Change since

District group 1 hospitals (C1) Hunter New England Local Health District

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Armidale and New England Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview October to December 2016

	1	one year ago
All presentations:1 4,074 patients	4,022	1.3%
Emergency presentations: ² 3,876 patients	3,884	-0.2%

Armidale and New England Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016 NSW Same period (this period) last year Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 236 patients 205 8 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 7 minutes 8 minutes 31 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 34 minutes 26 minutes Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,129 patients 1,080 26 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 24 minutes 20 minutes 88 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 78 minutes 67 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,220 patients 2.193 38 minutes 31 minutes 25 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 154 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 101 minutes 97 minutes Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 279 patients 396 20 minutes Median time to start treatment⁴ 24 minutes 22 minutes 106 minutes 103 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 95 minutes

Armidale and New England Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016			1	one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to	leaving the ED:6 4,074 patients		4,022	1.3%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		79.9%	85.4%	

* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

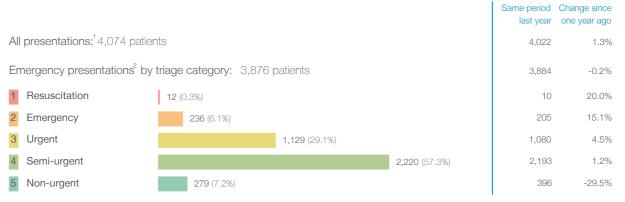
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Armidale and New England Hospital

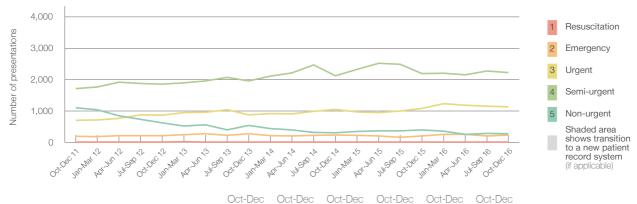
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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Armidale and New England Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Resuscitation	9	11	10	8	10	12
Emergency	189	217	272	231	205	236
Urgent	707	863	878	1,046	1,080	1,129
Semi-urgent	1,717	1,853	1,956	2,121	2,193	2,220
Non-urgent	1,098	619	540	308	396	279
All emergency presentations	3,720	3,563	3,656	3,714	3,884	3,876

Armidale and New England Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: ⁷ 565 patients

ED Transfer of care time

90th percentile time

4 minutes
27 minutes

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
426	
5 minutes	-1 minute
23 minutes	4 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

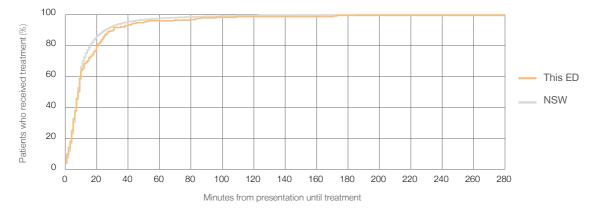
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Armidale and New England Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 236	205	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 227	202	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 31 minutes	34 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

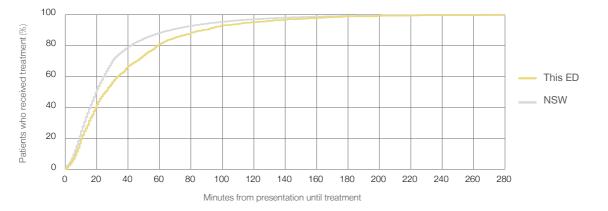
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

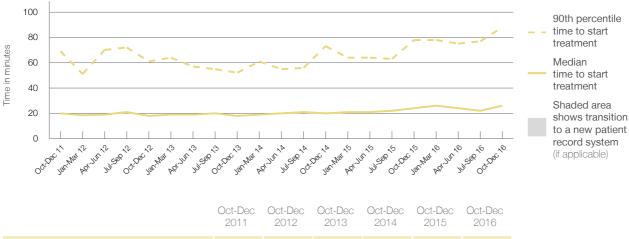
Armidale and New England Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,129	1,080	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 1,073	1,048	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	24 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 88 minutes	78 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	20	18	18	20	24	26
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁶ (minutes)	69	61	52	73	78	88

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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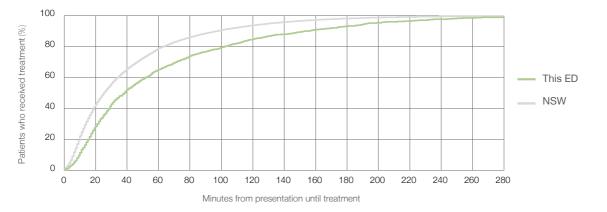
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Armidale and New England Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, ea	arache)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,220	Number of triage 4 patients: 2,220				
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate v	waiting time: ³ 1,936	6	2,027		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	38 minutes		31 minutes	25 minutes	
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵		154 minutes	101 minutes	97 minutes	

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{††}



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

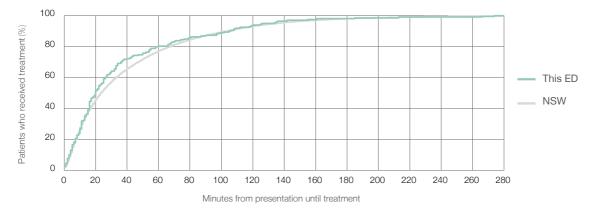
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

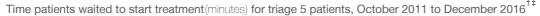
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Armidale and New England Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 279	396	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 198	315	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	22 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 106 minutes	95 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016







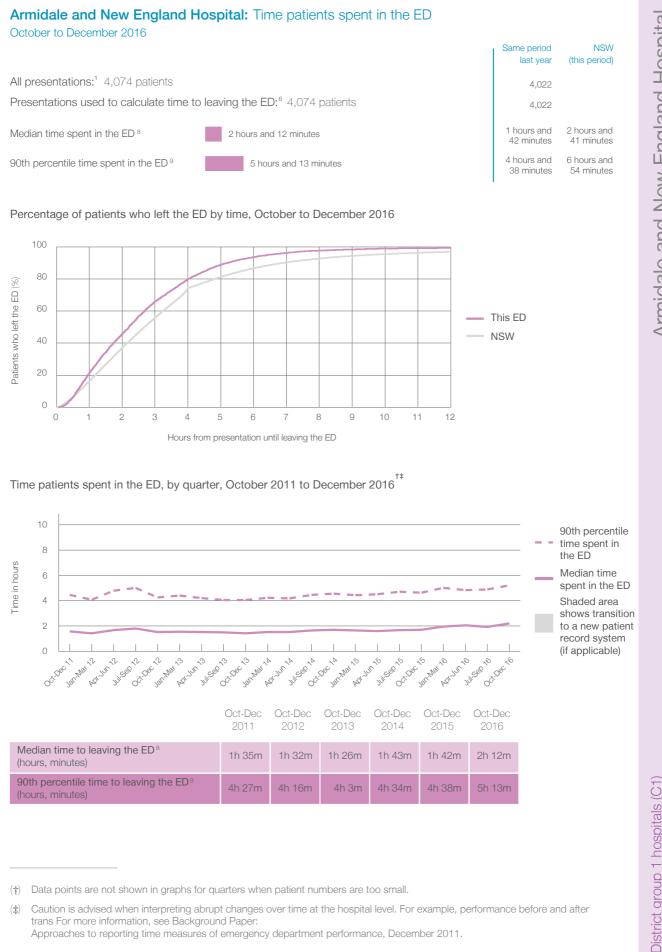
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(minutes)

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

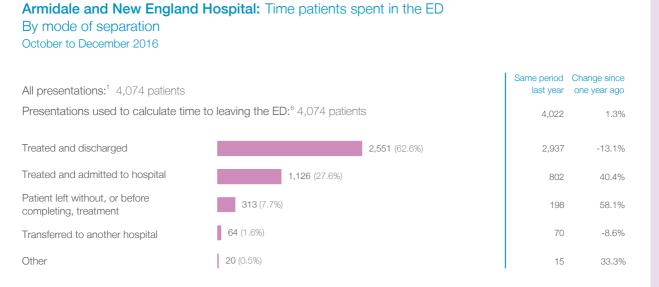
Hunter New England Local Health District

 $^{(\}pm)$ Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

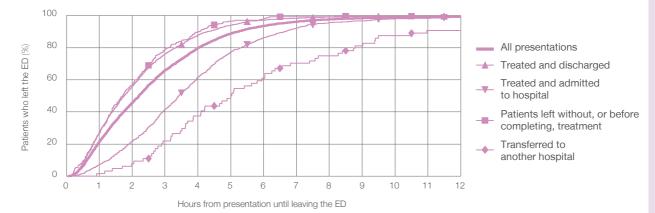
Armidale and New England Hospital

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	27.4%	55.9%	76.2%	87.8%	97.1%	99.0%	99.6%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	7.3%	21.8%	41.6%	61.6%	86.3%	95.6%	98.0%	98.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	26.8%	56.5%	78.9%	89.8%	98.1%	99.4%	99.7%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	1.6%	7.8%	21.9%	37.5%	60.9%	75.0%	87.5%	90.6%
All presentations	21.4%	45.7%	66.0%	79.9%	93.6%	97.7%	98.9%	99.3%

Page 8 of 9

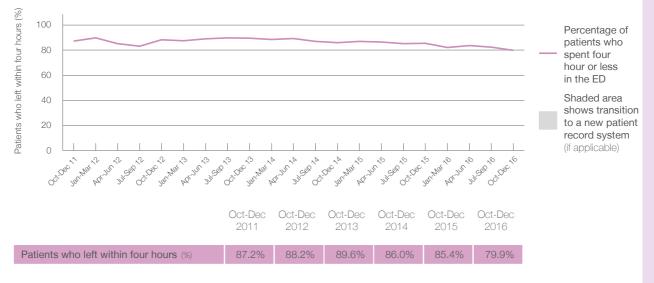
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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.



Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- * Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see
- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
 Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017). Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System(extracted 24 January 2017). District group 1 hospitals (C1) Hunter New England Local Health District