NSW

# Batemans Bay District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 5,044 patients	4,676	8%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 4,924 patients	4,534	9%

# Batemans Bay District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment <sup>3</sup>

October to December 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 456 patients	398	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 9 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 32 minutes	28 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,264 patients	1,239	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 25 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 73 minutes	68 minutes	72 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,426 patients	2,257	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 29 minutes	27 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 99 minutes	96 minutes	104 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 762 patients	622	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 28 minutes	21 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	72 minutes	104 minutes

# Batemans Bay District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 5,043 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 879

	Change since
last year	one year ago
4,676	8%
88%	

Same period Change since

Same period

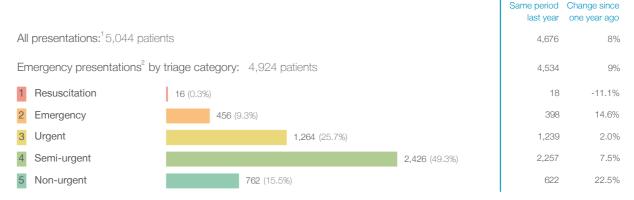
- $^{\star}$  Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

**Note:** Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

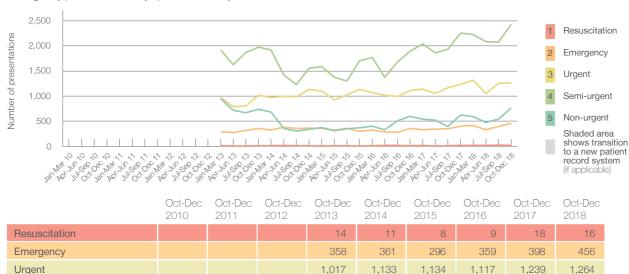
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

# Batemans Bay District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2018



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 <sup>‡§</sup>



1,978

4,107

1,556

3,400

1,703

3,511

1,891

3,976

2,257

4.534

Same period Change since

2,426

4.924

# Batemans Bay District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2018

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

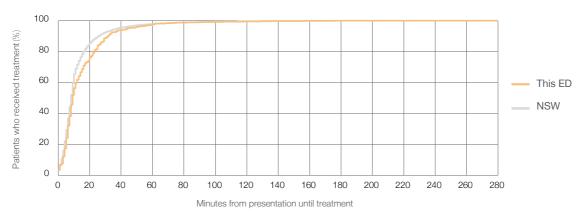
	last year	one year ago
sfer of care time: 7 472 patients	474	
9 minutes	9 minutes	0 minutes
21 minutes	22 minutes	-1 minute
		sfer of care time: 7 472 patients 474 9 minutes 9 minutes

- (†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

October to December 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 456	398	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 450	395	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 9 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 32 minutes	28 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †\*\$



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

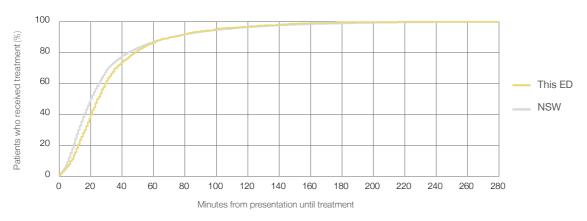
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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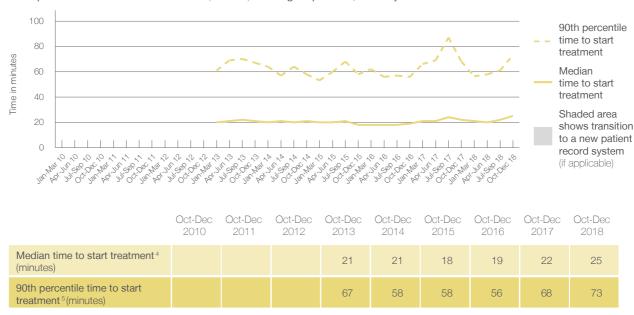
October to December 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,264	1,239	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,197	1,173	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 25 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 73 minutes	68 minutes	72 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †\*\$



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

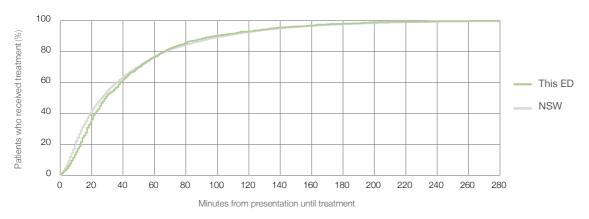
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

October to December 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,426	2,257	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,017	982	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 29 minutes	27 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 99 minutes	96 minutes	104 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †\*\$



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

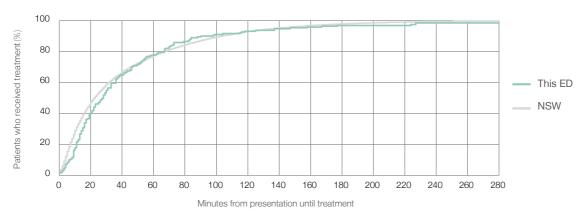
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October to December 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 762	622	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 191	186	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 28 minutes	21 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 90 minutes	72 minutes	104 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †\*\$



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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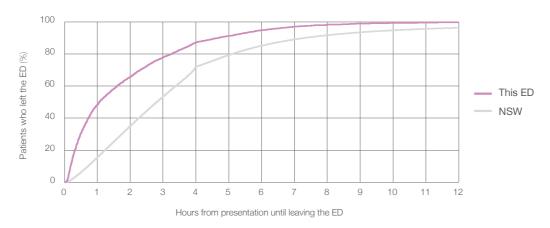
# Batemans Bay District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2018

All presentations: 5,044 patients Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 5,043 patients Median time spent in the ED 8 1 hours and 4 minutes 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 4 hours and 41 minutes

Same period last year	
4,676	
4,676	
1 hours and 2 minutes	
4 hours and 35 minutes	
	last year 4,676 4,676 1 hours and 2 minutes 4 hours and

## Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

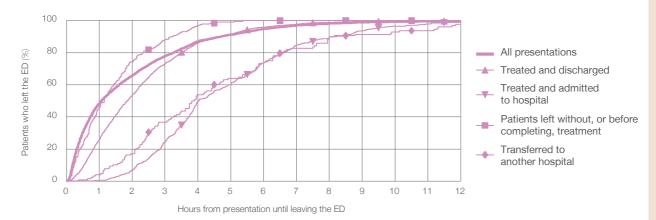
Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# Batemans Bay District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2018

Same period Change since All presentations: 5,044 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 5,043 patients 8% 4.676 2,245 (44.5%) Treated and discharged 0.7% 2.230 Treated and admitted to hospital 521 (10.3%) 493 5.7% Patient left without, or before 249 (4.9%) 195 27.7% completing, treatment 128 (2.5%) 116 10.3% Transferred to another hospital Other 1.901 (37.7%) 1,642 15.8%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	25.9%	53.8%	73.3%	86.1%	95.9%	98.9%	99.6%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.6%	6.7%	24.6%	49.7%	73.5%	89.6%	96.5%	98.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	45.8%	74.3%	88.0%	97.2%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	3.9%	17.2%	36.7%	53.9%	74.2%	89.8%	93.0%	97.7%
All presentations	48.4%	65.8%	77.9%	87.2%	94.7%	98.2%	99.3%	99.7%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# **Batemans Bay District Hospital:** Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

October to December 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 15,044 patients

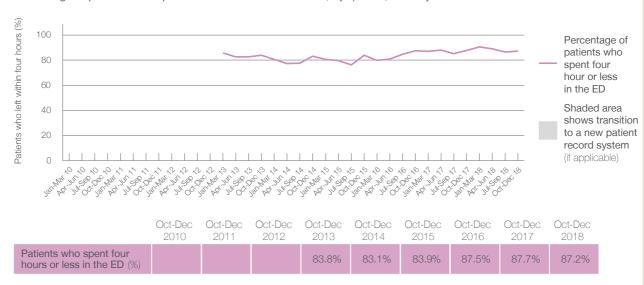
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 5,043 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

87.2%

Same period last year one year ago
4,676 8%
4,676 8%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 1148



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before
   and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see
   Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- § Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 January 2019).