Same period Change since

NSW

Same period

Wollongong Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 16,787 patients	15,861	5.8%
Emergency presentations: ² 16,523 patients	15,569	6.1%

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

October to December 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 2,261 patients	1,981	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	21 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 7,003 patients	6,609	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 71 minutes	68 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 6,449 patients	6,189	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	90 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 658 patients	620	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	23 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	86 minutes	103 minutes

Wollongong Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 16,787 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 66.4%

one year ago		
5.8%	15,860	
	66.9%	

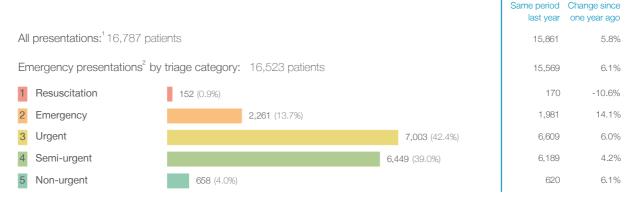
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

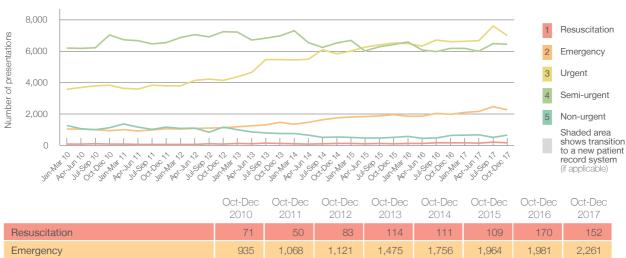
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Wollongong Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 [‡]



Wollongong Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

3,828

7,035

12,995

3,782

6,543

1,153

12,596

4,136

7,247

1.160

13,747

5,457

6,981

14,782

5,833

6,533

14,766

6,525

6,423

15,522

6,609

6,189

15,569

Same period Change since

7,003

6,449

16,523

658

October to December 2017

All emergency presentations

Urgent

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 5,580 patients	5,278	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	11 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	25 minutes	23 minutes	2 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

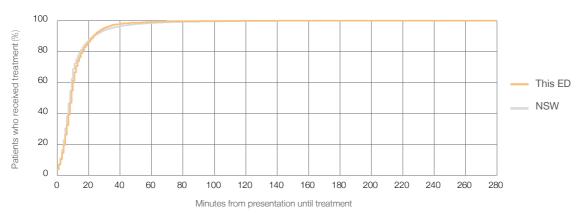
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

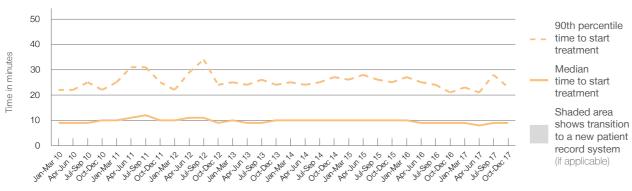
October to December 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 2,261	1,981	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,256		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 23 minutes	21 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	10	10	9	10	10	10	9	9
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	22	25	24	24	27	25	21	23

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

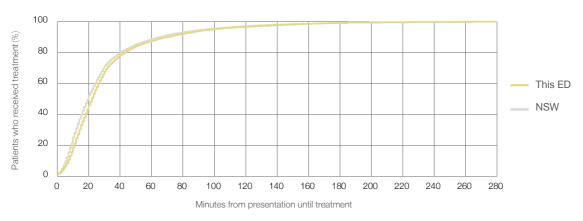
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

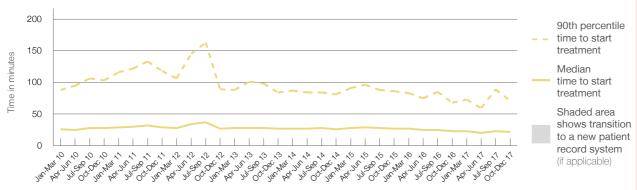
October to December 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 7,003	6,609	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 6,865	6,506	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 71 minutes	68 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	28	29	27	27	26	27	23	22
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	103	118	89	84	81	86	68	71

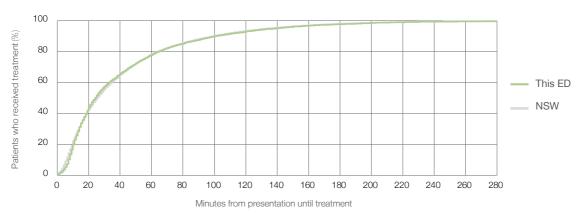
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

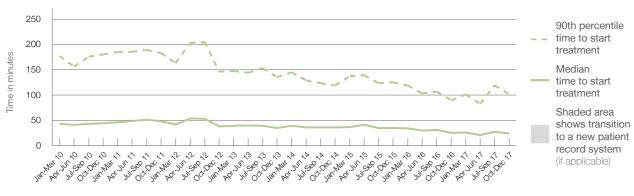
Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 6,449	6,189	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 6,096	5,914	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 24 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 102 minutes	90 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	44	48	38	35	36	35	25	24
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	180	183	146	135	119	125	90	102

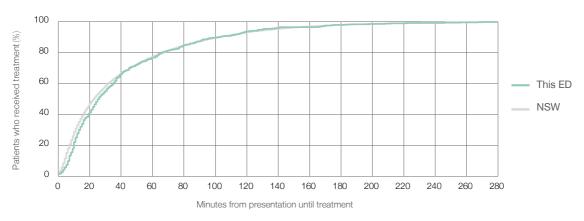
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

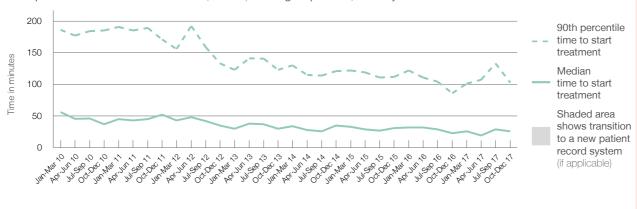
Wollongong Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 658	620	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 570	534	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	23 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 103 minutes	86 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † †



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	37	52	35	30	35	31	23	26
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	185	171	133	123	121	112	86	103

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

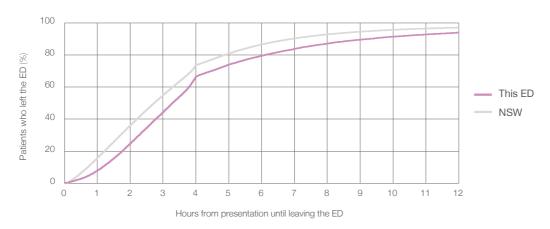
Same period

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

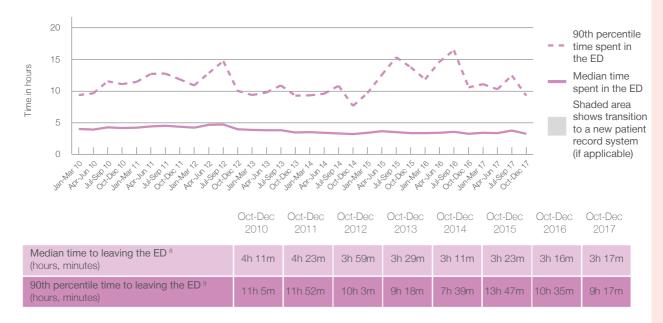
October to December 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 16,787 patients 15,861 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 16,787 patients 15.860 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 17 minutes 44 minutes 10 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 9 hours and 17 minutes 35 minutes 55 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

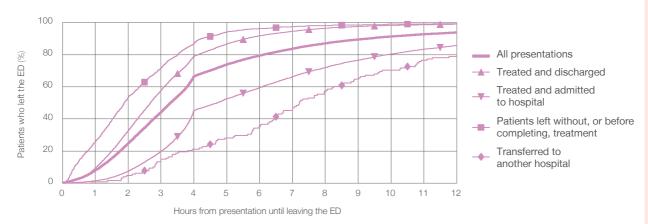
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2017

All presentations: 16,787 patients	Same period last year	Change since one year ago	
Presentations used to calculate time to	15,860	5.8%	
Treated and discharged	9,007 (53.7%)	8,498	6.0%
Treated and admitted to hospital	6,354 (37.9%)	5,984	6.2%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	1,194 (7.1%)	1,193	0.1%
Transferred to another hospital	128 (0.8%)	93	37.6%
Other	104 (0.6%)	93	11.8%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	9.6%	32.7%	57.8%	79.0%	91.8%	96.5%	98.3%	99.1%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.5%	7.4%	19.8%	45.1%	59.5%	72.0%	80.4%	85.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	25.6%	53.6%	71.6%	86.9%	96.2%	98.1%	99.1%	99.2%
Transferred to another hospital	0.8%	4.7%	14.8%	21.1%	35.2%	57.0%	70.3%	78.9%
All presentations	8.1%	24.8%	44.3%	66.4%	79.5%	87.1%	91.4%	93.9%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Wollongong Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 116,787 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 16,787 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

66.4%

	Change since one year ago
15,861	5.8%
15,860	5.8%
66.9%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 **



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).