NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Young Health Service: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 2,799 patients	2,326	20.3%
Emergency presentations: ² 2,456 patients	2,083	17.9%

Young Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 115 patients	137	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 24 minutes	18 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 762 patients	814	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	10 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 31 minutes	36 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,275 patients	970	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	10 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 44 minutes	44 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 299 patients	155	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 41 minutes	57 minutes	103 minutes

Young Health Service: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 2,799 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

last year	one year ago
2,325	20.4%
96.3%	

Same period Change since

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

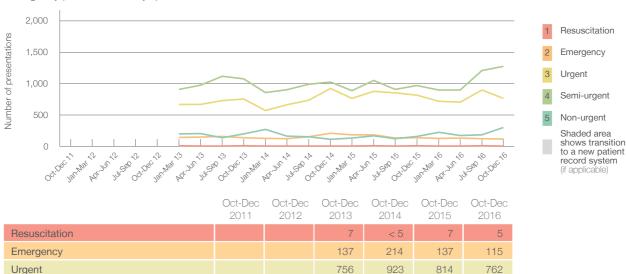
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Young Health Service: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016

						last year	one year ago
All	presentations: 2,799 patien	its				2,326	20.3%
Er	nergency presentations ² by	triage categ	ory: 2,456 patie	nts		2,083	17.9%
1	Resuscitation	5 (0.2%)				7	-28.6%
2	Emergency	115 (4.7	7%)			137	-16.1%
3	Urgent			762 (31.0%)		814	-6.4%
4	Semi-urgent				1,275 (51.9%)	970	31.4%
5	Non-urgent		299 (12.2%)			155	92.9%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 ^{‡§}



1,073

2,173

1,026

2,277

970

2,083

1,275

2,456

299

Young Health Service: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

ED Transfer of care time is not currently available for this hospital. ⁷

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

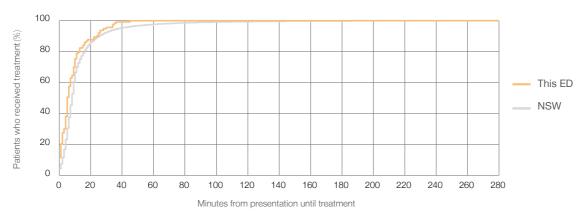
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Young Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 115	137	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 113	135	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 24 minutes	18 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡§}



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^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

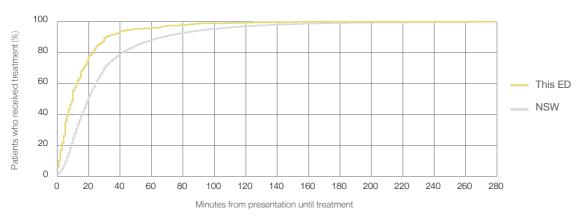
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Young Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 762	814	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 762	796	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	10 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 31 minutes	36 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡§}



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Young Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4	Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)
Number o	f triage 4 patients: 1,275

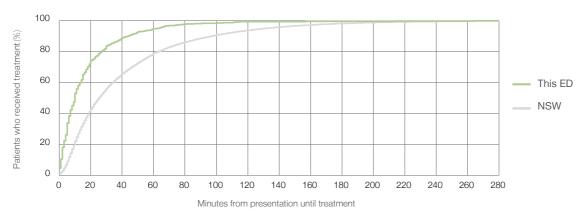
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time:³ 1,272

Median time to start treatment⁴ 10 minutes

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 44 minutes

Same period last year	NSW (this period)
970	
920	
10 minutes	25 minutes
44 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡§}



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Young Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

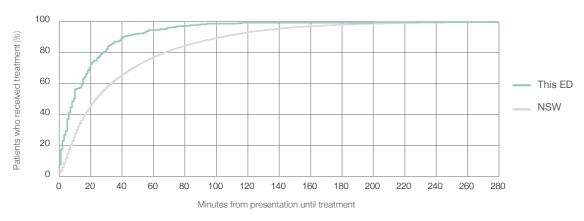
Triage 5	Non-urgent (e.g. small cut	s or abrasions)		
Number o	f triage 5 patients: 299			
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 295				
Median tim	e to start treatment ⁴	9 minutes		

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	155
	142
24 minutes	9 minutes
103 minutes	57 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016

41 minutes



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡§}



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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

(this period)

2 hours and

41 minutes

6 hours and

54 minutes

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Young Health Service: Time patients spent in the ED

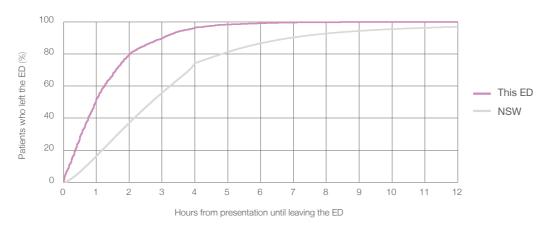
October to December 2016

All presentations: 1 2,799 patients 2,326

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,799 patients 2,325

Median time spent in the ED 8 0 hours and 59 minutes 0 hours and 59 minutes 2 hours and 59 minutes 2 hours and 53 minutes 53 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

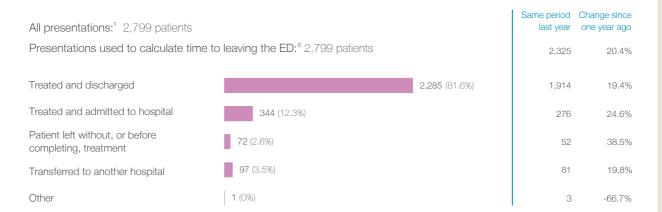
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

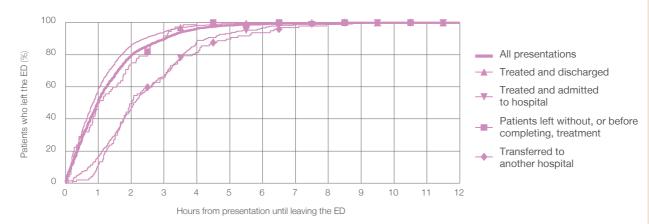
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Young Health Service: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	58.8%	86.0%	94.2%	98.0%	99.7%	99.9%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	16.6%	46.8%	67.2%	89.0%	96.8%	98.8%	100%	100%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	50.0%	75.0%	91.7%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	11.3%	49.5%	66.0%	81.4%	93.8%	99.0%	100%	100%
All presentations	51.8%	79.7%	89.9%	96.4%	99.1%	99.7%	100%	100%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Young Health Service: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 12,799 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 62,799 patients

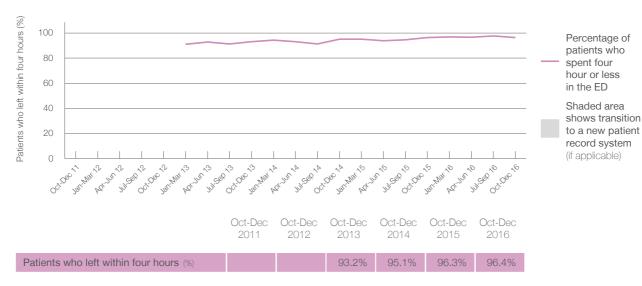
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

96.4%

Same period last year one year ago 2,326 20.3% 20.4%

96.3%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 118



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).