

Healthcare Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

Sydney Children's Hospitals Network

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney Children's Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 9,099 patients	9,460	-3.8%
Emergency presentations: ² 9,027 patients	9,282	-2.7%

Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

January to March 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 402 patients	394	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 21 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,709 patients	1,609	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	18 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 51 minutes	48 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 6,711 patients	6,919	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 40 minutes	40 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	141 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 159 patients	294	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 38 minutes	50 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	143 minutes	104 minutes

Sydney Children's Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,098 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
1 Groonlage of patients who spent	74 50/
four hours or less in the ED	74.5%

Sa	me period	Change since
	last year	one year ago
	9,459	-3.8%
	74.4%	
	, T.T/U	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

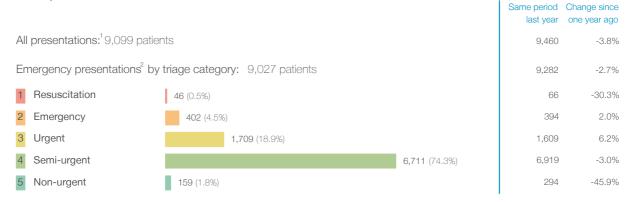
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

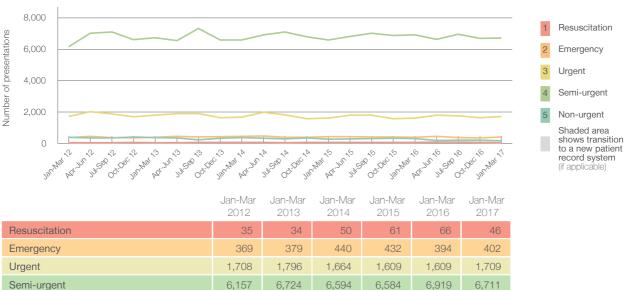
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney Children's Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 [‡]



366

8,946

9,282

9,027

Same period Change since

9,114

Sydney Children's Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

8,650

January to March 2017

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 592 patients	658	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	8 minutes	9 minutes	-1 minutes
90th percentile time	17 minutes	15 minutes	2 minutes

9,301

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

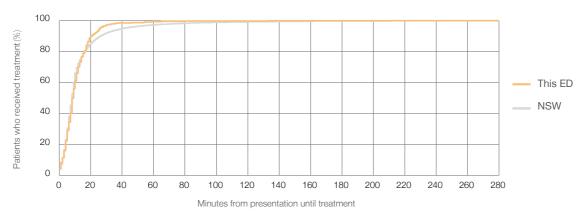
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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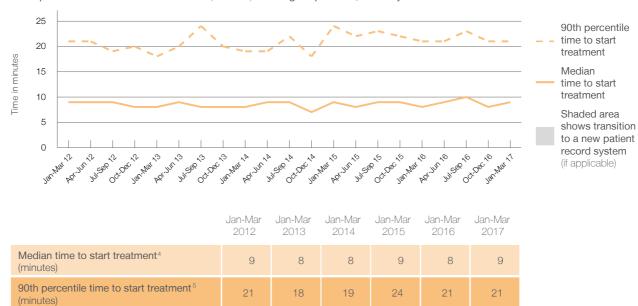
Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 402	394	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 401	393	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 21 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 † †



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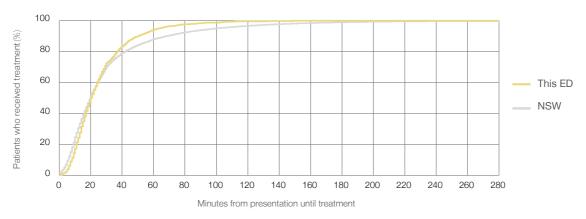
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,709	1,609	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,707	1,608	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	18 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 51 minutes	48 minutes	69 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



48

49

46

56

48

51

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

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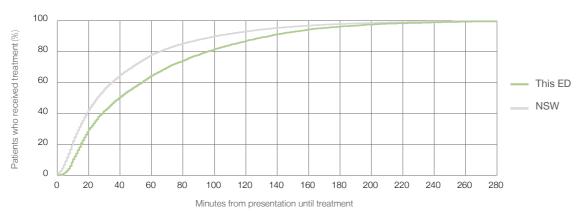
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earac	che)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 6,711		6,919	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting	ng time: ³ 6,411	6,565	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 40 m	minutes	40 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	135 minutes	141 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 † †



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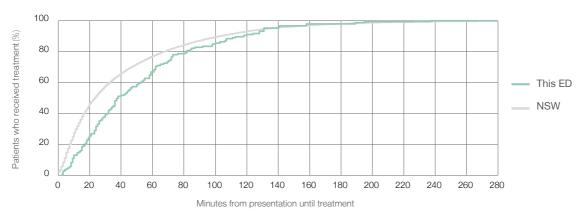
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 159	294	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 145	273	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 38 minutes	50 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	143 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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NSW

Same period

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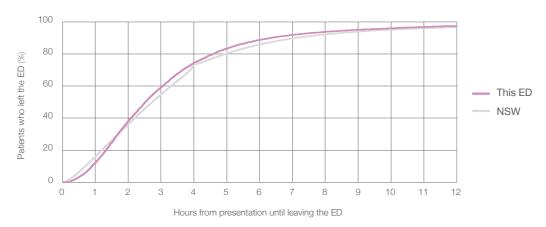
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 9,099 patients 9,460 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 9,098 patients 9,459 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 31 minutes 44 minutes 6 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 6 hours and 21 minutes 17 minutes 7 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017



 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

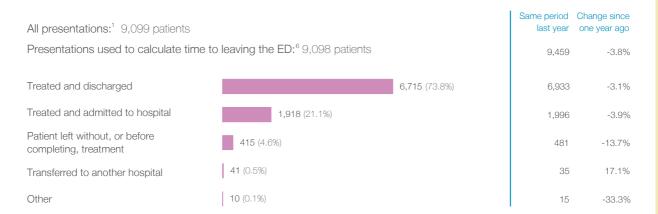
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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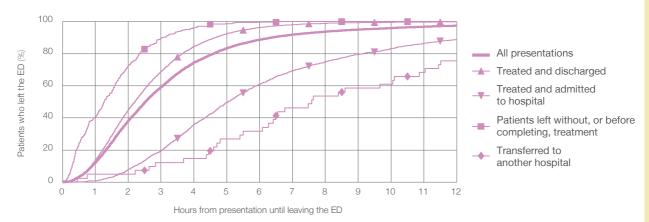
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney Children's Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	13.7%	45.0%	68.9%	84.5%	96.2%	98.9%	99.6%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.8%	7.9%	19.5%	35.8%	61.0%	75.1%	83.2%	88.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	40.7%	72.5%	89.6%	96.1%	99.8%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	4.9%	4.9%	12.2%	14.6%	31.7%	53.7%	61.0%	75.6%
All presentations	12.2%	38.3%	59.2%	74.5%	88.7%	93.7%	96.0%	97.4%

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney Children's Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 9,099 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,098 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

74.5%

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
9,460	-3.8%
9,459	-3.8%
74.4%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).

Same period Change since

Same period Change since

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2017

last vear one vear ago All presentations: 13,971 patients 13,955 0.1% Emergency presentations:² 13,775 patients 13,752 0.2%

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients waited to start treatment³

January to March 2017

January to March 2017

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 525 patients	428	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	10 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,513 patients	3,391	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 61 minutes	54 minutes	69 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 9,507 patients	9,699	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 43 minutes	43 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	156 minutes	101 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 110 patients	116	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 65 minutes	52 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	161 minutes	104 minutes

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

last year one year ago Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,971 patients 13.955 0.1% Percentage of patients who spent 71.0% four hours or less in the ED

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

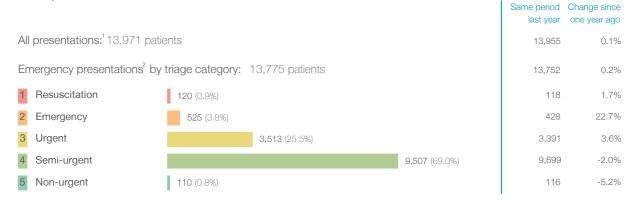
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

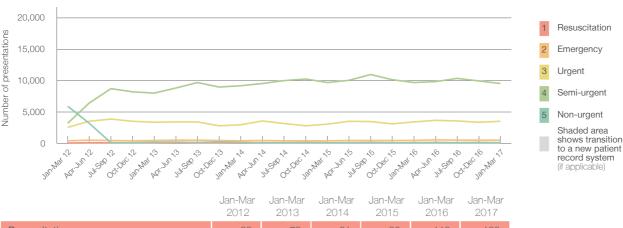
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The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 ^{‡ Ω}



	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Resuscitation	69	72	61	80	118	120
Emergency	411	462	388	415	428	525
Urgent	2,550	3,380	2,926	3,052	3,391	3,513
Semi-urgent	3,231	8,005	9,196	9,665	9,699	9,507
Non-urgent	5,905	184	161	114	116	110
All emergency presentations	12,166	12,103	12,732	13,326	13,752	13,775

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2017

oanaary to march 2011		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 1,085 patients	962	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	6 minutes	6 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	14 minutes	15 minutes	-1 minute

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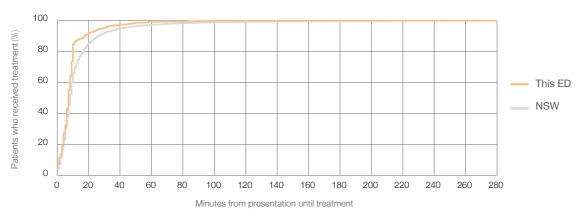
^{(\}Omega) The Sydney Children's Hospitals Network (Randwick and Westmead) advise that application of ED triaging definitions has been standardised across their facilities. This has resulted in a reporting shift of some cases from category 5 to category 4 and from category 4 to category 3 at Children's Hospital Westmead from June 2012 onwards.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 525	428	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 525	428	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 17 minutes	10 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 115



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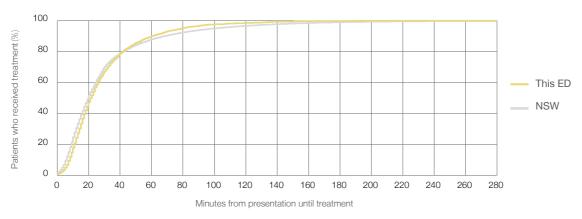
^(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 January to March 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,513	3,391	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,502	3,385	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 61 minutes	54 minutes	69 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 115



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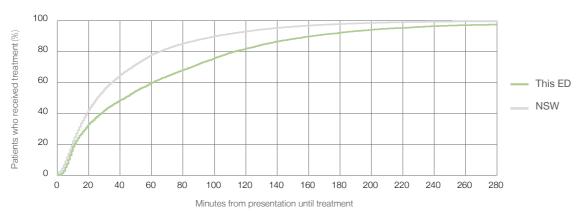
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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained a	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 4 patients: 9,507	9,699		
Number of triage 4 patients used to cale	8,350		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	43 minutes	43 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	163 minutes	156 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 11\$



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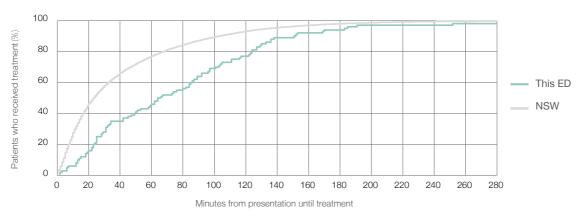
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The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 110	116	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 100	102	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 65 minutes	52 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 152 minutes	161 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2012 to March 2017 11\$



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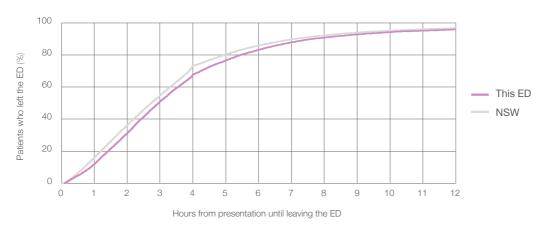
The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2017

All presentations: 13,971 patients Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,971 patients Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 57 minutes 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 7 hours and 39 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year		
	13,955		
	13,955		
2 hours and 44 minutes	2 hours and 54 minutes		
7 hours and 7 minutes	6 hours and 47 minutes		

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

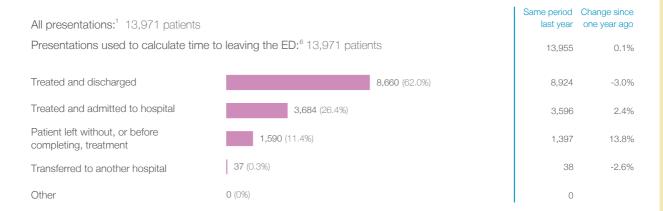
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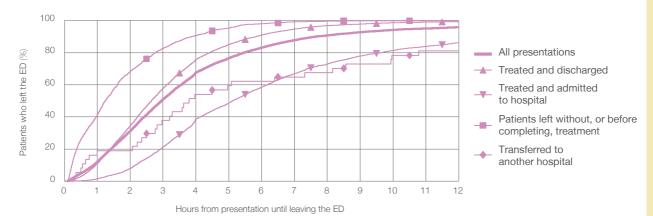
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The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2017 $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	11.1%	34.6%	57.9%	75.9%	91.0%	96.8%	98.6%	99.3%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.5%	7.9%	21.3%	38.7%	58.6%	73.0%	81.4%	86.2%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	41.5%	68.4%	82.8%	90.8%	98.1%	99.7%	99.9%	99.9%
Transferred to another hospital	18.9%	18.9%	37.8%	54.1%	62.2%	67.6%	78.4%	81.1%
All presentations	12.0%	31.4%	51.0%	67.7%	83.2%	90.8%	94.2%	95.9%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED January to March 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,971 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,971 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 67.7%

	Change since one year ago
13,955	0.1%
13,955	0.1%
71.0%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2012 to March 2017 †‡



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 18 April 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 18 April 2017).