NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

St Vincent's Hospital Sydney: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 13,086 patients	12,516	5%
Emergency presentations: ² 12,948 patients	12,308	5%

St Vincent's Hospital Sydney: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

October to December 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,711 patients	1,464	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 3 minutes	3 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 14 minutes	12 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 6,046 patients	5,875	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 17 minutes	14 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	60 minutes	72 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,410 patients	4,156	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	18 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	95 minutes	104 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 452 patients	520	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	12 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	111 minutes	104 minutes

St Vincent's Hospital Sydney: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 13,086 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

Change since one year ago		
5%	12,516	
	67%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

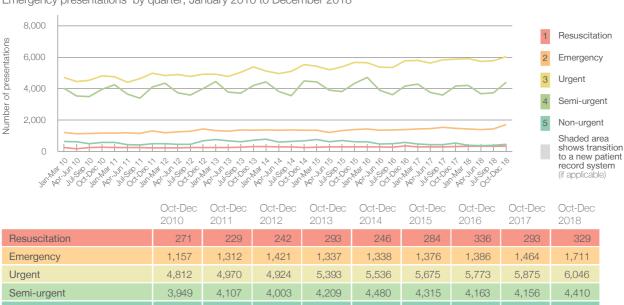
66%

St Vincent's Hospital Sydney: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2018

				Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations: 13,086 patie	ents			12,516	5%
Emergency presentations ² by	triage category: 12,948 patients			12,308	5%
1 Resuscitation	329 (2.5%)			293	12.3%
2 Emergency	1,711 (13.2%)			1,464	16.9%
3 Urgent			6,046 (46.7%)	5,875	2.9%
4 Semi-urgent		4,410 (34.1%)		4,156	6.1%
5 Non-urgent	452 (3.5%)			520	-13.1%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 ^{‡§}



St Vincent's Hospital Sydney: Patients arriving by ambulance

10,754 11,099

481

October to December 2018

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

ne year ago
0 minutes
2 minutes

11,262 11,950

12,271

12,265

12,220

12,308

Same period Change since

452

12,948

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

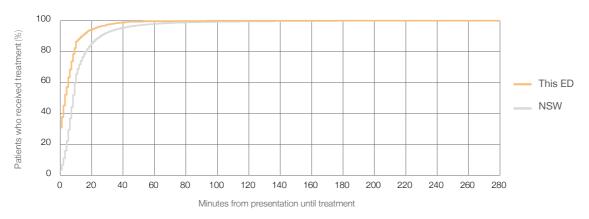
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011

^(§) This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

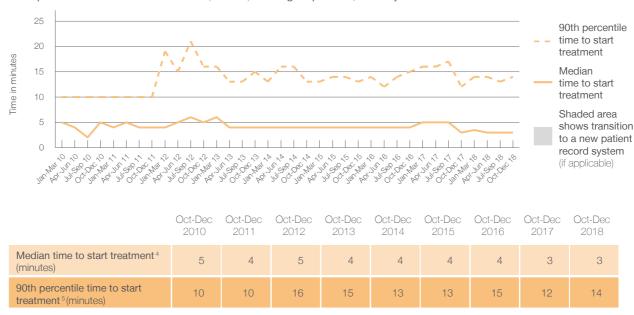
October to December 2018

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,711	1,464	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,708	1,456	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 3 minutes	3 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	12 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †*\$



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

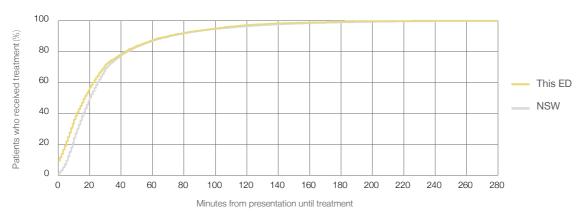
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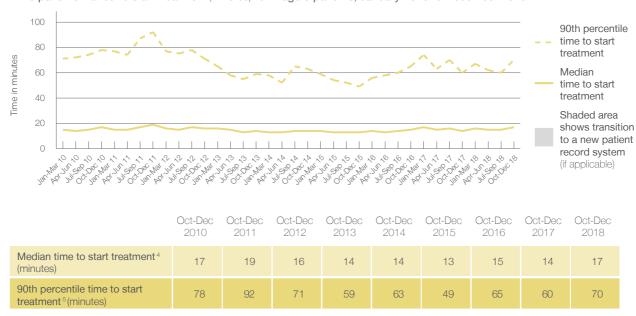
October to December 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 6,046	5,875	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 5,781	5,649	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 17 minutes	14 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 70 minutes	60 minutes	72 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †*\$



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

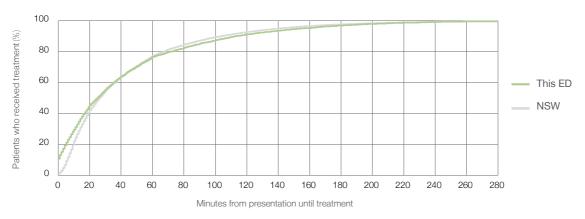
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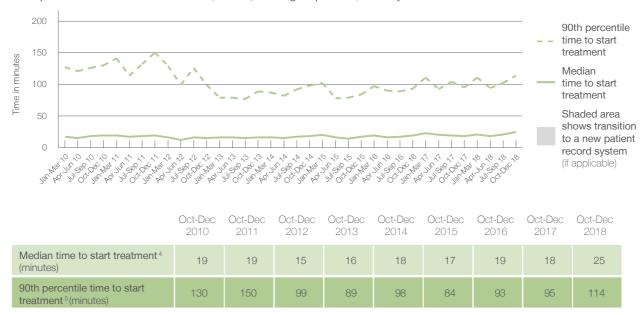
October to December 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,410	4,156	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,772	3,609	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	18 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	95 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †*\$



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

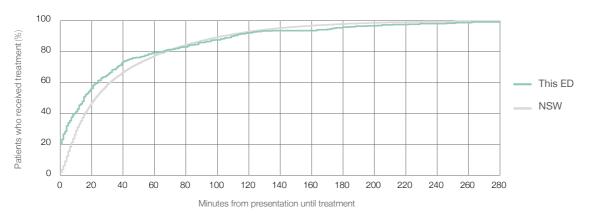
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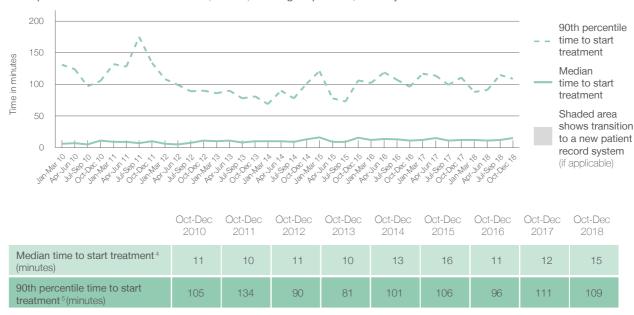
October to December 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 452	520	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 353	398	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 15 minutes	12 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 109 minutes	111 minutes	104 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2018 †*\$



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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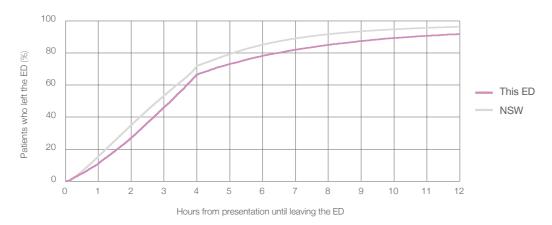
St Vincent's Hospital Sydney: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2018

All presentations: 13,086 patients Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 13,086 patients Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 13 minutes 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 10 hours and 31 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	12,516
	12,516
2 hours and 49 minutes	3 hours and 7 minutes
7 hours and 19 minutes	11 hours and 12 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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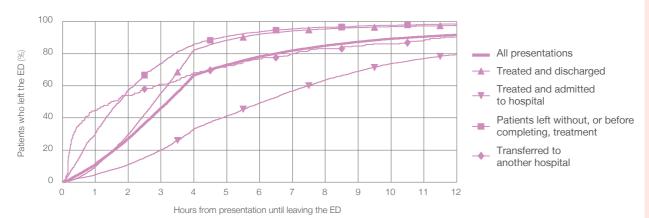
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St Vincent's Hospital Sydney: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2018

Same period Change since All presentations: 13,086 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 13,086 patients 12.516 Treated and discharged 7,167 (54.8%) 4.9% 6.833 Treated and admitted to hospital 4,221 (32.3%) 4,161 1.4% Patient left without, or before 1,395 (10.7%) 19.9% 1.163 completing, treatment 267 (2.0%) 316 -15.5% Transferred to another hospital 36 (0.3%) Other 43 -16.3%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2018 $^{\dagger $$ \$



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	9.8%	29.8%	55.7%	82.2%	92.2%	95.4%	96.8%	97.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	4.7%	10.9%	20.1%	33.1%	49.3%	63.6%	73.8%	79.5%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	30.5%	57.2%	73.9%	85.9%	93.6%	96.4%	97.8%	98.5%
Transferred to another hospital	44.6%	53.9%	61.0%	68.2%	76.8%	83.1%	86.1%	90.3%
All presentations	11.2%	27.2%	46.3%	66.5%	78.2%	85.0%	89.3%	91.7%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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St Vincent's Hospital Sydney: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 1 13,086 patients

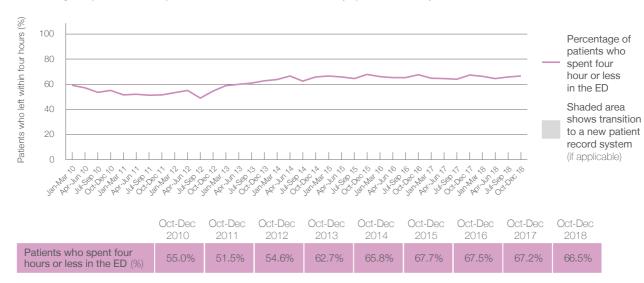
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 13,086 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

66.5%

	Change since one year ago
12,516	5%
12,516	5%
67.2%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2018 †



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: October to December 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 January 2019).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 January 2019).