

Healthcare Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

South Western Sydney Local Health District

Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview April to June 2017

| | last year | one year ago |
|---|-----------|--------------|
| All presentations: ¹ 13,221 patients | 13,037 | 1.4% |
| Emergency presentations: ² 13,042 patients | 12,929 | 0.9% |

Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

| | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 2,445 patients | 2,635 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes | 9 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 32 minutes | 26 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 5,883 patients | 5,815 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes | 19 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 76 minutes | 62 minutes | 67 minutes |
| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,097 patients | 3,922 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes | 20 minutes | 25 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 91 minutes | 70 minutes | 99 minutes |
| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 507 patients | 447 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes | 21 minutes | 23 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 98 minutes | 57 minutes | 101 minutes |

Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,221 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 72.8%

| Same period | Change since |
|-------------|--------------|
| last year | one year ago |
| 13,037 | 1.4% |
| 77.7% | |

Same period Change since

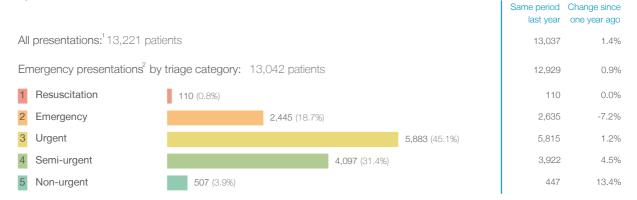
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

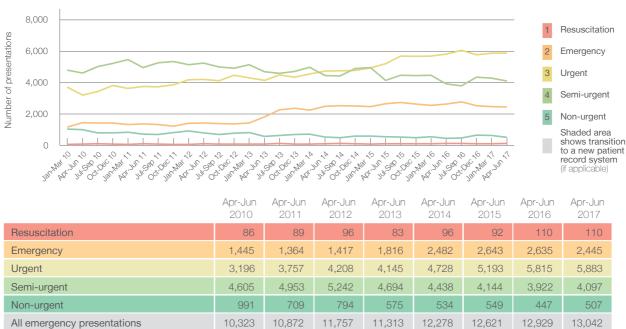
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

| | | last year | one year ago |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Arrivals used to calculate tran | sfer of care time: 7 3,764 patients | 3,573 | |
| ED Transfer of care time | | | |
| Median time | 13 minutes | 13 minutes | 0 minutes |
| 90th percentile time | 27 minutes | 24 minutes | 3 minutes |
| | | | |

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

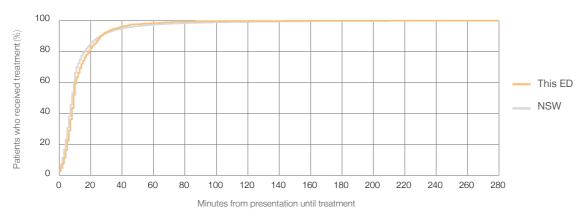
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

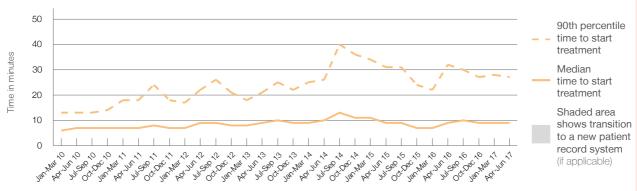
Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 2 patients: 2,445 | 2,635 | |
| Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,441 | 2,627 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes | 9 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 27 minutes | 32 minutes | 26 minutes |

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 7 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 13 | 18 | 22 | 21 | 26 | 31 | 32 | 27 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

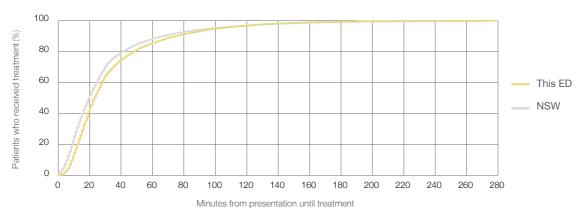
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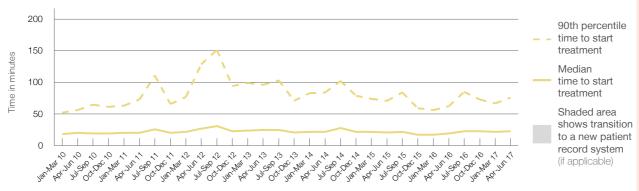
Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 3 patients: 5,883 | 5,815 | |
| Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 5,801 | 5,713 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes | 19 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 76 minutes | 62 minutes | 67 minutes |

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 20 | 20 | 27 | 25 | 22 | 21 | 19 | 23 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 56 | 73 | 129 | 96 | 84 | 71 | 62 | 76 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

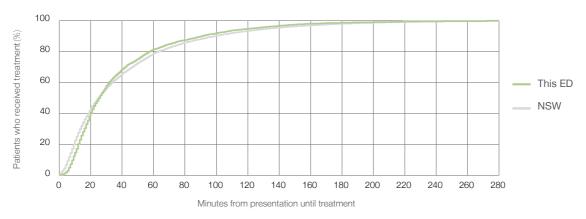
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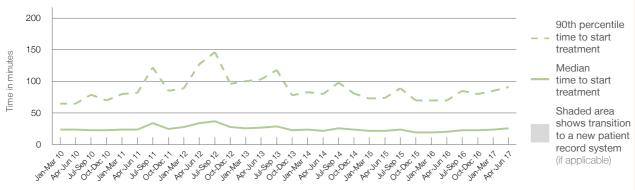
Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 4 patients: 4,097 | 3,922 | |
| Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,956 | 3,781 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes | 20 minutes | 25 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 91 minutes | 70 minutes | 99 minutes |

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 24 | 24 | 34 | 27 | 22 | 22 | 20 | 26 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 65 | 82 | 127 | 103 | 80 | 74 | 70 | 91 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

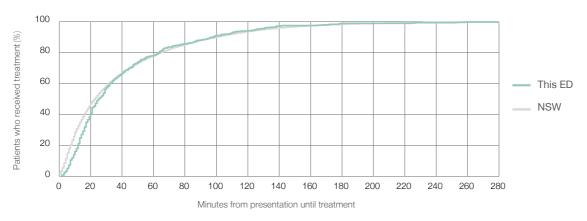
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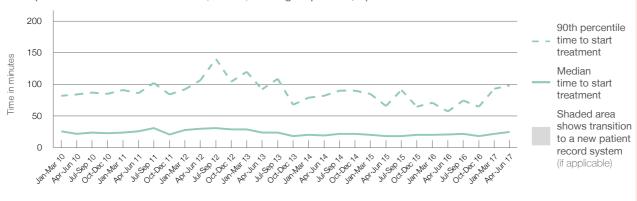
Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of triage 5 patients: 507 | 447 | |
| Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 428 | 371 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes | 21 minutes | 23 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 98 minutes | 57 minutes | 101 minutes |

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median tim (minutes) | e to start treatment ⁴ | 22 | 26 | 30 | 24 | 19 | 18 | 21 | 25 |
| 90th percei | ntile time to start treatment ⁵ | 84 | 86 | 106 | 92 | 82 | 66 | 57 | 98 |

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Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

All presentations:¹ 13,221 patients

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

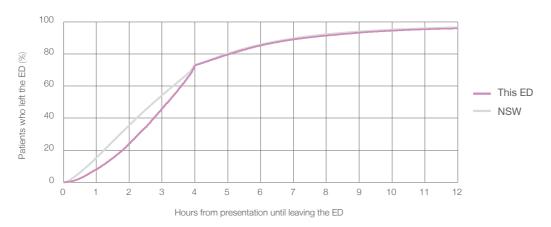
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,221 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 3 hours and 11 minutes

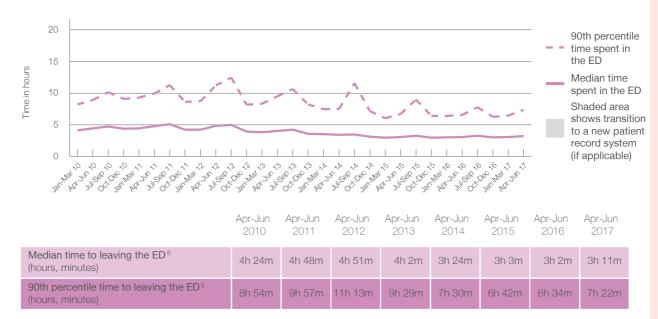
7 hours and 22 minutes

| NSW (this period) | Same period last year |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | 13,037 |
| | 13,037 |
| 2 hours and 46 minutes | 3 hours and 2 minutes |
| 7 hours and 5 minutes | 6 hours and 34 minutes |

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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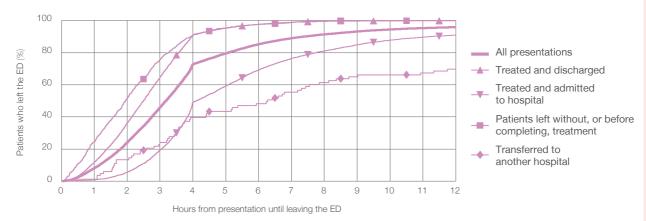
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation April to June 2017

Same period Change since All presentations: 13,221 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,221 patients 13,037 1.4% 6,556 (49.6%) Treated and discharged 0.1% 6.551 Treated and admitted to hospital 5,638 (42.6%) 5,538 1.8% Patient left without, or before 907 (6.9%) 844 7.5% completing, treatment 83 (0.6%) 25.8% Transferred to another hospital 37 (0.3%) Other 38 -2.6%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

| Treated and discharged | 11.9% | 36.2% | 64.7% | 91.0% | 97.7% | 99.5% | 99.8% | 99.9% |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Treated and admitted to hospital | 0.8% | 5.6% | 19.4% | 49.0% | 69.4% | 81.1% | 87.8% | 91.0% |
| Patient left without, or before completing, treatment | 24.6% | 51.6% | 75.7% | 91.2% | 97.7% | 99.8% | 99.9% | 100% |
| Transferred to another hospital | 1.2% | 13.3% | 24.1% | 39.8% | 48.2% | 61.4% | 66.3% | 69.9% |
| All presentations | 8.1% | 24.2% | 46.0% | 72.8% | 85.3% | 91.4% | 94.5% | 95.9% |

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Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,221 patients

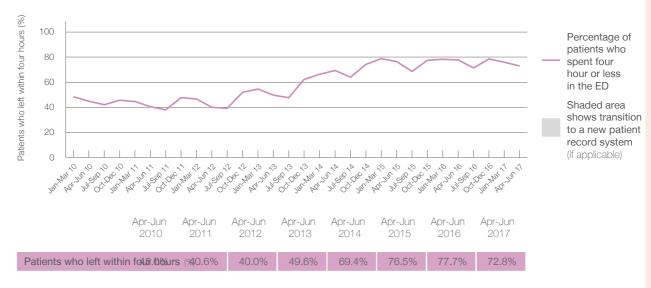
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 13,221 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

72.8%

| Change since | |
|--------------|-----------|
| one year ago | last year |
| 1.4% | 13,037 |
| 1.4% | 13,037 |
| | 77.7% |

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 114



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- ${\bf 1.} \quad \hbox{All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED)}.$
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

$\textbf{Bowral and District Hospital:} \ \, \textbf{Emergency department (ED) overview}$

April to June 2017

| | last year | one year ago |
|--|-----------|--------------|
| All presentations: 4,775 patients | 4,423 | 8.0% |
| Emergency presentations: ² 4,656 patients | 4,307 | 8.1% |

Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

| | last year | (this period) |
|---|-------------|---------------|
| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 356 patients | 382 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes | 8 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 22 minutes | 17 minutes | 26 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,504 patients | 1,343 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes | 19 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 59 minutes | 60 minutes | 67 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,081 patients | 1,907 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes | 19 minutes | 25 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 93 minutes | 99 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 696 patients | 662 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ | 19 minutes | 23 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 95 minutes | 113 minutes | 101 minutes |

Bowral and District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,775 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

| Same period | Change since |
|-------------|--------------|
| last year | one year ago |
| 4,423 | 8.0% |
| 83.3% | |

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

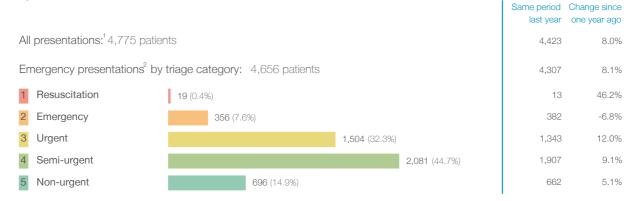
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

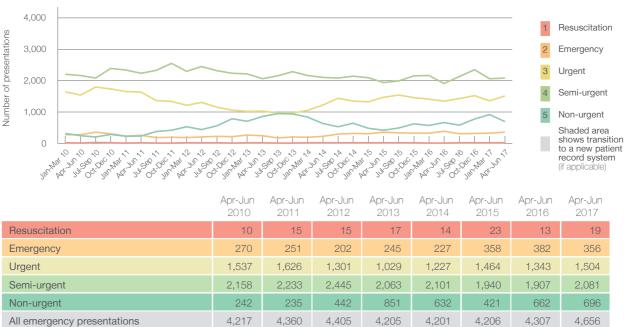
82.6%

Bowral and District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



Bowral and District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

| last year | one year ago |
|-----------|--------------|
| 797 | |
| | |
| minutes | 0 minutes |
| minutes | 2 minutes |
| | |
| 1 | |

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Same period Change since

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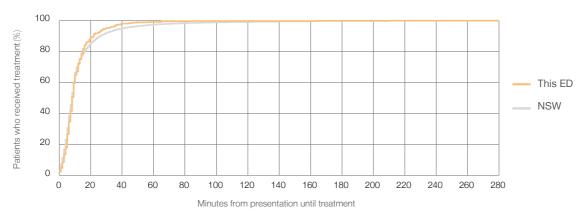
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

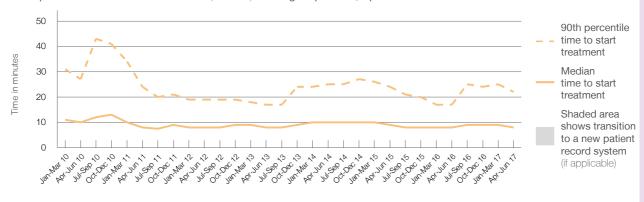
April to June 2017

| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 2 patients: 356 | 382 | |
| Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 356 | 382 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes | 8 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 22 minutes | 17 minutes | 26 minutes |

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 10 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 8 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 27 | 24 | 19 | 17 | 25 | 24 | 17 | 22 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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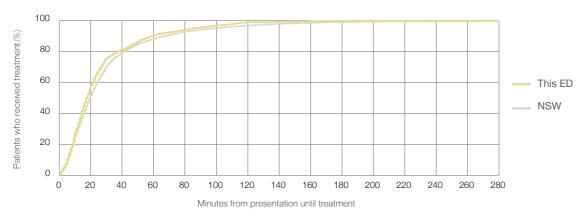
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

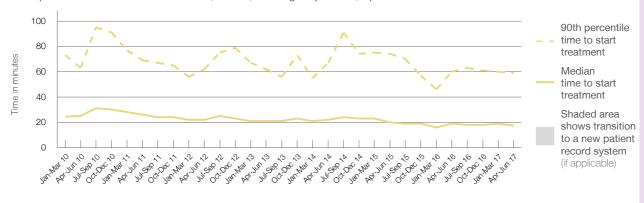
April to June 2017

| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 3 patients: 1,504 | 1,343 | |
| Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 | 1,494 1,324 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes | 19 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 59 minutes | 60 minutes | 67 minutes |

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 25 | 26 | 22 | 21 | 22 | 20 | 19 | 18 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 63 | 69 | 62 | 62 | 67 | 74 | 60 | 59 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

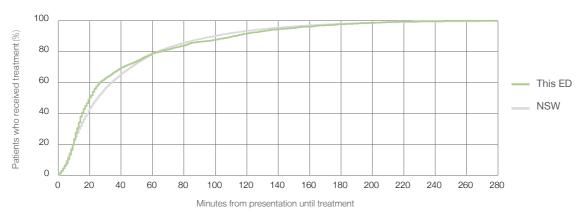
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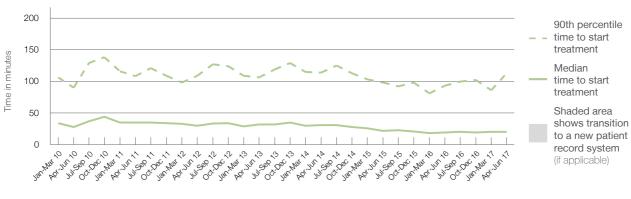
Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained | Same period last year | NSW (this period) | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Number of triage 4 patients: 2,081 | | 1,907 | |
| Number of triage 4 patients used to cal | culate waiting time:3 2,017 | 1,817 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ | 20 minutes | 19 minutes | 25 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 113 minutes | 93 minutes | 99 minutes |

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 28 | 35 | 30 | 32 | 31 | 22 | 19 | 20 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 90 | 108 | 109 | 106 | 114 | 98 | 93 | 113 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

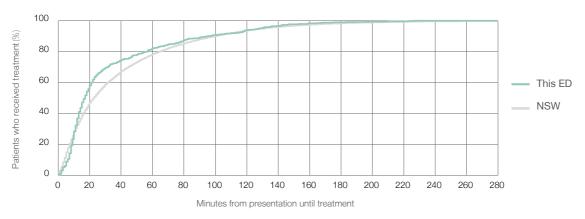
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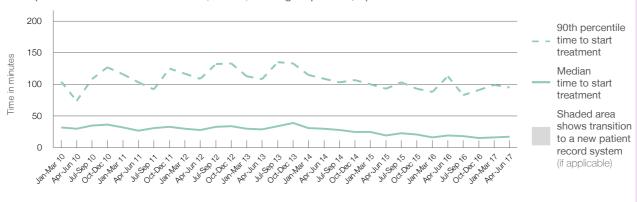
Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 5 patients: 696 | 662 | |
| Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 654 | 594 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ | 19 minutes | 23 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 95 minutes | 113 minutes | 101 minutes |

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 30 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 19 | 19 | 17 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 74 | 103 | 109 | 108 | 109 | 93 | 113 | 95 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

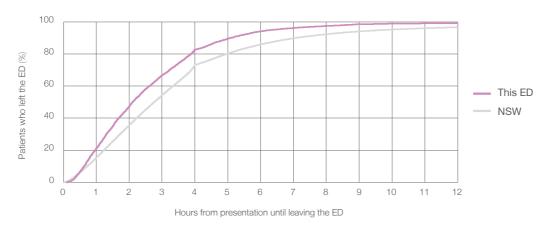
Same period

Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

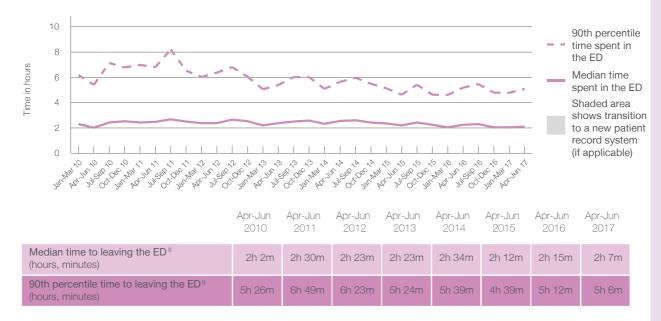
April to June 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 4,775 patients 4,423 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 4,775 patients 4,423 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 7 minutes 15 minutes 46 minutes 5 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 5 hours and 6 minutes 12 minutes 5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



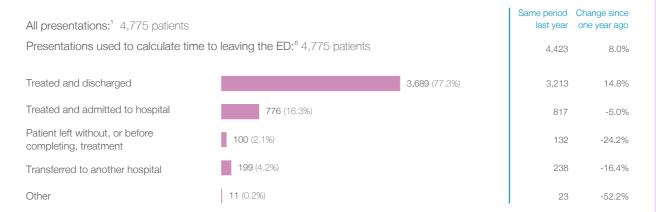
 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

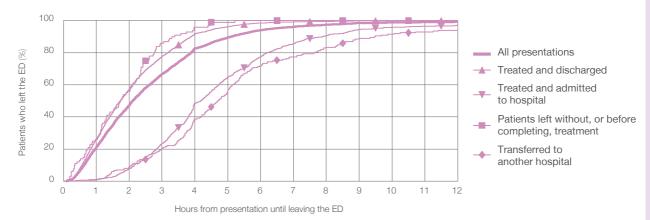
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 **



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

| Treated and discharged | 26.2% | 57.4% | 77.7% | 91.7% | 98.5% | 99.6% | 99.8% | 99.9% |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Treated and admitted to hospital | 1.0% | 7.7% | 23.5% | 48.5% | 77.6% | 90.6% | 95.9% | 97.0% |
| Patient left without, or before completing, treatment | 26.0% | 56.0% | 86.0% | 96.0% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Transferred to another hospital | 0.5% | 8.5% | 20.6% | 38.7% | 71.9% | 83.4% | 91.5% | 94.0% |
| All presentations | 21.2% | 47.3% | 66.8% | 82.6% | 94.0% | 97.4% | 98.8% | 99.2% |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Bowral and District Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 4,775 patients

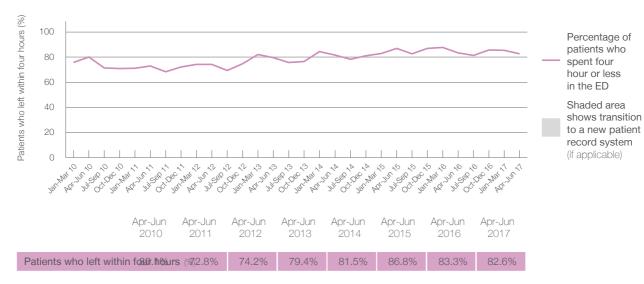
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 4,775 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

82.6%

| one year ago | |
|--------------|-------|
| 8.0% | 4,423 |
| 8.0% | 4,423 |
| | 83.3% |

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

$\textbf{Campbelltown Hospital:} \ \, \textbf{Emergency department} \ \, (\texttt{ED}) \ \, \textbf{overview}$

April to June 2017

| | last year | one year ago |
|---|-----------|--------------|
| All presentations: ¹ 16,978 patients | 16,151 | 5.1% |
| Emergency presentations: ² 16,787 patients | 15,981 | 5.0% |

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

| | last year | (this period) |
|---|-------------|---------------|
| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,823 patients | 1,788 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes | 7 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 20 minutes | 18 minutes | 26 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 7,066 patients | 6,873 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes | 16 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 73 minutes | 80 minutes | 67 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 6,077 patients | 5,629 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes | 26 minutes | 25 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 121 minutes | 99 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,741 patients | 1,598 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes | 32 minutes | 23 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 129 minutes | 101 minutes |

Campbelltown Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 16,977 patients

16,151

5.1%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

59.3%

Change since one year ago

16,151

5.1%

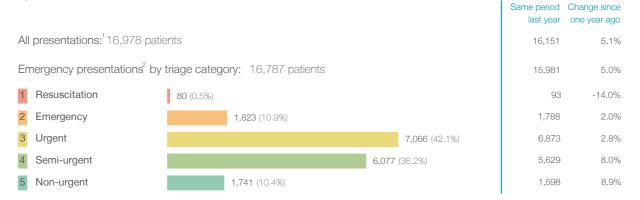
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

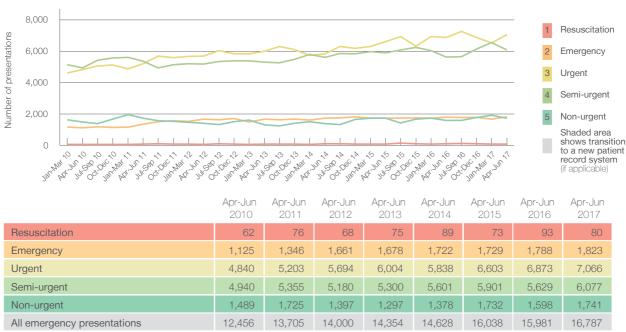
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Campbelltown Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



Campbelltown Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

| | | last year | one year ago |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| Arrivals used to calculate tran- | 3,867 | | |
| ED Transfer of care time | | | |
| Median time | 13 minutes | 13 minutes | 0 minutes |
| 90th percentile time | 22 minutes | 27 minutes | -5 minutes |
| | | | |

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

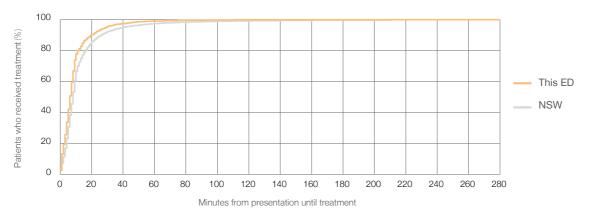
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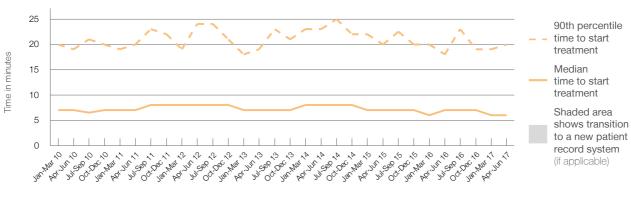
Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 2 patients: 1,823 | 1,788 | |
| Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,818 | 1,787 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes | 7 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 20 minutes | 18 minutes | 26 minutes |

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 7 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 19 | 20 | 24 | 19 | 23 | 20 | 18 | 20 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

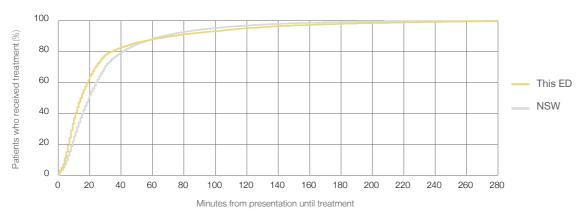
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

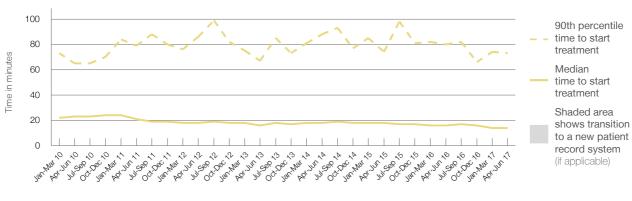
Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 3 patients: 7,066 | 6,873 | |
| Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 6,895 | 6,728 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes | 16 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 73 minutes | 80 minutes | 67 minutes |

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 23 | 21 | 18 | 16 | 18 | 18 | 16 | 14 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 65 | 79 | 86 | 67 | 88 | 74 | 80 | 73 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

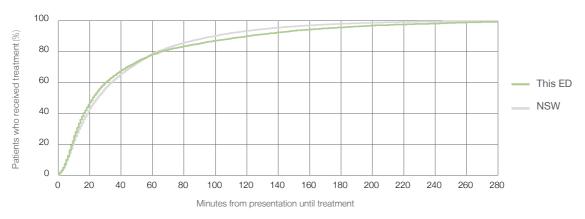
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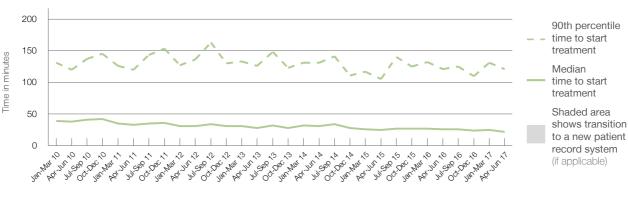
Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 4 patients: 6,077 | 5,629 | |
| Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 5,660 | 5,326 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes | 26 minutes | 25 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 121 minutes | 121 minutes | 99 minutes |

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 38 | 33 | 31 | 28 | 31 | 25 | 26 | 22 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 120 | 120 | 136 | 126 | 131 | 105 | 121 | 121 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

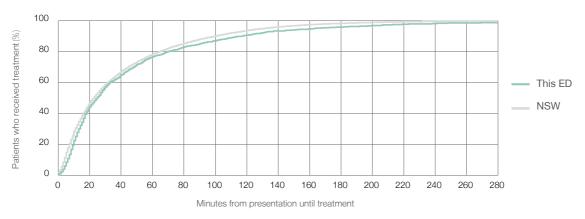
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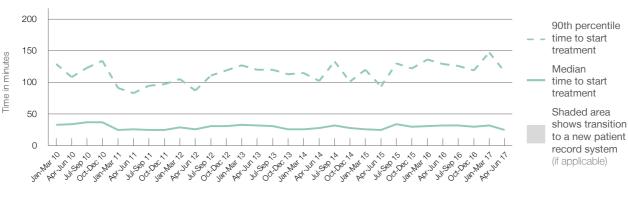
Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 5 patients: 1,741 | 1,598 | |
| Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,511 | 1,431 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes | 32 minutes | 23 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 117 minutes | 129 minutes | 101 minutes |

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 34 | 26 | 26 | 32 | 28 | 25 | 32 | 25 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 108 | 83 | 87 | 120 | 102 | 94 | 129 | 117 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

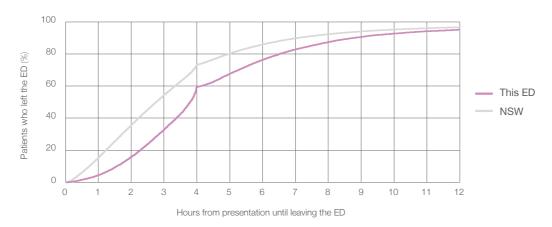
Same period

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

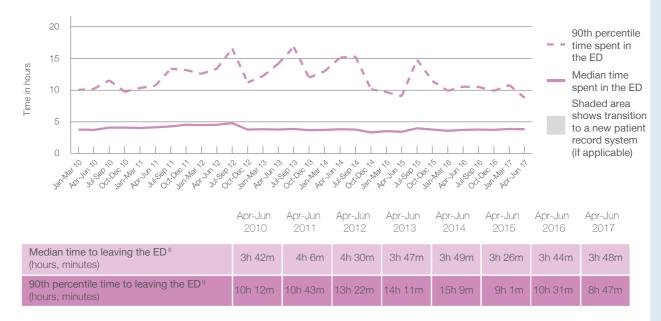
April to June 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 16,978 patients 16,151 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 16,977 patients 16,151 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 48 minutes 44 minutes 46 minutes 10 hours and 7 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 8 hours and 47 minutes 31 minutes 5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



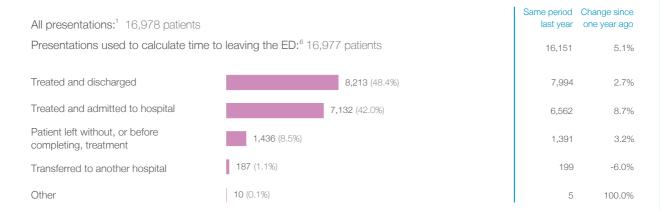
 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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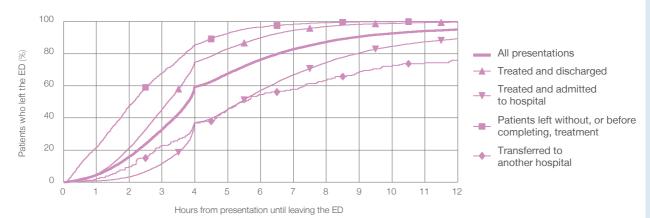
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 †*



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

| Treated and discharged | 4.8% | 21.4% | 45.4% | 74.6% | 90.0% | 96.9% | 98.9% | 99.6% |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Treated and admitted to hospital | 0.7% | 3.2% | 11.6% | 37.0% | 57.1% | 74.6% | 84.7% | 89.3% |
| Patient left without, or before completing, treatment | 21.7% | 47.5% | 68.0% | 85.5% | 96.6% | 99.4% | 99.9% | 100% |
| Transferred to another hospital | 2.1% | 9.6% | 23.0% | 36.9% | 54.5% | 63.6% | 72.2% | 75.9% |
| All presentations | 4.5% | 15.9% | 32.9% | 59.3% | 76.3% | 87.4% | 92.7% | 95.1% |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 116,978 patients

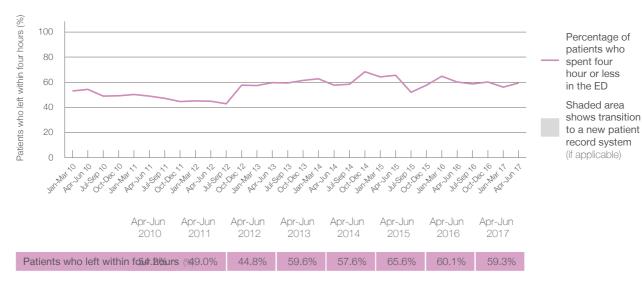
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 16,977 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



| | Change since one year ago |
|--------|---------------------------|
| 16,151 | 5.1% |
| 16,151 | 5.1% |
| 60.1% | |

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).

Same period Change since

Fairfield Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

April to June 2017

| | last year | one year ago |
|--|-----------|--------------|
| All presentations: 8,904 patients | 8,024 | 11.0% |
| Emergency presentations: ² 8,877 patients | 8,001 | 10.9% |

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

| | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 919 patients | 675 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ | 9 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes | 23 minutes | 26 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,237 patients | 2,811 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes | 16 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 76 minutes | 48 minutes | 67 minutes |
| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,093 patients | 3,947 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes | 16 minutes | 25 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 76 minutes | 99 minutes |
| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 597 patients | 554 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes | 15 minutes | 23 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 91 minutes | 101 minutes |

Fairfield Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,903 patients

| Percentage of patients who spent | |
|----------------------------------|--------|
| 0 1 | 72.6% |
| four hours or less in the ED | 12.070 |

| | one year ago |
|-------|--------------|
| 8,024 | 11.0% |
| 82.3% | |

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

554

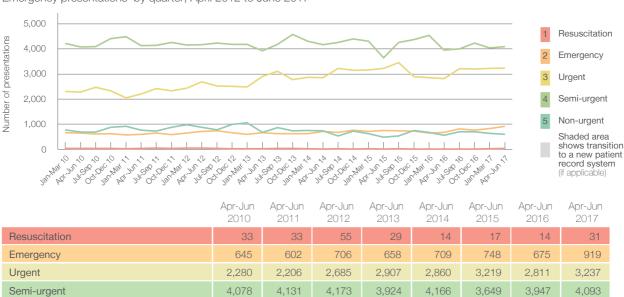
7.8%

Fairfield Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

597 (6.7%)

Same period Change since last year one year ago All presentations: 18,904 patients 8.024 11.0% Emergency presentations² by triage category: 8,877 patients 8,001 10.9% Resuscitation 31 (0.3%) 14 121.4% 36.1% Emergency 919 (10.4%) 675 Urgent 3,237 (36.5%) 15.2% 2.811 Semi-urgent 4,093 (46.1%) 3,947 3.7%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



8,497

8,189

8,482

Fairfield Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

April to June 2017

Non-urgent

| | last year | one year ago |
|--|------------|--------------|
| Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 1,676 patients | 1,215 | |
| ED Transfer of care time | | |
| Median time 13 minutes | 10 minutes | 3 minutes |
| 90th percentile time 31 minutes | 21 minutes | 10 minutes |
| | | |

7,730

7,726

488

8,001

Same period Change since

8,877

8,121

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

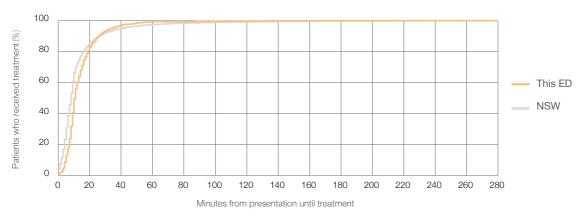
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

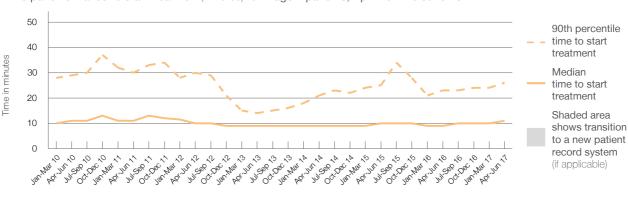
Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 2 patients: 919 | 675 | |
| Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 917 | | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 11 minutes | 9 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes | 23 minutes | 26 minutes |

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 11 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 11 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 29 | 30 | 30 | 14 | 21 | 25 | 23 | 26 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

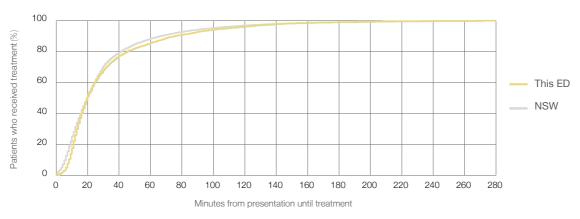
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

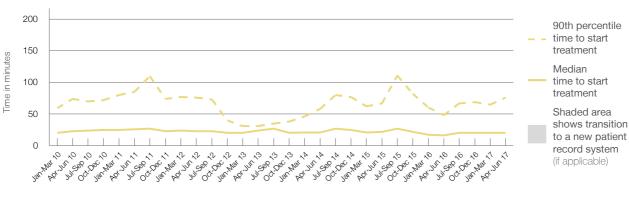
Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of triage 3 patients: 3,237 | 2,811 | |
| Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,149 | 2,761 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes | 16 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 76 minutes | 48 minutes | 67 minutes |

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 23 | 26 | 23 | 24 | 21 | 22 | 16 | 20 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 74 | 85 | 76 | 31 | 58 | 67 | 48 | 76 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

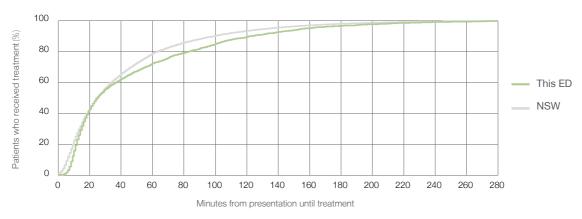
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

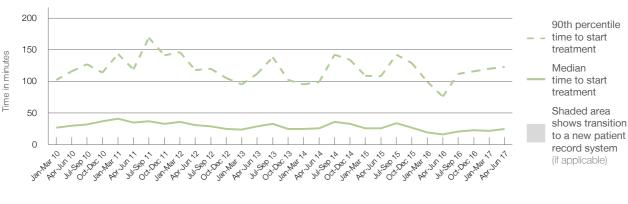
Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Number of triage 4 patients: 4,093 | 3,947 | |
| Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,702 | 3,711 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes | 16 minutes | 25 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 123 minutes | 76 minutes | 99 minutes |

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 30 | 35 | 31 | 29 | 26 | 26 | 16 | 25 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 116 | 119 | 118 | 112 | 99 | 108 | 76 | 123 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

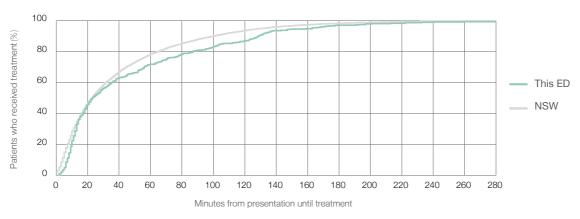
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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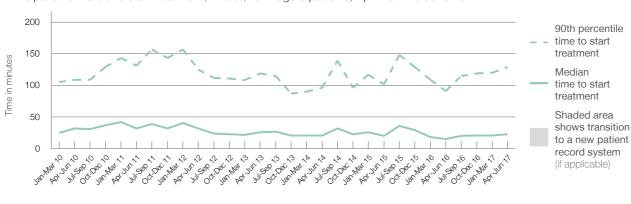
Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions) | | | NSW (this period) |
|--|-------------|------------|----------------------|
| Number of triage 5 patients: 597 | | 554 | |
| Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time | 453 | | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes | | 15 minutes | 23 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 129 minutes | 91 minutes | 101 minutes |

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †*



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 32 | 32 | 32 | 26 | 21 | 20 | 15 | 23 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 109 | 131 | 125 | 119 | 96 | 102 | 91 | 129 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

All presentations: 8,904 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 8,903 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 5 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 6 hours and 44 minutes

Same period last year (this period)

8,024

8,024

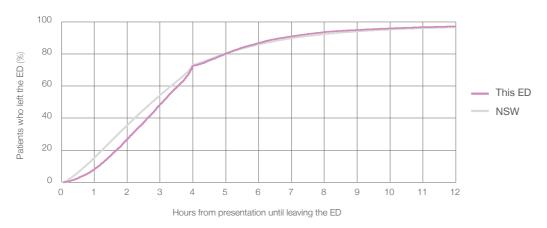
2 hours and 35 minutes

5 hours and 42 minutes

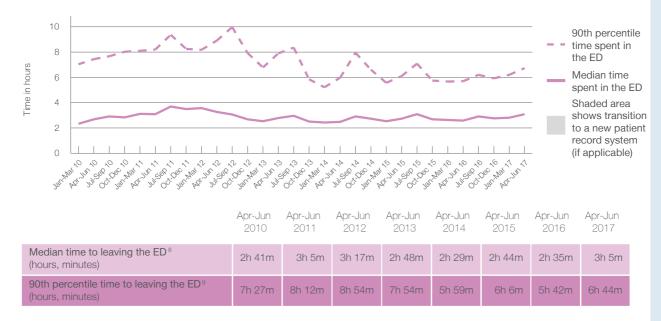
7 hours and 42 minutes

5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

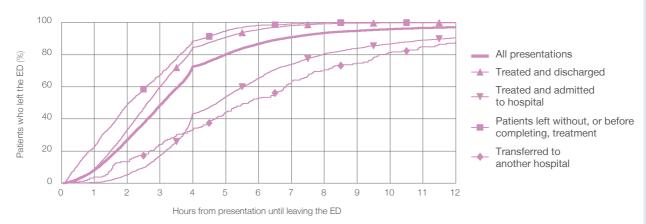
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation April to June 2017

| All presentations: ¹ 8,904 patients | | Same period last year | Change since one year ago |
|---|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Presentations used to calculate time to | 8,024 | 11.0% | |
| Treated and discharged | 5,331 (59.9%) | 5,148 | 3.6% |
| Treated and admitted to hospital | 2,434 (27.3%) | 2,163 | 12.5% |
| Patient left without, or before completing, treatment | 895 (10.1%) | 478 | 87.2% |
| Transferred to another hospital | 187 (2.1%) | 159 | 17.6% |
| Other | 57 (0.6%) | 76 | -25.0% |

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

| Treated and discharged | 8.9% | 33.2% | 60.2% | 84.5% | 95.6% | 99.2% | 99.9% | 100% |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Treated and admitted to hospital | 0.4% | 5.2% | 17.2% | 43.3% | 65.4% | 80.4% | 86.7% | 90.5% |
| Patient left without, or before completing, treatment | 22.9% | 48.9% | 67.5% | 88.5% | 98.3% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| Transferred to another hospital | 3.7% | 13.4% | 24.1% | 33.2% | 52.9% | 70.6% | 81.3% | 88.2% |
| All presentations | 8.2% | 27.0% | 48.6% | 72.6% | 86.8% | 93.6% | 95.9% | 97.1% |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,904 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 68,903 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

72.6%

| Same period | Change since |
|-------------|--------------|
| last year | one year ago |
| 8,024 | 11.0% |
| 8,024 | 11.0% |
| 82.3% | |

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).

Same period Change since

NSW

Same period

$\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Liverpool Hospital:} Emergency department (ED) overview \\ \end{tabular}$

April to June 2017

| | last year | one year ago |
|---|-----------|--------------|
| All presentations: 20,492 patients | 19,974 | 2.6% |
| Emergency presentations: ² 20,307 patients | 19,716 | 3.0% |

Liverpool Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

| | last year | (this period) |
|--|------------|---------------|
| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 3,994 patients | 3,409 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes | 10 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ | 31 minutes | 26 minutes |
| The Company of the state of the | 10.100 | |
| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 10,420 patients | 10,139 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ | 17 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 38 minutes | 52 minutes | 67 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,644 patients | 4,702 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ | 22 minutes | 25 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 48 minutes | 65 minutes | 99 minutes |
| | | |
| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,099 patients | 1,320 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ | 20 minutes | 23 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 44 minutes | 59 minutes | 101 minutes |

Liverpool Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 20,492 patients

19,974

2.6%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

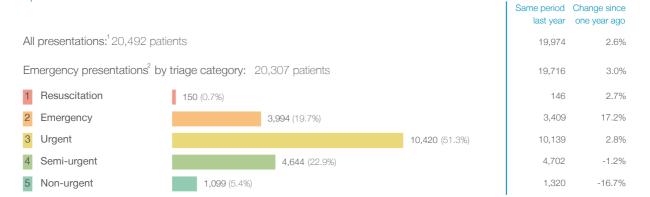
59.5%

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

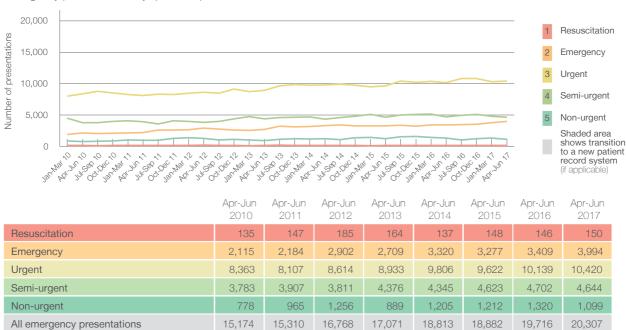
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Liverpool Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



Liverpool Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

| | | last year | one year ago |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| Arrivals used to calculate trans | 6,689 | | |
| ED Transfer of care time | | | |
| Median time | 12 minutes | 11 minutes | 1 minute |
| 90th percentile time | 30 minutes | 22 minutes | 8 minutes |
| | | | |

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

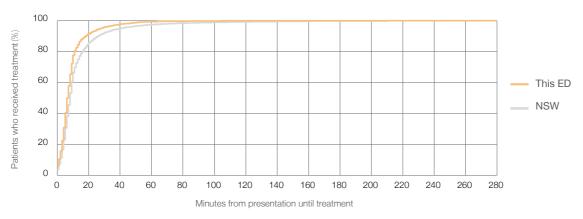
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

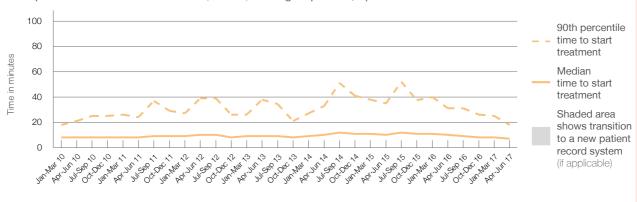
Liverpool Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

| Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 2 patients: 3,994 | 3,409 | |
| Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,968 | 3,389 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes | 10 minutes | 8 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 18 minutes | 31 minutes | 26 minutes |

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 8 | 8 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 7 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 21 | 24 | 39 | 38 | 33 | 35 | 31 | 18 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

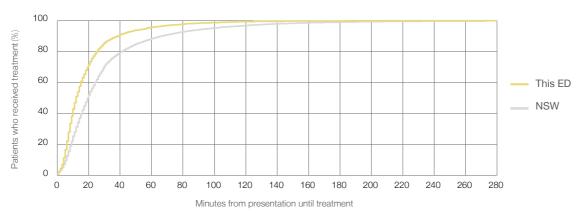
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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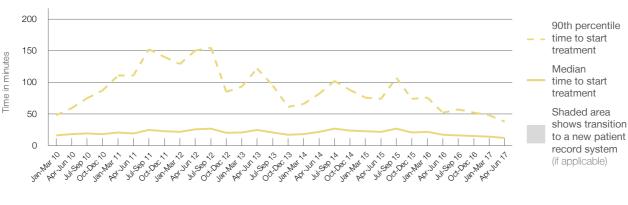
Liverpool Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

| Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration) | Same period last year | (this period) |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|
| Number of triage 3 patients: 10,420 | 10,139 | |
| Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 10,189 | 9,849 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 12 minutes | 17 minutes | 20 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 38 minutes | 52 minutes | 67 minutes |

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 18 | 19 | 26 | 25 | 22 | 22 | 17 | 12 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 59 | 111 | 150 | 122 | 82 | 74 | 52 | 38 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

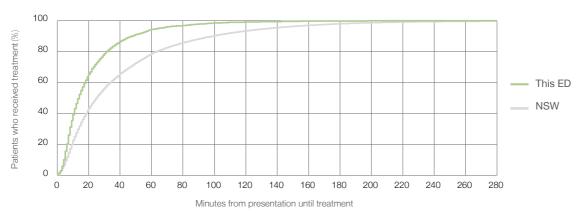
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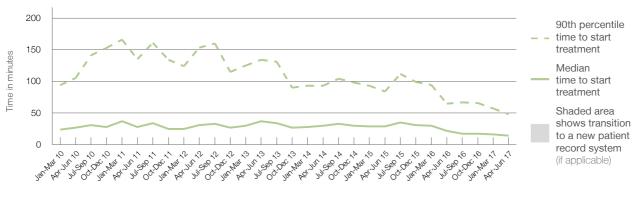
Liverpool Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

| Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 4 patients: 4,644 | 4,702 | |
| Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,374 | 4,329 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes | 22 minutes | 25 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 48 minutes | 65 minutes | 99 minutes |

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 27 | 28 | 31 | 37 | 30 | 29 | 22 | 14 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 105 | 135 | 153 | 134 | 93 | 84 | 65 | 48 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

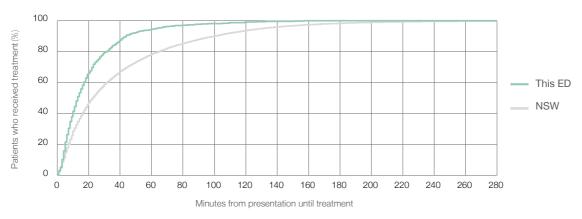
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

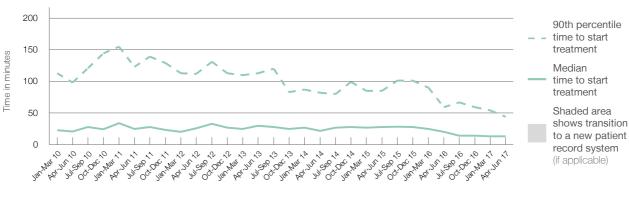
Liverpool Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

| Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions) | Same period last year | NSW (this period) |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|
| Number of triage 5 patients: 1,099 | 1,320 | |
| Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 914 | 1,032 | |
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ 13 minutes | 20 minutes | 23 minutes |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 44 minutes | 59 minutes | 101 minutes |

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



| | Apr-Jun 2010 | Apr-Jun 2011 | Apr-Jun 2012 | Apr-Jun 2013 | Apr-Jun 2014 | Apr-Jun 2015 | Apr-Jun 2016 | Apr-Jun 2017 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes) | 21 | 25 | 26 | 30 | 22 | 28 | 20 | 13 |
| 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes) | 98 | 123 | 112 | 113 | 82 | 85 | 59 | 44 |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Liverpool Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

All presentations: ¹ 20,492 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 20,492 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 3 hours and 41 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 9 hours and 7 minutes

Same period last year (this period)

19,974

19,974

3 hours and 39 minutes

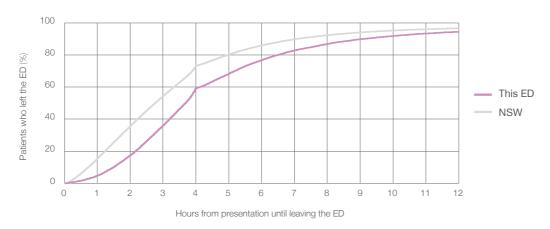
9 hours and 51 minutes

NSW (this period)

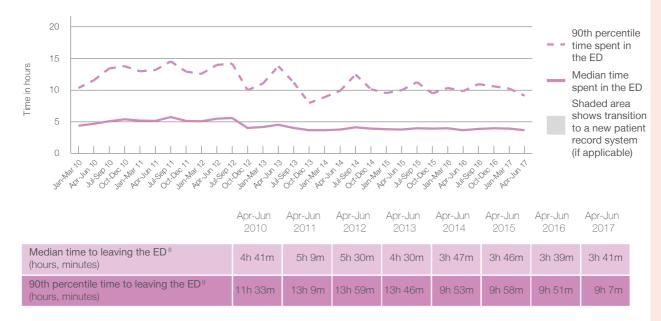
2 hours and 46 minutes

7 hours and 5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †*

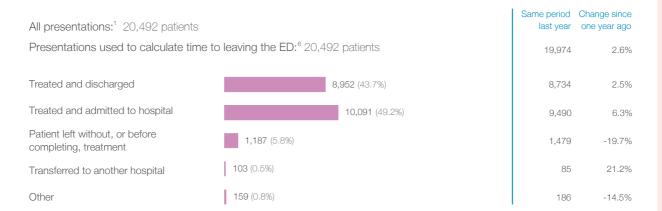


 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

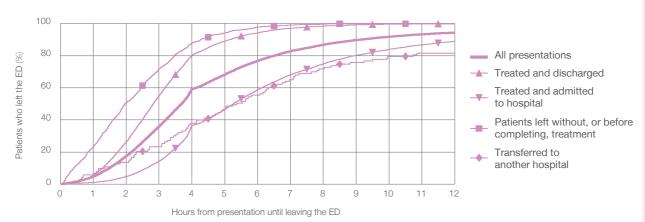
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Liverpool Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation April to June 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

| Treated and discharged | 5.5% | 26.5% | 55.0% | 80.5% | 94.2% | 98.5% | 99.6% | 99.9% |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Treated and admitted to hospital | 1.1% | 4.8% | 14.3% | 36.5% | 58.8% | 74.9% | 84.0% | 89.0% |
| Patient left without, or before completing, treatment | 23.2% | 50.7% | 71.7% | 87.8% | 97.8% | 99.7% | 99.9% | 99.9% |
| Transferred to another hospital | 5.8% | 13.6% | 23.3% | 37.9% | 55.3% | 71.8% | 79.6% | 81.6% |
| All presentations | 4.7% | 17.5% | 36.0% | 59.1% | 76.8% | 86.8% | 91.8% | 94.4% |

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Liverpool Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 1 20,492 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 20,492 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



| | Change since one year ago |
|--------|---------------------------|
| 19,974 | 2.6% |
| 19,974 | 2.6% |
| 59.5% | |

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).