From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2017		
		Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 892 patients	1,257	-29.0%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 829 patients	1,224	-32.3%

## Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2017 Same period NSW (this period) last year Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 76 patients 83 5 minutes Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 3 minutes 8 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 26 minutes Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 239 patients 336 9 minutes Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 20 minutes 10 minutes 21 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 27 minutes 69 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 410 patients 583 12 minutes Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 16 minutes 26 minutes 51 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 64 minutes 101 minutes Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 104 patients 222 12 minutes Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 23 minutes 15 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 104 minutes 82 minutes

### Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2017		_		Change since one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to I	eaving the ED:6 892 patients		1,257	-29.0%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		95.0%	93.1%	

Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

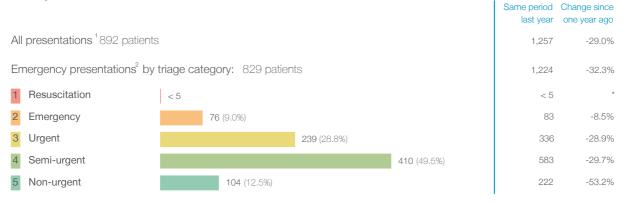
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016. 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

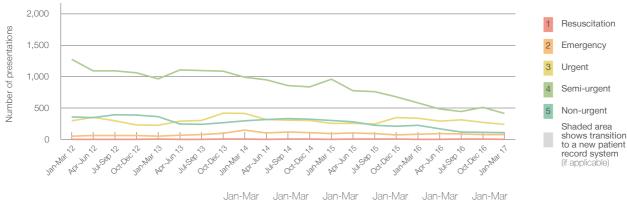
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

**Kurri Kurri District Hospital:** Patients presenting to the emergency department January to March 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017<sup>‡</sup>



	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Resuscitation	< 5	5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
Emergency	50	49	152	90	83	76
Urgent	293	224	413	255	336	239
Semi-urgent	1,275	961	988	958	583	410
Non-urgent	357	360	294	301	222	104
All emergency presentations	1,975	1,599	1,847	1,604	1,224	829

# Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance January to March 2017

ED Transfer of care time is not currently available for this hospital.<sup>7</sup>

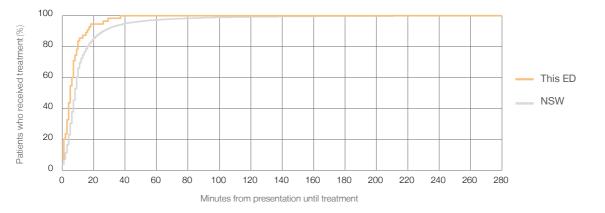
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017 NSW Same period Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) (this period) last year Number of triage 2 patients: 76 83 Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time:<sup>3</sup> 55 69 Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 5 minutes 3 minutes 8 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017







37

$(\uparrow)$	Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

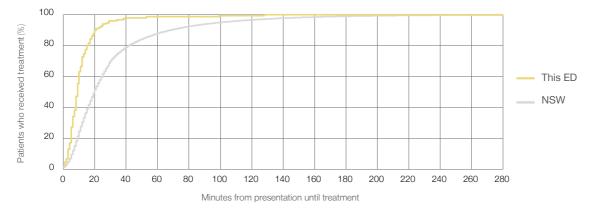
(minutes)

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

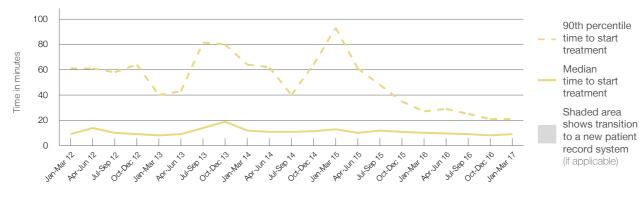
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017 NSW Same period Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration) (this period) last year Number of triage 3 patients: 239 336 Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time:<sup>3</sup> 146 253 Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 9 minutes 10 minutes 20 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 21 minutes 69 minutes 27 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



### Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017<sup>†‡</sup>



	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016	Jan-Mar 2017
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	9	8	12	13	10	9
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	61	40	64	93	27	21

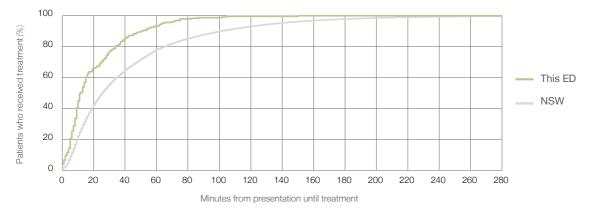
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

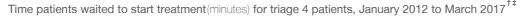
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017 NSW Same period Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache) (this period) last year Number of triage 4 patients: 410 583 Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time:<sup>3</sup> 226 399 Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 12 minutes 16 minutes 26 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 51 minutes 101 minutes 64 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017







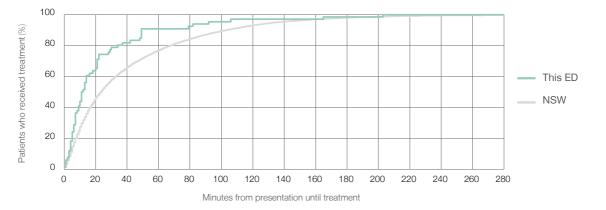
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017 NSW Same period Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions) last year (this period) Number of triage 5 patients: 104 222 Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time:<sup>3</sup> 66 183 Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 12 minutes 15 minutes 23 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 104 minutes 82 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017







Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	10	10	11	14	15	12
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	61	76	63	79	82	*

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED January to March 2017 NSW Same period (this period) last vear All presentations:<sup>1</sup> 892 patients 1,257 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 892 patients 1,257 0 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED <sup>8</sup> 0 hours and 37 minutes 53 minutes 44 minutes 3 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED<sup>9</sup> 2 hours and 55 minutes 17 minutes 7 minutes Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017 100 80 8 60 Patients who left the This ED NSW 40 20 0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 Hours from presentation until leaving the ED Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 10 90th percentile time spent in 8 the ED Time in hours Median time 6 spent in the ED 4 Shaded area shows transition 2 to a new patient record system 0 (if applicable) APr.Jun 12 JUISER 12 OCTUPE N Jan-Mart<sup>3</sup> APRJUR 13 13 JUISER 13 OCT.DEC 13 Jan-Mar 15 APRJUN 15 L JUISEP 15 00<sup>0</sup>1,080 1,59 JUISEP 16 OCTUPE TO Jan-Mar 1A OCTUPE 1ª JUISEP 1A , Mar 12 Jan Mar POLIN ,6 Jan Mat 2 POLIN Jan-Mar Jan-Mar Jan-Mar Jan-Mar Jan-Mar Jan-Mar 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017

Median time to leaving the ED <sup>®</sup> (hours, minutes)	0h 49m	0h 55m	1h 6m	1h 0m	0h 53m	0h 37m
90th percentile time to leaving the ED <sup>9</sup> (hours, minutes)	3h 9m	4h 5m	3h 59m	3h 55m	3h 17m	2h 55m

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# Kurri Kurri District Hospital

### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

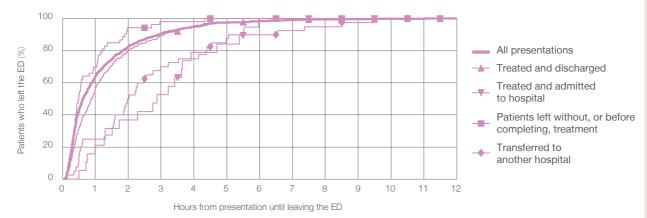
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Kurri Kurri District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation

January to March 2017 Same period Change since All presentations:<sup>1</sup> 892 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 892 patients -29.0% 1.257 459 (51.5%) Treated and discharged -43.7% 815 Treated and admitted to hospital 19 (2.1%) 29 -34.5% Patient left without, or before 53 (5.9%) 63 -15.9% completing, treatment 40 (4.5%) 61 -34.4% Transferred to another hospital 321 (36.0%) Other 289 11.1%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017<sup>††</sup>



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	56.6%	80.2%	89.3%	95.4%	98.7%	99.6%	99.8%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	21.1%	36.8%	52.6%	78.9%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	69.8%	94.3%	98.1%	98.1%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	25.0%	50.0%	70.0%	75.0%	90.0%	95.0%	100%	100%
All presentations	64.1%	82.6%	90.7%	95.0%	98.5%	99.4%	99.9%	100%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



### Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017<sup>†‡</sup>



- Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before \$ and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED)
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer 9. than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED. Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017)

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System(extracted 18 April 2017).

group 2 hospitals (C2) Hunter New England Local Health District District