Same period Change since

Fairfield Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2016

last year one year ago All presentations: 1 8,763 patients 9.015 -2.8% Emergency presentations: 2 8,742 patients 9.003 -2.9%

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

July to September 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 811 patients	741	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	10 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 32 minutes	51 minutes	41 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,216 patients	3,449	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	27 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	142 minutes	103 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,004 patients	4,260	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	34 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	177 minutes	139 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 694 patients	531	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	36 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	195 minutes	138 minutes

Fairfield Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED July to September 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,763 patients

Percentage of patients who spent 76.9% four hours or less in the ED

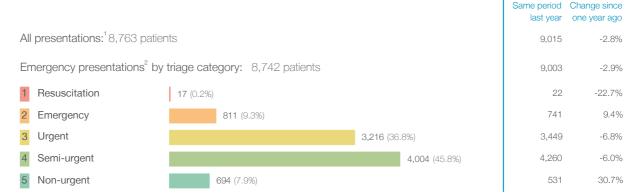
l		Change since
l	last year	one year ago
l	9,014	-2.8%
l	3,014	-2.070
l		
l	73.7%	

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

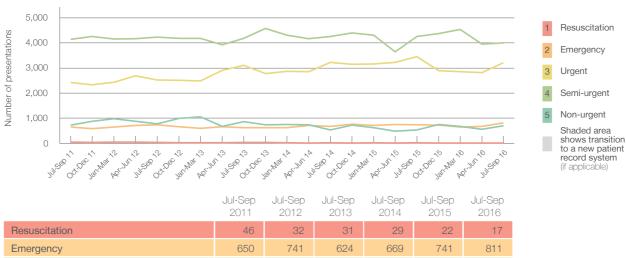
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Fairfield Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department July to September 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 [‡]



Resuscitation	46	32	31	29	22	17
Emergency	650	741	624	669	741	811
Urgent	2,416	2,527	3,115	3,229	3,449	3,216
Semi-urgent	4,139	4,235	4,180	4,261	4,260	4,004
Non-urgent	720	776	863	538	531	694
All emergency presentations	7,971	8,311	8,813	8,726	9,003	8,742

Fairfield Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2016

Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 1,350 patients

ED Transfer of care time

Median time

11 minutes

33 minutes

13 minutes

48 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

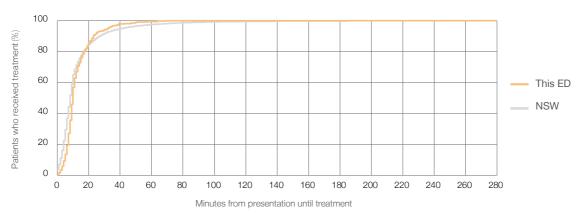
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

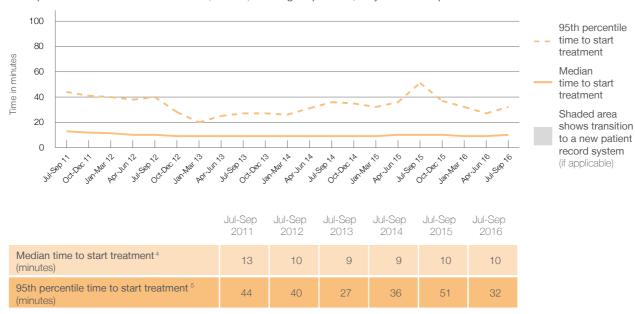
Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 811	741	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 808	736	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 32 minutes	51 minutes	41 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

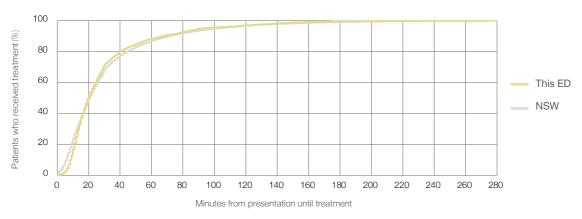
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,216	3,449	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3,135	3,307	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	27 minutes	21 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 93 minutes	142 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



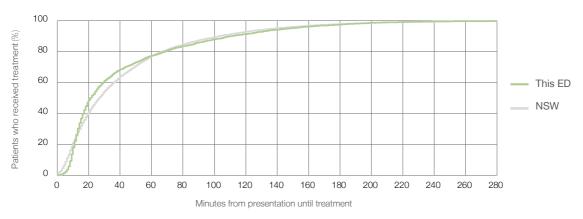
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained a	ankle, earache)		Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,004		4,260		
Number of triage 4 patients used to calc	culate waiting time: 3,5	96	3,597	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	21 minutes		34 minutes	27 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵		149 minutes	177 minutes	139 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

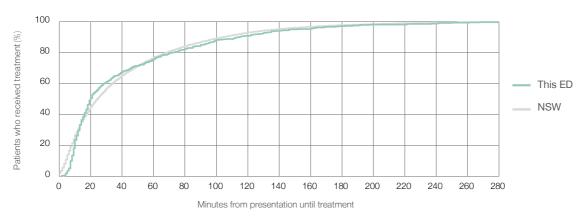
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)		Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 694		531	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 486		295	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes		36 minutes	24 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	152 minutes	195 minutes	138 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2011 to September 2016 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

July to September 2016

All presentations: 1 8,763 patients

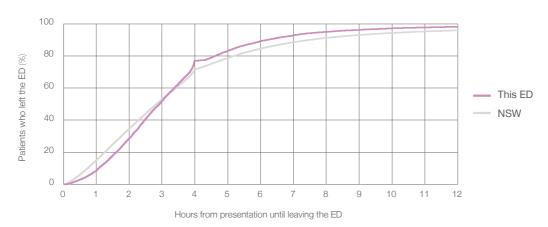
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,763 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 2 hours and 55 minutes

95th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 8 hours and 1 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	9,015
	9,014
2 hours and 50 minutes	3 hours and 5 minutes
10 hours and 43 minutes	9 hours and 33 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

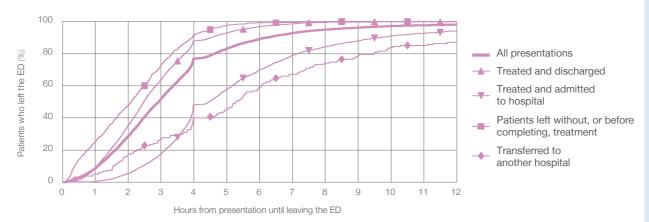
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation July to September 2016

All presentations: 1 8,763 patients		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Presentations used to calculate time to	eaving the ED: 68,763 patients	9,014	-2.8%
Treated and discharged	5,259 (60	5,009	5.0%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2,364 (27.0%)	2,482	-4.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	910 (10.4%)	1,226	-25.8%
Transferred to another hospital	162 (1.8%)	167	-3.0%
Other	68 (0.8%)	131	-48.1%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2016 †‡



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	8.7%	35.4%	64.1%	88.1%	96.9%	99.5%	99.9%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.5%	5.5%	17.8%	48.2%	69.9%	84.3%	91.1%	94.3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	25.2%	47.8%	73.2%	91.4%	99.2%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	4.9%	17.3%	27.2%	40.1%	59.3%	74.1%	84.0%	87.0%
All presentations	8.6%	28.7%	52.1%	76.9%	89.2%	95.0%	97.2%	98.2%

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Fairfield Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED July to September 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,763 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 68,763 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

76.9%

Change since one year ago	
-2.8%	9,015
-2.8%	9,014
	73.7%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2011 to September 2016 14



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 20 October 2016).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 20 October 2016).