Healthcare Quarterly

Emergency department

Illawarra Shoalhaven Local Health District Performance Profiles

July to September 2018



NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Milton Ulladulla Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 2,867 patients	3,320	-14%
Emergency presentations: ² 2,756 patients	3,210	-14%

Milton Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

July to September 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 335 patients	270	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 25 minutes	20 minutes	28 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,041 patients	1,142	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	23 minutes	21 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	74 minutes	72 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,115 patients	1,589	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	32 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	88 minutes	105 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 248 patients	189	
	100	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	32 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	94 minutes	103 minutes

Milton Ulladulla Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED July to September 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,867 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
9 1	75%
four hours or less in the FD	10/0

	Change since one year ago
3,320	-14%
82%	

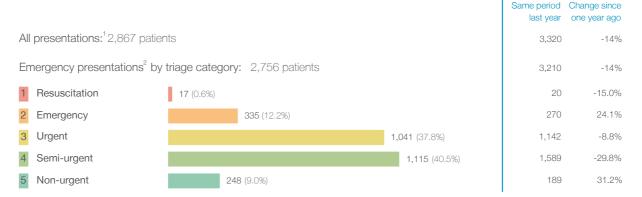
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

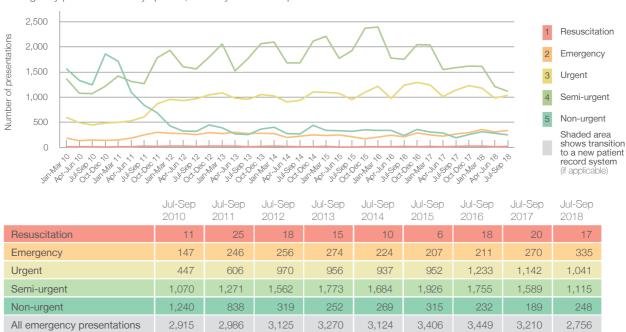
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 16 October 2018).

Milton Ulladulla Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 [‡]



Milton Ulladulla Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2018

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	ofer of care time: 7 430 patients	412	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	15 minutes	14 minutes	1 minute
90th percentile time	30 minutes	31 minutes	-1 minute
		I	

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Same period Change since

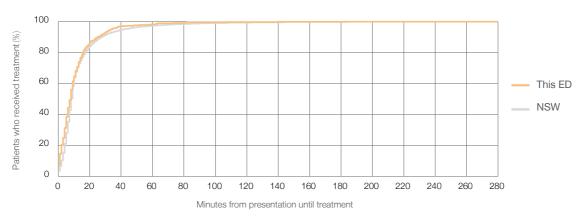
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

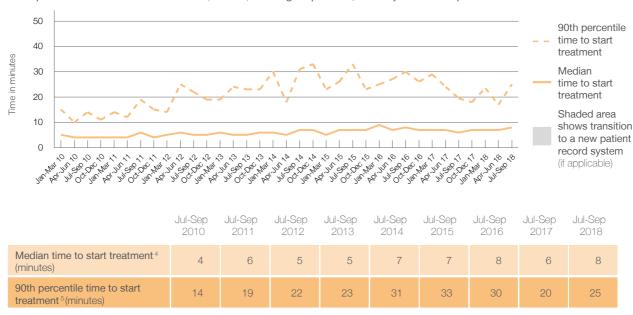
Milton Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 335	270	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 335	270	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 25 minutes	20 minutes	28 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

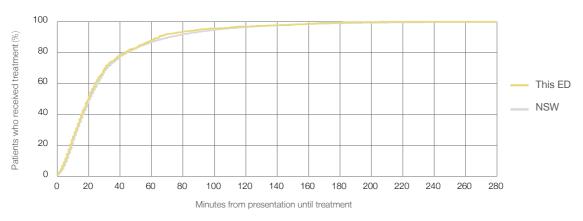
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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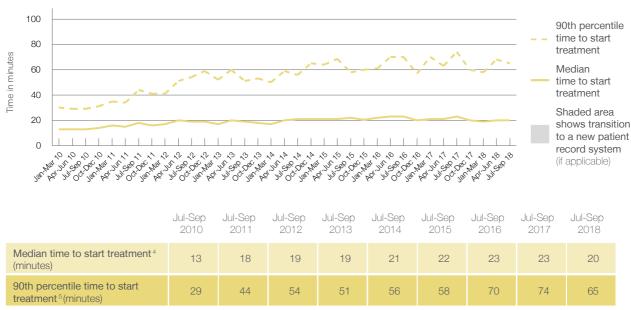
Milton Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,041	1,142	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,034	1,131	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	23 minutes	21 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	74 minutes	72 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

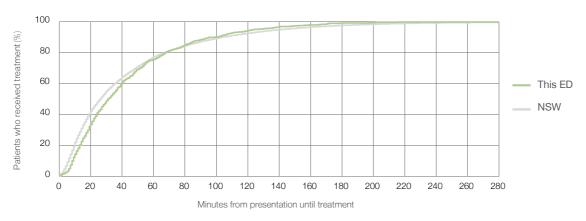
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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Milton Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,115	1,589	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,067	1,562	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	32 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	88 minutes	105 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

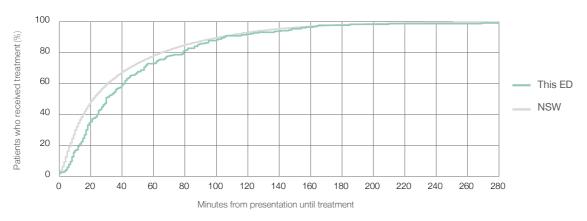
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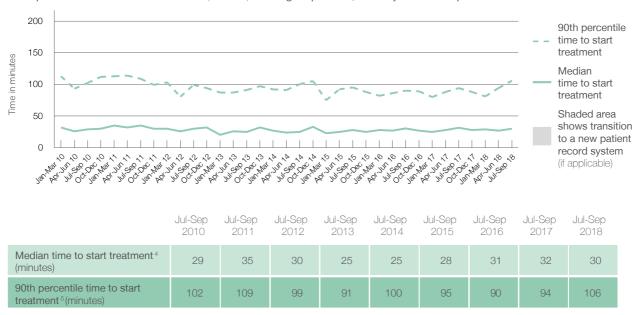
Milton Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 248	189	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 220	176	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	32 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 106 minutes	94 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Milton Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2018

All presentations: 2,867 patients

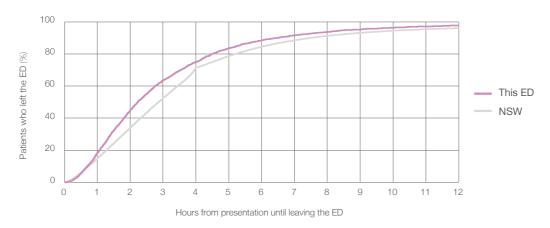
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,867 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 2 hours and 14 minutes

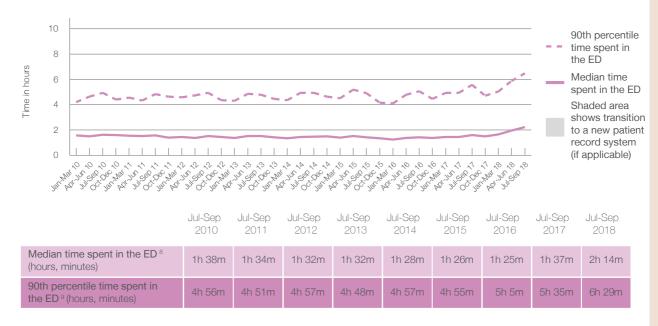
90th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 6 hours and 29 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	3,320
	3,320
2 hours and 52 minutes	1 hours and 37 minutes
7 hours and 30 minutes	5 hours and 35 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 $^{\dagger *}$



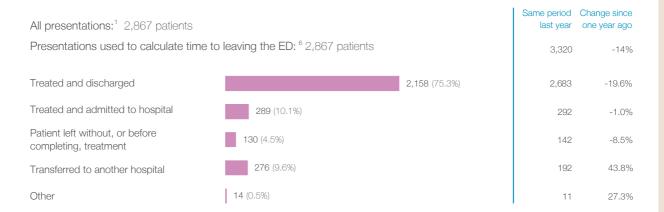
 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

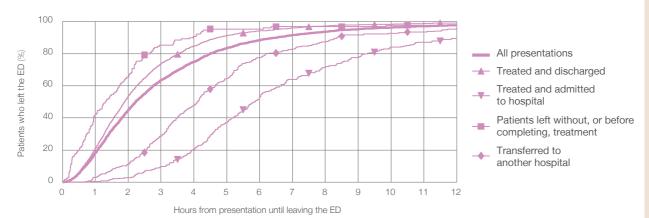
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Milton Ulladulla Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2018 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	21.0%	53.7%	73.8%	84.8%	94.3%	97.3%	98.3%	99.1%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.3%	2.8%	9.7%	20.4%	52.9%	71.6%	84.1%	89.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	42.3%	65.4%	85.4%	90.8%	95.4%	96.9%	97.7%	97.7%
Transferred to another hospital	2.9%	11.2%	28.6%	47.8%	77.5%	87.3%	92.8%	96.0%
All presentations	18.3%	45.0%	63.5%	75.0%	88.5%	93.7%	96.3%	97.8%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Milton Ulladulla Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 1 2,867 patients

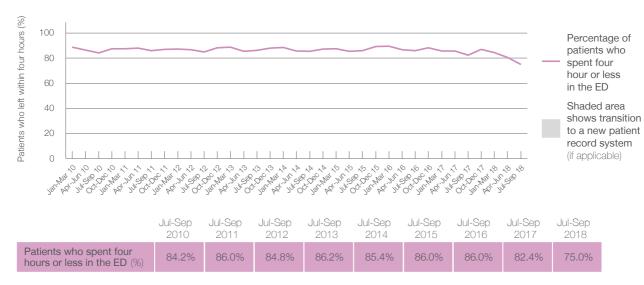
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,867 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

75.0%

one year ago	
-14%	3,320
-14%	3,320
	82.4%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 16 October 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 16 October 2018).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Shellharbour Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 7,764 patients	7,965	-3%
Emergency presentations: ² 7,531 patients	7,796	-3%

Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

July to September 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 827 patients	872	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 23 minutes	17 minutes	28 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,841 patients	2,961	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	25 minutes	21 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	113 minutes	72 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,659 patients	3,748	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	26 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	150 minutes	105 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 182 patients	189	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	26 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 106 minutes	164 minutes	103 minutes

Shellharbour Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED July to September 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 7,762 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
i crocinage of patients who spent	0.407
four hours or less in the ED	64%

	Change since one year ago
7,963	-3%
62%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 16 October 2018).

Same period Change since

189

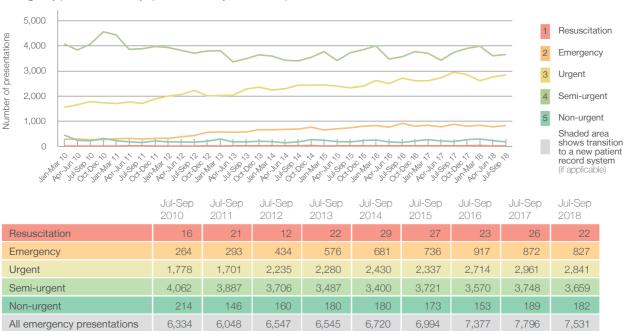
-3.7%

Shellharbour Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department July to September 2018

last year one year ago All presentations: 17,764 patients 7.965 -3% Emergency presentations² by triage category: 7,531 patients 7,796 -3% Resuscitation 22 (0.3%) 26 -15.4% 827 (11.0%) 872 -5.2% Emergency -4.1% Urgent 2,841 (37.7%) 2.961 Semi-urgent 3,659 (48.6%) 3.748 -2.4%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 [‡]

182 (2.4%)



Shellharbour Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2018

Non-urgent

cal, to coptomize 20.0		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transf	1,836		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	12 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	30 minutes	37 minutes	-7 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

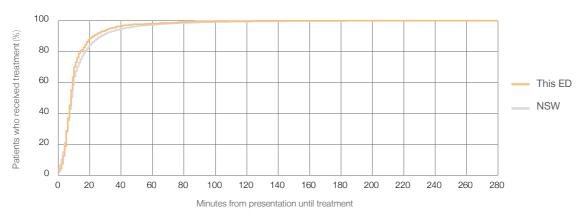
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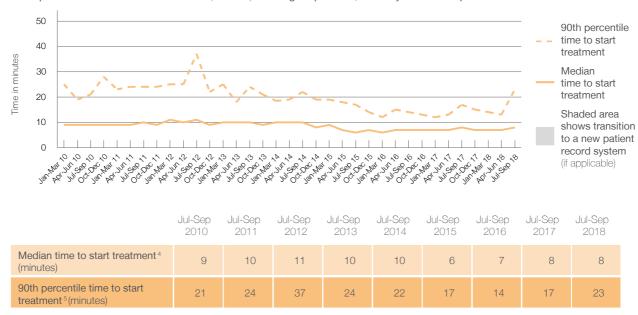
Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 827	872	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 827	868	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 23 minutes	17 minutes	28 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

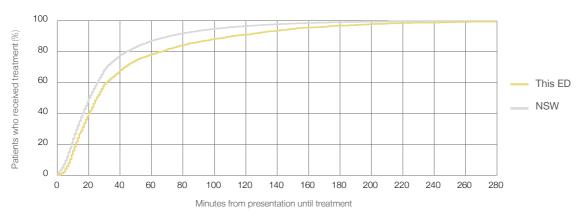
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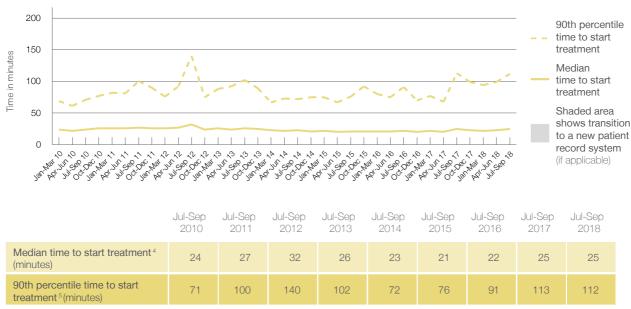
Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)			NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,841	2,961		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,775			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	25 minutes	25 minutes	21 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	112 minutes	113 minutes	72 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

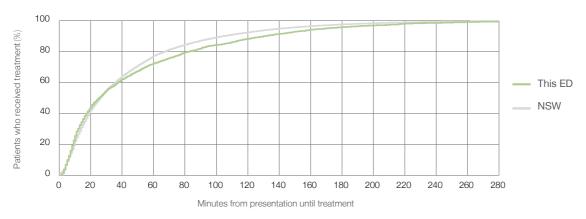
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,659	3,748	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3,421	3,390	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	26 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	150 minutes	105 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

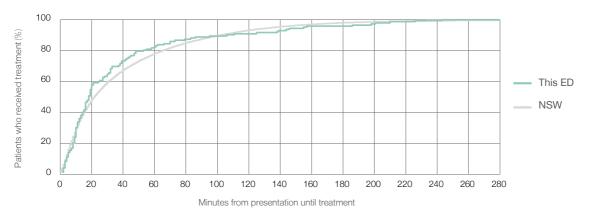
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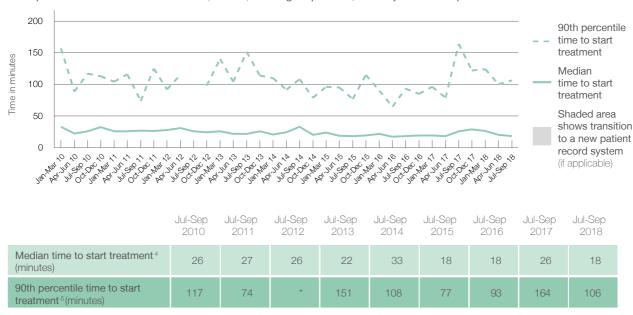
Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 182	189	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 142	136	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	26 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	164 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2018

All presentations: ¹ 7,764 patients

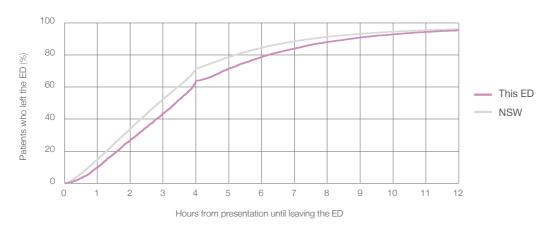
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 7,762 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 3 hours and 23 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 8 hours and 42 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year	
	7,965	
	7,963	
2 hours and 52 minutes	3 hours and 32 minutes	
7 hours and 30 minutes	9 hours and 41 minutes	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 †‡



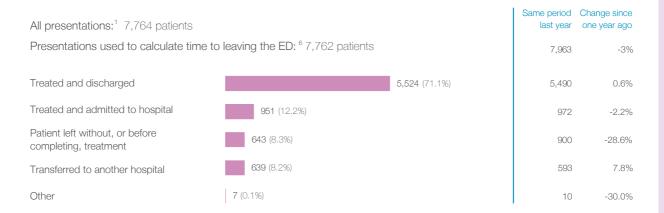
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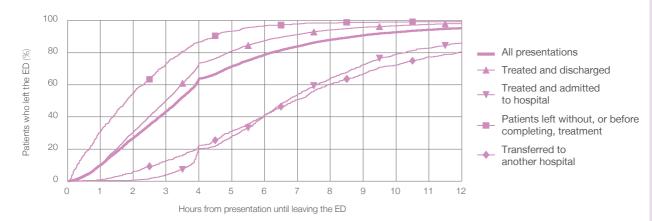
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shellharbour Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation
July to September 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2018 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	10.2%	30.5%	50.4%	73.6%	87.5%	94.2%	96.8%	98.2%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.3%	0.6%	3.9%	20.3%	41.2%	64.0%	79.0%	86.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	30.6%	54.9%	73.3%	86.8%	96.7%	98.6%	99.1%	99.2%
Transferred to another hospital	0.8%	5.9%	12.8%	22.4%	41.3%	60.6%	72.3%	80.4%
All presentations	10.0%	26.9%	43.5%	64.0%	78.8%	88.1%	92.8%	95.3%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shellharbour Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: ¹ 7,764 patients

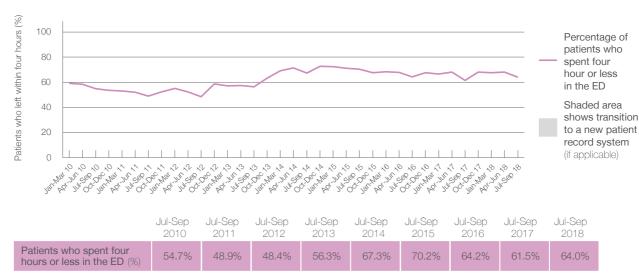
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 7,762 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

	Change since one year ago
7,965	-3%
7,963	-3%
61.5%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 †*

64.0%



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 16 October 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 16 October 2018).

NICIA

Same period Change since

Same period Change since

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

July to September 2018

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

July to September 2018

July to September 2018

	Same period last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,145 patients	1,111	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	12 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 35 minutes	38 minutes	28 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,418 patients	3,593	
iviedian time to start treatment	31 minutes	21 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	126 minutes	72 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,193 patients	4,319	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 34 minutes	39 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	136 minutes	105 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 855 patients	818	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	31 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	130 minutes	103 minutes

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 9,778 patients

10,037 -3%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

64%

64%

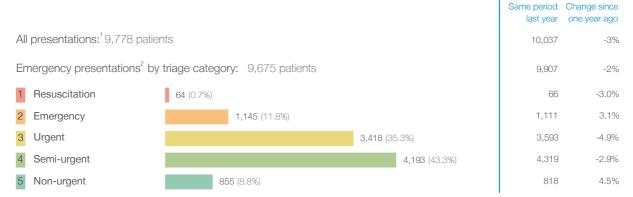
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

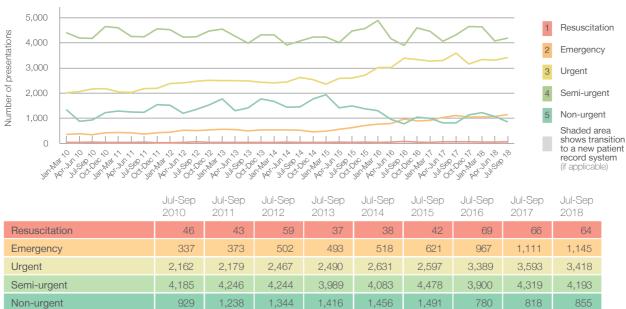
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 16 October 2018).

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 [‡]



Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

8,079

7,659

8,616

8,425

8,726

July to September 2018

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 2,533 patients		2,289	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	17 minutes	-6 minutes
90th percentile time	29 minutes	55 minutes	-26 minutes

9,105

9.907

Same period Change since

9,675

9.229

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

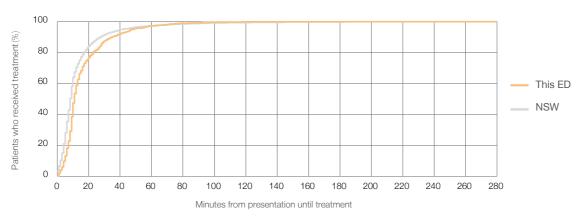
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

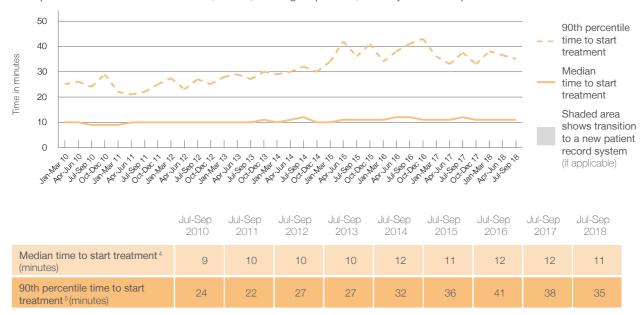
Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,145	1,111	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,145	1,110	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	12 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 35 minutes	38 minutes	28 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

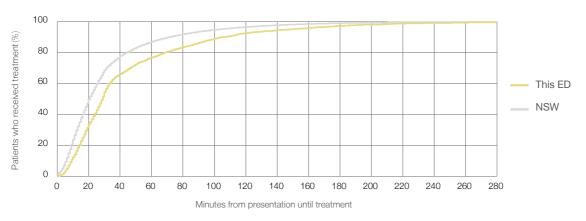
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

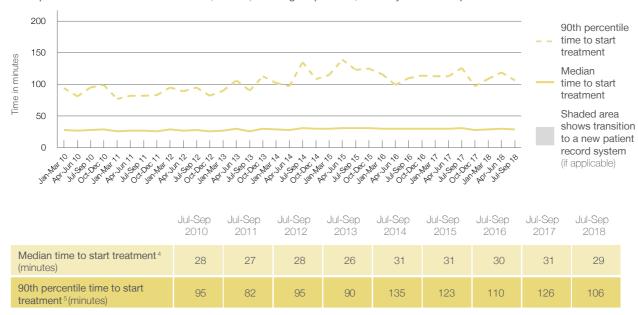
Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,418		3,593	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,359			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	9 minutes	31 minutes	21 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	106 minutes	126 minutes	72 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

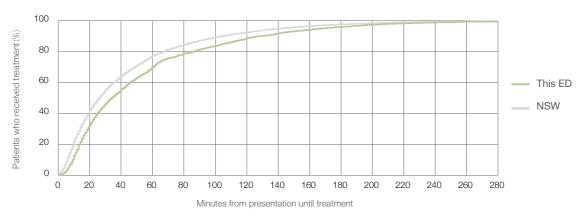
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,193		4,319	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3,938			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	34 minutes	39 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	129 minutes	136 minutes	105 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

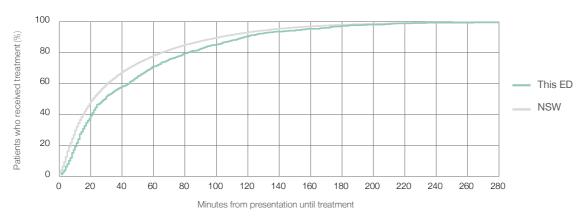
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 855	818	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 745	719	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	31 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	130 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

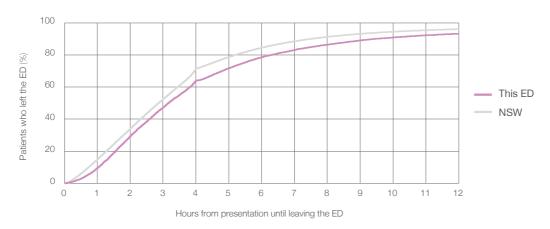
NSW

Same period

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED July to September 2018

	last year	(this period)
All presentations: 9,778 patients	10,037	
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 9,778 patients	10,037	
Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 3 hours and 10 minutes	3 hours and 10 minutes	2 hours and 52 minutes
90th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 9 hours and 28 minutes	10 hours and 22 minutes	7 hours and 30 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 $^{\dagger *}$



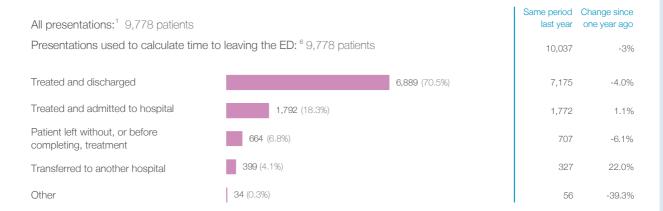
 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

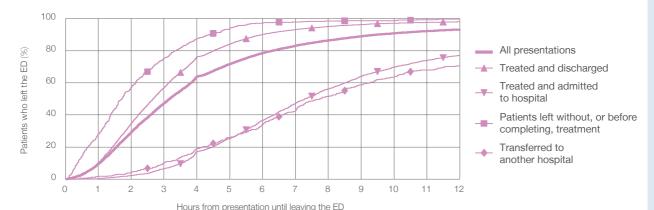
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2018 11



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	10.3%	34.7%	57.0%	76.2%	90.1%	95.1%	97.1%	98.1%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.3%	2.2%	6.6%	17.1%	36.6%	56.3%	69.8%	77.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	28.0%	57.2%	75.5%	87.7%	97.3%	98.5%	98.6%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	1.8%	4.3%	10.0%	19.0%	34.1%	51.4%	63.7%	70.7%
All presentations	9.6%	29.3%	47.2%	63.9%	78.5%	86.4%	90.9%	93.2%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Shoalhaven District Memorial Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 19,778 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 69,778 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
10,037	-3%
10,037	-3%
63.5%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 16 October 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 16 October 2018).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

$\textbf{Wollongong Hospital:} \ \, \textbf{Emergency department} \ \, (\text{ED}) \ \, \textbf{overview}$

July to September 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 17,526 patients	17,546	0%
Emergency presentations: ² 17,288 patients	17,256	0%

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

July to September 2018

July to September 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 2,421 patients	2,464	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 27 minutes	28 minutes	28 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 6,970 patients	7,607	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	23 minutes	21 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 82 minutes	89 minutes	72 minutes
The A. Comit was to the control and a control of the control of th	0.400	
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 6,893 patients	6,489	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	27 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	119 minutes	105 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 852 patients	505	
	000	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	29 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	133 minutes	103 minutes

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: $^{\rm 6}$ 17,522 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
1 Grootitage of patients who sport	000/
four hours or less in the ED	60%

	Change since one year ago
17,546	0%
56%	

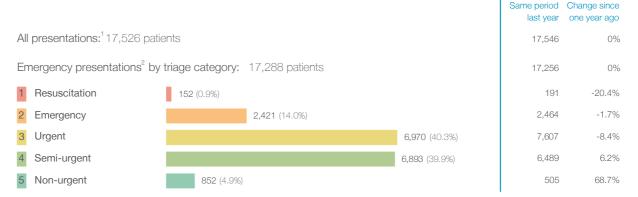
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

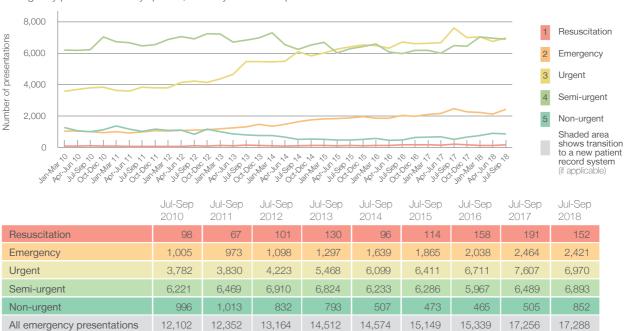
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 16 October 2018).

Wollongong Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 [‡]



Wollongong Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2018

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	ofer of care time: 7 5,515 patients	5,983	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	12 minutes	14 minutes	-2 minutes
90th percentile time	35 minutes	43 minutes	-8 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

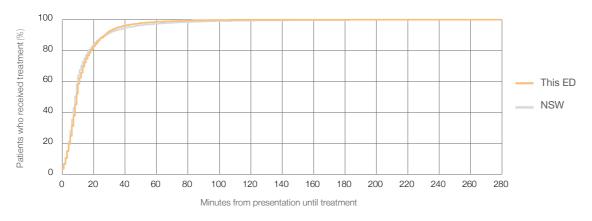
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

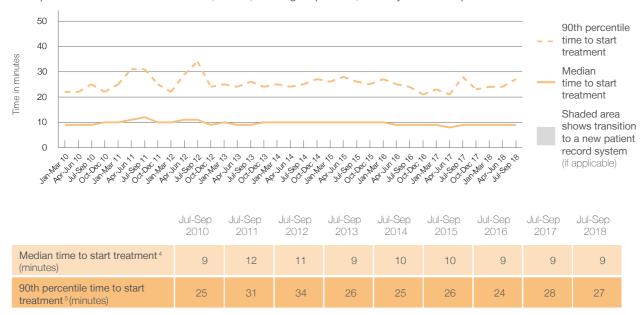
Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 2,421	2,464	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,416	2,455	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 27 minutes	28 minutes	28 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

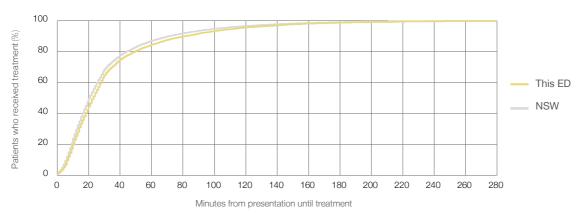
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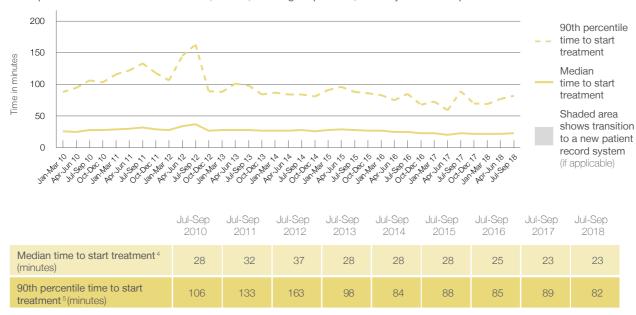
Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 6,970	7,607	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 6,834	7,373	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	23 minutes	21 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 82 minutes	89 minutes	72 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

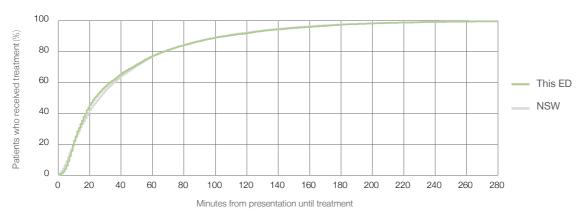
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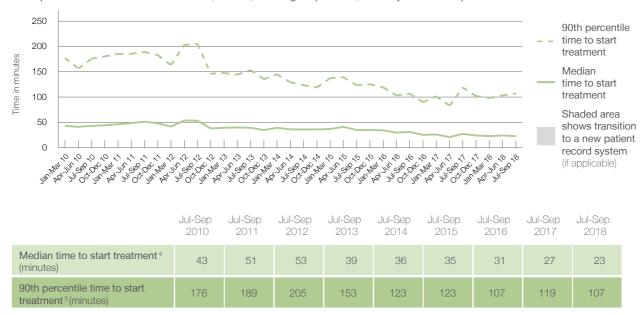
Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 6,893	6,489	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 6,559	6,026	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	27 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	119 minutes	105 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

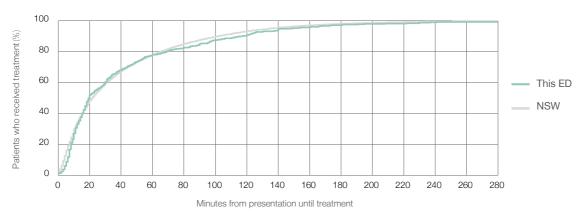
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 852	505	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 729	416	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	29 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	133 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 †*



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2018

All presentations: 1 17,526 patients

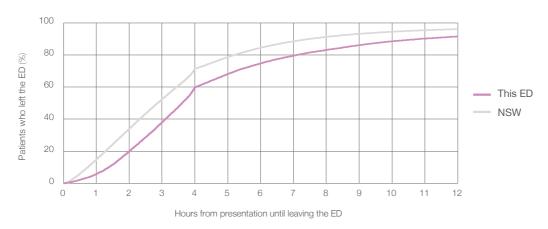
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 17,522 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 37 minutes

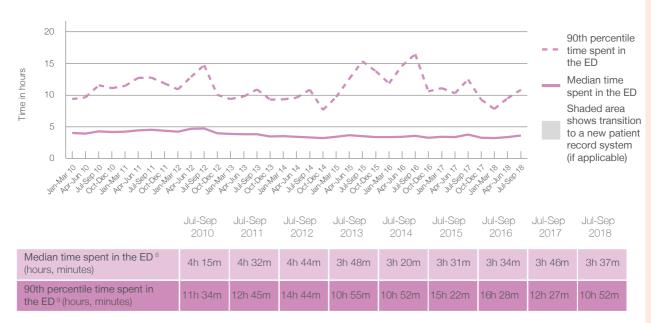
90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 10 hours and 52 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year	
	17,546	
	17,546	
2 hours and 52 minutes	3 hours and 46 minutes	
7 hours and 30 minutes	12 hours and 27 minutes	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 $^{\dagger *}$



 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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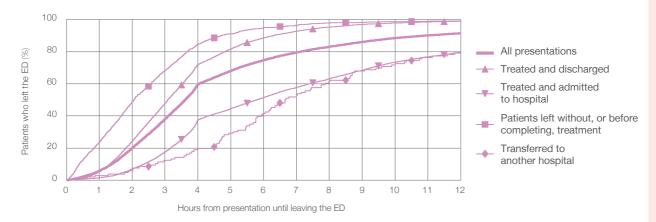
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2018

All presentations: 17,526 patients		Same period last year	Change since one year ago	
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 17,522 patients			0%	
Treated and discharged	9,227 (52.6%)	9,429	-2.1%	
Treated and admitted to hospital	6,674 (38.1%)	6,329	5.5%	
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	1,407 (8.0%)	1,568	-10.3%	
Transferred to another hospital	106 (0.6%)	115	-7.8%	
Other	112 (0.6%)	105	6.7%	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	5.3%	24.4%	48.0%	72.0%	88.6%	95.4%	97.9%	99.0%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.4%	7.0%	17.5%	37.4%	51.4%	63.2%	73.4%	79.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	23.7%	48.8%	68.3%	84.6%	95.0%	97.9%	98.8%	99.1%
Transferred to another hospital	2.8%	5.7%	12.3%	19.8%	41.5%	61.3%	72.6%	79.2%
All presentations	5.8%	20.0%	38.1%	59.7%	74.7%	83.1%	88.5%	91.5%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

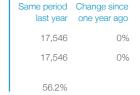
Wollongong Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

July to September 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 1 17,526 patients

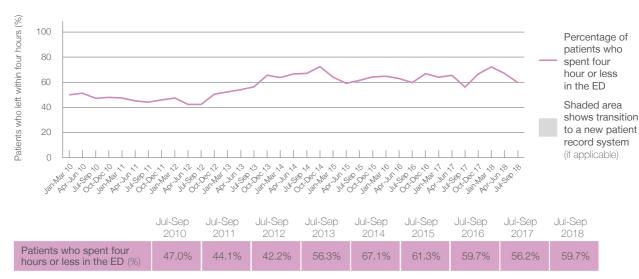
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 17,522 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 †*

59.7%



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 16 October 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 16 October 2018).