Same period Change since

Hawkesbury District Health Services: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2016

	last year	one year ago
All attendances: 6,138 patients	5,680	8%
Emergency attendances: ² 5,705 patients	5,483	4%

Hawkesbury District Health Services: Time from presentation to treatment³

January to March 2016

January to March 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 554 patients	545	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	12 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 35 minutes	37 minutes	35 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,514 patients	1,355	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	18 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 49 minutes	48 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,011 patients	2,846	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	20 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 77 minutes	77 minutes	137 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 618 patients	720	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	22 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 103 minutes	126 minutes	135 minutes

Hawkesbury District Health Services: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

last year one year ago Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 6,138 patients 5,680 Percentage of patients who 83% left the ED within four hours

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

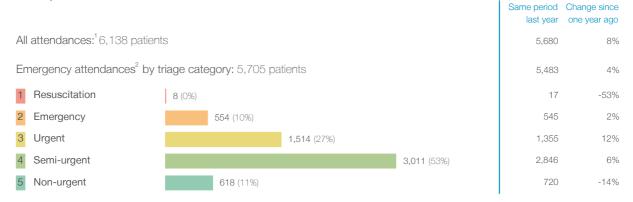
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Same period Change since

Hawkesbury District Health Services: Patients attending the emergency department

January to March 2016



Emergency attendances² by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016^{‡§}



436

2.087

434

1.949

447

1.322

545

1.355

554

Same period Change since

1.514

9	_,~	-,	.,	.,	.,	.,
Semi-urgent	1,766	1,775	2,290	2,745	2,846	3,011
Non-urgent	291	343	540	838	720	618
All emergency attendances	5,116	4,662	5,230	5,372	5,483	5,705

493

2.541

Hawkesbury District Health Services: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2016

Emergency Urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 1,008 patients	1,042	
ED Transfer of care time§			
Median time	17 minutes	16 minutes	1 minute
95th percentile time	37 minutes	36 minutes	1 minute

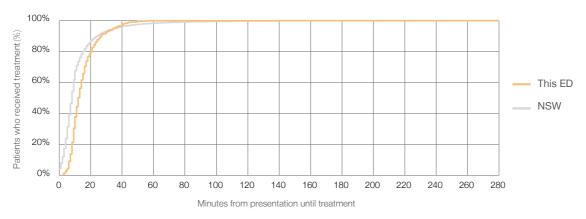
- (\dagger) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.
- (±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

 Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- (§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- (§) For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and results should be interpreted with caution.

Hawkesbury District Health Services: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2 January to March 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 554	545	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 554	545	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 12 minutes	12 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 35 minutes	37 minutes	35 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 115



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

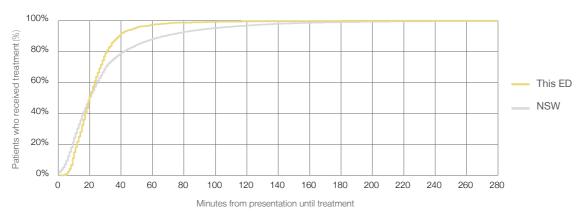
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

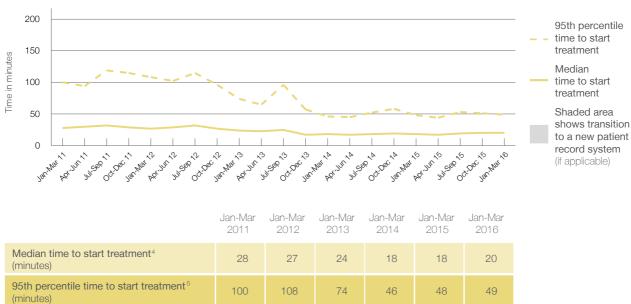
Hawkesbury District Health Services: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3 January to March 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,514	1,355	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,513	1,353	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	18 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 49 minutes	48 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 115



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

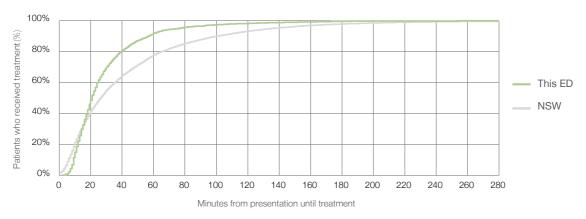
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Hawkesbury District Health Services: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,011	2,846	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,995	2,827	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	20 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 77 minutes	77 minutes	137 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 115



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

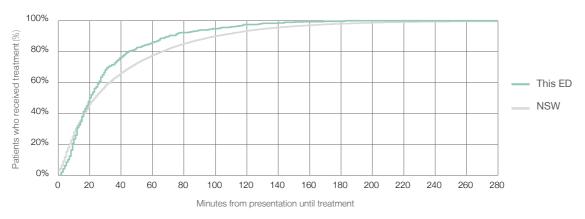
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Hawkesbury District Health Services: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 618	720	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 600	691	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	22 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 103 minutes	126 minutes	135 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 115



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

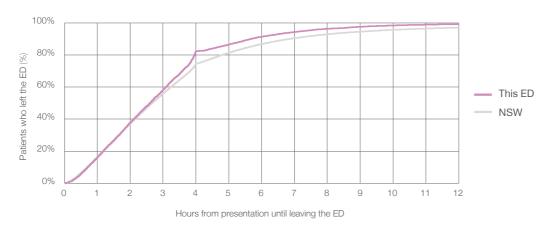
NSW

Hawkesbury District Health Services: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2016

Same period last vear (this period) All attendances: 6,138 patients 5,680 Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 6,138 patients 5,680 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time to leaving the ED⁸ 2 hours and 36 minutes 40 minutes 7 hours and 9 hours and 95th percentile time to leaving the ED9 7 hours and 20 minutes 30 minutes 25 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$

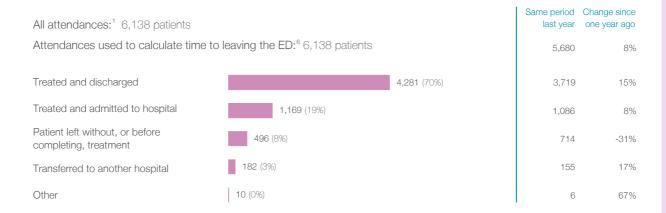


^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

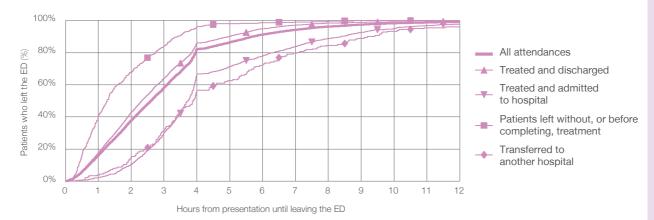
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Hawkesbury District Health Services: Time from presentation until leaving the ED By mode of separation January to March 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016 $^{\ddagger \$\$}$



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	18%	43%	64%	86%	95%	98%	99%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2%	10%	30%	67%	78%	89%	95%	98%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	41%	68%	84%	96%	99%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	4%	15%	32%	57%	73%	85%	93%	96%
All attendances	16%	38%	58%	82%	91%	96%	98%	99%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Same period Change since

Hawkesbury District Health Services: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation January to March 2016

Sandary to March 2010		last year	one year ago
All attendances: 1 6,138 patients		5,680	8%
Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 6,138 patients		5,680	8%
Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours	82%	83%	

Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 †*



- Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 April 2016).