Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

	1	Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 8,614 patients	8,596	0.2%
Emergency presentations: ² 8,331 patients	8,251	1.0%

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

October to December 2017		
	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 133 patients	123	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 17 minutes	20 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,389 patients	1,181	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 50 minutes	50 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,707 patients	4,671	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	29 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 83 minutes	76 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 2,102 patients	2,276	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 39 minutes	33 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 111 minutes	99 minutes	103 minutes

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2017			last year	one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to le	aving the ED: 6 8,614 patients		8,596	0.2%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		82.9%	90.1%	

* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- than this time.The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

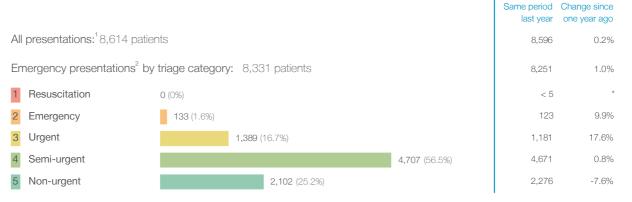
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

South Eastern Sydney Local Health District

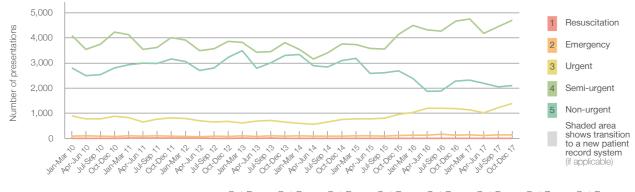
Same period Change since

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017[‡]



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Resuscitation	< 5	6	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	0
Emergency	73	87	77	94	87	115	123	133
Urgent	878	809	669	645	748	950	1,181	1,389
Semi-urgent	4,230	4,014	3,865	3,812	3,757	4,137	4,671	4,707
Non-urgent	2,808	3,159	3,230	3,305	3,093	2,692	2,276	2,102
All emergency presentations	7,989	8,075	7,841	7,856	7,685	7,894	8,251	8,331

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2017

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: ⁷ 120 patients

ED Transfer of care time

90th percentile time

	14	minute	25

8 minutes

	Change since one year ago
0	
*	*
*	*

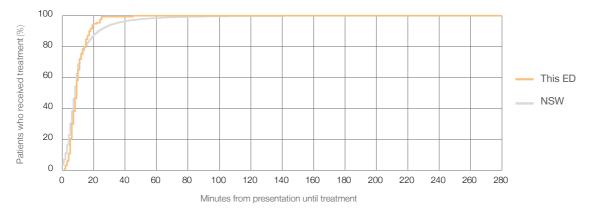
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after (\pm) transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

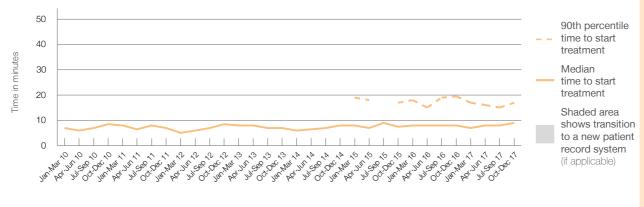
Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 133	123	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 131	120	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 17 minutes	20 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 ^{††}



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	9	7	9	7	8	8	8	9
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	*	*	*	*	*	17	20	17

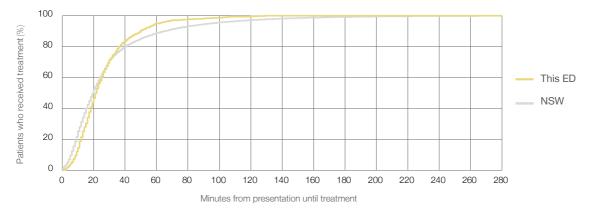
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

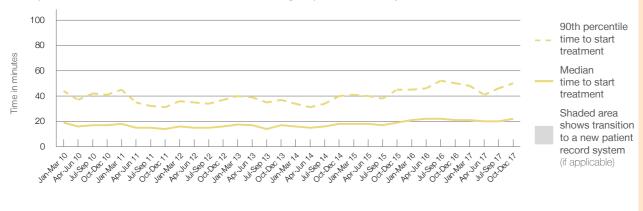
Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,389	1,181	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,370	1,164	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 50 minutes	50 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	17	14	16	17	18	19	21	22
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	41	31	37	37	40	45	50	50

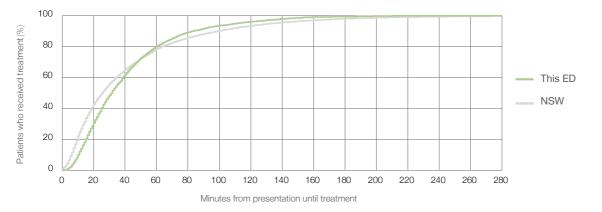
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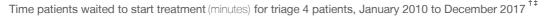
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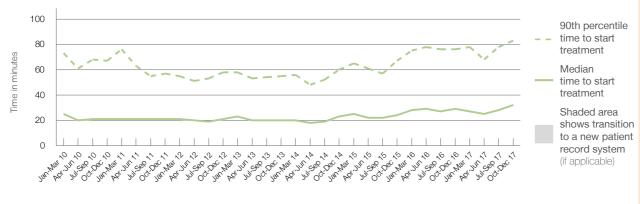
Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,707	4,671	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,595	4,543	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	29 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 83 minutes	76 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	21	21	21	20	23	24	29	32
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁶ (minutes)	67	57	58	55	60	67	76	83

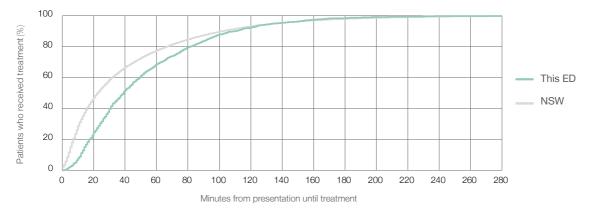
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

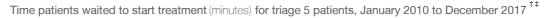
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

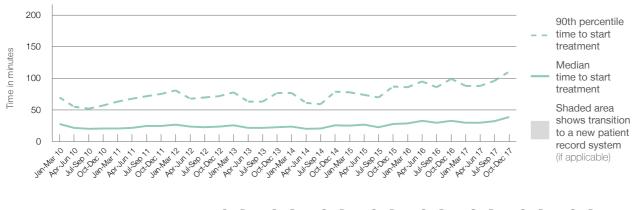
Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 2,102	2,276	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 1,956	2,104	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 39 minutes	33 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 111 minutes	99 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017







	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	21	25	24	23	26	28	33	39
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	57	76	72	77	79	87	99	111

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^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

(this period)

2 hours and

44 minutes

6 hours and

55 minutes

Same period

last vear

8,596

8.596

2 hours and

7 minutes 4 hours and

0 minutes

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2017

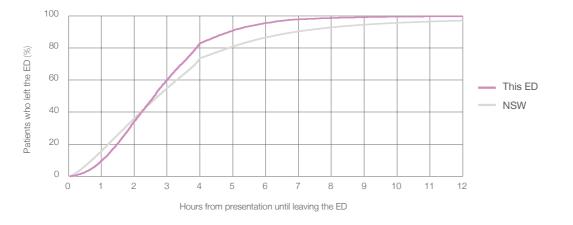
All presentations:¹ 8,614 patients Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 8,614 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸

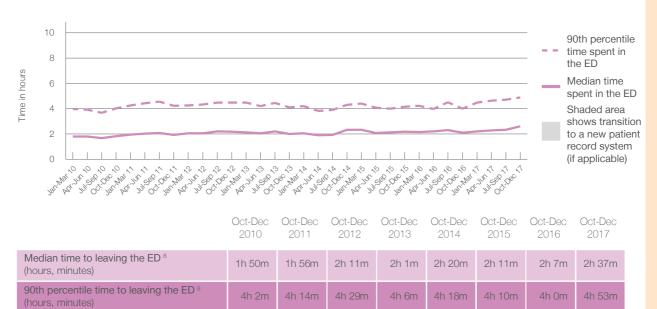
90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

2 hours and 37 minutes 4 hours and 53 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017



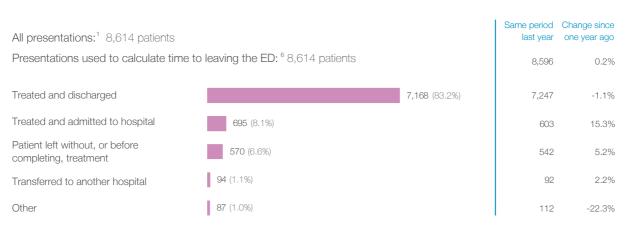
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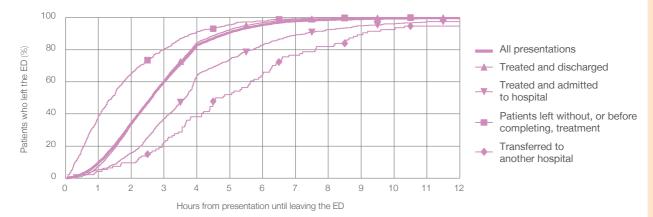
Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation

October to December 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	7.4%	33.5%	61.1%	84.5%	96.9%	99.3%	99.9%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	5.2%	15.8%	37.1%	63.7%	83.0%	92.5%	96.1%	97.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	38.6%	65.1%	80.2%	91.1%	97.9%	99.8%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	4.3%	9.6%	22.3%	38.3%	64.9%	81.9%	92.6%	94.7%
All presentations	9.7%	34.3%	60.2%	82.9%	95.5%	98.6%	99.5%	99.7%

Eastern Sydney Local Health District

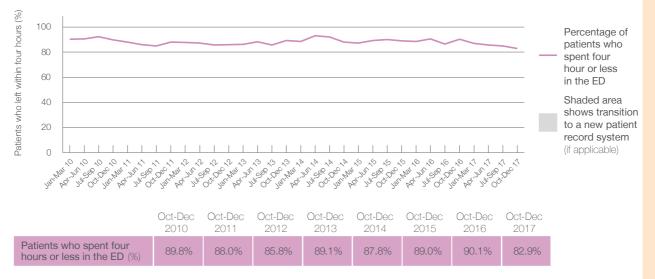
South

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED			
October to December 2017			Change since one year ago
All presentations at the emergency department: 18,614 patients		8,596	0.2%
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 68,614 patients		8,596	0.2%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED	82.9%	90.1%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 ¹¹



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- * Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see
- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).