Grafton Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview April to June 2017								
		Change since one year ago						
All presentations: ¹ 6,251 patients	5,728	9.1%						
Emergency presentations: ² 5,740 patients	5,332	7.7%						

Grafton Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017 Same period NSW last year (this period) Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 619 patients 533 7 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 12 minutes 8 minutes 24 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 37 minutes 26 minutes Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,704 patients 1,766 21 minutes 20 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 25 minutes 55 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 75 minutes 67 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,491 patients 2,407 31 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 34 minutes 25 minutes 90 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 100 minutes 99 minutes Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 902 patients 613 34 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 34 minutes 23 minutes 93 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 112 minutes 101 minutes

Grafton Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

April to June 2017		last year	one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to	5,727	9.1%	
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED	78.1%	74.2%	

* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- than this time.The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

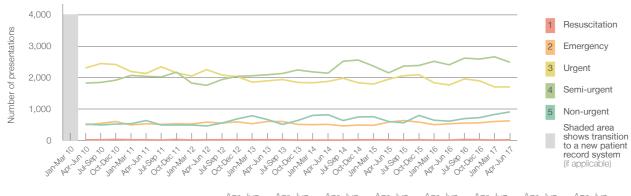
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Grafton Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department April to June 2017

Same period Change since last year one year ago All presentations:¹6,251 patients 5.728 9.1% Emergency presentations² by triage category: 5,740 patients 5,332 7.7% Resuscitation 1 24 (0.4%) 13 84.6% 16.1% 2 Emergency 619 (10.8%) 533 Urgent 3 -3.5% 1,704 (29.7%) 1.766 4 Semi-urgent 2,491 (43.4%) 2,407 3.5% 902 (15.7%) 613 47.1% 5 Non-urgent

Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017[‡]



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Resuscitation	21	21	22	17	13	15	13	24
Emergency	499	525	582	604	505	579	533	619
Urgent	2,309	2,130	2,254	1,901	1,877	1,949	1,766	1,704
Semi-urgent	1,821	2,034	1,750	2,090	2,136	2,155	2,407	2,491
Non-urgent	517	628	457	661	810	598	613	902
All emergency presentations	5,167	5,338	5,065	5,273	5,341	5,296	5,332	5,740

Grafton Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trai	508		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	14 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	26 minutes	30 minutes	-4 minutes

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

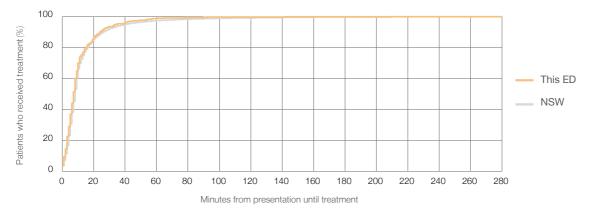
(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

(**) Interpret with caution: total ambulance arrivals include more than 30% of records for which transfer of care time cannot be calculated.



Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain	Same period last year	(this period)	
Number of triage 2 patients: 619	533		
Number of triage 2 patients used to cal	527		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	7 minutes	12 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	24 minutes	37 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017







	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	7	7	7	7	10	9	12	7
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	22	19	25	18	32	34	37	24

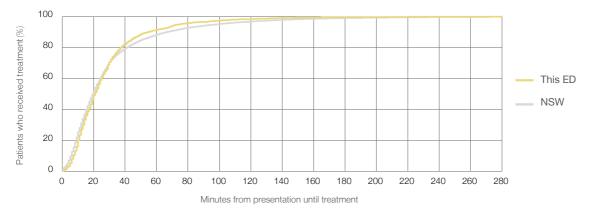
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

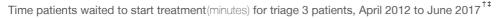
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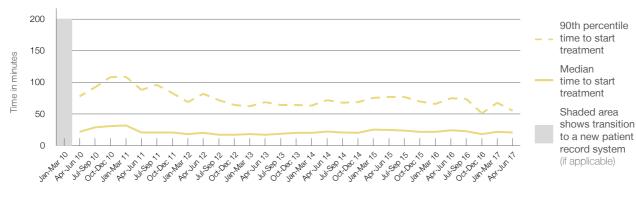
Grafton Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood	Same period last year	NSW (this period)			
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,704	1,766				
Number of triage 3 patients used to calc	Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 1,676				
Median time to start treatment ⁴	21 minutes	25 minutes	20 minutes		
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	55 minutes	75 minutes	67 minutes		

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017







	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	22	21	20	17	23	25	25	21
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	78	88	82	69	72	77	75	55

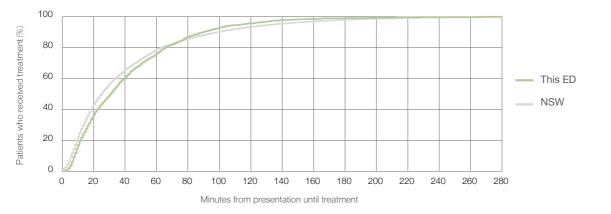
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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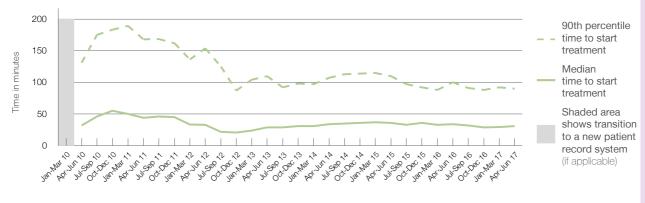
Grafton Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,491	2,407	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 2,386	2,291	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	34 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 90 minutes	100 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017^{†‡}



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	32	44	33	29	34	36	34	31
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	131	168	154	110	107	110	100	90

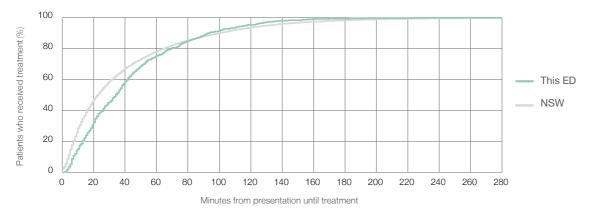
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

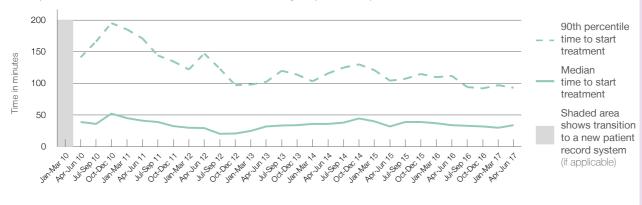
Grafton Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 902	613	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 785	537	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 34 minutes	34 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 93 minutes	112 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



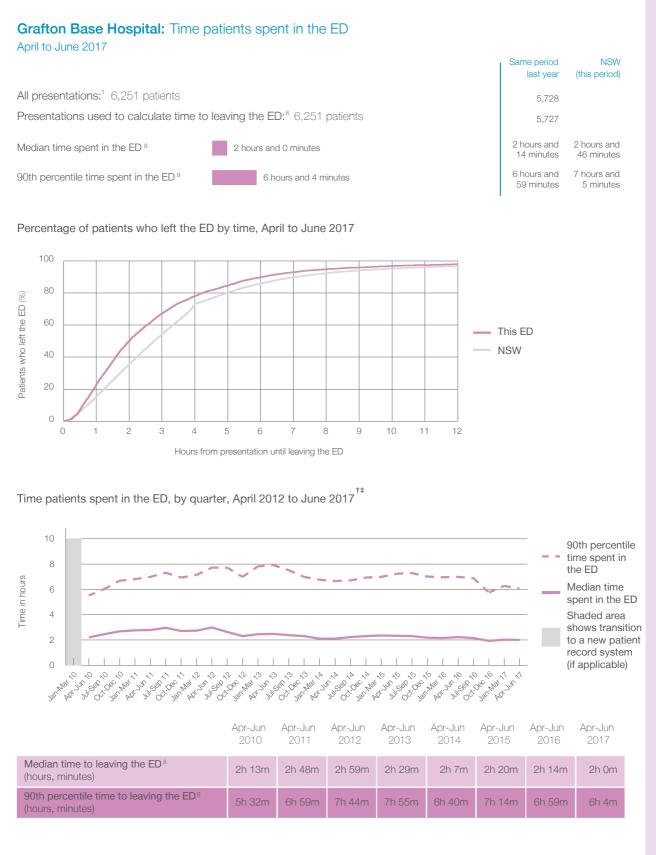
Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017^{†‡}



		Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Medi (minu	an time to start treatment ⁴ tes)	39	41	30	32	36	32	34	34
90th (minu	percentile time to start treatment ⁵ tes)	141	171	147	102	116	104	112	93

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

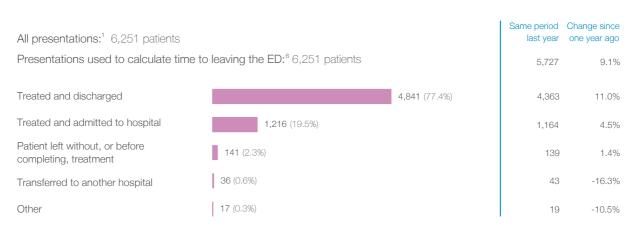


(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

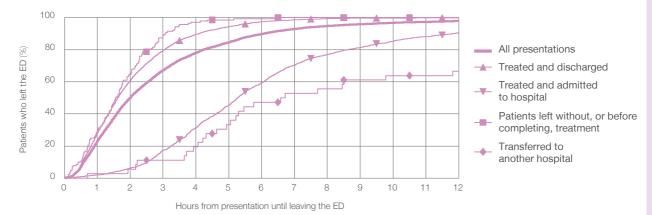
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Grafton Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017

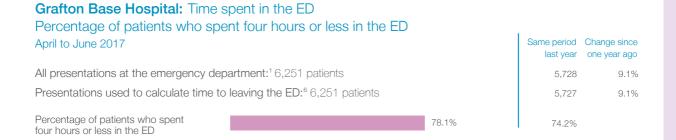


1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	28.1%	60.9%	79.5%	89.6%	97.4%	99.4%	99.8%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.1%	6.2%	17.3%	31.3%	59.4%	77.0%	85.4%	90.7%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	29.8%	64.5%	88.7%	97.2%	99.3%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	2.8%	5.6%	11.1%	19.4%	47.2%	55.6%	63.9%	66.7%
All presentations	23.1%	50.1%	67.2%	78.1%	89.8%	94.8%	96.8%	97.9%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 ^{†‡}



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer
- than this time.The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017)

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System(extracted 21 July 2017).