

Healthcare Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

Illawarra Shoalhaven Local Health District

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview April to June 2017

All presentations: 3,189 patients 3,427 -6.9% Emergency presentations: 3,081 patients 3,388 -7.7%

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 223 patients	241	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 22 minutes	27 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,013 patients	975	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 63 minutes	70 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,546 patients	1,775	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	31 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 79 minutes	85 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 286 patients	334	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 88 minutes	86 minutes	101 minutes

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 3,189 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 85.7%

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
3,427	-6.9%
86.6%	

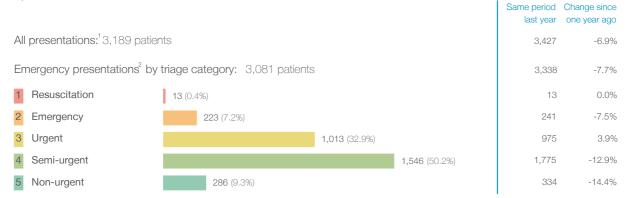
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

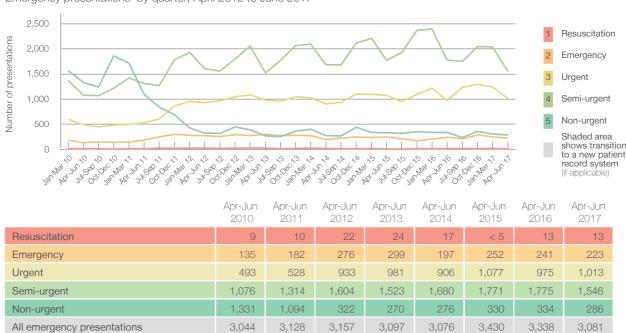
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 352 patients	329	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	14 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	29 minutes	29 minutes	0 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

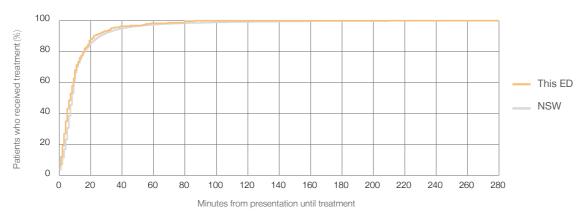
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

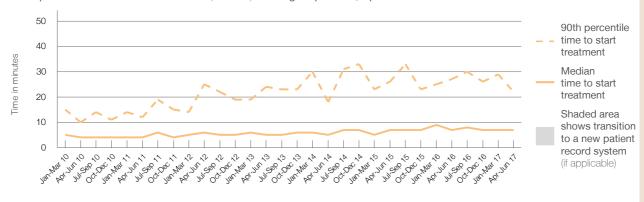
Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		last year	(this period)	
Number of triage 2 patients: 223	241			
Number of triage 2 patients used to calc	er of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 223			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes	
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	22 minutes	27 minutes	26 minutes	

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	4	4	6	5	5	7	7	7
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	10	12	25	24	18	26	27	22

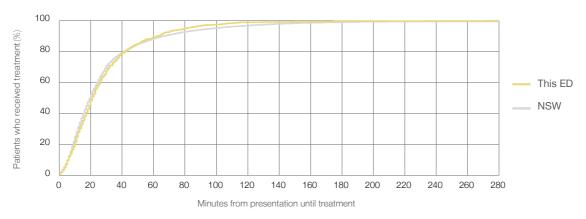
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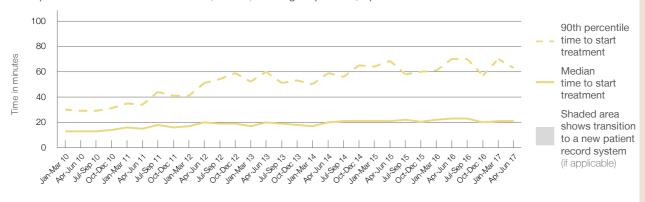
Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,013	975	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,005	968	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 63 minutes	70 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	13	15	20	20	20	21	23	21
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	29	34	51	60	59	69	70	63

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

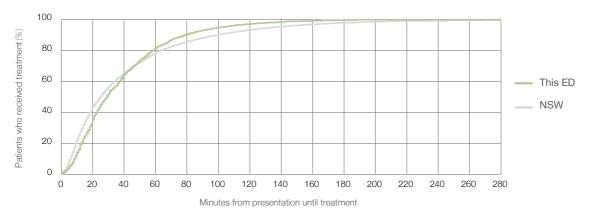
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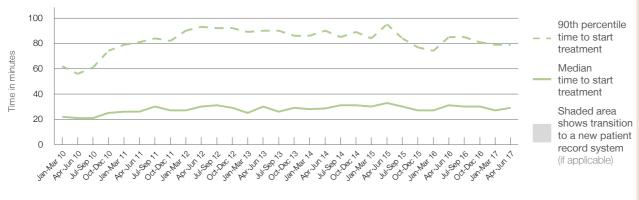
Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,546	1,775	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,519	1,746	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	31 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 79 minutes	85 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	21	26	30	30	29	33	31	29
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	56	81	93	90	90	95	85	79

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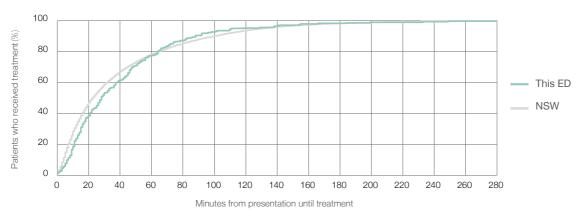
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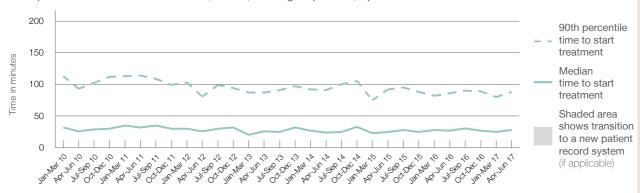
Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 286	334	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 273	323	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 28 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 88 minutes	86 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	26	32	26	26	24	25	27	28
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	93	114	81	87	91	92	86	88

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4 hours and 56 minutes

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

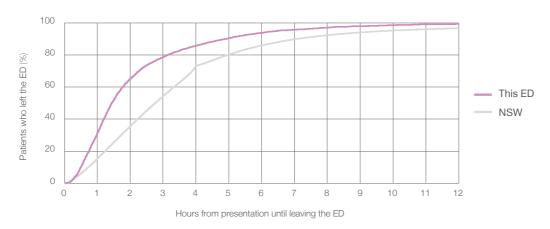
All presentations: 3,189 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 3,189 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 1 hours and 27 minutes

NSW (this period	Same period last year	
	3,427	
	3,427	
	1 hours and 23 minutes	
7 hours and 5 minutes	4 hours and 47 minutes	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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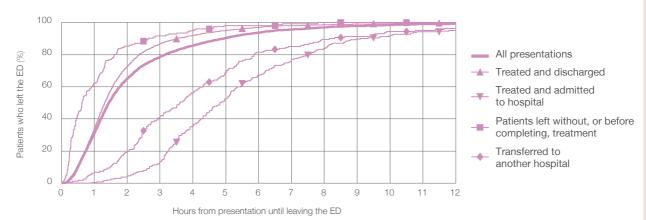
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation April to June 2017

Same period Change since All presentations: 3,189 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 3,189 patients -6.9% 3.427 2,604 (81.7%) Treated and discharged -7.8% 2.825 Treated and admitted to hospital 263 (8.2%) 301 -12.6% Patient left without, or before 156 (4.9%) 14.7% 136 completing, treatment 162 (5.1%) 164 -1.2% Transferred to another hospital 4 (0.1%) Other 300.0%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	34.0%	72.8%	86.9%	92.0%	97.0%	98.6%	99.3%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.4%	4.2%	13.3%	35.7%	66.9%	84.0%	92.0%	95.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	62.2%	85.3%	91.7%	94.9%	98.1%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	6.8%	19.8%	41.4%	56.2%	81.5%	89.5%	94.4%	96.3%
All presentations	31.3%	65.1%	78.7%	85.7%	93.8%	97.0%	98.5%	99.3%

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Milton and Ulladulla Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,189 patients

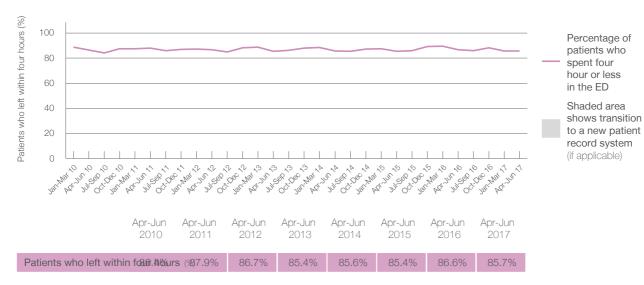
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 63,189 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

85.7%

	Change since one year ago
3,427	-6.9%
3,427	-6.9%
86.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

$\textbf{Shellharbour Hospital:} \ \mathsf{Emergency} \ \mathsf{department} \ (\mathsf{ED}) \ \mathsf{overview}$

April to June 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: ¹ 7,334 patients	7,224	1.5%
Emergency presentations: ² 7,166 patients	6,950	3.1%

Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

April to June 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 779 patients	768	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	15 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,730 patients	2,501	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 68 minutes	75 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,425 patients	3,485	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	22 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	111 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 214 patients	177	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	17 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 79 minutes	65 minutes	101 minutes

Shellharbour Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 7,333 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 67.9%

	one year ago
7,224	1.5%
67.8%	

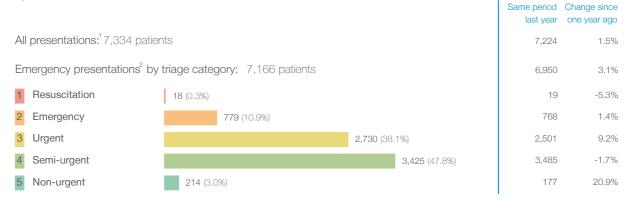
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

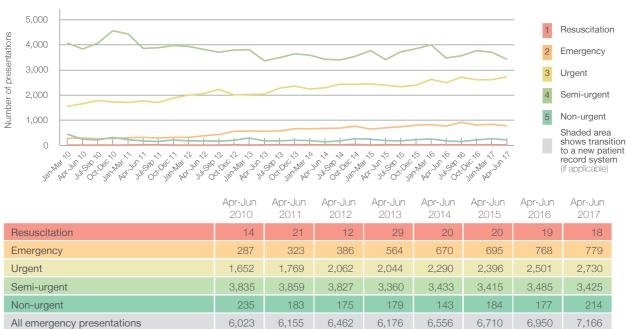
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Shellharbour Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



Shellharbour Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tra	ansfer of care time: 7 1,660 patients	1,545	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	10 minutes	10 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	22 minutes	24 minutes	-2 minutes

Same period Change since

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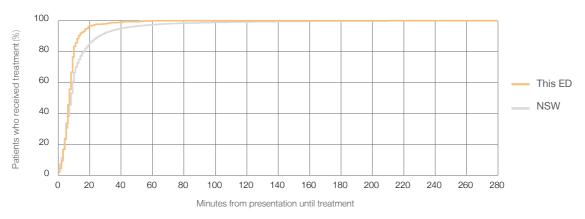
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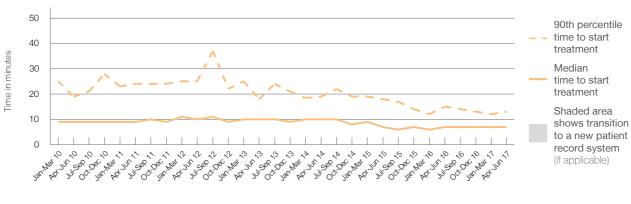
Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 779		
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 778		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 13 minutes	15 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	9	9	10	10	10	7	7	7
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	19	24	25	18	19	18	15	13

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

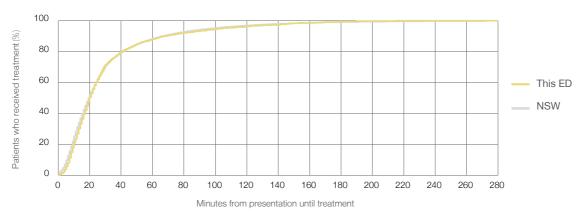
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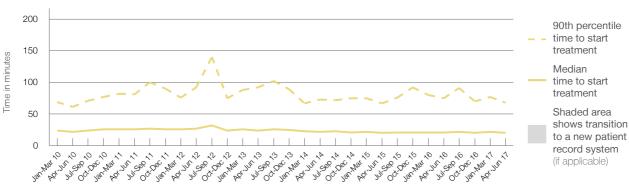
Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,730	2,501	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,698	2,471	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 68 minutes	75 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	22	26	27	24	22	20	21	20
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	61	81	92	92	73	67	75	68

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

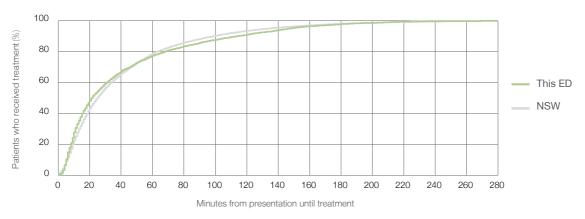
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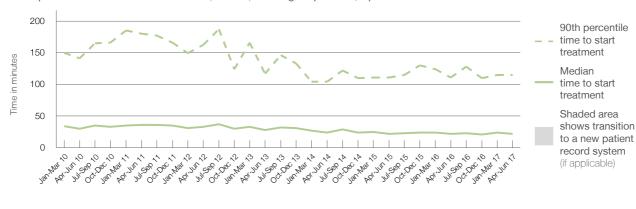
Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,425	3,485	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,217	3,289	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	22 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 115 minutes	111 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	30	36	33	28	24	22	22	22
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	141	180	163	117	104	111	111	115

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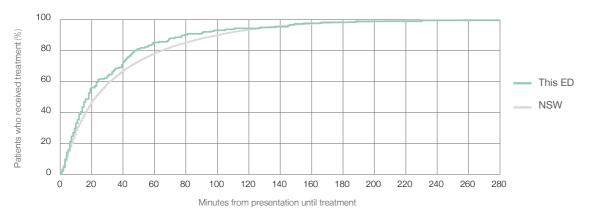
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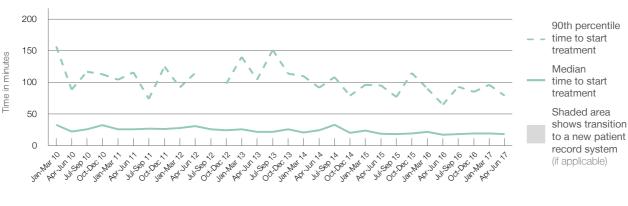
Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 214	177	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 175	145	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	17 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 79 minutes	65 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	23	26	31	22	25	19	17	18
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	89	116	115	104	92	95	65	79

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NSW

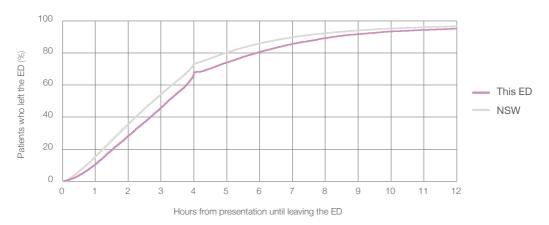
Same period

Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

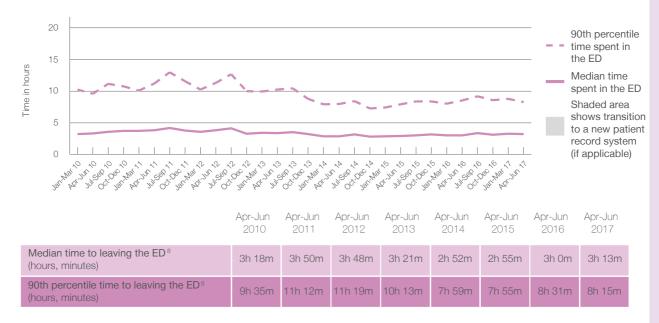
April to June 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 7,334 patients 7,224 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 7,333 patients 7,224 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 13 minutes 46 minutes 8 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 8 hours and 15 minutes 31 minutes 5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



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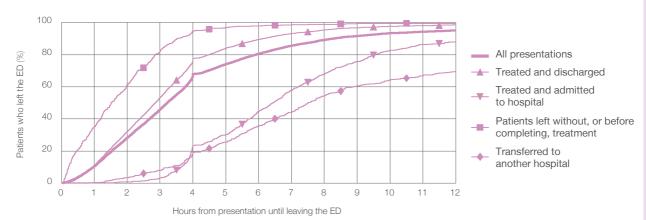
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation April to June 2017

All presentations: ¹ 7,334 patients			Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Presentations used to calculate time to		7,224	1.5%	
Treated and discharged		5,424 (74.0%)	5,381	0.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	823 (11.2%)		767	7.3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	484 (6.6%)		480	0.8%
Transferred to another hospital	598 (8.2%)		584	2.4%
Other	5 (0.1%)		12	-58.3%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 **



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	11.1%	32.2%	53.3%	77.7%	89.5%	95.4%	97.7%	98.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.1%	0.9%	3.3%	23.5%	44.8%	67.9%	82.7%	88.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	35.1%	60.7%	82.2%	94.6%	97.9%	99.0%	99.6%	99.6%
Transferred to another hospital	0.3%	3.3%	7.9%	18.9%	35.5%	54.3%	64.4%	69.6%
All presentations	10.6%	28.3%	45.9%	67.9%	80.6%	89.2%	93.4%	95.2%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shellharbour Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

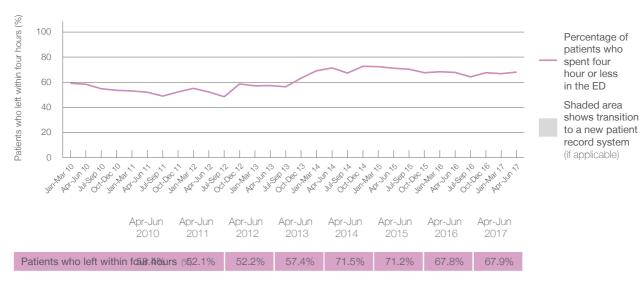
All presentations at the emergency department: ¹ 7,334 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 7,333 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 67.9%

	Change since one year ago
7,224	1.5%
7,224	1.5%
67.8%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).

Same period Change since

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

April to June 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 9,397 patients	9,081	3.5%
Emergency presentations: ² 9,272 patients	8,979	3.3%

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,028 patients	792	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	12 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 33 minutes	38 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,297 patients	3,016	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	30 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	99 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,065 patients	4,165	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 36 minutes	38 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	118 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 815 patients	954	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 98 minutes	102 minutes	101 minutes

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Same period Change since April to June 2017 last year one year ago Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,396 patients 9.081 3.5% Percentage of patients who spent 65.4% four hours or less in the ED

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

9.3%

-2.4%

-14.6%

3,016

4,165

954

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

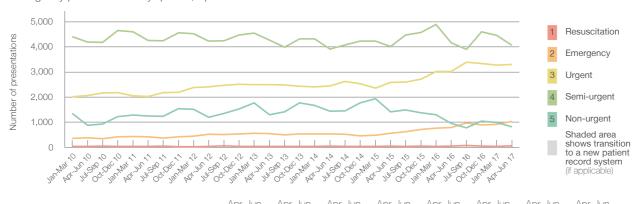
Same period Change since last year one year ago All presentations: 9,397 patients 9.081 3.5% Emergency presentations² by triage category: 9,272 patients 8,979 3.3% Resuscitation 67 (0.7%) 52 28.8% 29.8% Emergency 1,028 (11.1%) 792 Urgent

3,297 (35.6%)

4,065 (43.8%)

Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]

815 (8.8%)



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Resuscitation	31	34	39	32	43	44	52	67
Emergency	378	414	523	541	537	553	792	1,028
Urgent	2,065	2,024	2,405	2,501	2,443	2,585	3,016	3,297
Semi-urgent	4,193	4,256	4,237	4,266	3,915	4,012	4,165	4,065
Non-urgent	878	1,252	1,200	1,297	1,439	1,409	954	815
All emergency presentations	7,545	7,980	8,404	8,637	8,377	8,603	8,979	9,272

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

April to June 2017

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

last year one year ago Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 2,098 patients 2,236 FD Transfer of care time Median time 15 minutes 15 minutes 0 minutes 90th percentile time 45 minutes 58 minutes -13 minutes

Same period Change since

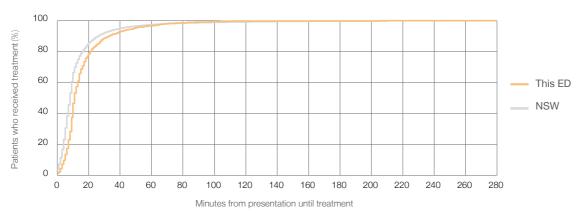
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

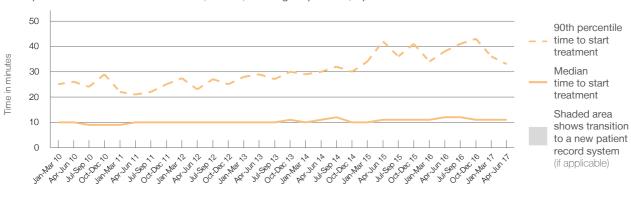
Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,028	792	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,026	791	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	12 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 33 minutes	38 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



		Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median (minutes	time to start treatment ⁴	10	10	10	10	11	11	12	11
90th per (minutes	rcentile time to start treatment ⁵	26	21	23	29	30	42	38	33

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

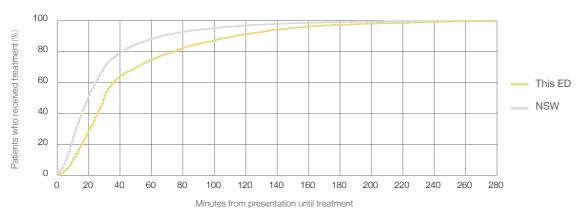
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

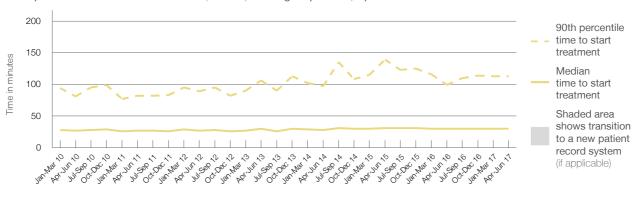
Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood lo	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,297	3,016		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calcu	2,979		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	30 minutes	30 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	113 minutes	99 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	27	27	27	30	28	31	30	30
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	81	82	89	106	97	139	99	113

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

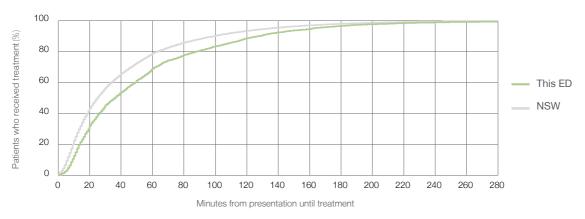
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,065	4,165		
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time	3,924		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 36 minutes		38 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	128 minutes	118 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



145

90th percentile time to start treatment

(minutes)

118

128

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

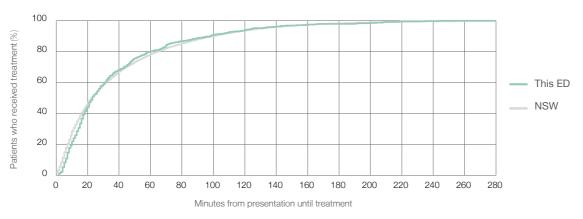
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

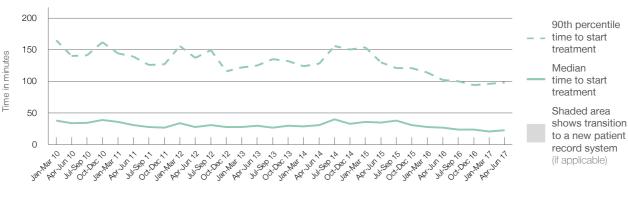
Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 815	954	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 718	844	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 98 minutes	102 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	34	31	28	30	31	35	27	23
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	140	139	137	125	128	130	102	98

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

All presentations: 9,397 patients

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

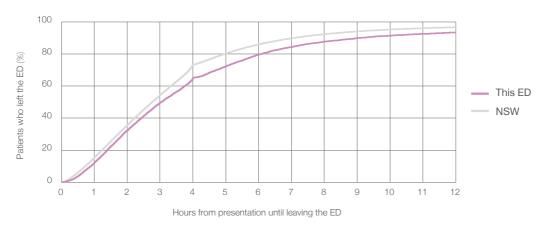
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 9,396 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 3 hours and 2 minutes

9 hours and 6 minutes

Same period last year	NSW (this period)
9,081	
9,081	
3 hours and 3 minutes	2 hours and 46 minutes
9 hours and 7 minutes	7 hours and 5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



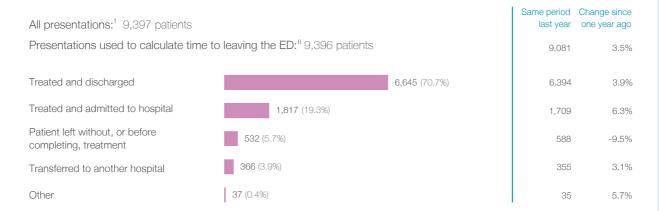
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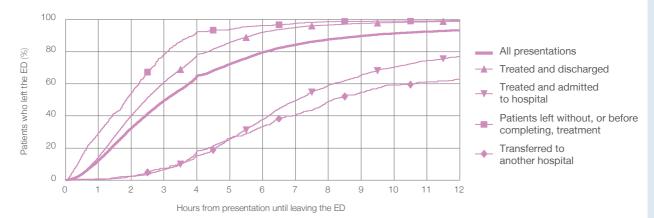
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 11



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	14.5%	40.2%	61.1%	78.4%	92.1%	96.7%	98.3%	99.0%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.4%	2.3%	6.6%	18.2%	37.8%	59.2%	70.3%	77.0%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	29.5%	53.9%	78.2%	92.3%	96.2%	98.7%	99.1%	99.4%
Transferred to another hospital	0.8%	2.5%	7.4%	15.3%	33.3%	48.9%	59.3%	62.8%
All presentations	12.3%	32.3%	49.6%	65.1%	79.6%	87.7%	91.4%	93.3%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 19,397 patients

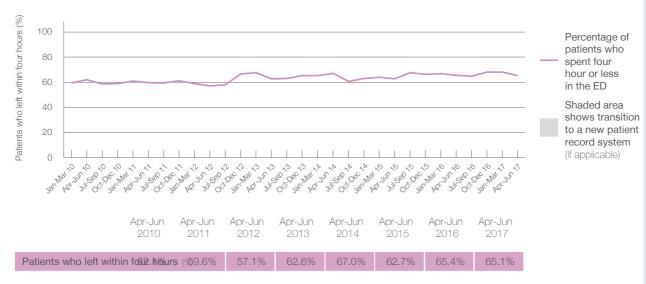
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,396 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
9,081	3.5%
9,081	3.5%
65.4%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Wollongong Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

April to June 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 15,918 patients	15,163	5.0%
Emergency presentations: ² 15,656 patients	14,822	5.6%

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

last year	(this period)
1,859	
9 minutes	8 minutes
25 minutes	26 minutes
6,321	
25 minutes	20 minutes
75 minutes	67 minutes
6,079	
30 minutes	25 minutes
103 minutes	99 minutes
443	
32 minutes	23 minutes
	last year

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 15,917 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED.

65.6%

ı	Same period	Change since
	last year	one year ago
	15,155	5.0%
	63.0%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

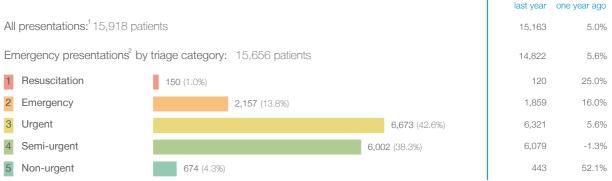
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

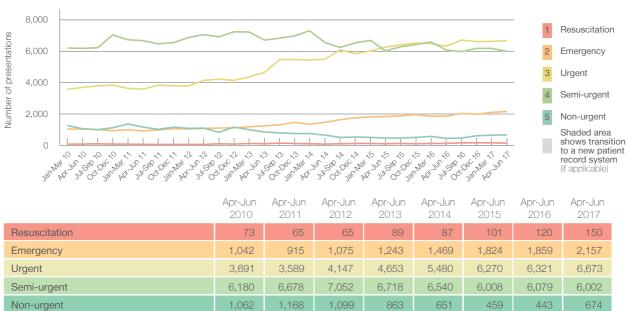
Same period Change since

Wollongong Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



Wollongong Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

12,048

April to June 2017

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 5,371 patients	5,109	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	12 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	25 minutes	27 minutes	-2 minutes

12,415

13,438

13,566

14,227

14,662

14,822

Same period Change since

15,656

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

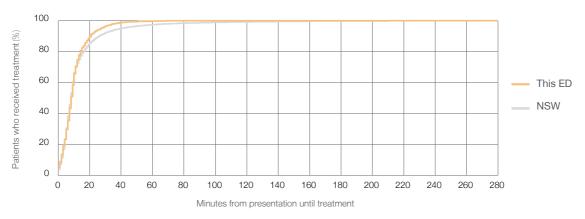
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

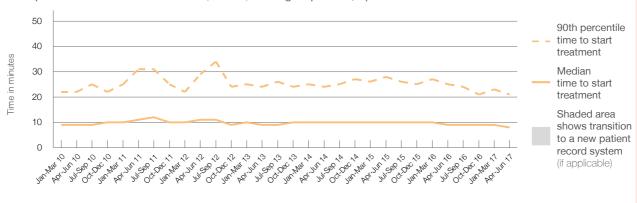
Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 2,157	1,859	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 2,156	1,852	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 21 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	9	11	11	9	10	10	9	8
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	22	31	29	24	24	28	25	21

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

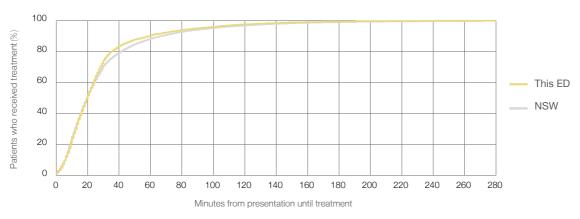
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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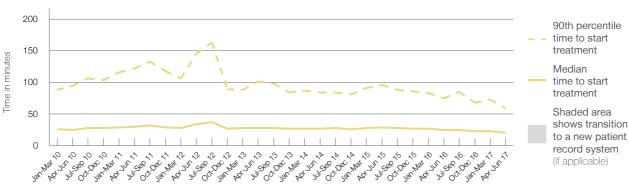
Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 6,673	6,321	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 6,583	6,225	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	25 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 59 minutes	75 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	25	30	34	28	27	29	25	20
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	95	122	145	101	84	96	75	59

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

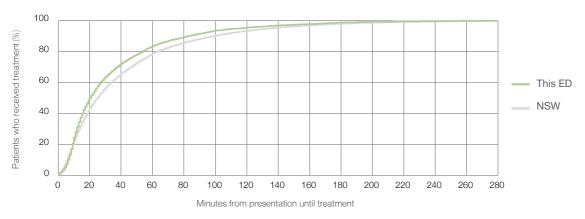
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

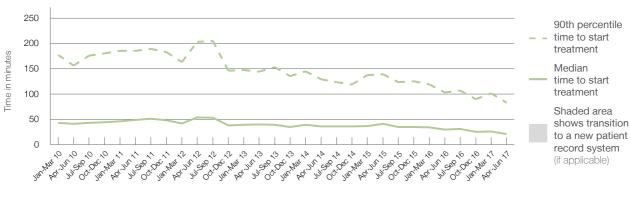
Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 6,002	6,079	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 5,787	5,788	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	30 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 83 minutes	103 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	41	49	54	40	36	41	30	21
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	156	185	203	144	129	139	103	83

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

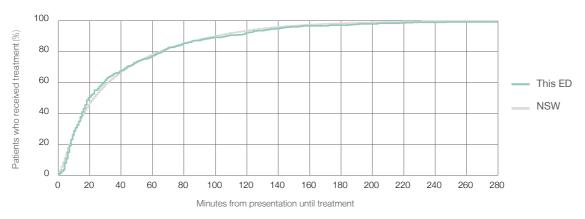
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

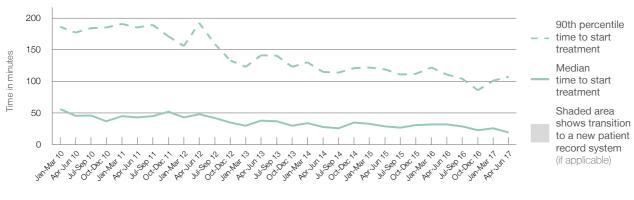
Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 674	443	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 577	368	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 19 minutes	32 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 107 minutes	111 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	46	43	48	38	28	29	32	19
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	177	185	192	141	115	119	111	107

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

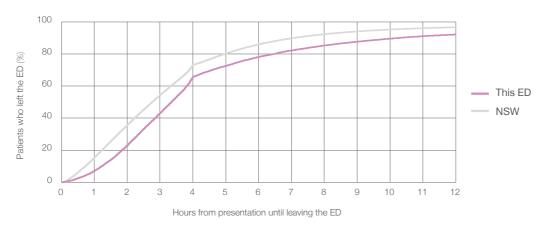
Same period

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

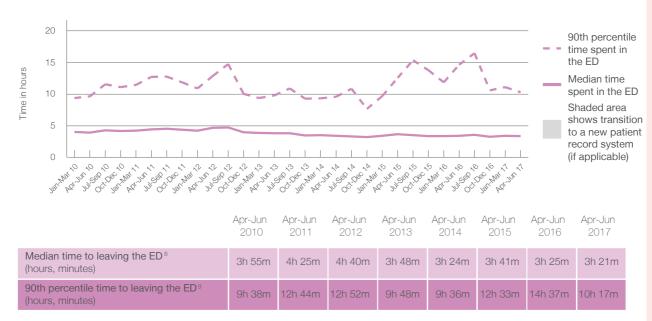
April to June 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 15,918 patients 15,163 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 15,917 patients 15,155 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 21 minutes 25 minutes 46 minutes 14 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 10 hours and 17 minutes 37 minutes 5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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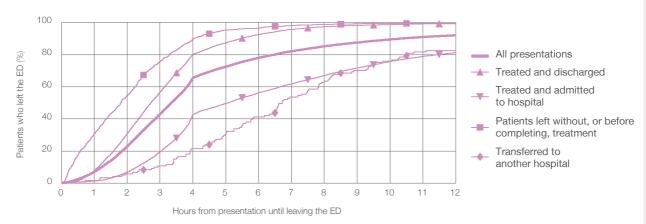
7.8%

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation April to June 2017

Other

Same period Change since All presentations: 15,918 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 15,917 patients 15,155 5.0% 8,437 (53.0%) Treated and discharged 1.1% 8.345 Treated and admitted to hospital 6,309 (39.6%) 5,667 11.3% Patient left without, or before 940 (5.9%) 3.9% 905 completing, treatment 121 (0.8%) 143 -15.4% Transferred to another hospital 111 (0.7%)

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	7.9%	30.9%	56.9%	80.1%	92.6%	97.5%	98.8%	99.4%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.3%	6.8%	19.5%	42.8%	56.3%	67.1%	75.8%	81.4%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	31.0%	54.6%	75.9%	89.9%	96.6%	98.9%	99.5%	99.6%
Transferred to another hospital	1.7%	5.8%	10.7%	21.5%	41.3%	62.8%	76.0%	82.6%
All presentations	7.1%	23.0%	43.1%	65.6%	78.1%	85.3%	89.6%	92.1%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

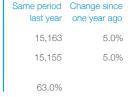
65.6%

Wollongong Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 15,918 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 15,917 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 14



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).