NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Byron Central Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

July to September 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: ¹ 4,572 patients	4,055	12.7%
Emergency presentations: ² 4,481 patients	3,993	12.2%

Byron Central Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

July to September 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 576 patients	390	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	9 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 23 minutes	26 minutes	29 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,562 patients	1,205	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes	15 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 46 minutes	48 minutes	83 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,795 patients	1,641	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	21 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 82 minutes	77 minutes	121 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 529 patients	744	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	20 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 93 minutes	92 minutes	118 minutes

Byron Central Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED July to September 2017

Attack to the ED 6 4 E00 and and

Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED: 4,569 pallents	
Percentage of patients who spent		
four hours or less in the ED		78.9%

one year ago	
12.7%	4,055
	82.9%

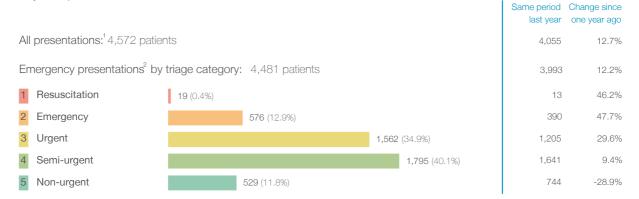
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

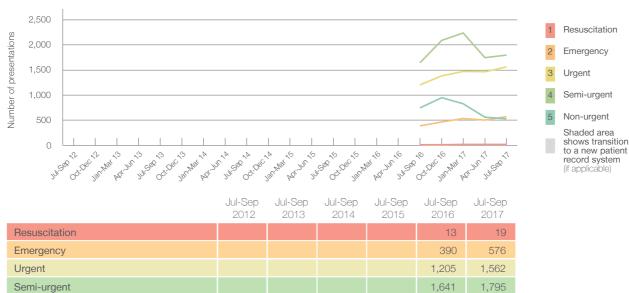
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

Byron Central Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 ^{‡§}



Byron Central Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2017

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 358 patients	257	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	9 minutes	11 minutes	-2 minutes
90th percentile time	21 minutes	51 minutes	-30 minutes

- (†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.
- (‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- (§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

3.993

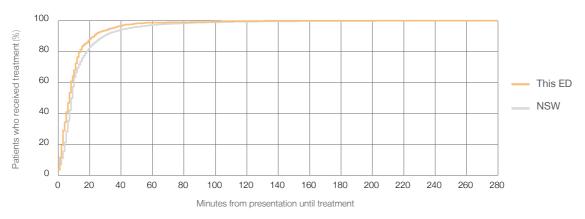
4.481

Same period Change since

Byron Central Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 576	390	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 568	386	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	9 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 23 minutes	26 minutes	29 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

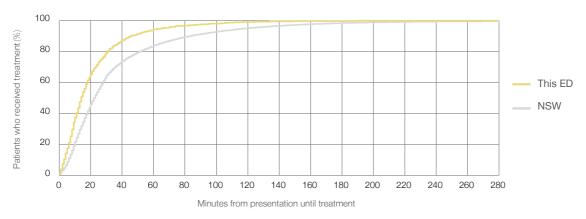
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

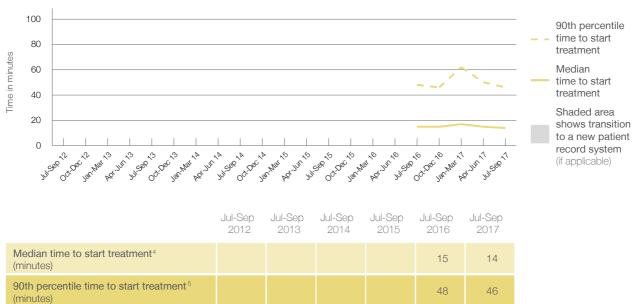
Byron Central Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,562	1,205	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,542	1,188	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes	15 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 46 minutes	48 minutes	83 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

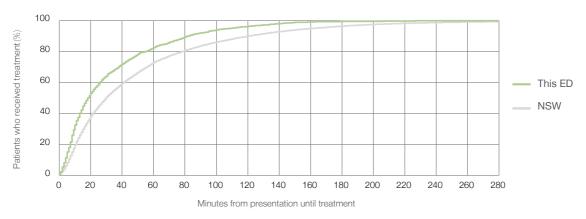
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

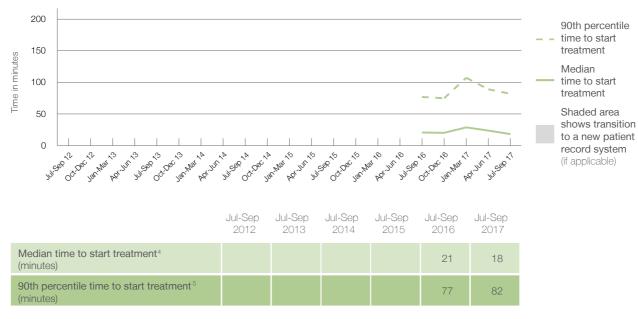
Byron Central Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,795	1,641	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,755	1,593	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	21 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 82 minutes	77 minutes	121 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

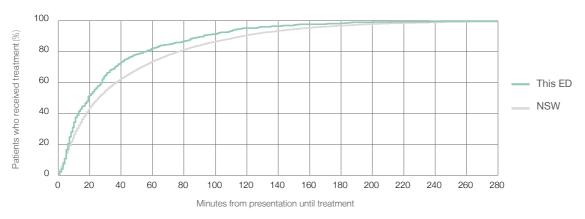
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Byron Central Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 529	744	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 474	670	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 19 minutes	20 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 93 minutes	92 minutes	118 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

6 hours and 3 minutes

Byron Central Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2017

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

All presentations: 4,572 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 4,569 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 5 minutes

Same period last year (this period)

4,055

4,055

1 hours and 55 minutes

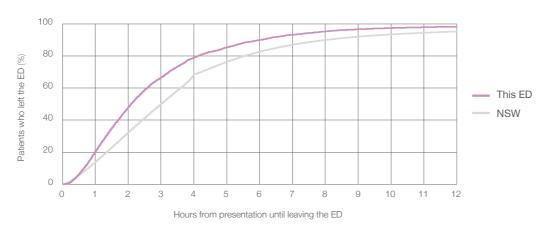
5 hours and 13 minutes

NSW (this period)

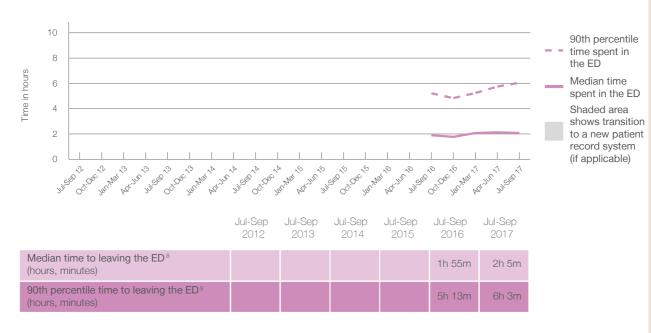
3 hours and 0 minutes

8 hours and 2 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

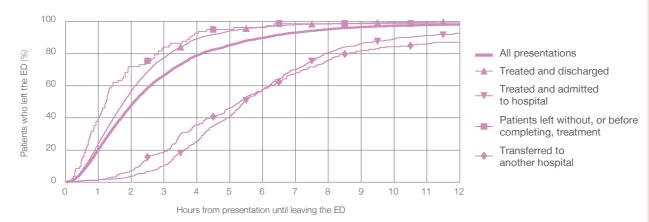
^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Byron Central Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation
July to September 2017

All presentations: ¹ 4,572 patients			Same period last year	Change since one year ago	
Presentations used to calculate time to	leaving the ED: ⁶ 4,569 patients		4,055	12.7%	
Treated and discharged		3,694 (80.8%)	3,470	6.5%	
Treated and admitted to hospital	538 (11.8%)		356	51.1%	
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	82 (1.8%)		76	7.9%	
Transferred to another hospital	248 (5.4%)		143	73.4%	
Other	10 (0.2%)		10	0.0%	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2017 $^{\dagger \ddagger \, \$}$



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	24.1%	56.8%	77.5%	89.3%	96.6%	98.6%	99.4%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.5%	3.7%	10.6%	25.5%	57.8%	80.5%	89.0%	92.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	40.2%	72.0%	84.1%	92.7%	96.3%	98.8%	98.8%	98.8%
Transferred to another hospital	1.6%	7.3%	19.0%	35.5%	57.7%	75.8%	84.3%	87.1%
All presentations	20.5%	48.0%	66.5%	78.9%	89.9%	95.2%	97.4%	98.2%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Byron Central Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 4,572 patients

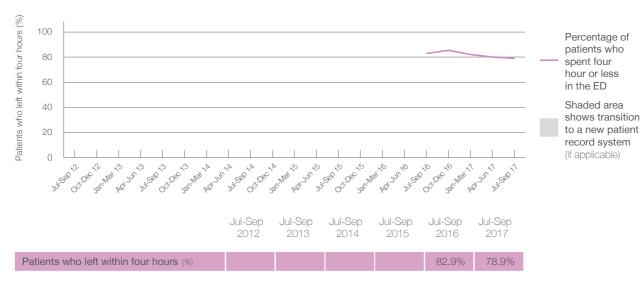
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 4,569 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

78.9%

Change since one year ago	
12.7%	4,055
12.7%	4,055
	82 0%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017^{†‡}



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 October 2017).