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**The Tweed Hospital:** Emergency department (ED) overview January to March 2016

	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All attendances:1 13,372 patients	12,260	9%
Emergency attendances: <sup>2</sup> 12,937 patients	12,037	7%

### The Tweed Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,541 patients	1,729	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 5 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 18 minutes	19 minutes	35 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 5,926 patients	5,362	00 minutos
	13 minutes 54 minutes	20 minutes 99 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	54 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,347 patients	3,788	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	14 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 79 minutes	82 minutes	137 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,062 patients	1,108	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	10 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 76 minutes	75 minutes	135 minutes

### The Tweed Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2016			1	one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED:6 13,363 patients		12,260	9%
Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours		84%	84%	

\* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer
- than this time.The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

PERFORMANCE PROFILES: Emergency department care

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

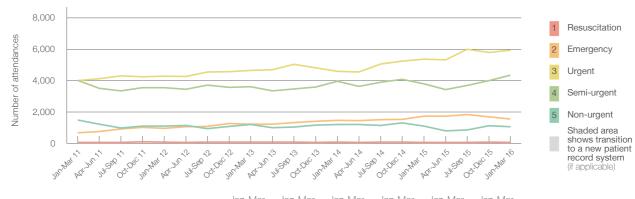
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

The Tweed Hospital: Patients attending the emergency department January to March 2016

All attendances:113,372 patients 12.260 Emergency attendances<sup>2</sup> by triage category: 12,937 patients 12,037 Resuscitation 1 61 (0%) 50 2 Emergency 1,729 1,541 (12%) 3 Urgent 5,926 (46%) 5.362 4 Semi-urgent 4,347 (34%) 3,788 1,062 (8%) 1,108 5 Non-urgent

Same period Change since last year one year ago 9% 7% 22% -11% 11% 15% -4%

Emergency attendances<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>‡</sup>



	Jan-Mar 2011	Jan-Mar 2012	Jan-Mar 2013	Jan-Mar 2014	Jan-Mar 2015	Jan-Mar 2016
Resuscitation	62	86	88	79	50	61
Emergency	673	958	1,228	1,476	1,729	1,541
Urgent	3,992	4,279	4,644	4,594	5,362	5,926
Semi-urgent	4,007	3,544	3,616	3,948	3,788	4,347
Non-urgent	1,489	1,093	1,201	1,206	1,108	1,062
All emergency attendances	10,223	9,960	10,777	11,303	12,037	12,937

# The Tweed Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2016 Same period Change since last year one year ago Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: <sup>7</sup> 1,989 patients 2,032 ED Transfer of care time<sup>§</sup> Median time 8 minutes 7 minutes 1 minute 95th percentile time 26 minutes 26 minutes 0 minutes

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

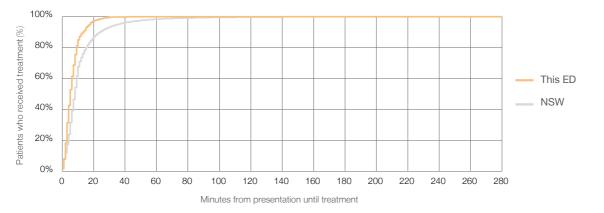
(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

(\$) For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and results should be interpreted with caution.

The Tweed Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2 January to March 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,541	1,729	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 1,538	1,726	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 5 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 18 minutes	19 minutes	35 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



## Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	10	9	7	6	6	5
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	44	38	27	18	19	18

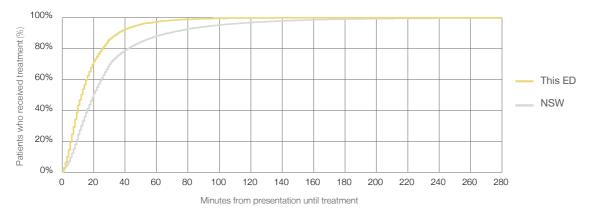
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

The Tweed Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3 January to March 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 5,926	5,362	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 5,889	5,316	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	13 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 48 minutes	54 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



## Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

(minutes)

112

90

84

54

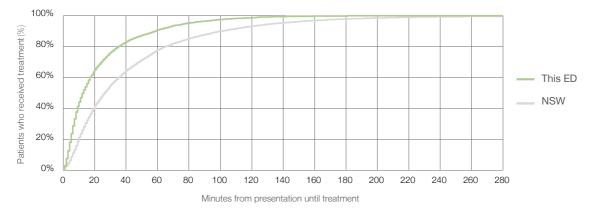
48

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

**The Tweed Hospital:** Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,347	3,788	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 4,251	3,698	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 13 minutes	14 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 79 minutes	82 minutes	137 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	40	30	22	15	14	13
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	171	151	116	80	82	79

Major hospitals (B) Northern NSW Local Health District

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

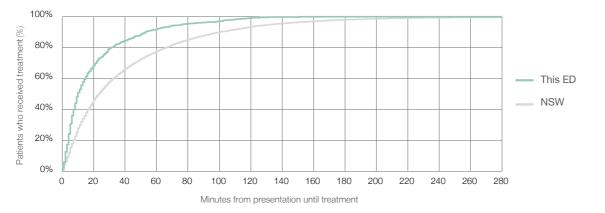
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

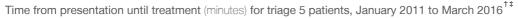
**The Tweed Hospital:** Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

(minutes)

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,062	1,108	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 1,024	1,071	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	10 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 76 minutes	75 minutes	135 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016





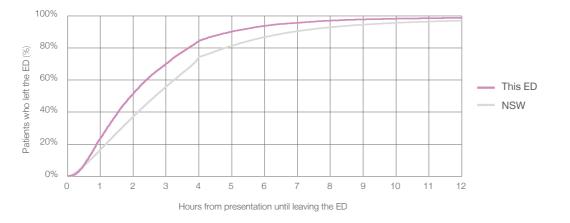


<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

The Tweed Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016 NSW Same period last vear (this period) All attendances:1 13,372 patients 12,260 Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 13,363 patients 12,260 1 hours and 2 hours and Median time to leaving the ED<sup>8</sup> 1 hours and 56 minutes 51 minutes 40 minutes 6 hours and 9 hours and 95th percentile time to leaving the ED<sup>9</sup> 6 hours and 35 minutes 60 minutes 25 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



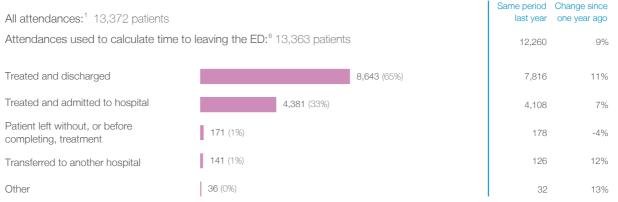
Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016  $^{\dagger \ddagger}$ 



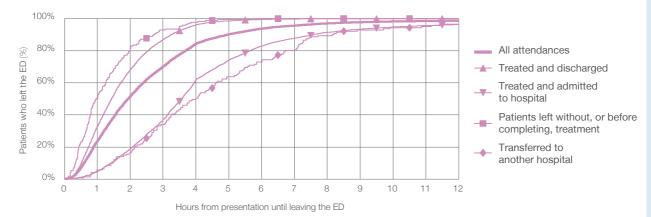
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# Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



#### 1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	33%	68%	87%	96%	99%	100%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	5%	19%	37%	62%	83%	91%	95%	96%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	50%	81%	93%	98%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	6%	16%	34%	50%	73%	89%	94%	96%
All attendances	24%	52%	70%	84%	94%	97%	98%	99%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.



Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
  Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.
  Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).
  - Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 April 2016).