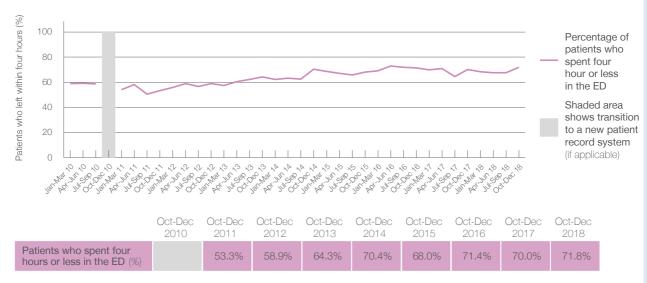
All presentations at the emergency department: 111,728 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 11,725 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 71.8%

	Change since one year ago
10,494	12%
10,493	12%
70.0%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 January 2019).