Murwillumbah District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2016

		Change since one year ago	
All attendances:1 4,506 patients	4,192	7%	
Emergency attendances: ² 4,015 patients	3,824	5%	

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment³

January to March 2016		
	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 281 patients	265	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 16 minutes	15 minutes	35 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,200 patients	1,142	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 13 minutes	12 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 51 minutes	49 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,167 patients	2,085	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	15 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 93 minutes	82 minutes	137 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 367 patients	326	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	17 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 106 minutes	106 minutes	135 minutes

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2016	Same period	Change since one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,495 pat	ients 4,187	7%
Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours	89% 91%	

Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

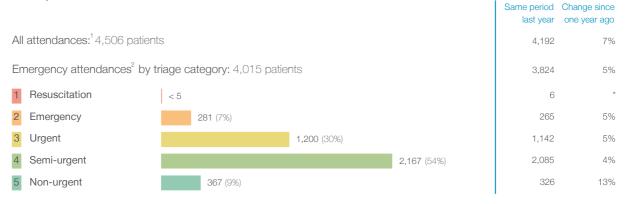
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016. 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

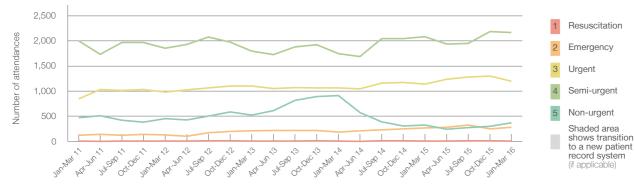
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Patients attending the emergency department

January to March 2016



Emergency attendances² by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016[‡]



	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016
Resuscitation	< 5	5	< 5	5	6	< 5
Emergency	126	129	216	183	265	281
Urgent	850	982	1,104	1,061	1,142	1,200
Semi-urgent	2,003	1,854	1,798	1,745	2,085	2,167
Non-urgent	470	454	519	913	326	367
All emergency attendances	3,449	3,424	3,637	3,907	3,824	4,015

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

 January to March 2016
 Same period
 Change since last year
 one year ago

 Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: ⁷ 182 patients **
 256
 256

 ED Transfer of care time
 12 minutes
 12 minutes
 0 minutes

 95th percentile time
 35 minutes
 41 minutes
 -6 minutes

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

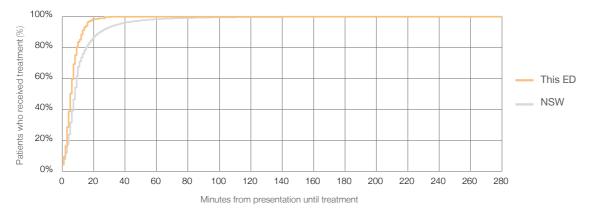
(**) Interpret with caution: total ambulance arrivals include more than 30% of records for which transfer of care time cannot be calculated.

(§) For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and results should be interpreted with caution.

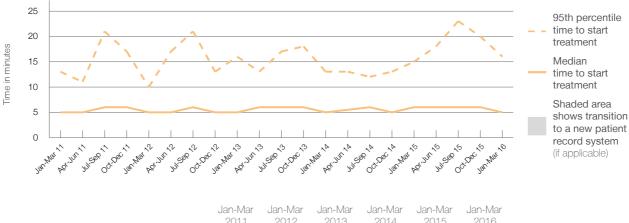
Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2 January to March 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 281	265	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 274		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 16 minutes	15 minutes	35 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{†‡}



	2011	2012	2010	2014	2010	2010
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	5	5	5	5	6	5
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	13	10	16	13	15	16

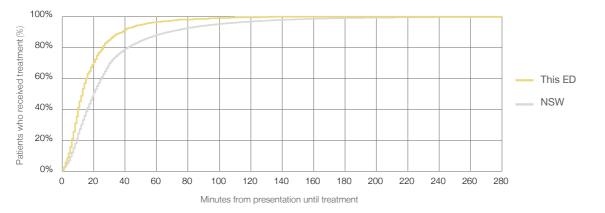
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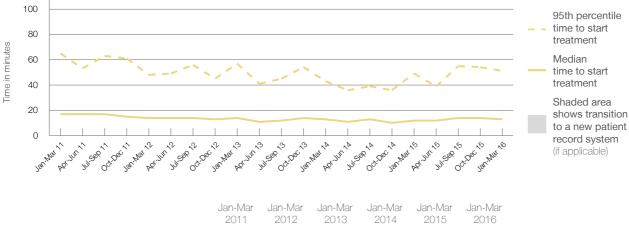
Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3 January to March 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,200		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 1,182		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 13 minutes	12 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 51 minutes	49 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{†‡}



Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	17	14	14	13	12	13
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	65	48	57	43	49	51

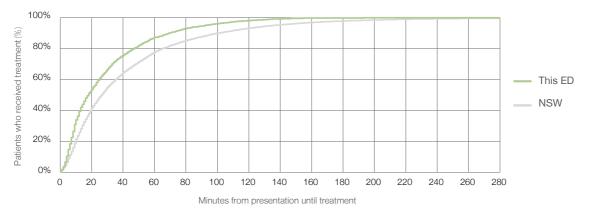
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,167	2,085	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 2,088	2,030	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	15 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 93 minutes	82 minutes	137 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016







(minutes)

111

87

98

87

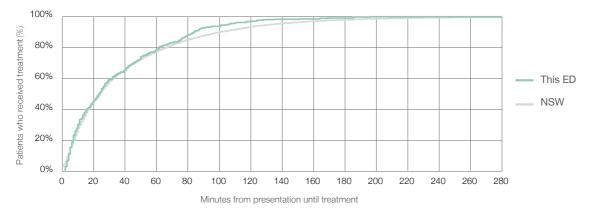
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

 $^{(\}pm)$ Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 367	326	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 346	303	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	17 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 106 minutes	106 minutes	135 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2011 to March 2016^{†‡}



Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	27	23	21	20	17	24
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	117	114	103	112	106	106

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

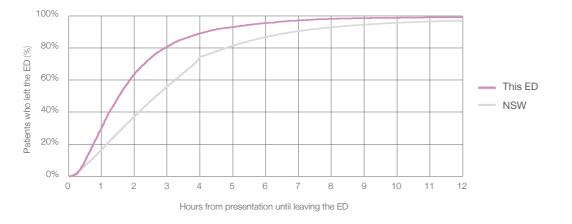
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Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

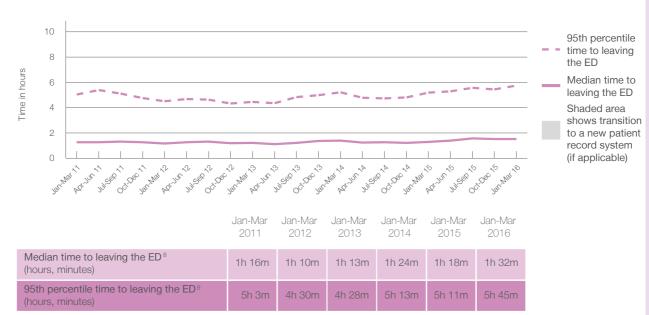
January to March 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
All attendances:1 4,506 patients	4,192	
Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,495 patients		
Median time to leaving the ED ⁸ 1 hours and 32 minutes	1 hours and 18 minutes	2 hours and 40 minutes
95th percentile time to leaving the ED ⁹ 5 hours and 45 minutes	5 hours and 11 minutes	9 hours and 25 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 $^{\dagger \ddagger}$

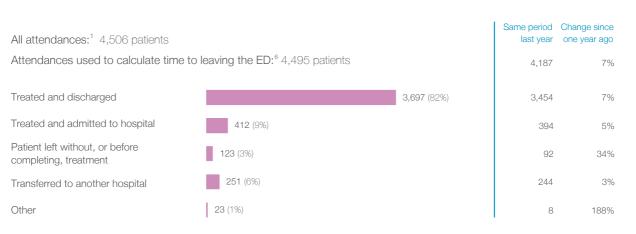


^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

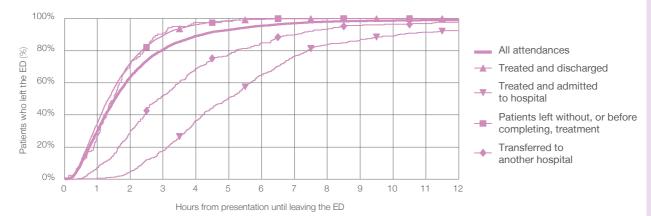
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Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED By mode of separation

January to March 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	35%	72%	89%	96%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0%	5%	18%	36%	65%	84%	89%	92%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	27%	72%	91%	98%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	7%	30%	52%	69%	85%	93%	96%	98%
All attendances	30%	64%	81%	89%	96%	98%	99%	99%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after (\pm) transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Murwillumbah District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation

	January to March 2016	Same period last year	Change since one year ago			
	All attendances: 1 4,506 patients	4,192	7%			
Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,495 patients					7%	
	Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours		89%	91%		

Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016^{†‡}



- Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before \$ and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see
- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer 9. than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED. Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%. Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 April 2016).

District group 1 hospitals (C1)

Northern NSW Local Health District