NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

# Bathurst Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

July to September 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 6,217 patients	6,371	-2.4%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 6,156 patients	6,267	-1.8%

## Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

July to September 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 698 patients	485	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	10 minutes	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,854 patients	2,316	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 16 minutes	17 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	79 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,065 patients	3,256	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	22 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	170 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 527 patients	194	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	14 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	111 minutes	138 minutes

# Bathurst Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

July to September 2016			Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to le	eaving the ED: 6 6,217 patients		6,371	-2.4%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		74.4%	73.1%	

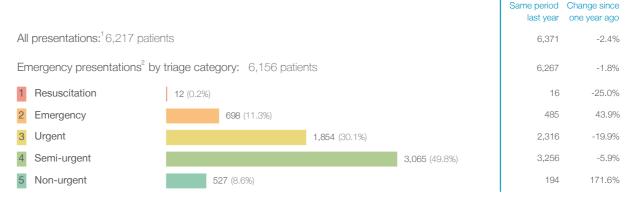
- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

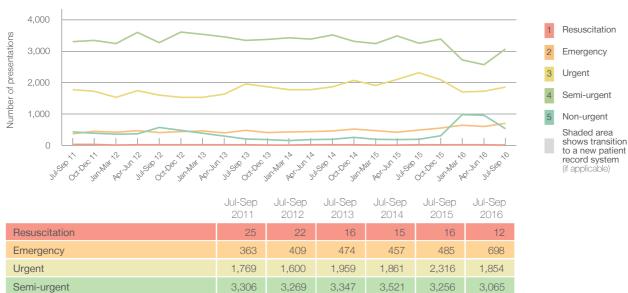
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

# Bathurst Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2016



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 <sup>‡</sup>



196

6,050

194

6,156

Same period Change since

6,267

## Bathurst Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

423

5,886

July to September 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	ofer of care time: 7 904 patients	593	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	16 minutes	18 minutes	-2 minutes
95th percentile time	60 minutes	92 minutes	-32 minutes

5,869

5,998

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

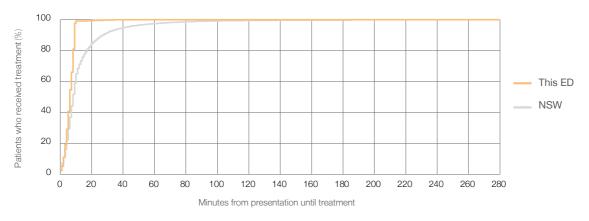
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

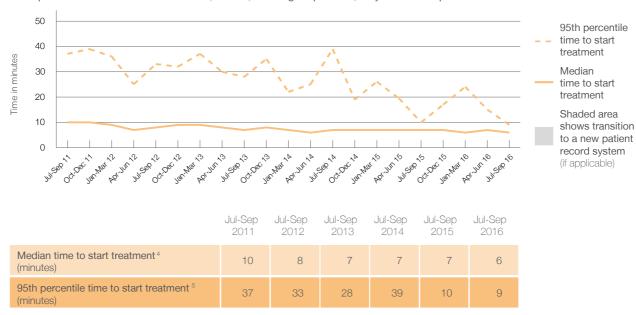
# Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 698	485	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 698	484	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 9 minutes	10 minutes	41 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



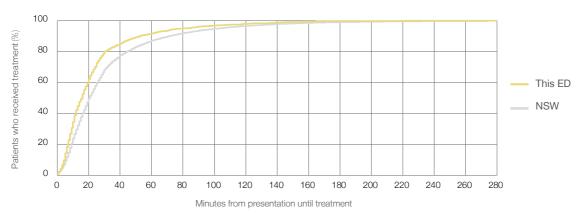
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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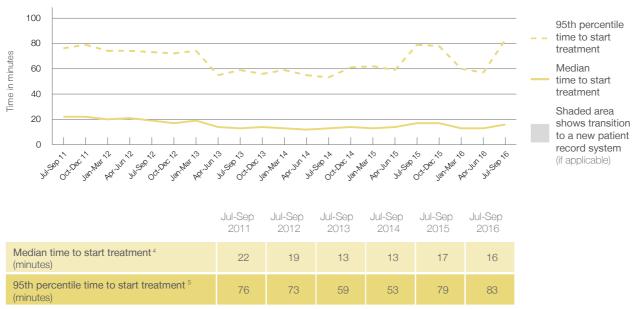
# **Bathurst Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,854	2,316	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,824	2,277	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 16 minutes	17 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	79 minutes	103 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

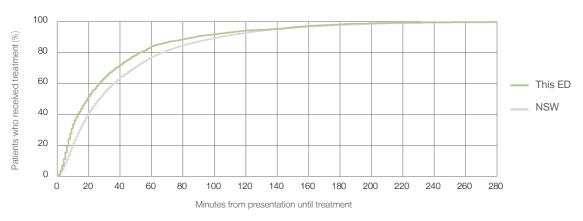
<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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# Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,065	3,256	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,888	2,998	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	22 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 135 minutes	170 minutes	139 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



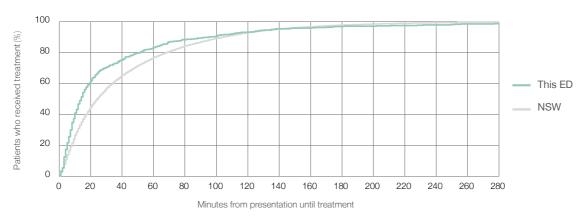
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# **Bathurst Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 527	194	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 466	172	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 14 minutes	14 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	111 minutes	138 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

All presentations: <sup>1</sup> 6,217 patients

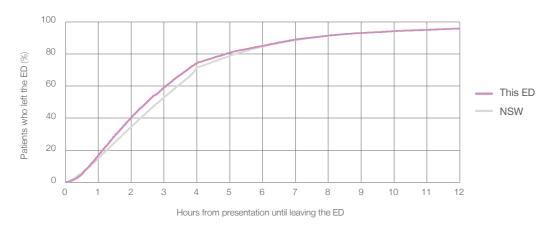
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: <sup>6</sup> 6,217 patients

Median time spent in the ED <sup>8</sup> 2 hours and 29 minutes

95th percentile time spent in the ED <sup>9</sup> 11 hours and 4 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year	
	6,371	
	6,371	
2 hours and 50 minutes	2 hours and 40 minutes	
10 hours and 43 minutes	12 hours and 49 minutes	

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016



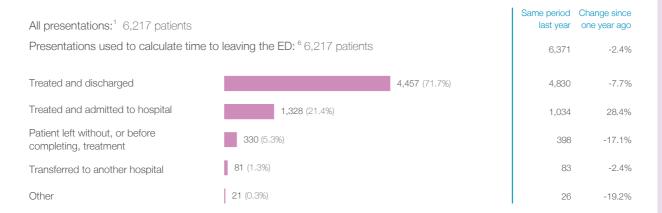
 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$   $\;$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

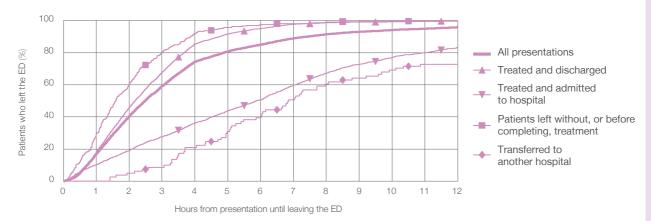
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

### Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation
July to September 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016  $^{\dagger\ddagger}$ 



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	18.1%	45.8%	67.8%	85.4%	95.2%	98.7%	99.3%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	10.1%	19.0%	27.6%	36.3%	50.7%	67.2%	77.0%	83.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	29.4%	60.6%	80.6%	92.1%	97.3%	99.1%	99.7%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	0%	4.9%	8.6%	21.0%	39.5%	60.5%	69.1%	72.8%
All presentations	16.9%	40.4%	59.2%	74.4%	85.0%	91.5%	94.1%	95.9%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# **Bathurst Base Hospital:** Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: <sup>1</sup> 6,217 patients

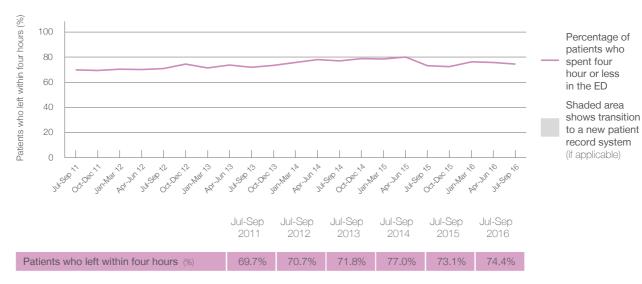
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: <sup>6</sup> 6,217 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

74.4%

Change since one year ago	
-2.4%	6,371
-2.4%	6,371
	70.10/

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 14



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).