Same period Change since

Westmead Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 19,295 patients	19,143	0.8%
Emergency presentations: ² 19,146 patients	18,981	0.9%

Westmead Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

October to December 2017

October to December 2017

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 5,871 patients	5,896	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	17 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 39 minutes	91 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 6,866 patients	7,025	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	50 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	168 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,508 patients	4,223	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 42 minutes	53 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	161 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,376 patients	1,305	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 46 minutes	41 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	132 minutes	103 minutes

Westmead Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 19,291 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
four hours or less in the ED	58.3%
Todi Hodis of 1633 in the LD	

	one year ago
19,129	0.8%
54.5%	

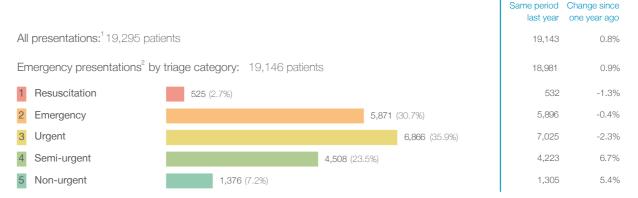
- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

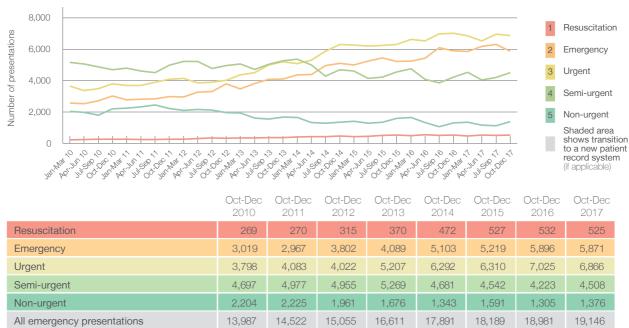
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Westmead Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 [‡]



Westmead Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	5,732		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	12 minutes	13 minutes	-1 minutes
90th percentile time	22 minutes	26 minutes	-4 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

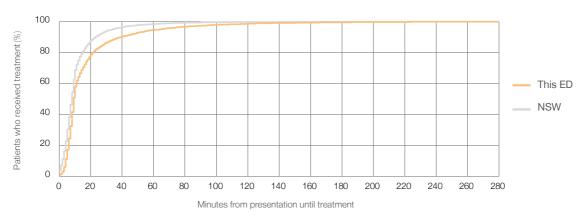
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Westmead Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

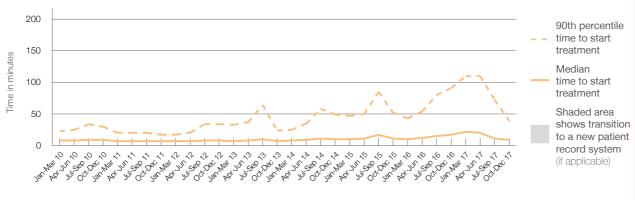
October to December 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 5,871	5,896	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 5,799	5,743	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	17 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 39 minutes	91 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	9	7	8	7	10	11	17	9
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	30	17	34	24	49	52	91	39

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

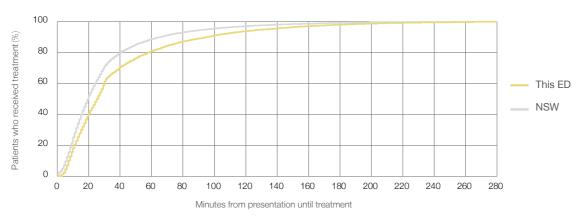
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Westmead Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

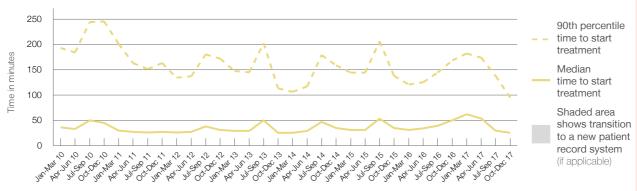
October to December 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 6,866	7,025	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 6,562	6,354	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	50 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 95 minutes	168 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	45	27	31	25	35	35	50	25
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	245	163	172	113	159	138	168	95

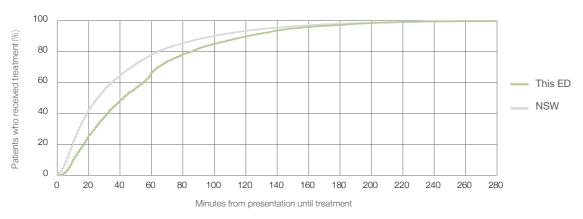
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

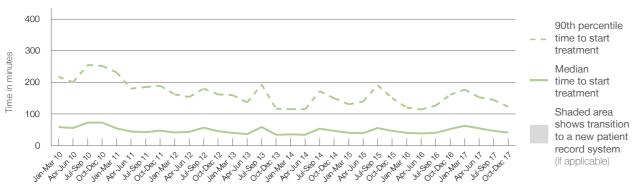
Westmead Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained a	ankle, earache)		Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,508			4,223	
Number of triage 4 patients used to cal-	3,671			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	42 minutes		53 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5		122 minutes	161 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	73	48	46	34	47	47	53	42
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	252	189	162	116	150	151	161	122

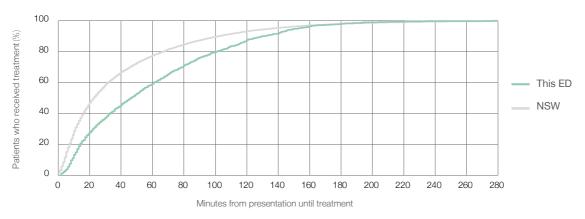
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

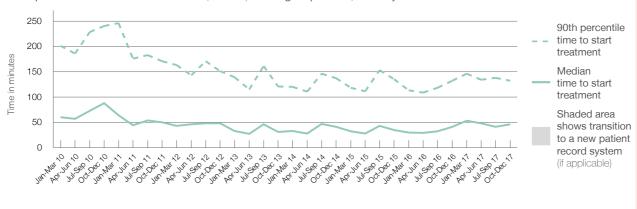
Westmead Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,376	1,305		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate	1,059		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	46 minutes	41 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	132 minutes	132 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	88	50	48	31	41	35	41	46
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	240	171	151	121	137	135	132	132

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

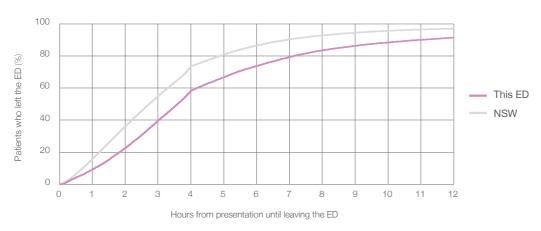
Same period

Westmead Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

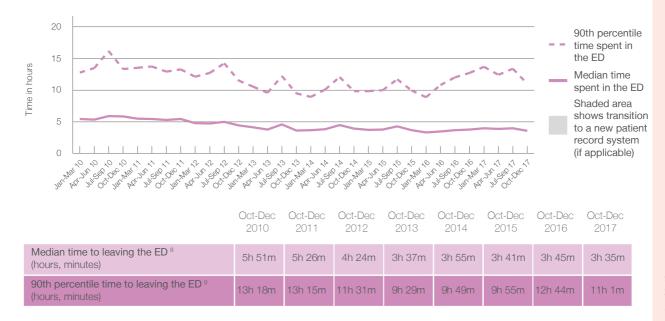
October to December 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 19,295 patients 19,143 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 19,291 patients 19.129 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 35 minutes 44 minutes 12 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 11 hours and 1 minutes 44 minutes 55 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

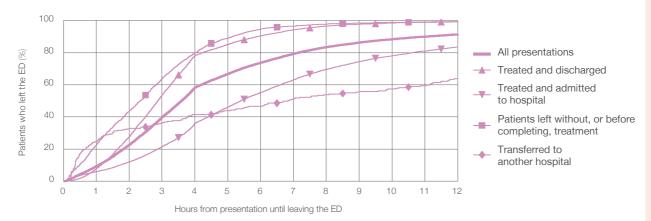
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Westmead Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2017

All presentations: 19,295 patients	Same period last year	Change since one year ago	
Presentations used to calculate time to	19,129	0.8%	
Treated and discharged	8,200 (42.5%)	7,182	14.2%
Treated and admitted to hospital	9,084 (47.1%)	9,475	-4.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	1,355 (7.0%)	1,762	-23.1%
Transferred to another hospital	249 (1.3%)	249	0.0%
Other	407 (2.1%)	475	-14.3%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	7.7%	27.7%	53.7%	78.1%	90.5%	96.6%	98.5%	99.3%
Treated and admitted to hospital	6.0%	12.0%	21.6%	36.0%	55.2%	69.6%	78.1%	83.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	22.6%	43.6%	63.9%	79.8%	94.8%	97.9%	98.9%	99.3%
Transferred to another hospital	24.5%	32.9%	36.1%	41.4%	46.6%	53.8%	57.4%	63.9%
All presentations	9.3%	22.6%	39.8%	58.3%	73.8%	83.5%	88.4%	91.4%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Westmead Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 119,295 patients

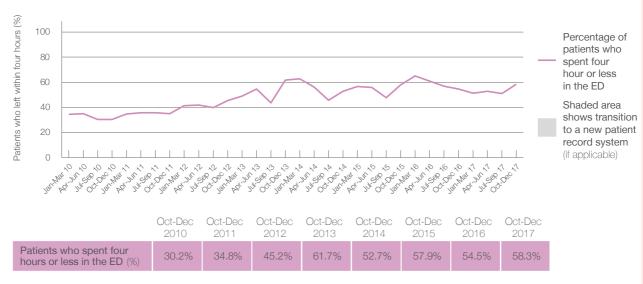
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 19,291 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
19,143	0.8%
19,129	0.8%
54.5%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 **



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).