NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

John Hunter Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2016

	last year	one year ago
All attendances: 1 19,359 patients	18,902	2%
Emergency attendances: ² 19,350 patients	18,893	2%

John Hunter Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment³

January to March 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,906 patients	1,826	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 32 minutes	28 minutes	35 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 4,978 patients	5,137	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	105 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 9,755 patients	9,709	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	33 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	156 minutes	137 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 2,597 patients	2,089	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 36 minutes	38 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	170 minutes	135 minutes

John Hunter Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 19,359 patients

Percentage of patients who		
8 1		69%
left the FD within four hours		0070

	Change since one year ago
18,901	2%
64%	

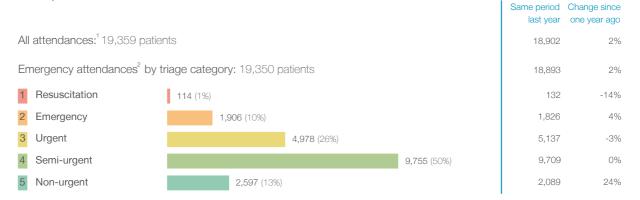
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

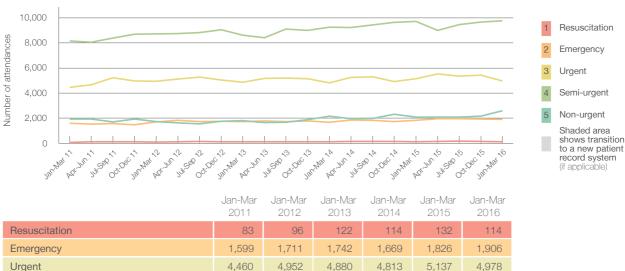
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

John Hunter Hospital: Patients attending the emergency department

January to March 2016



Emergency attendances² by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016[‡]



John Hunter Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

8,169

1 928

16,239

8,728

1.734

17,221

8,614

1.815

17,173

9,255

18,018

9,709

18.893

9,755

19.350

Same period Change since

January to March 2016

All emergency attendances

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 4,940 patients		5,140	
ED Transfer of care time §			
Median time	11 minutes	11 minutes	0 minutes
95th percentile time	29 minutes	32 minutes	-4 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

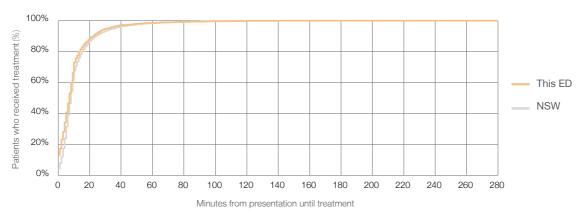
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and results should be interpreted with caution.

John Hunter Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2 January to March 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain,	severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,906		1,826	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calc	ulate waiting time:3 1,890	1,812	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes		7 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	32 minutes	28 minutes	35 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 11



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

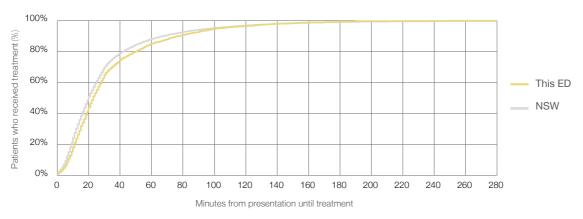
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

John Hunter Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3 January to March 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 4,978	5,137	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,874	5,031	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 104 minutes	105 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

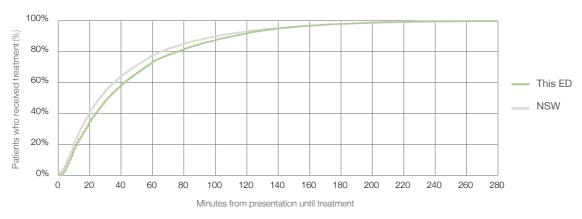
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

John Hunter Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle,	earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 9,755		9,709	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate	e waiting time: ³ 9,093	8,895	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	32 minutes	33 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	141 minutes	156 minutes	137 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2011 to March 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

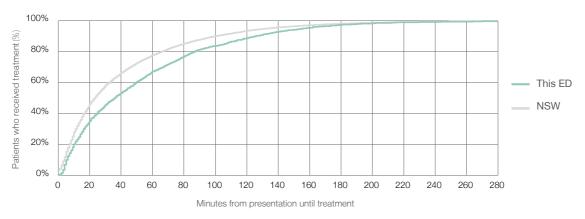
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

John Hunter Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or	abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 2,597		2,089	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calcu	ulate waiting time:3 2,163	1,700	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	36 minutes	38 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	157 minutes	170 minutes	135 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 11



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

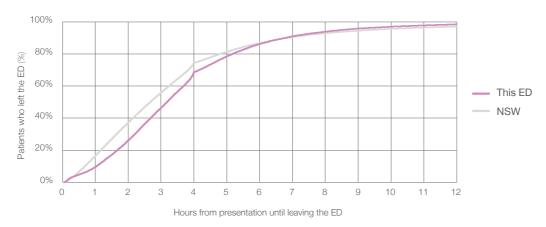
NSW

Same period

John Hunter Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016

	last year	(this period)
All attendances: 19,359 patients	18,902	
Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 19,359 patients	18,901	
Median time to leaving the ED ⁸ 3 hours and 11 minutes	3 hours and 26 minutes	2 hours and 40 minutes
95th percentile time to leaving the ED ⁹ 8 hours and 31 minutes	9 hours and 9 minutes	9 hours and 25 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 †‡

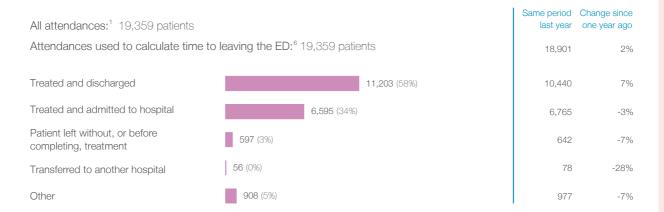


 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

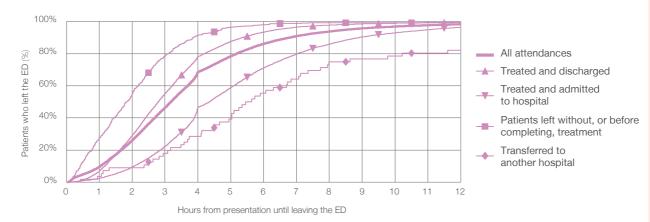
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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

John Hunter Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED By mode of separation January to March 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	7%	29%	55%	78%	93%	98%	99%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2%	9%	22%	47%	71%	86%	93%	96%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	27%	55%	79%	92%	98%	99%	99%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	4%	9%	18%	29%	55%	75%	79%	82%
All attendances	10%	26%	46%	69%	86%	94%	97%	98%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

John Hunter Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation January to March 2016

All attendances: 1 19,359 patients

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 19,359 patients

Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours



Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 †*

69%



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED)
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 April 2016).