

Hospital Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

Northern NSW Local Health District

Same period Change since

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ballina District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 4,170 patients	4,258	-2.1%
Emergency presentations: ² 3,948 patients	3,998	-1.3%

Ballina District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 332 patients	268	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 21 minutes	22 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,163 patients	1,250	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 49 minutes	53 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,094 patients	2,125	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	25 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 90 minutes	102 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 336 patients	343	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	22 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	123 minutes	103 minutes

Ballina District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 4,170 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 79.99

	one year ago
4,257	-2.0%
82.6%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

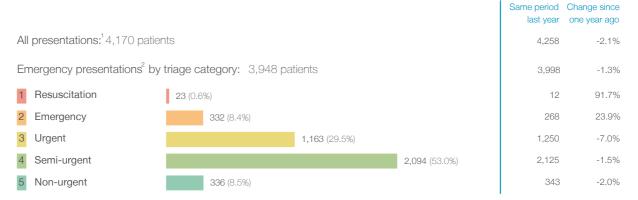
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

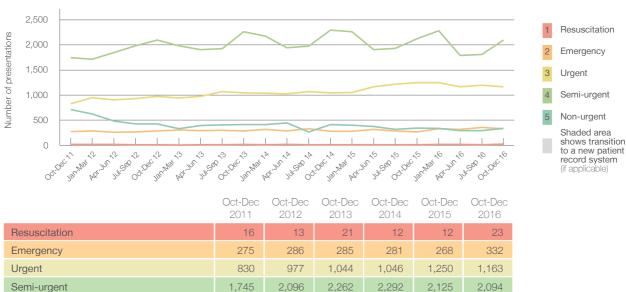
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ballina District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



415

4,027

415

4,046

3,948

Same period Change since

3.998

Ballina District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

3,578

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

	last year	one year ago
sfer of care time: 7 328 patients **	281	
12 minutes	13 minutes	-1 minute
29 minutes	27 minutes	2 minutes
		sfer of care time: 7 328 patients ** 281 12 minutes 13 minutes

3,797

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(**) Interpret with caution: total ambulance arrivals include more than 30% of records for which transfer of care time cannot be calculated.

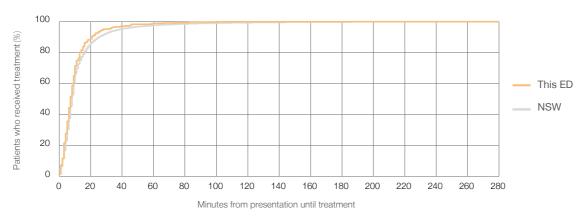
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ballina District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 332	268	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 328		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 21 minutes	22 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

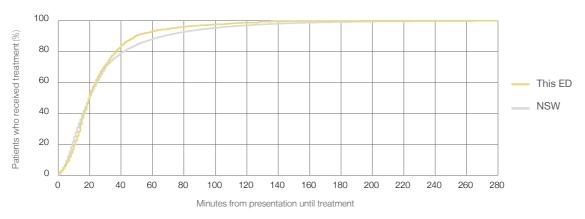
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ballina District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,163	1,250	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,139	1,225	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 49 minutes	53 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	36	19	20	21	20	20
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	99	60	58	58	53	49

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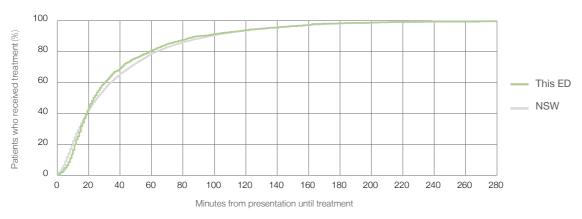
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ballina District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,094	2,125	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 1,918	1,943	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	25 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 90 minutes	102 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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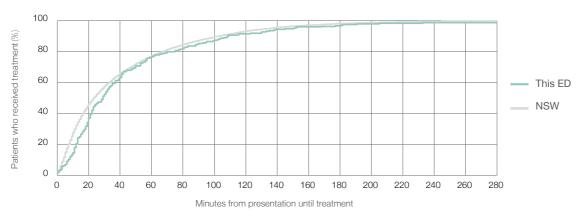
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ballina District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 336	343	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 243	240	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	22 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 109 minutes	123 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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NSW

Same period

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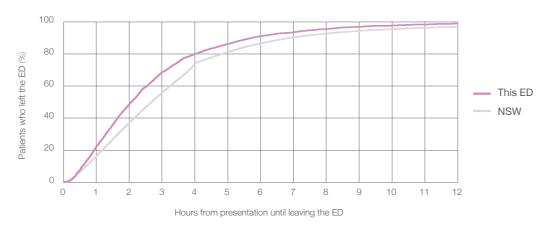
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Ballina District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

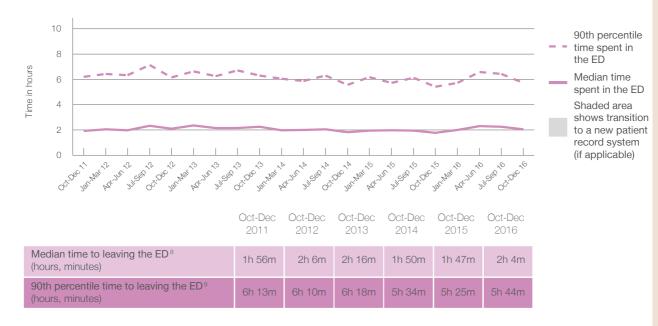
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 4,170 patients 4,258 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 4,170 patients 4,257 1 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 4 minutes 47 minutes 41 minutes 5 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 5 hours and 44 minutes 25 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

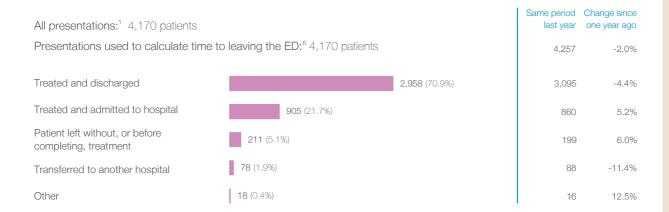
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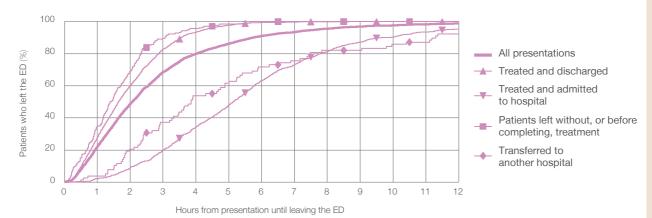
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Ballina District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	27.9%	60.2%	82.9%	93.4%	99.4%	99.9%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.1%	9.2%	20.2%	34.3%	63.2%	81.4%	90.4%	95.2%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	34.6%	69.2%	89.6%	95.7%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	3.8%	20.5%	37.2%	53.8%	71.8%	82.1%	85.9%	92.3%
All presentations	22.2%	48.8%	68.7%	79.9%	91.1%	95.6%	97.6%	98.8%

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Ballina District Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 4,170 patients

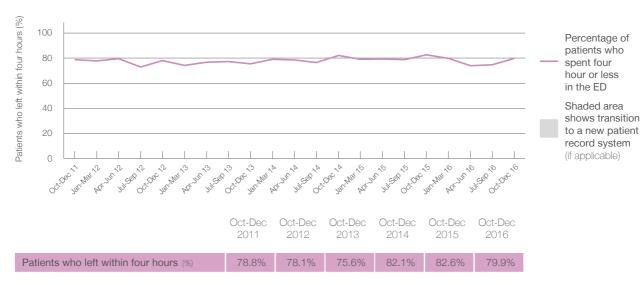
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,170 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

79.9%

	Change since one year ago
4,258	-2.1%
4,257	-2.0%
90.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED)
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Casino and District Memorial Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 3,471 patients	3,571	-2.8%
Emergency presentations: ² 3,266 patients	3,401	-4.0%

Casino and District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

four hours or less in the ED

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 216 patients	243	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 21 minutes	27 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,079 patients	1,187	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 73 minutes	78 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,612 patients	1,515	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 38 minutes	44 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	164 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 353 patients	450	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	25 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	145 minutes	103 minutes

Casino and District Memorial Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016 last year one year ago Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 3,471 patients 3.571 -2.8% Percentage of patients who spent

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- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

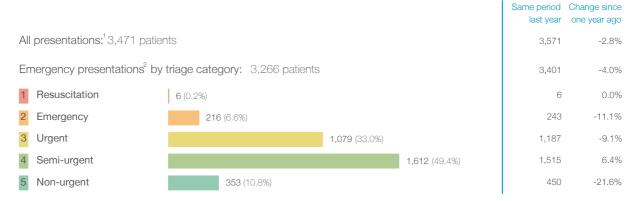
Same period Change since

85.4%

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Casino and District Memorial Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Resuscitation	5	9	< 5	< 5	6	6
Emergency	139	217	200	220	243	216
Urgent	626	913	889	827	1,187	1,079
Semi-urgent Semi-urgent	1,517	1,684	1,629	1,807	1,515	1,612
Non-urgent	736	561	543	473	450	353
All emergency presentations	3,023	3,384	3,261	3,327	3,401	3,266

Casino and District Memorial Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 319 patients

ED Transfer of care time

Median time

17 minutes

46 minutes

50 minutes

-4 minutes

Same period Change since

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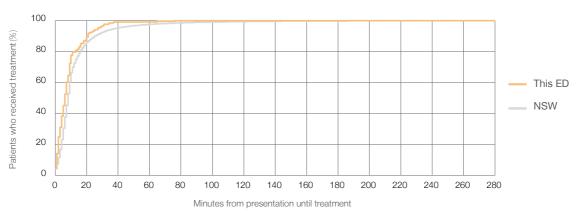
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

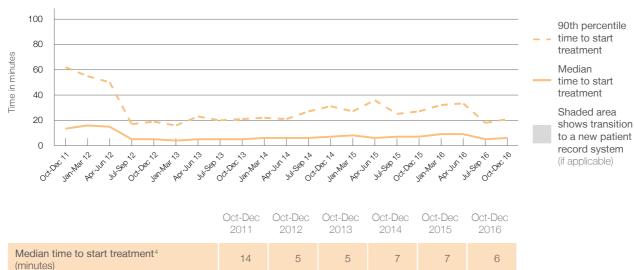
Casino and District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 216	243	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 206	237	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 21 minutes	27 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	62	19	21	31	27	21

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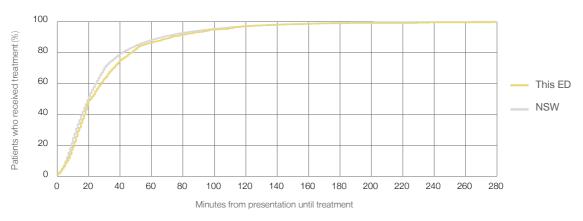
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Casino and District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,079	1,187	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,012	1,093	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 73 minutes	78 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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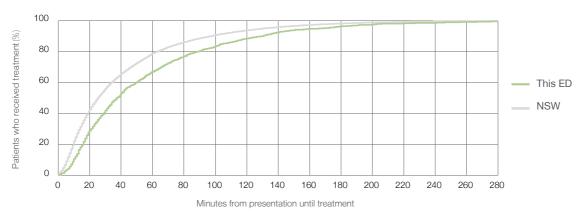
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Casino and District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,612	1,515	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,446	1,283	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 38 minutes	44 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	164 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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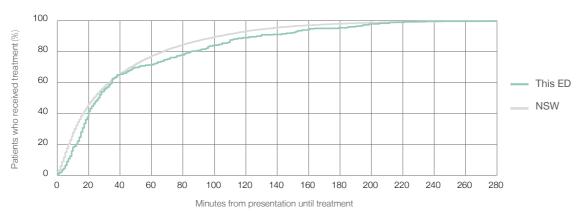
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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Casino and District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 353	450	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 280	386	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	25 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 129 minutes	145 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



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Casino and District Memorial Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

All presentations: 3,471 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 3,471 patients

Median time spent in the ED 1 1 hours and 22 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 4 hours and 44 minutes

Same period last year (this period)

3,571

3,571

1 hours and 27 minutes

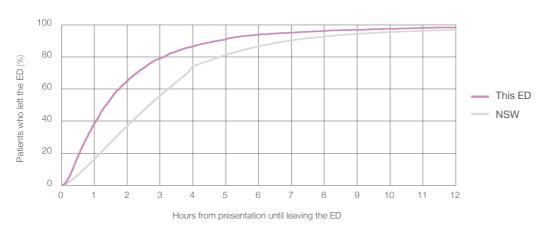
4 hours and 49 minutes

NSW (this period)

2 hours and 41 minutes

6 hours and 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



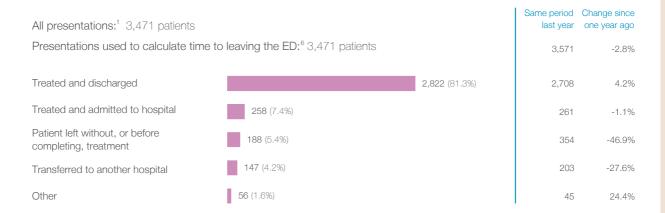
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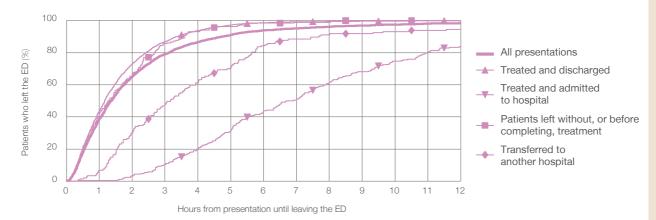
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Casino and District Memorial Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	44.0%	73.0%	86.9%	93.8%	98.7%	99.4%	99.7%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.4%	3.1%	10.1%	19.8%	43.8%	61.6%	74.8%	84.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	42.0%	66.5%	85.6%	93.1%	98.4%	98.9%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	6.8%	29.9%	47.6%	61.2%	84.4%	91.2%	93.2%	94.6%
All presentations	38.8%	65.1%	79.1%	86.6%	93.9%	96.2%	97.6%	98.4%

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Casino and District Memorial Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,471 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 63,471 patients

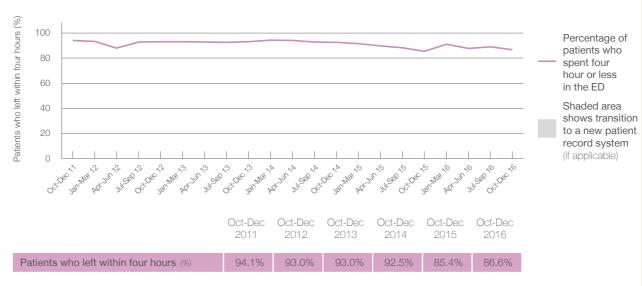
Percentage of patients who spent

four hours or less in the ED

86.6%

Orial ige sirice	Same pendu
one year ago	last year
-2.8%	3,571
-2.8%	3,571
	85.4%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Grafton Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 6,313 patients	6,356	-0.7%
Emergency presentations: ² 5,793 patients	5,855	-1.1%

Grafton Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 563 patients	579	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 20 minutes	32 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,901 patients	2,085	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 51 minutes	70 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,590 patients	2,383	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	36 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 88 minutes	92 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 721 patients	792	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	39 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	115 minutes	103 minutes

Grafton Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 6,313 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

	one year ago
6,355	-0.7%
74.8%	

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

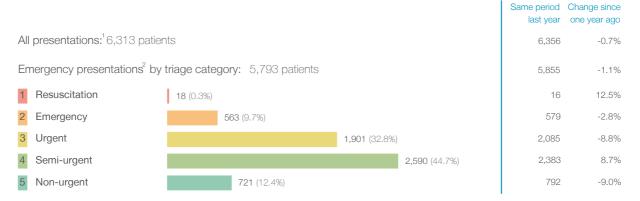
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

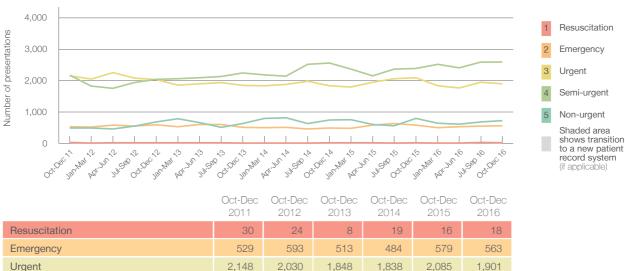
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Grafton Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



Grafton Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

2,176

486

5,369

2,035

677

5,359

2,241

5,244

2,564

5,651

2,383

5.855

2,590

5,793

Same period Change since

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

last year	r one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: ⁷ 586 patients 52	ł
ED Transfer of care time	
Median time 13 minutes 15 minutes	-2 minutes
90th percentile time 28 minutes 34 minutes	-6 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

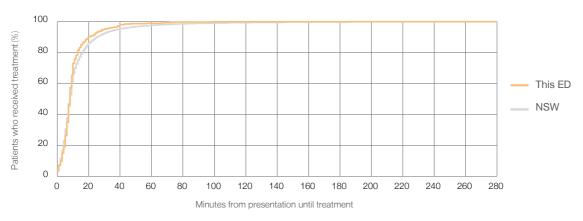
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Grafton Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain,	severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 563		579	
Number of triage 2 patients used to cal	culate waiting time:3 561	574	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	8 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	20 minutes	32 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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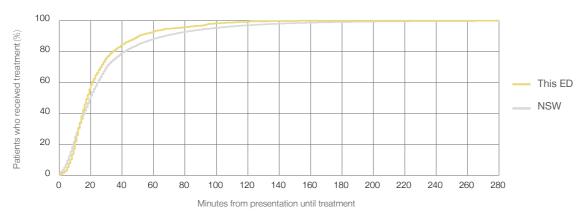
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Grafton Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

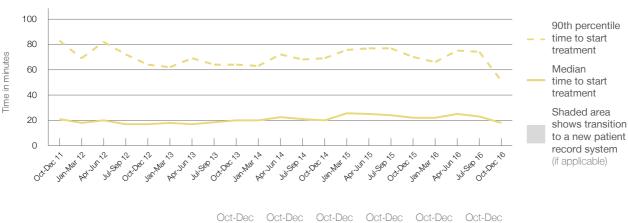
October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,901		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,868	2,036	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 51 minutes	70 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	21	17	20	20	22	18
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	83	64	64	69	70	51

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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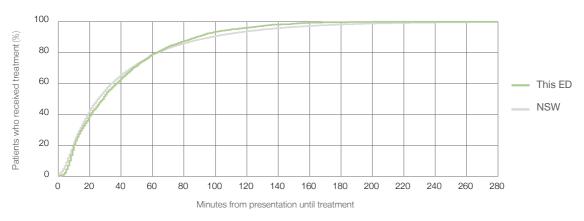
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Grafton Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4

October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)		(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,590		
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,476	2,241	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	36 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 88 minutes	92 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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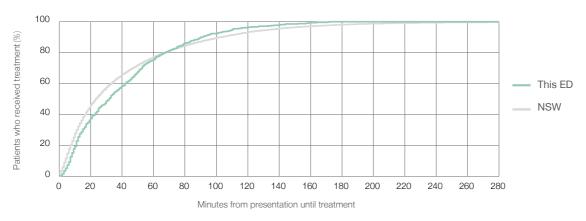
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Grafton Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5

October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 721		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 638	683	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	39 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 92 minutes	115 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

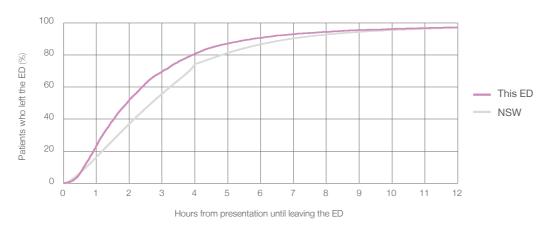
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Grafton Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 6,313 patients 6,356 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6,313 patients 6,355 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 1 hours and 56 minutes 11 minutes 41 minutes 7 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 5 hours and 45 minutes 1 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



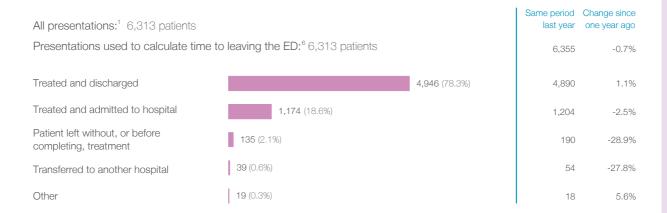
 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

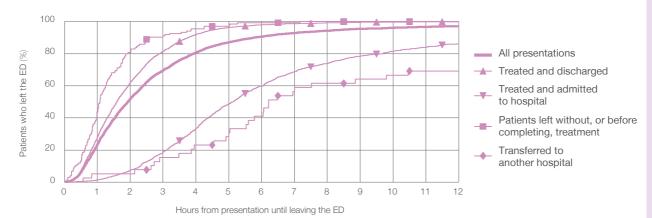
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Grafton Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	28.1%	62.0%	81.5%	92.0%	98.0%	99.2%	99.7%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.4%	7.4%	18.6%	33.4%	59.9%	74.0%	81.5%	86.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	43.7%	80.7%	91.1%	95.6%	99.3%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	5.1%	5.1%	15.4%	23.1%	41.0%	61.5%	66.7%	69.2%
All presentations	23.4%	52.0%	69.6%	80.8%	90.6%	94.3%	96.2%	97.1%

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Grafton Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 16,313 patients

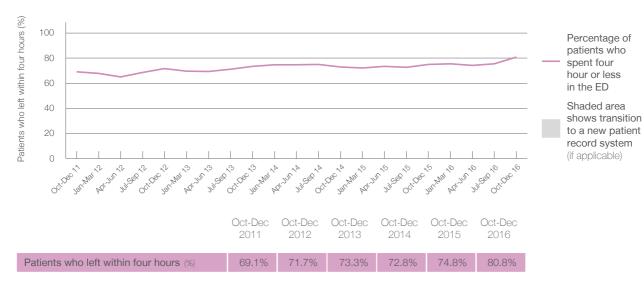
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 6,313 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

80.8%

	Change since one year ago
6,356	-0.7%
6,355	-0.7%
7/ 00/	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Lismore Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: ¹ 8,442 patients	7,942	6.3%
Emergency presentations: ² 8,168 patients	7,631	7.0%

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 845 patients	864	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	15 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,950 patients	2,587	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	25 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 68 minutes	83 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,442 patients	3,315	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 36 minutes	41 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	143 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 887 patients	815	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 39 minutes	44 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	144 minutes	103 minutes

Lismore Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,442 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 68.79

	one year ago
7,939	6.3%
63.5%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

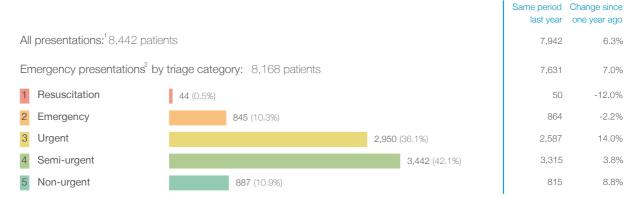
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

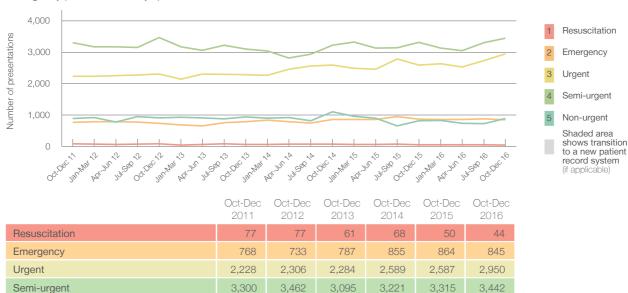
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Lismore Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



907

7,485

7.255

941

7.837

7,168

Lismore Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 1,752 patients		1,636	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	15 minutes	-2 minutes
90th percentile time	37 minutes	58 minutes	-21 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

815

8,168

Same period Change since

7,631

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

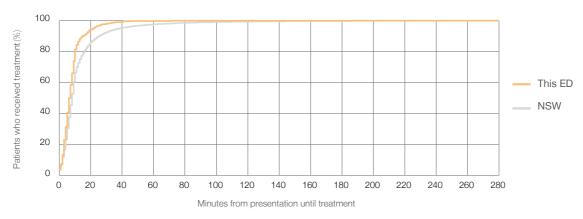
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

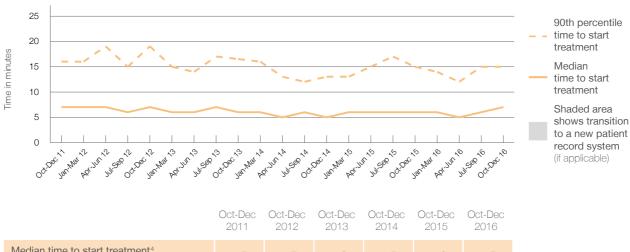
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)							
Number of triage 2 patients: 845							
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 842							
Median time to start treatment ⁴	7 minutes						
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	15 minutes						

Same period last year	NSW (this period)
864	
861	
6 minutes	8 minutes
15 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	7	7	6	5	6	7
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	16	19	17	13	15	15

 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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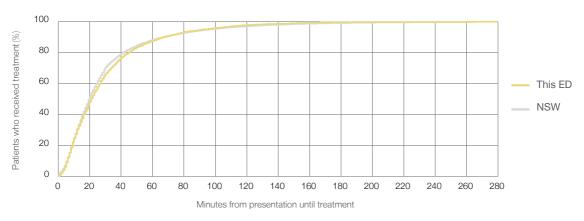
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,950	2,587	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,895	2,510	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	25 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 68 minutes	83 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	25	26	23	19	25	21
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	81	97	85	60	83	68

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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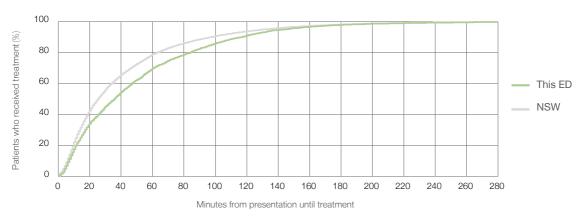
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,442	3,315	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,237	2,983	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 36 minutes	41 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	143 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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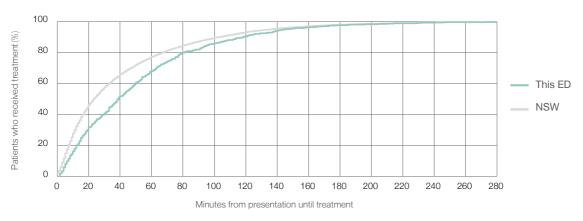
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 887	815	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 788	663	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 39 minutes	44 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 119 minutes	144 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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NSW

Same period

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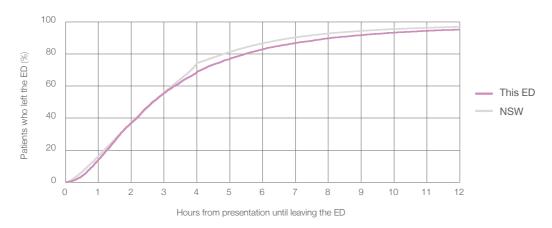
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 1 8,442 patients 7,942 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 8,442 patients 7,939 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 39 minutes 41 minutes 9 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 8 hours and 7 minutes 5 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



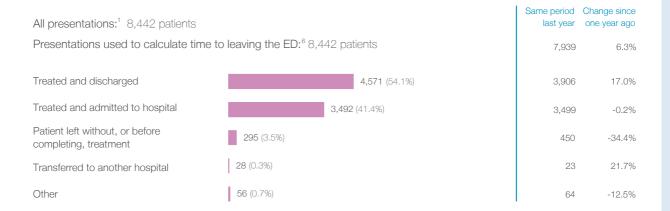
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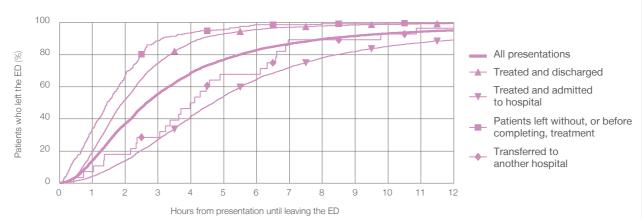
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	19.5%	52.2%	74.8%	87.6%	95.7%	97.9%	98.9%	99.4%
Treated and admitted to hospital	4.3%	14.0%	27.2%	41.5%	64.7%	78.1%	85.3%	89.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	33.9%	67.5%	88.5%	93.6%	98.6%	99.3%	99.7%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	7.1%	17.9%	28.6%	50.0%	67.9%	89.3%	92.9%	96.4%
All presentations	14.1%	37.1%	55.6%	68.7%	82.9%	89.8%	93.3%	95.2%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,442 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,442 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
7,942	6.3%
7,939	6.3%
63.5%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Maclean District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 3,066 patients	3,084	-0.6%
Emergency presentations: ² 2,871 patients	2,897	-0.9%

Maclean District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 380 patients	295	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	15 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 33 minutes	39 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,045 patients	1,128	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	27 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 71 minutes	72 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,287 patients	1,200	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	31 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	109 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 149 patients	274	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 47 minutes	34 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	137 minutes	103 minutes

Maclean District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 3,065 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 83.9%

1	Change since one year ago
3,083	-0.6%
83.9%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

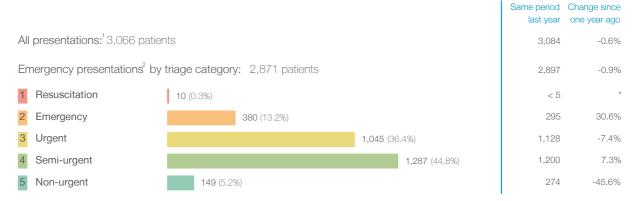
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

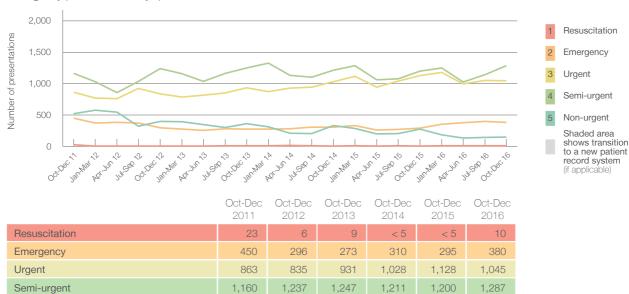
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Maclean District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



Maclean District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

3,016

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 380 patients	420	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	12 minutes	12 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	29 minutes	38 minutes	-9 minutes
Median time			

2,773

2,821

2,879

2,897

149

Same period Change since

2,871

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

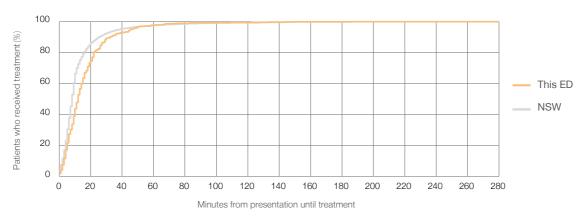
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

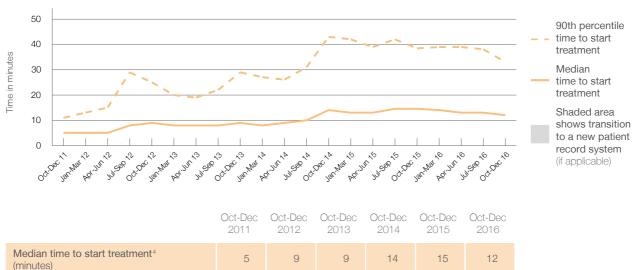
Maclean District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 380	295	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 376	290	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 12 minutes	15 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 33 minutes	39 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	(+)	Data points are	not shown ir	n graphs for	quarters when	patient no	umbers are too small.
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^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

43

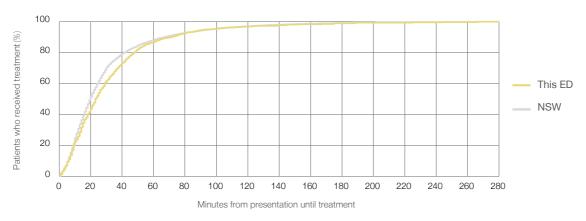
39

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Maclean District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,045	1,128	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,027	1,101	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	27 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 71 minutes	72 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

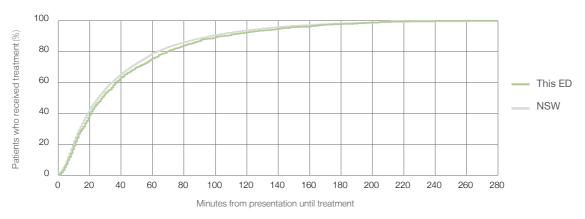
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Maclean District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ank	prained ankle, earache)			
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,287		1,200		
Number of triage 4 patients used to calcul	1,113			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	28 minutes	31 minutes	25 minutes	
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	105 minutes	109 minutes	97 minutes	

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

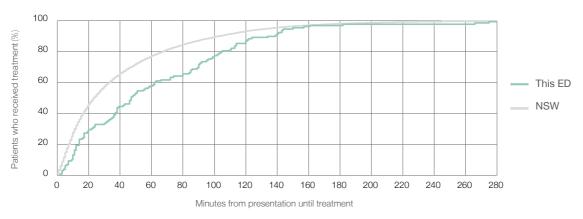
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Maclean District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts of	or abrasions)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 149			274	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 128				
Median time to start treatment ⁴	47 minutes		34 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵		139 minutes	137 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Maclean District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

All presentations: 3,066 patients

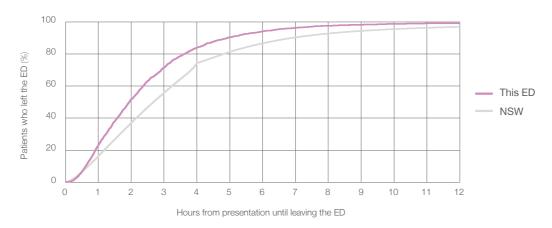
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 3,065 patients

Median time spent in the ED 1 1 hours and 56 minutes

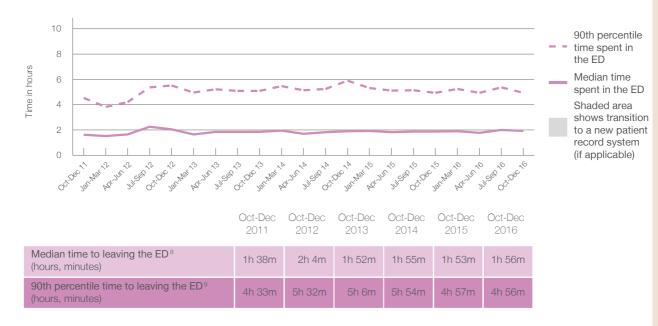
90th percentile time spent in the ED 1 4 hours and 56 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year	
	3,084	
	3,083	
2 hours and 41 minutes	1 hours and 53 minutes	
6 hours and 54 minutes	4 hours and 57 minutes	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



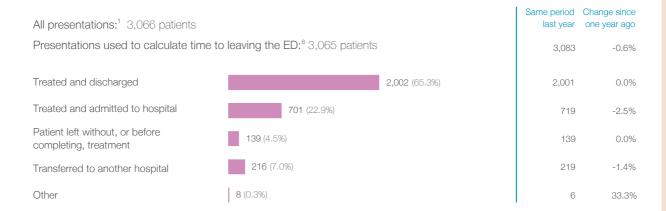
 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

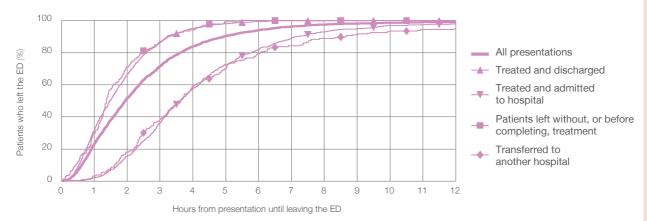
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Maclean District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	32.3%	66.6%	86.3%	95.1%	99.4%	100%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.1%	15.7%	36.2%	57.8%	82.2%	93.0%	96.9%	97.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	29.5%	71.2%	87.1%	94.2%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	3.2%	18.1%	38.4%	58.8%	79.6%	88.9%	93.1%	94.9%
All presentations	23.3%	51.8%	71.5%	83.9%	94.1%	97.6%	98.8%	99.2%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Maclean District Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,066 patients

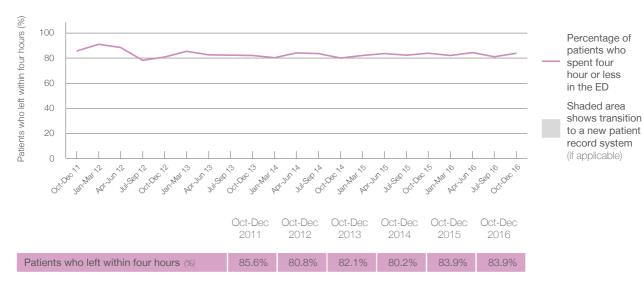
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 3,065 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

83.9%

	Change since one year ago
3,084	-0.6%
3,083	-0.6%
83.9%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

NSW

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

$\textbf{Murwillumbah District Hospital:} \ \, \textbf{Emergency department} \ \, \textbf{(ED)} \ \, \textbf{overview}$

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 4,564 patients	4,453	2.5%
Emergency presentations: ² 4,113 patients	4,047	1.6%

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 285 patients	249	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	13 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,288 patients	1,297	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 12 minutes	14 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 33 minutes	37 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,139 patients	2,189	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 15 minutes	17 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 60 minutes	76 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 396 patients	301	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	21 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 92 minutes	88 minutes	103 minutes

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,563 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

	Change since one year ago
4,448	2.6%
89.1%	

Same period Change since

Same period

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

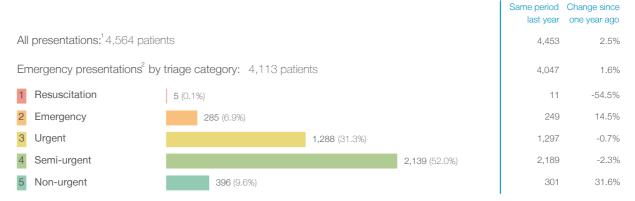
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

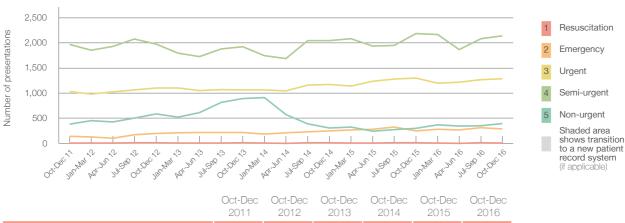
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



194

1,099

1,977

3,871

1,061

1,922

4,102

12

249

1,171

2,044

3.782

11

249

1,297

2,189

4,047

5

1,288

2,139

4,113

396

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

< 5

143

1,035

1,971

3,530

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Resuscitation

Emergency

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

Urgent

year ago
) minutes
minutes
)

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Page 2 of 9

Same period Change since

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

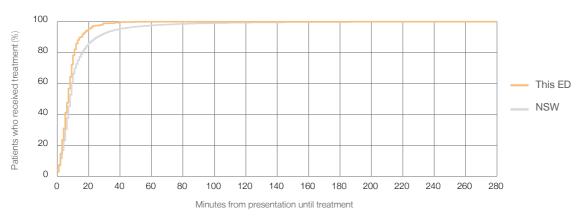
^(**) Interpret with caution: total ambulance arrivals include more than 30% of records for which transfer of care time cannot be calculated.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

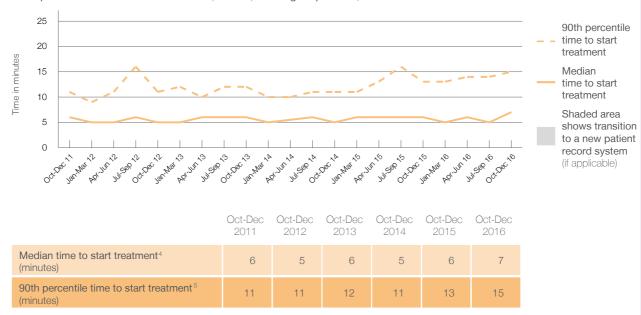
Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 285	249	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 284	247	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 15 minutes	13 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

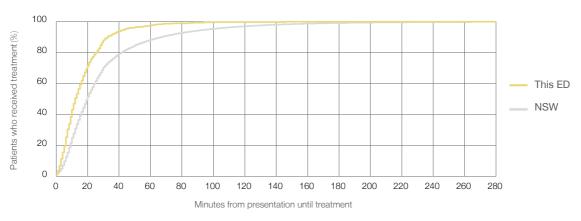
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

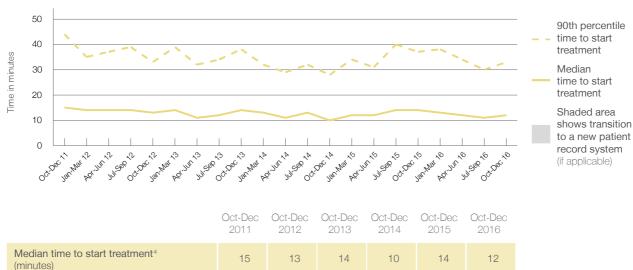
Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,288	1,297	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,276	1,288	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 12 minutes	14 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 33 minutes	37 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



(+)	Data points are not shown in graphs for	quarters when patient numbers are too small.

44

33

38

28

37

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

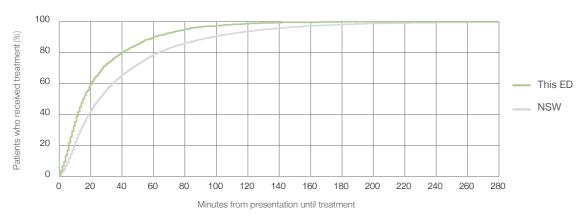
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,139	2,189	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 2,086	2,122	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 15 minutes	17 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 60 minutes	76 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

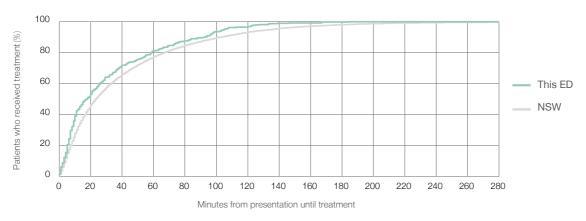
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 396	301	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 371	277	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	21 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 92 minutes	88 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

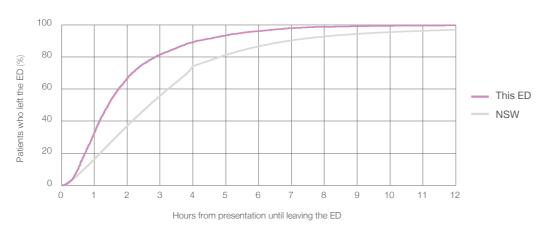
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 4,564 patients 4,453 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 4,563 patients 4,448 1 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 1 hours and 25 minutes 41 minutes 4 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 4 hours and 8 minutes 10 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



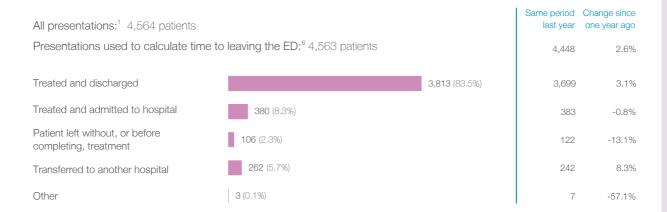
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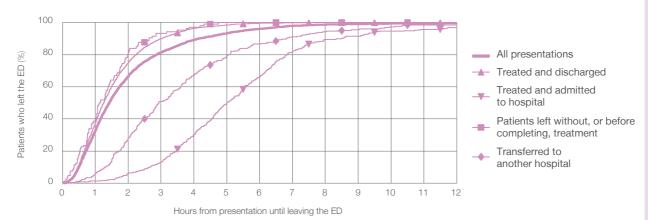
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	37.7%	75.0%	90.0%	96.4%	99.6%	100%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.3%	6.1%	13.2%	30.0%	66.1%	89.5%	94.7%	96.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	38.7%	81.1%	93.4%	97.2%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	6.1%	28.2%	50.8%	67.2%	86.6%	94.3%	97.3%	98.5%
All presentations	32.9%	66.7%	81.4%	89.2%	96.1%	98.8%	99.4%	99.6%

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 4,564 patients

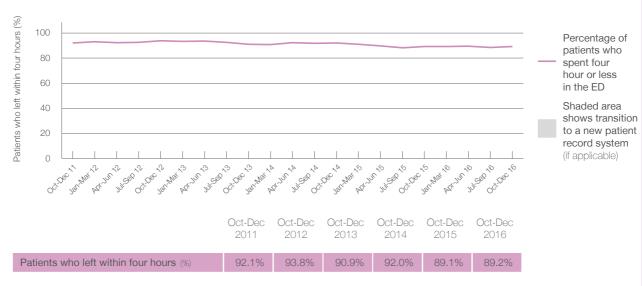
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,563 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

89.2%

Same period last year one year ago 4,453 2.5% 4,448 2.6%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

The Tweed Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 13,175 patients	12,940	1.8%
Emergency presentations: ² 12,793 patients	12,659	1.1%

The Tweed Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,537 patients	1,686	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	13 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 5,849 patients	5,784	
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 5,849 patients	3,704	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	13 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 43 minutes	39 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,306 patients	3,997	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	13 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	55 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,042 patients	1,120	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	10 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 58 minutes	52 minutes	103 minutes

The Tweed Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,173 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 81.89

Change since	Same period
one year ago	last year
1.8%	12,940
	84.0%

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

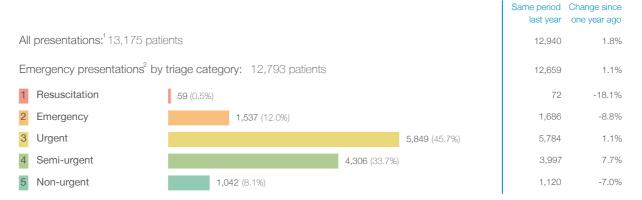
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

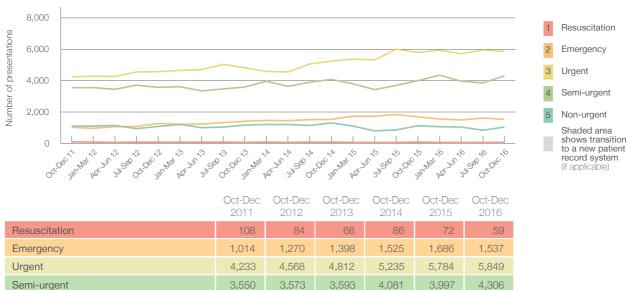
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

The Tweed Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



The Tweed Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 1,877 patients			
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	8 minutes	8 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	19 minutes	19 minutes	0 minutes

1 081

10,576

11,036

10,010

1,042

12,793

Same period Change since

1,120

12.659

12,220

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

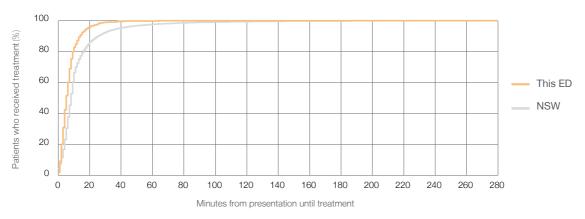
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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The Tweed Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)			(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,537	1,686		
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,533			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	5 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	14 minutes	13 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

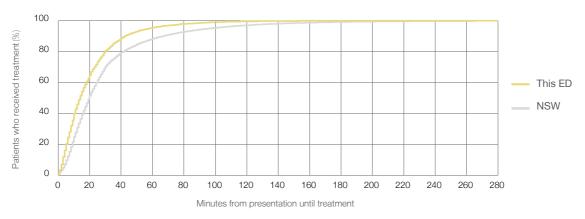
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

The Tweed Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 5,849	5,784	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 5,778	5,735	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes	13 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 43 minutes	39 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



74

63

39

42

39

43

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

(minutes)

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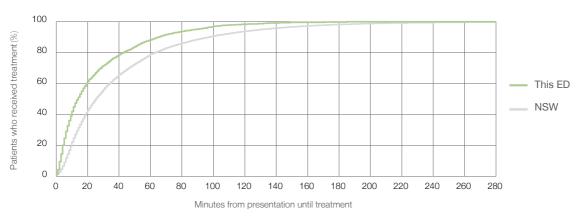
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

The Tweed Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)		(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,306	3,997	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,167		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes	13 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	55 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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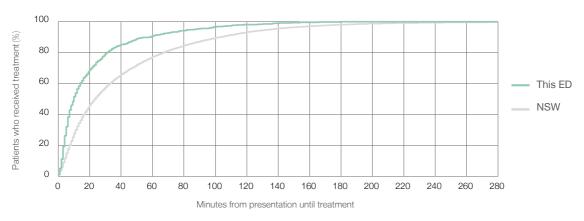
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

The Tweed Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,042	1,120	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 997	1,078	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	10 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 58 minutes	52 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



(minutes)

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NSW

Same period

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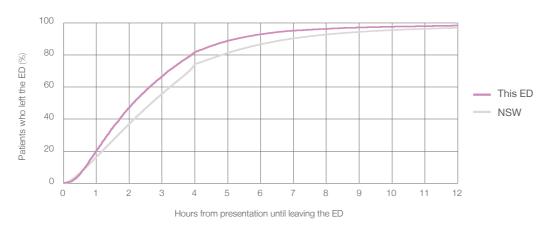
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The Tweed Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 13,175 patients 12,940 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,173 patients 12,940 1 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 7 minutes 55 minutes 41 minutes 4 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 5 hours and 15 minutes 57 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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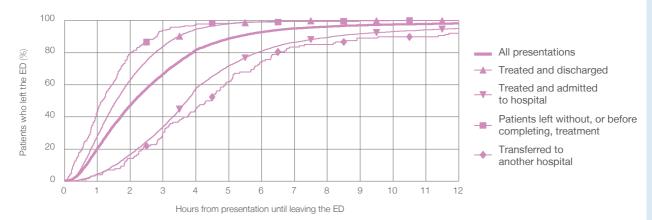
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

The Tweed Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016

Same period Change since All presentations: 13,175 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 13,173 patients 12,940 1.8% 8,302 (63.0%) Treated and discharged 8.221 1.0% Treated and admitted to hospital 4,465 (33.9%) 4,344 2.8% Patient left without, or before 239 (1.8%) 20.1% 199 completing, treatment 128 (1.0%) 141 -9.2% Transferred to another hospital 41 (0.3%) Other 35 17.1%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	28.4%	63.1%	84.0%	94.7%	99.3%	99.9%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	4.5%	16.8%	33.9%	57.8%	81.1%	89.4%	93.2%	95.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	43.1%	79.9%	94.1%	97.5%	99.2%	99.6%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	3.9%	14.1%	30.5%	45.3%	74.2%	85.2%	89.8%	92.2%
All presentations	20.5%	47.3%	66.7%	81.8%	92.9%	96.2%	97.6%	98.3%

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The Tweed Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,175 patients

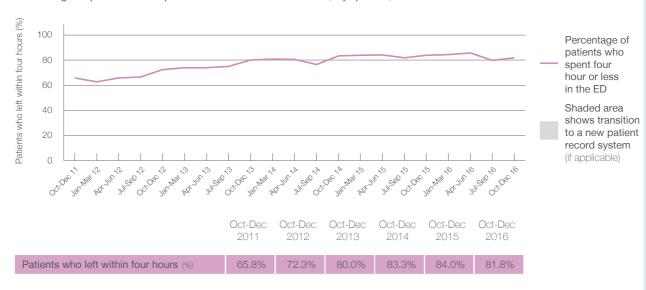
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,173 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

81.8%

	Change since one year ago
12,940	1.8%
12,940	1.8%
84.0%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
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- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
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Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).