1%

0%

Same period Change since

Nepean Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2016

last year one year ago All attendances: 1 17,004 patients 16,851 Emergency attendances:² 16,888 patients 16,810

Nepean Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment³

January to March 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 2,398 patients	2,428	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	9 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 60 minutes	43 minutes	35 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 4,774 patients	4,587	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 40 minutes	30 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 265 minutes	162 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 7,405 patients	7,691	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 41 minutes	32 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 257 minutes	167 minutes	137 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 2,224 patients	2,007	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 37 minutes	31 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 232 minutes	186 minutes	135 minutes

Nepean Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 17,004 patients

Percentage of patients who 49% left the ED within four hours

	Change since one year ago
16,851	1%
57%	

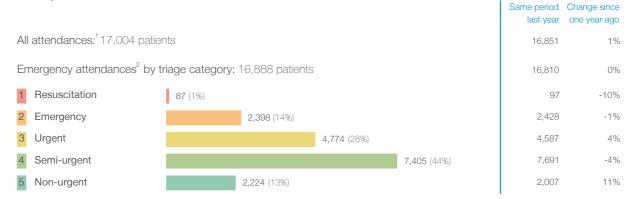
- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

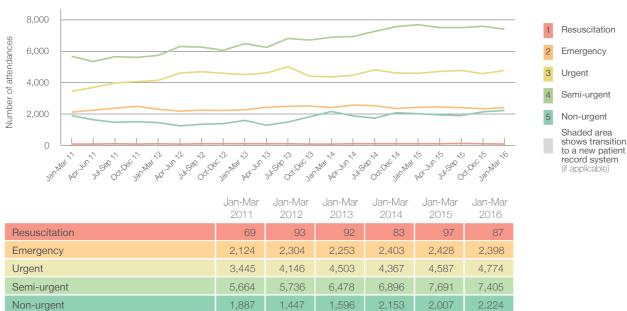
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Nepean Hospital: Patients attending the emergency department

January to March 2016



Emergency attendances² by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016[‡]



Nepean Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2016

All emergency attendances

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 4,739 patients	4,745	
ED Transfer of care time §			
Median time	11 minutes	11 minutes	0 minutes
95th percentile time	50 minutes	68 minutes	-18 minutes

13,726

14,922

15.902

16,810

16,888

Same period Change since

13,189

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

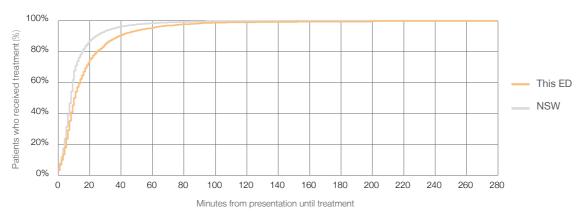
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and results should be interpreted with caution.

Nepean Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2 January to March 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 2,398	2,428	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,330		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 60 minutes	43 minutes	35 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2011 to March 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

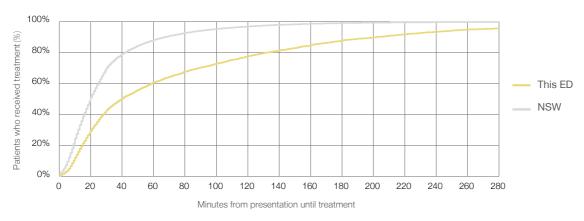
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Nepean Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3 January to March 2016

NSW Same period Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration) last year (this period) Number of triage 3 patients: 4,774 4 587 Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 4,226 4,186 Median time to start treatment⁴ 40 minutes 30 minutes 20 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment⁵ 265 minutes 99 minutes 162 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 11



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

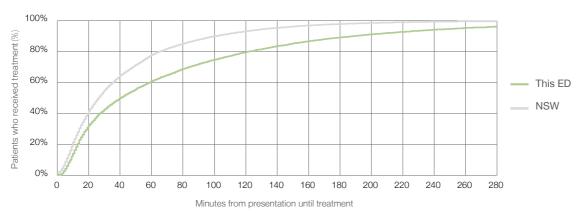
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Nepean Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016



Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2011 to March 2016



(minutes)

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

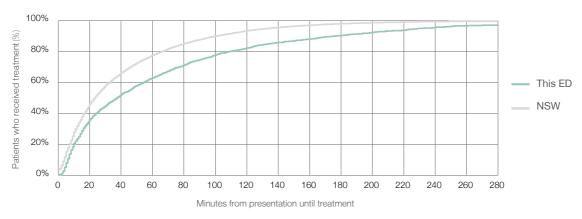
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Nepean Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 2,224		2,007	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,751		1,625	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 37 minutes		31 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	232 minutes	186 minutes	135 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2011 to March 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

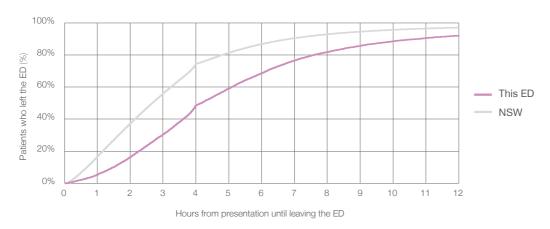
NSW

Same period

Nepean Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016

			last year	(this period)
All attendances: 17,004 patients			16,851	
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED:6 17,004	patients	16,851	
Median time to leaving the ED ⁸	4 hours and 10 min	4 hours and 10 minutes		2 hours and 40 minutes
95th percentile time to leaving the ED ⁹		15 hours and 6 minutes	14 hours and 55 minutes	9 hours and 25 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

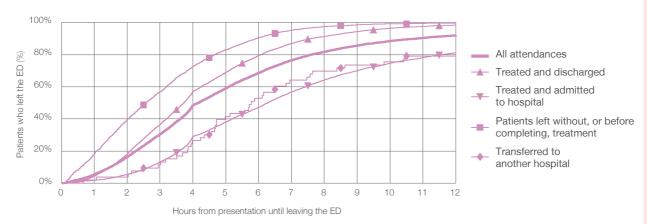
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Nepean Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED By mode of separation January to March 2016

All attendances: 1 17,004 patients	Same period last year	Change since one year ago	
Attendances used to calculate time to I	eaving the ED: ⁶ 17,004 patients	16,851	1%
Treated and discharged	8,187 (48%)	8,795	-7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	6,454 (38%)	6,296	3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	2,243 (13%)	1,605	40%
Transferred to another hospital	53 (0%)	47	13%
Other	67 (0%)	108	-38%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	4%	18%	37%	57%	79%	91%	96%	98%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2%	5%	13%	29%	47%	64%	75%	81%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	18%	40%	57%	73%	91%	98%	99%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	2%	4%	11%	26%	53%	70%	75%	79%
All attendances	5%	16%	30%	49%	69%	82%	89%	92%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Nepean Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation January to March 2016

All attendances: 1 17,004 patients

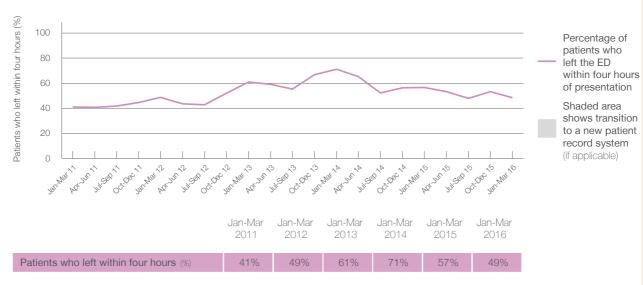
Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 17,004 patients

Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours



Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 †*

49%



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED)
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 April 2016).