NSW

South East Regional Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

July to September 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 4,343 patients	4,188	3.7%
Emergency presentations: ² 4,124 patients	3,933	4.9%

South East Regional Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

July to September 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 480 patients	340	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	8 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 25 minutes	25 minutes	29 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,450 patients	1,153	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes	93 minutes	83 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,679 patients	1,746	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	48 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	170 minutes	121 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 497 patients	684	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 35 minutes	54 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	168 minutes	118 minutes

South East Regional Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,339 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 72.5%

Change since	Same period
one year ago	last year
3.6%	4,187
	69.1%

Same period Change since

Same period

 $Comparisons \ should \ be \ made \ with \ caution - South \ East \ Regional \ Hospital \ replaced \ Bega \ District \ Hospital, \ which \ provided \ different \ services.$

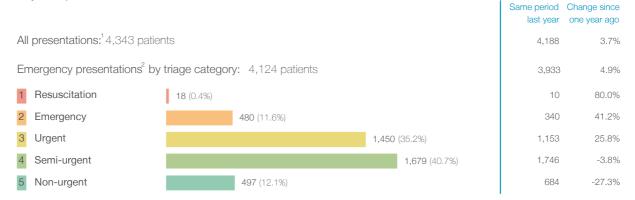
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

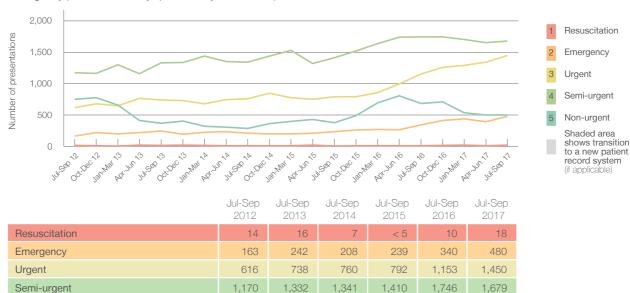
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

South East Regional Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 [‡]



365

2,602

2,819

3,933

2,693

2,710

South East Regional Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2017

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfe	683		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	14 minutes	-3 minutes
90th percentile time	21 minutes	30 minutes	-9 minutes

Comparisons should be made with caution - South East Regional Hospital replaced Bega District Hospital, which provided different services.

497

Same period Change since

4,124

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

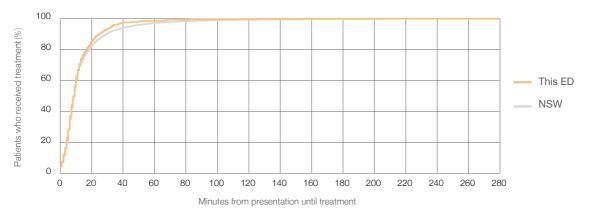
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

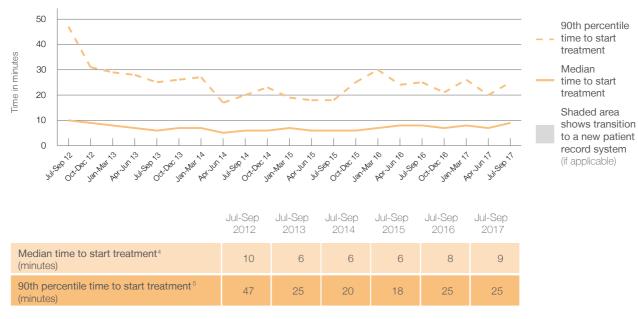
South East Regional Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 480	340	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 478	337	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	8 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 25 minutes	25 minutes	29 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 † †



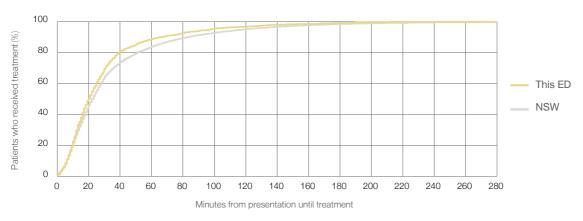
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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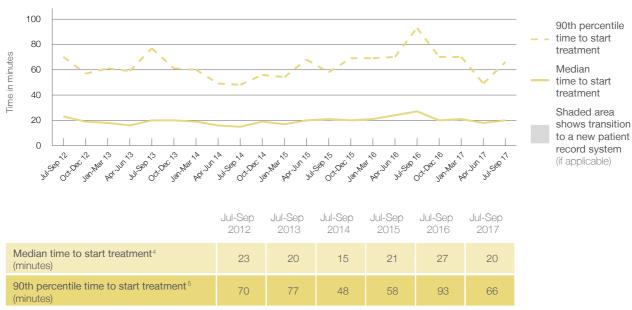
South East Regional Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,450	1,153	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,419	1,125	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	27 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes	93 minutes	83 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 † †



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

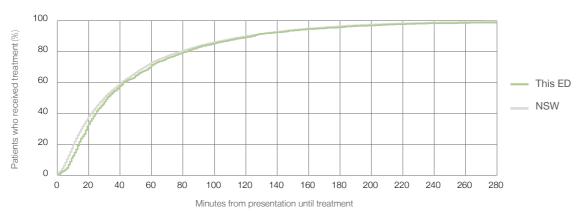
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South East Regional Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,679		1,746	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time	1,578		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes		48 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	124 minutes	170 minutes	121 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2012 to September 2017 † †



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

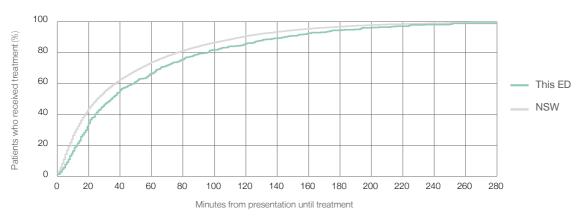
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South East Regional Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)			Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 497			684	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 417			554	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	35 minutes		54 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵		145 minutes	168 minutes	118 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2012 to September 2017



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6 hours and 29 minutes

NSW

(this period)

8 hours and

2 minutes

Same period

6 hours and

37 minutes

last vear

South East Regional Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2017

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

All presentations: 1 4,343 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 4,339 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 41 minutes

4,188
4,187

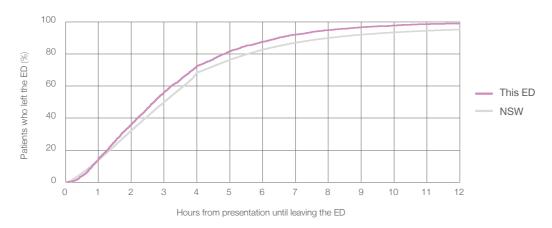
2 hours and 41 minutes

2 hours and 41 minutes

2 hours and 52 minutes

3 hours and 5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 †‡



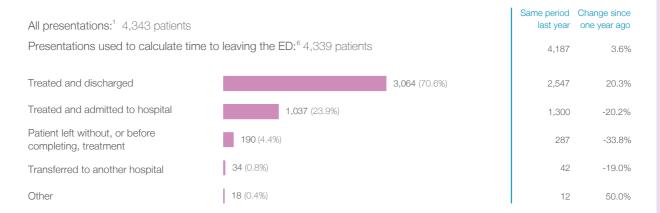
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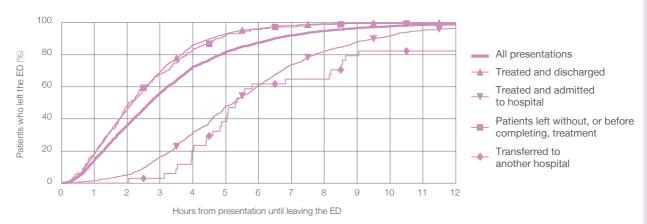
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

South East Regional Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2017 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	18.2%	46.0%	69.5%	86.1%	96.3%	99.3%	99.8%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.5%	5.2%	16.5%	31.8%	60.9%	82.0%	91.8%	96.4%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	18.4%	47.9%	67.9%	83.2%	95.8%	98.9%	99.5%	99.5%
Transferred to another hospital	0%	0%	2.9%	20.6%	61.8%	64.7%	82.4%	82.4%
All presentations	14.3%	36.1%	56.2%	72.5%	87.5%	94.8%	97.7%	98.9%

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South East Regional Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 4,343 patients

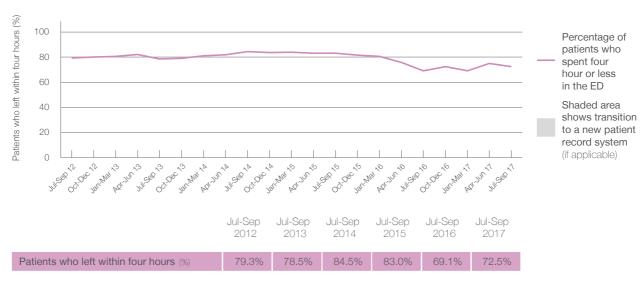
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 4,339 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

72.5%

	Change since one year ago
4,188	3.7%
4,187	3.6%
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Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017 14



Comparisons should be made with caution - South East Regional Hospital replaced Bega District Hospital, which provided different services.

- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 October 2017).