NSW

Maclean District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

July to September 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 3,008 patients	3,070	-2%
Emergency presentations: ² 2,898 patients	2,968	-2%

Maclean District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

July to September 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 349 patients	321	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 33 minutes	31 minutes	28 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 996 patients	938	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	16 minutes	21 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	66 minutes	72 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,312 patients	1,255	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	26 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	103 minutes	105 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 236 patients	446	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	23 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	129 minutes	103 minutes

Maclean District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 3,008 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
r crocinage of patients who spent	000
four hours or less in the ED	869

	Change since one year ago
3,070	-2%
81%	

Same period Change since

Same period

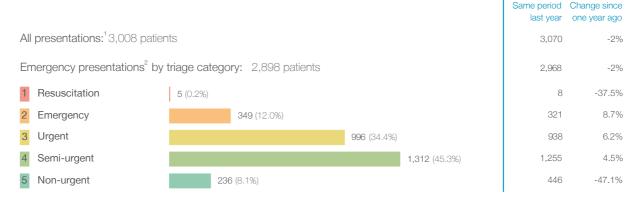
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

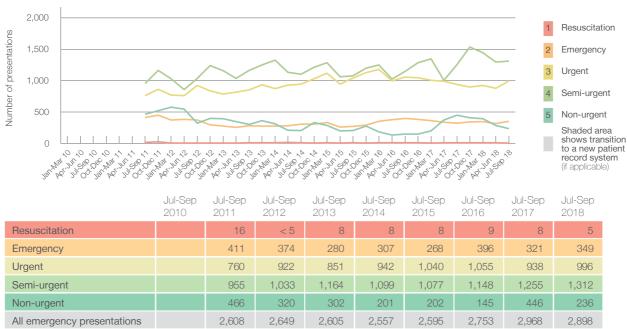
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 16 October 2018).

Maclean District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 ^{‡§}



Maclean District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2018

cal, to copionize 2010		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of	care time: 7 365 patients	395	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	14 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	37 minutes	37 minutes	0 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

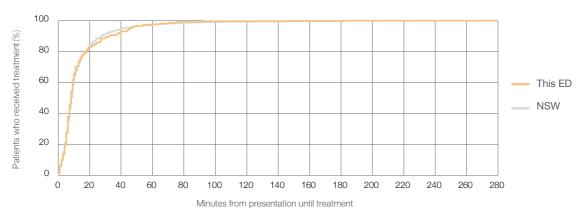
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

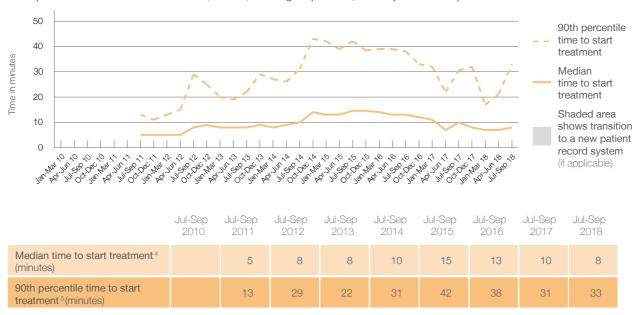
Maclean District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 349	321	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 349	320	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 33 minutes	31 minutes	28 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

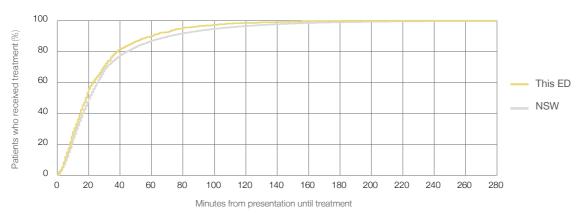
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

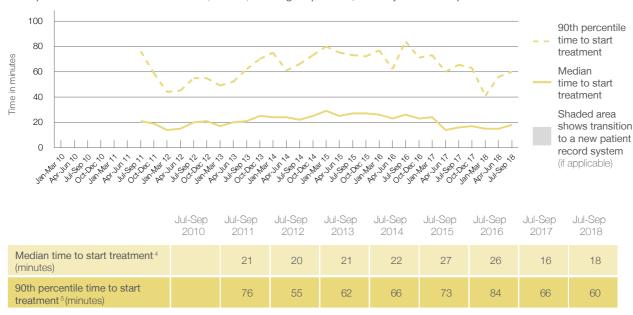
Maclean District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 996	938	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 983	930	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	16 minutes	21 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 60 minutes	66 minutes	72 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 ***



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

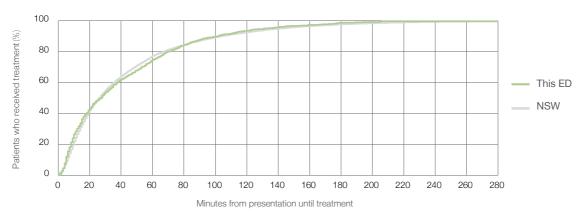
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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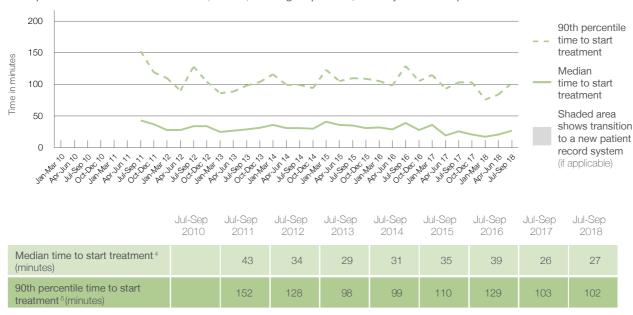
Maclean District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,312	1,255	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,224	1,135	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	26 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 102 minutes	103 minutes	105 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 ***



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

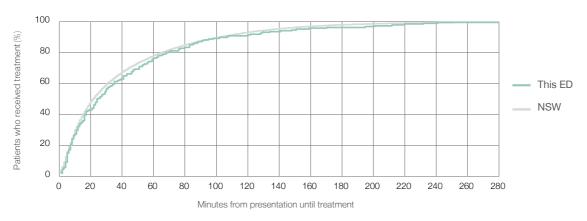
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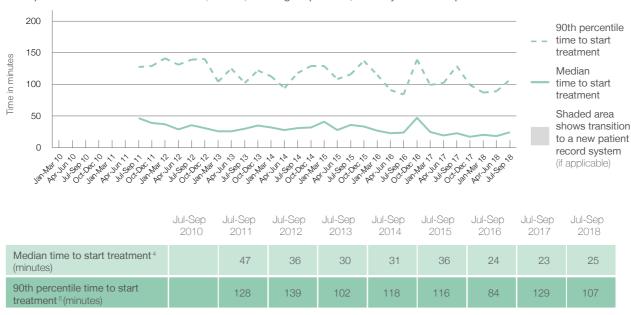
Maclean District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 236	446	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 186	367	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	23 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 107 minutes	129 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to September 2018 ***



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Maclean District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2018

All presentations: 1 3,008 patients

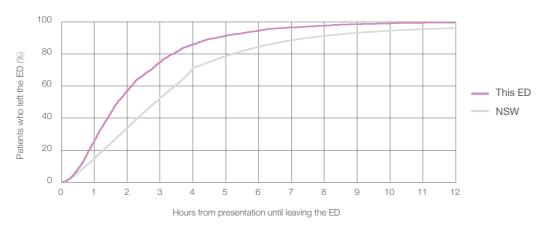
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 3,008 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 1 hours and 43 minutes

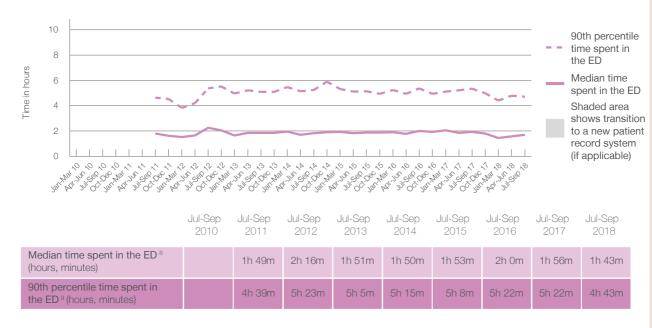
90th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 4 hours and 43 minutes



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018



 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

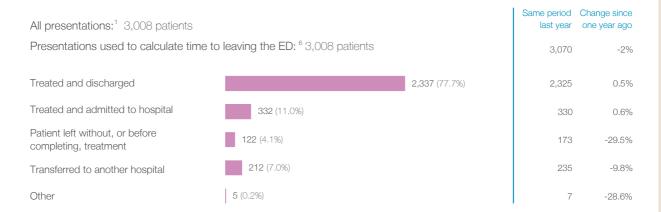
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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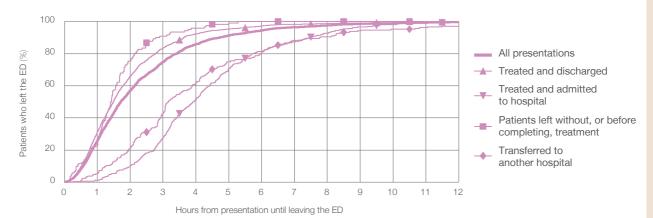
^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Maclean District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2018



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	31.3%	66.1%	83.6%	92.3%	97.3%	98.8%	99.4%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.2%	10.2%	27.7%	51.5%	81.6%	92.8%	98.2%	99.7%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	23.0%	75.4%	91.0%	95.9%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	5.2%	21.2%	42.9%	61.8%	80.7%	90.6%	95.3%	97.2%
All presentations	25.9%	57.2%	74.9%	85.8%	94.5%	97.6%	99.0%	99.6%

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Maclean District Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,008 patients

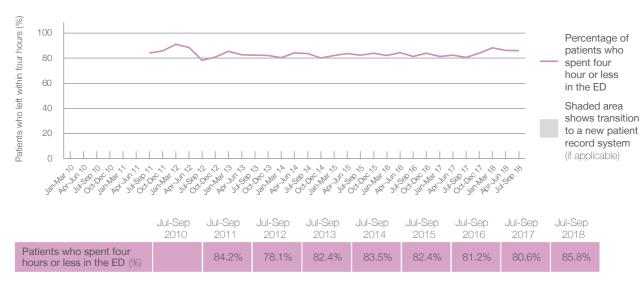
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 3,008 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

85.8%

	Change since one year ago
3,070	-2%
3,070	-2%
80.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to September 2018 118



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
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- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 16 October 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 16 October 2018).