

Hospital Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

South Western Sydney Local Health District

NSW

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 13,511 patients	13,418	0.7%
Emergency presentations: ² 13,389 patients	13,318	0.5%

Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 2,518 patients	2,629	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 27 minutes	24 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 5,761 patients	5,662	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	17 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 73 minutes	59 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,350 patients	4,454	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	19 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 80 minutes	70 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 657 patients	479	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	20 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	65 minutes	103 minutes

Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,511 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

ı	Same period	Change since
	last year	one year ago
	13,416	0.7%
	77.6%	

Same period Change since

Same period

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

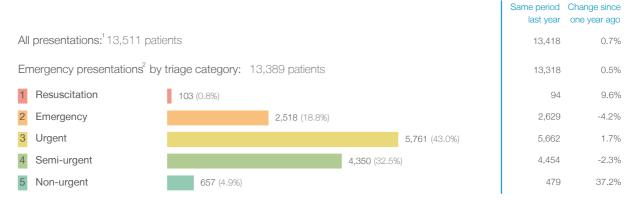
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

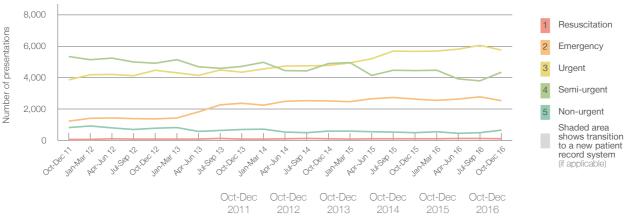
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Resuscitation	57	71	78	94	94	103
Emergency	1,227	1,359	2,371	2,509	2,629	2,518
Urgent	3,846	4,474	4,333	4,762	5,662	5,761
Semi-urgent	5,340	4,918	4,708	4,895	4,454	4,350
Non-urgent	822	773	682	594	479	657
All emergency presentations	11,292	11,595	12,172	12,854	13,318	13,389

Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran-	sfer of care time: 7 3,527 patients	3,741	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	14 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	24 minutes	31 minutes	-7 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

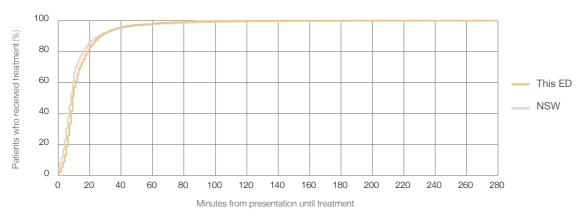
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 2,518	2,629	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,511	2,617	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 27 minutes	24 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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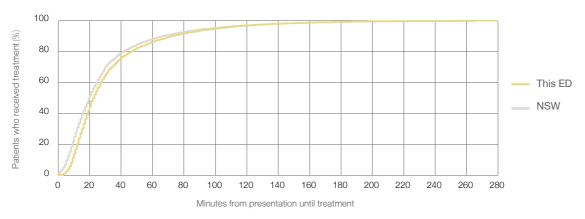
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 5,761	5,662		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 5,657		5,556	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	23 minutes	17 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	73 minutes	59 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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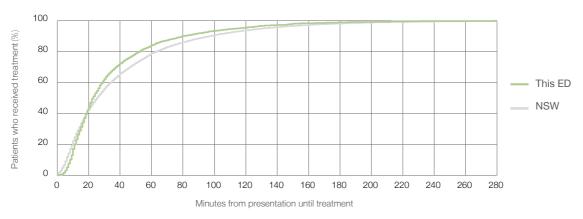
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,350	4,454	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 4,185	4,301	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	19 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	70 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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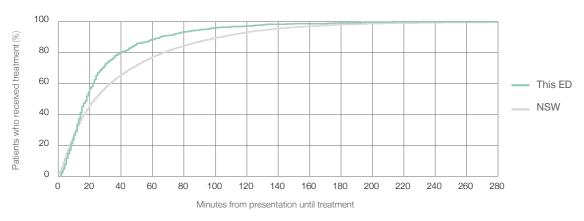
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)		(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 657	479	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 544		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	20 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	65 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

All presentations: 1 13,511 patients

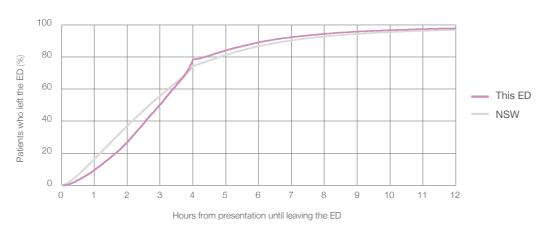
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 8 13,511 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 0 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 6 hours and 14 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	13,418
	13,416
2 hours and 41 minutes	2 hours and 58 minutes
6 hours and 54 minutes	6 hours and 24 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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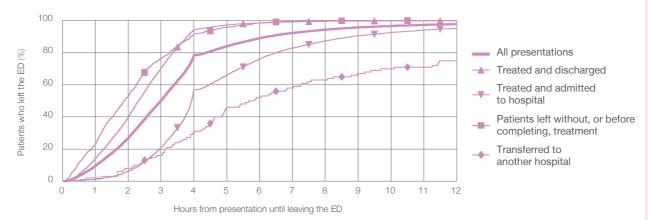
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016

Same period Change since All presentations: 13,511 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 13,511 patients 13,416 0.7% 6,896 (51.0%) Treated and discharged -3.6% 7.157 Treated and admitted to hospital 5,511 (40.8%) 5.289 4.2% Patient left without, or before 975 (7.2%) 22.8% 794 completing, treatment 100 (0.7%) 28.2% Transferred to another hospital 29 (0.2%) Other 100 -71.0%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	14.3%	39.7%	70.4%	94.4%	98.6%	99.6%	99.8%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.1%	6.2%	21.0%	56.9%	76.1%	87.4%	92.6%	95.2%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	23.4%	52.9%	76.7%	91.9%	98.6%	99.9%	99.9%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	2.0%	8.0%	16.0%	30.0%	52.0%	63.0%	70.0%	75.0%
All presentations	9.6%	26.9%	50.4%	78.5%	89.1%	94.4%	96.7%	97.8%

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Bankstown / Lidcombe Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,511 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,511 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

78.5%

	Change since
last year	one year ago
13,418	0.7%
13,416	0.7%
77.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Bowral and District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 5,133 patients	4,732	8.5%
Emergency presentations: ² 4,970 patients	4,578	8.6%

Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 312 patients	324	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 24 minutes	20 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,522 patients	1,462	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	19 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 61 minutes	57 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,348 patients	2,150	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	21 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	98 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 770 patients	623	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	21 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 91 minutes	93 minutes	103 minutes

Bowral and District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 5,133 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

Change since	Same period
one year ago	last year
8.5%	4,732
	87.0%

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

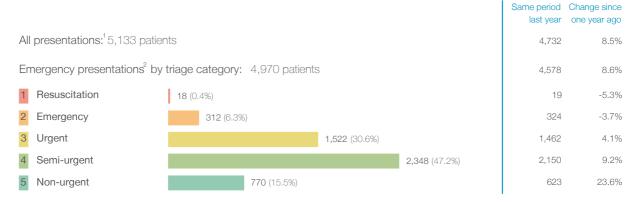
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Bowral and District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



214

969

2,283

4,405

1,062

4,307

319

1,346

2,142

4,463

324

1,462

2,150

4,578

312

1,522

2,348

4,970

Same period Change since

Bowral and District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

197

1,331

2,544

412 4,494

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Emergency

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

Urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	fer of care time: 7 792 patients	795	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	12 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	21 minutes	22 minutes	-1 minute

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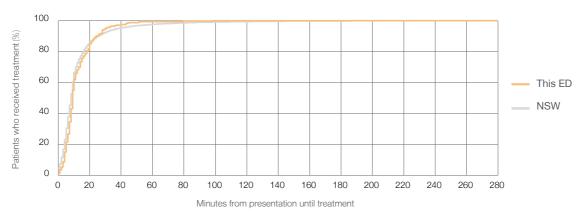
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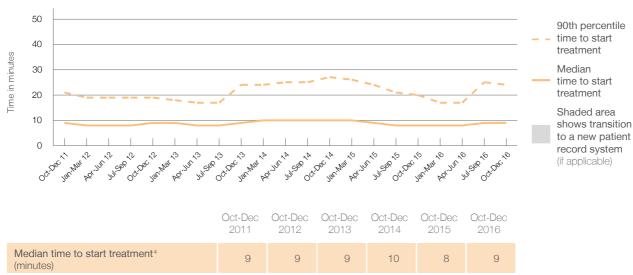
Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 312	324	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 312	322	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 24 minutes	20 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



	(+)	Data points are	not shown ir	n graphs for	quarters when	patient no	umbers are too small.
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19

24

27

20

24

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)

Number of triage 3 patients: 1,522

Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,507

Median time to start treatment 4 18 minutes

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

Same period last year (this period)

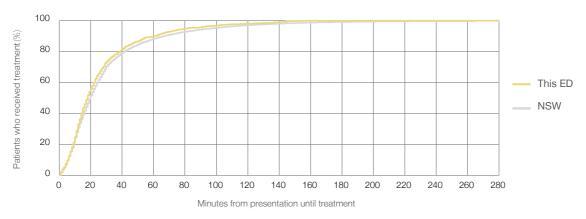
1,462

1,439

19 minutes 20 minutes

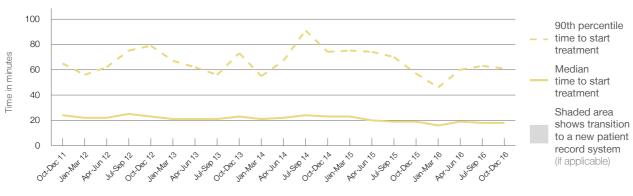
57 minutes 67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



61 minutes

Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011		Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	24	23	23	23	19	18
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	65	79	73	74	57	61

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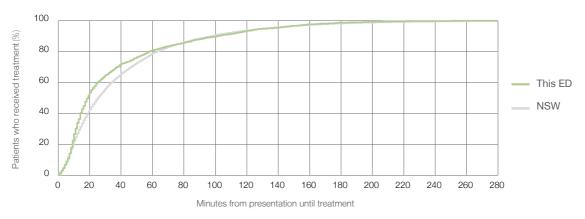
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,348	2,150	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,276	2,033	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 19 minutes	21 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 102 minutes	98 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



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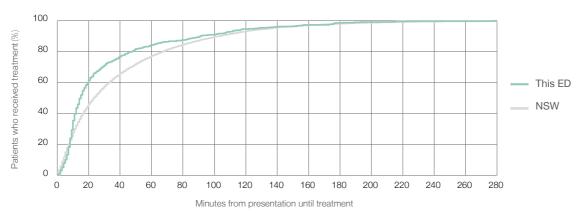
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 770	623	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 702	543	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 15 minutes	21 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 91 minutes	93 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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NSW

Same period

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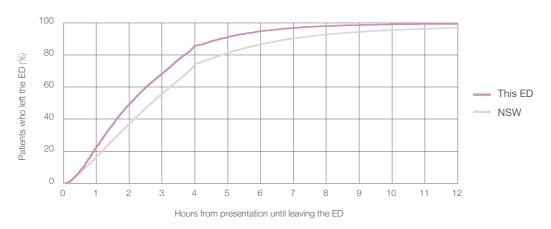
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Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

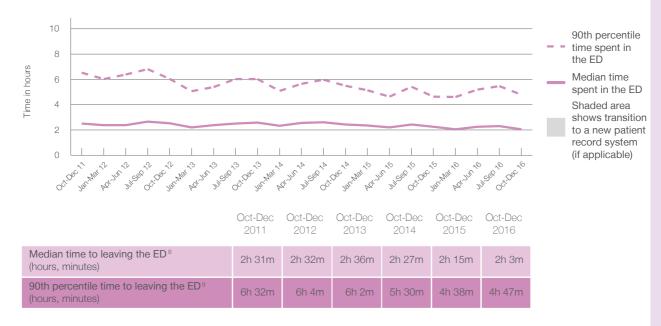
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 5,133 patients 4,732 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 5,133 patients 4,732 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 3 minutes 15 minutes 41 minutes 4 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 4 hours and 47 minutes 38 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



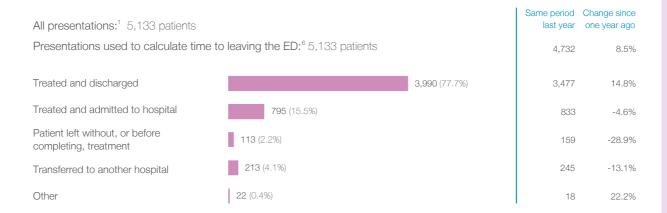
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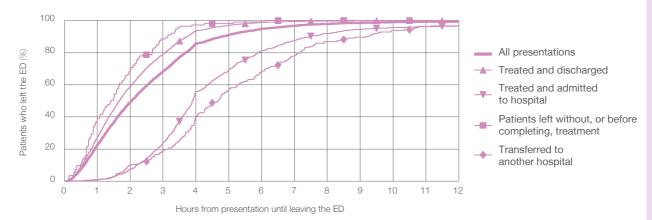
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Bowral and District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	27.5%	59.0%	79.3%	93.6%	98.9%	99.7%	99.9%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.8%	7.4%	23.9%	55.8%	81.1%	91.8%	95.7%	96.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	38.9%	69.0%	88.5%	97.3%	99.1%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	0.9%	9.9%	18.8%	40.4%	68.1%	86.9%	93.9%	96.7%
All presentations	22.6%	49.2%	68.5%	85.6%	94.9%	98.0%	99.0%	99.4%

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Bowral and District Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 15,133 patients

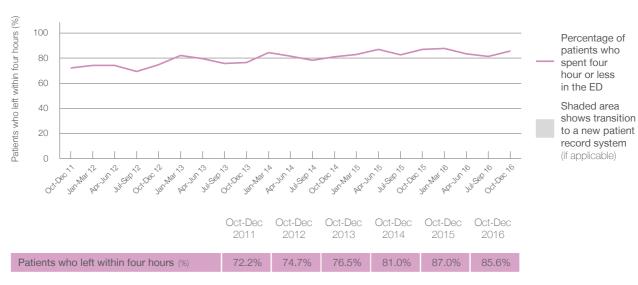
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 5,133 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

85.6%

	Change since
last year	one year ago
4,732	8.5%
4,732	8.5%
97.00/	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 16,810 patients	16,280	3.3%
Emergency presentations: ² 16,661 patients	16,103	3.5%

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,798 patients	1,761	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	20 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 6,863 patients	6,326	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	17 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes	81 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 6,130 patients	6,243	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	27 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	125 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,777 patients	1,665	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	30 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	122 minutes	103 minutes

Campbelltown Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 16,810 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 60.2%

	one year ago
16,280	3.3%
57.7%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

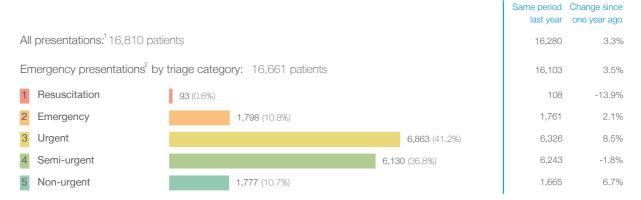
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

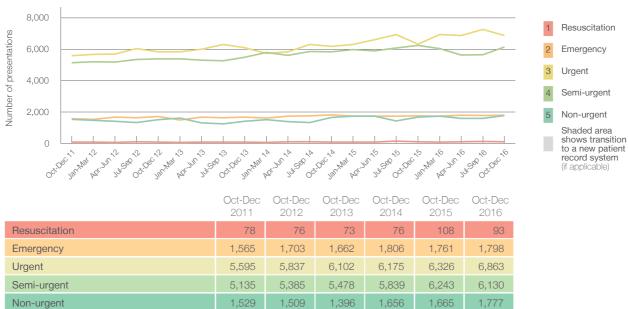
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



Campbelltown Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

13,902

14,510

14,711

15,552

16,103

16.661

Same period Change since

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transf	er of care time: 7 4,041 patients	4,055	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	14 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	26 minutes	29 minutes	-3 minutes

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

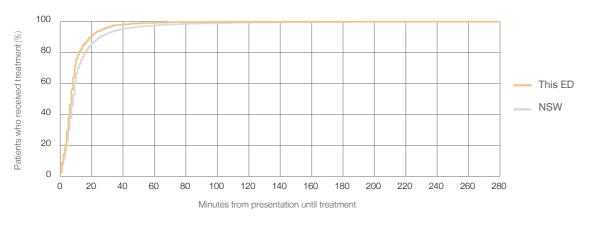
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

$\textbf{Campbelltown Hospital:} \ \ \text{Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2}$

October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,798	1,761	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,793	1,757	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 19 minutes	20 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	8	8	7	8	7	7
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	22	21	21	22	20	19

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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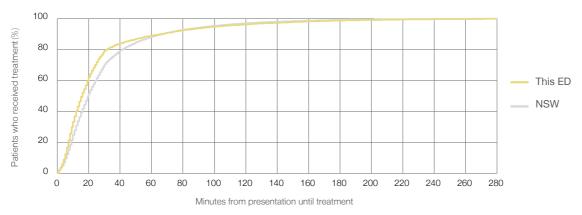
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

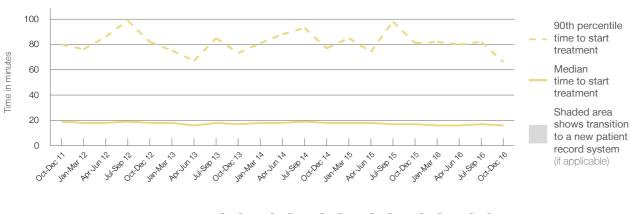
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood	loss, dehydration)
Number of triage 3 patients: 6,863	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calc	culate waiting time:3 6,736
Median time to start treatment ⁴	16 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	66 minutes

Same period last year	NSW (this period)
6,326	
6,135	
17 minutes	20 minutes
81 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	19	18	17	18	17	16
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	80	82	73	77	81	66

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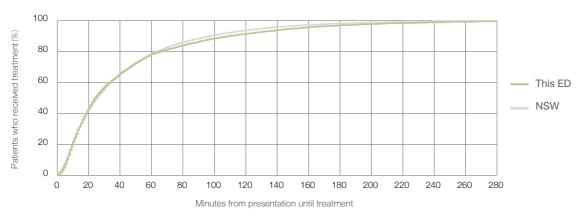
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 6,130	6,243	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 5,774	5,797	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	27 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 110 minutes	125 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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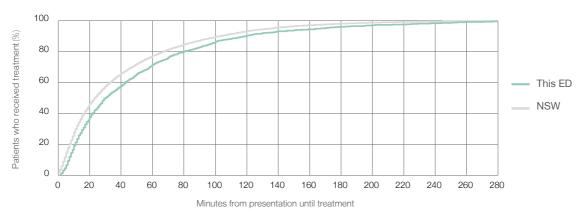
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,777	1,665	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,570	1,459	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	30 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 119 minutes	122 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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NSW

Same period

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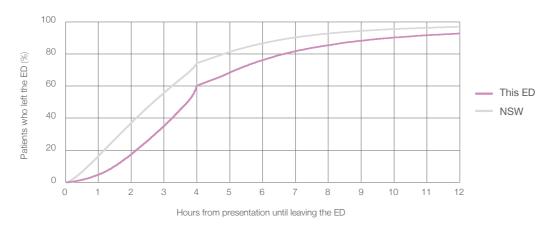
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

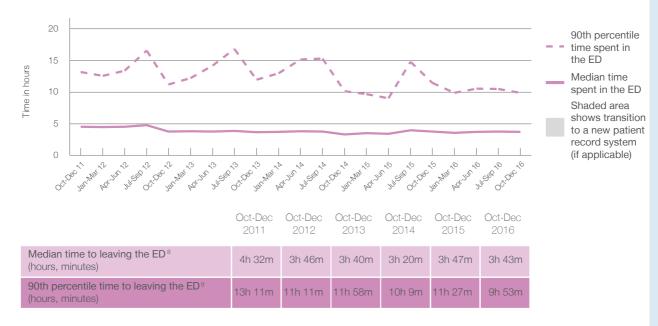
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 16,810 patients 16,280 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 16,810 patients 16,280 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 43 minutes 47 minutes 41 minutes 11 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 9 hours and 53 minutes 27 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

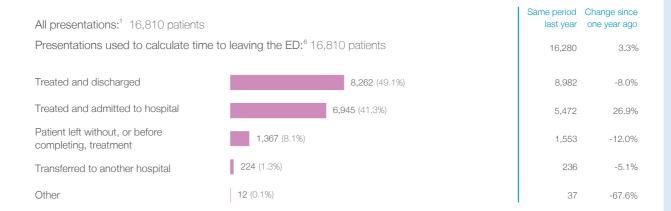
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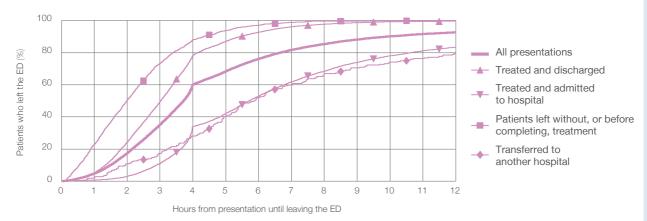
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Campbelltown Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	5.2%	24.3%	49.6%	78.4%	92.8%	97.8%	99.3%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.6%	3.0%	11.0%	34.1%	53.0%	68.4%	78.1%	83.5%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	22.9%	50.6%	73.4%	88.1%	97.1%	99.6%	99.9%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	2.2%	10.7%	17.4%	28.1%	51.8%	67.0%	74.1%	79.5%
All presentations	4.8%	17.5%	35.2%	60.2%	76.1%	85.4%	90.2%	92.7%

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Campbelltown Hospital: Time spent in the ED

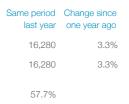
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 16,810 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 16,810 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED





Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
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- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

NSW

Same period

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Fairfield Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: ¹ 8,930 patients	8,788	1.6%
Emergency presentations: ² 8,901 patients	8,765	1.6%

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 759 patients	727	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 24 minutes	28 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,191 patients	2,893	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 70 minutes	82 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,231 patients	4,374	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	27 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	129 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 703 patients	756	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	30 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	129 minutes	103 minutes

Fairfield Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,930 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
8,788	1.6%
, i	
81.6%	

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

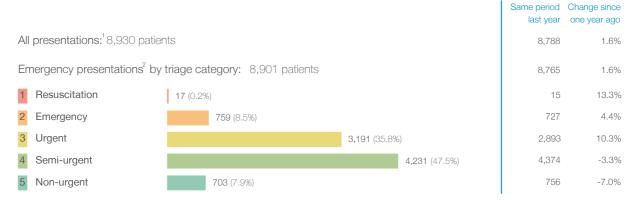
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

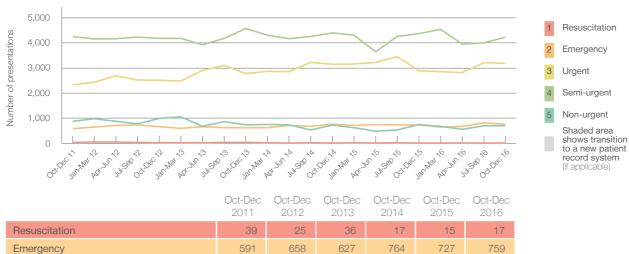
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Fairfield Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



2,332

4,257

8,095

876

2,504

4,175

8,359

2,782

4,581

8,767

741

3,147

4,403

9,054

2,893

4,374

8,765

3,191

4,231

8,901

Same period Change since

Fairfield Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Urgent

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 1,297 patients			
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	12 minutes	12 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	28 minutes	31 minutes	-3 minutes

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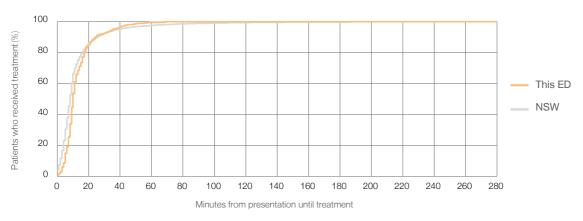
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 759	727	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 753		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 24 minutes	28 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	12	9	9	9	10	10
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	34	21	16	22	28	24

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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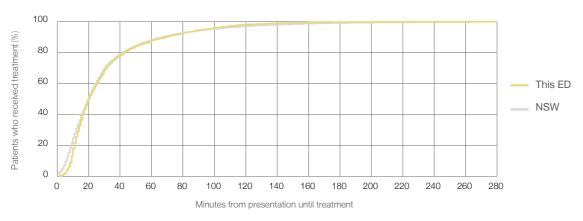
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

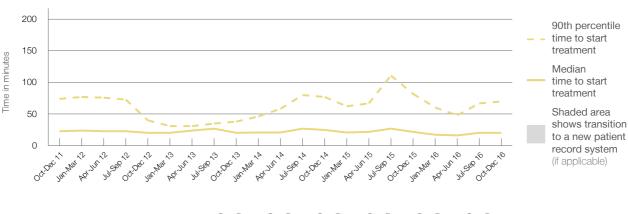
October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,191		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,118		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 70 minutes	82 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	23	20	20	25	22	20
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	74	40	38	77	82	70

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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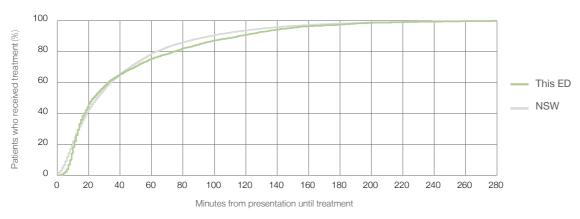
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained a	ankle, earache)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,231		4,374	
Number of triage 4 patients used to cal	culate waiting time:3 3,813	3,971	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	23 minutes	27 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	116 minutes	129 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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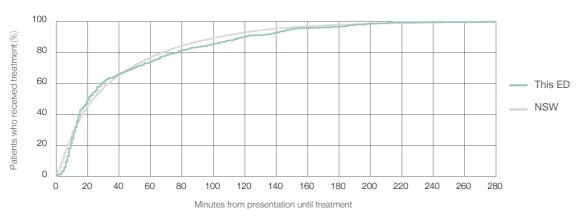
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 703	756	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 517	514	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	30 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 120 minutes	129 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



(minutes)

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NSW

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

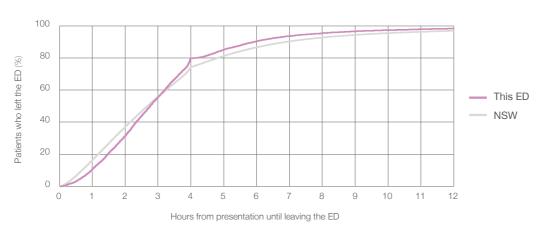
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

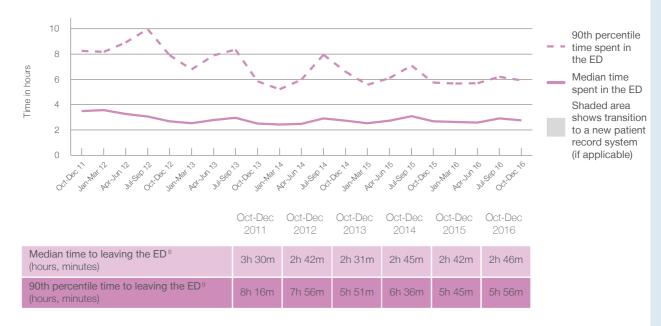
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 8,930 patients 8,788 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 8,930 patients 8,788 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 46 minutes 42 minutes 41 minutes 5 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 5 hours and 56 minutes 45 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

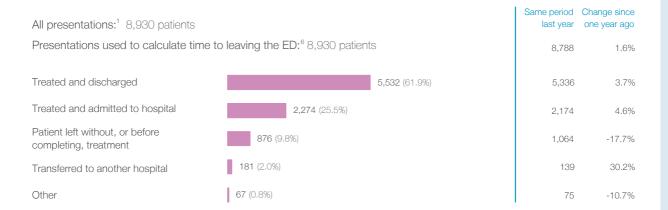
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

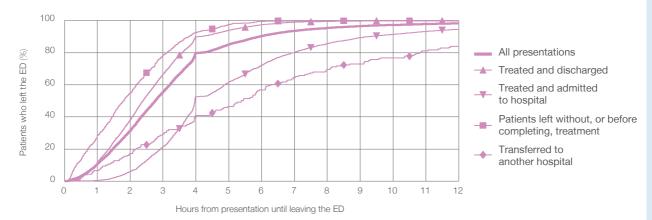
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	11.5%	38.0%	66.5%	89.9%	97.5%	99.5%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.4%	5.9%	21.6%	52.6%	72.2%	85.8%	91.4%	94.5%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	28.2%	54.9%	78.2%	92.6%	99.4%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%
Transferred to another hospital	6.6%	17.1%	29.3%	40.9%	56.9%	69.6%	76.8%	84.0%
All presentations	10.7%	31.4%	55.7%	79.7%	90.4%	95.4%	97.3%	98.3%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Fairfield Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,930 patients

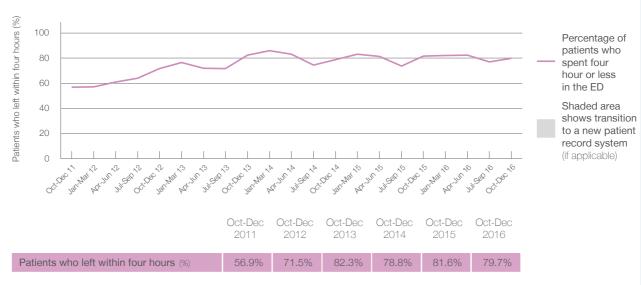
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,930 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

79.7%

Change since one year ago	
1.6%	8,788
1.6%	8,788
	81.6%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED)
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

NSW

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Liverpool Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 21,176 patients	20,531	3.1%
Emergency presentations: ² 20,799 patients	20,238	2.8%

Liverpool Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

Triage 2Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 3,527 patients3,203Median time to start treatment48 minutes11 minutes8 minutes90th percentile time to start treatment526 minutes38 minutes26 minutesTriage 3Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 10,813 patients10,184Median time to start treatment415 minutes21 minutes20 minutes90th percentile time to start treatment552 minutes74 minutes67 minutesTriage 4Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 5,092 patients5,106Median time to start treatment417 minutes31 minutes25 minutes90th percentile time to start treatment566 minutes99 minutes97 minutesTriage 5Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,203 patients1,598Median time to start treatment414 minutes28 minutes24 minutes90th percentile time to start treatment559 minutes101 minutes103 minutes		last year	(this period)
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes 38 minutes 26 minutes 10,184 Median time to start treatment ⁴ 15 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 52 minutes 74 minutes 67 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 5,092 patients Median time to start treatment ⁴ 17 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes 1,598 Median time to start treatment ⁴ 1,4 minutes 28 minutes 24 minutes 24 minutes	Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 3,527 patients	3,203	
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 10,813 patients 10,184 Median time to start treatment ⁴ 15 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 52 minutes 74 minutes 67 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 5,092 patients Median time to start treatment ⁴ 17 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,203 patients 1,598 Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes 28 minutes 24 minutes	Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	11 minutes	8 minutes
Median time to start treatment ⁴	90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes	38 minutes	26 minutes
Median time to start treatment ⁴			
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 52 minutes 74 minutes 74 minutes 67 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 5,092 patients Median time to start treatment ⁴ 17 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes 99 minutes 1,598 Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes 24 minutes 24 minutes	Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 10,813 patients	10,184	
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 5,092 patients Median time to start treatment ⁴ 17 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes 74 minutes 5,106 31 minutes 99 minutes 97 minutes 74 minutes 5,106 17 minutes 99 minutes 1,598 Median time to start treatment ⁴ 1,598 Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes 28 minutes 24 minutes	Median time to start treatment ⁴ 15 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 17 minutes 25 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes 99 minutes 97 minutes 1,598 Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,203 patients 1,598 Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes 28 minutes 24 minutes	90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 52 minutes	74 minutes	67 minutes
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 17 minutes 25 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes 99 minutes 97 minutes 1,598 Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,203 patients 1,598 Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes 28 minutes 24 minutes			
90th percentile time to start treatment 66 minutes 99 minutes 97 minutes 1,598 Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,203 patients 1,598 Median time to start treatment 28 minutes 24 minutes 24 minutes	Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 5,092 patients	5,106	
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,203 patients 1,598 Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes 28 minutes 24 minutes	Median time to start treatment ⁴	31 minutes	25 minutes
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes 28 minutes 24 minutes	90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes	99 minutes	97 minutes
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes 28 minutes 24 minutes			
Median time to start treatment:	Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,203 patients	1,598	
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 59 minutes 101 minutes 103 minutes	Median time to start treatment ⁴ 14 minutes	28 minutes	24 minutes
	90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 59 minutes	101 minutes	103 minutes

Liverpool Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Same period last year one year ago

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 21,172 patients

20,531 3.1%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

51.9%

Same period change since one year ago

51.9%

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

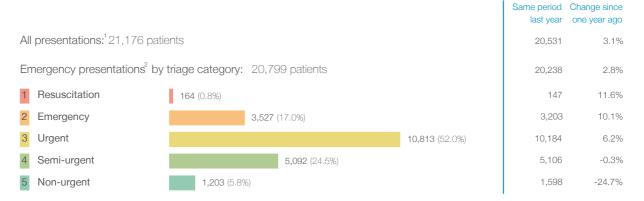
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

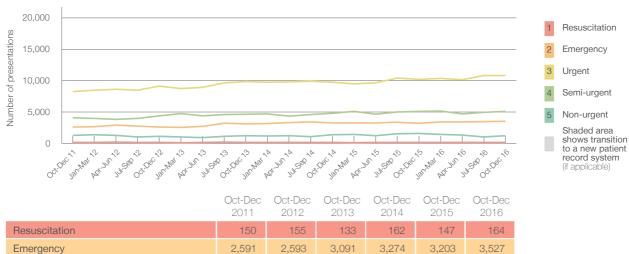
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Liverpool Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



9,133

4,388

1,103

17,372

9,818

4,638

1,193

18,873

9,746

4,805

19,372

10,184

5,106

1,598

20.238

10,813

5,092

1,203

Same period Change since

20,799

8,269

4,095

1.254

16,359

Liverpool Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Urgent

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 6,770 patients			
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	12 minutes	1 minute
90th percentile time	39 minutes	26 minutes	13 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

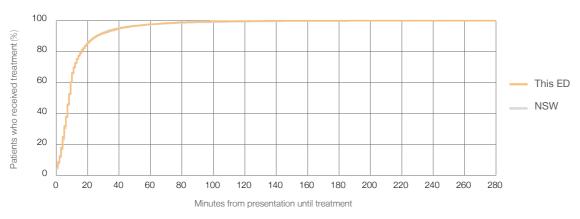
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

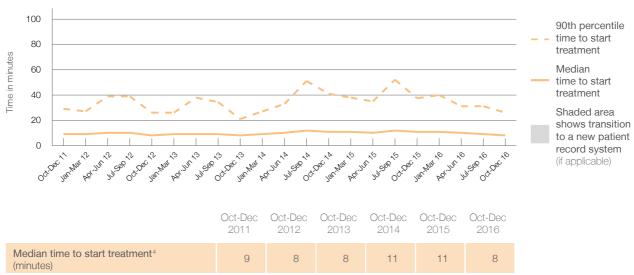
Liverpool Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 3,527	3,203	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,501	3,180	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	11 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes	38 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



26

21

41

26

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

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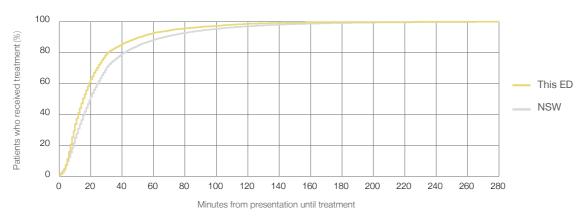
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Liverpool Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

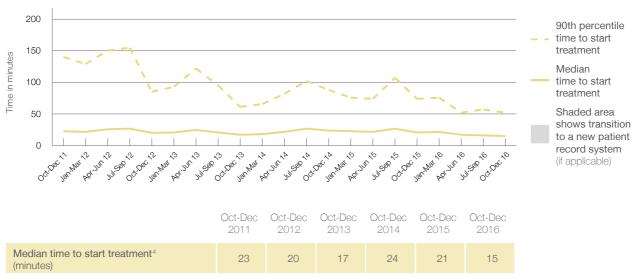
October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 10,813	10,184	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 10,414	9,833	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 15 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 52 minutes	74 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



140

85

61

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

74

52

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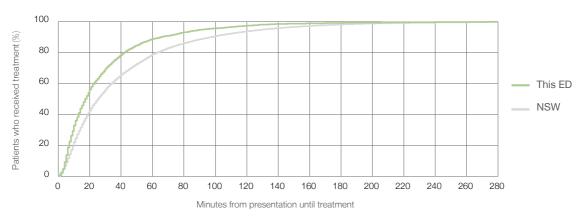
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Liverpool Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 5,092	5,106	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 4,540	4,638	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 17 minutes	31 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes	99 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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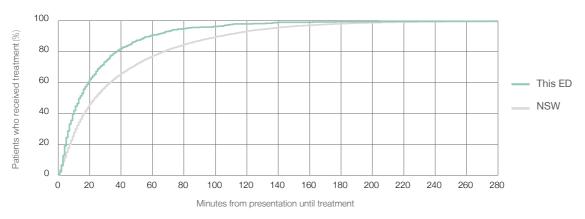
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Liverpool Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,203	1,598		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calcu	1,185		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	14 minutes	28 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	59 minutes	101 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

Same period

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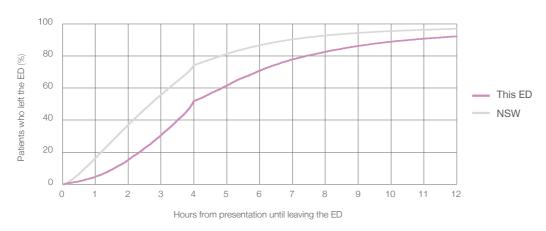
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Liverpool Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 21,176 patients 20,531 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 21,172 patients 20,531 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 57 minutes 54 minutes 41 minutes 9 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 10 hours and 35 minutes 30 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

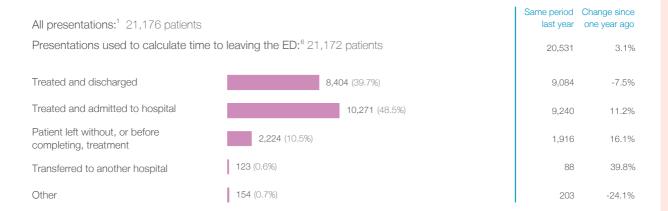
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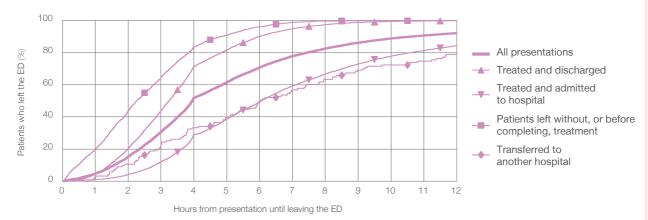
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Liverpool Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	4.5%	20.5%	44.0%	71.4%	90.2%	97.4%	99.5%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.0%	4.1%	12.0%	28.8%	49.5%	66.8%	77.9%	84.4%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	19.8%	43.9%	64.7%	83.5%	96.1%	99.8%	99.9%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	2.4%	10.6%	22.8%	33.3%	50.4%	63.4%	72.4%	78.9%
All presentations	4.7%	15.3%	30.8%	51.9%	70.8%	82.6%	88.9%	92.2%

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Liverpool Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 121,176 patients

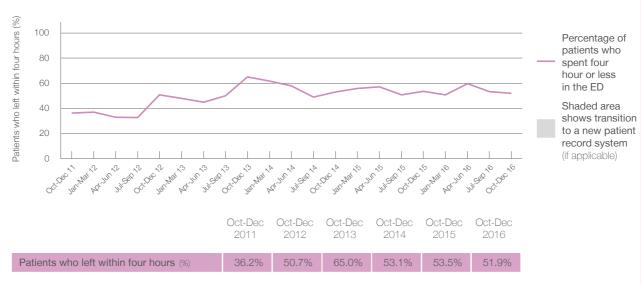
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 21,172 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
20,531	3.1%
20,531	3.1%
53.5%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
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- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).