NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Lismore Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2018

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 8,988 patients	8,417	7%
Emergency presentations: ² 8,655 patients	8,146	6%

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

January to March 2018

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 939 patients	848	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 14 minutes	14 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 2,946 patients	2,893	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	19 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 59 minutes	57 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,625 patients	3,391	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 34 minutes	33 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	116 minutes	98 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,114 patients	965	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	44 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	129 minutes	97 minutes

Lismore Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2018

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,985 patients

	_	
Percentage of patients who spent		_
four hours or less in the ED		66%

	Change since one year ago
8,417	7%
67%	

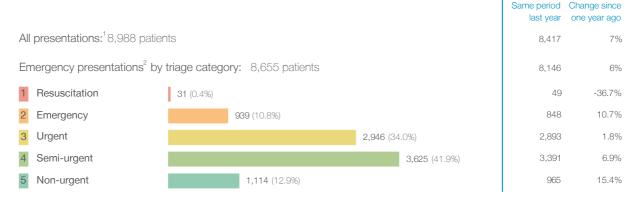
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

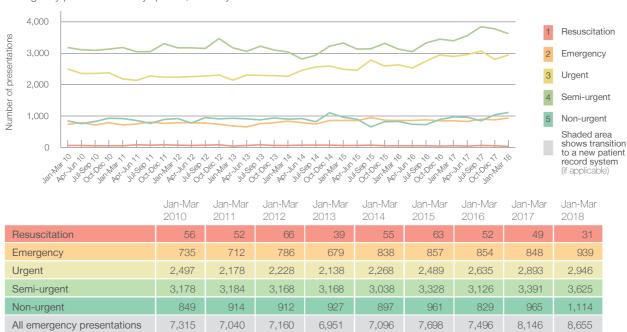
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Lismore Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

January to March 2018



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 [‡]



Lismore Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

January to March 2018

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 1,646 patients	1,644	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	13 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	42 minutes	34 minutes	8 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

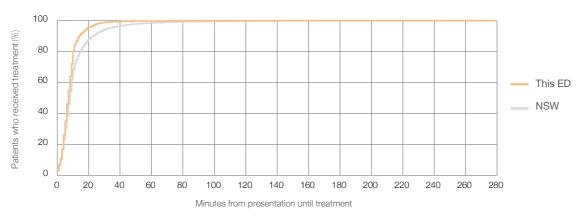
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 January to March 2018

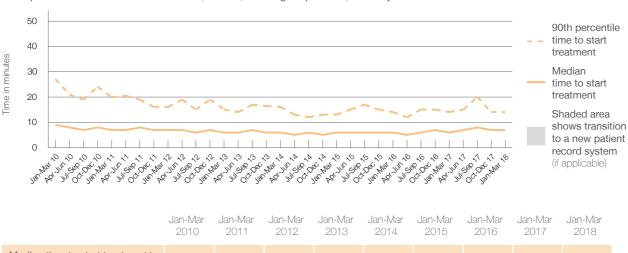
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns) Number of triage 2 patients: 939 Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 937 Median time to start treatment 4 7 minutes 90th percentile time to start treatment 5 14 minutes

Same period last year	NSW (this period)
848	
844	
6 minutes	8 minutes
14 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
dian time to start treatment 4 uutes)	9	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	7
n percentile time to start tment 5 (minutes)	27	20	16	15	16	13	14	14	14

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

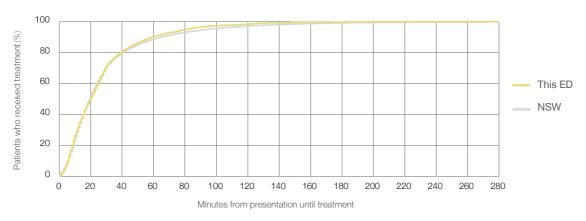
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

January to March 2018

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood	loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 2,946		2,893	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calc	culate waiting time: 3 2,892	2,842	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	20 minutes	19 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	59 minutes	57 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)	33	25	24	24	22	24	24	19	20
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 (minutes)	116	95	85	94	77	86	82	57	59

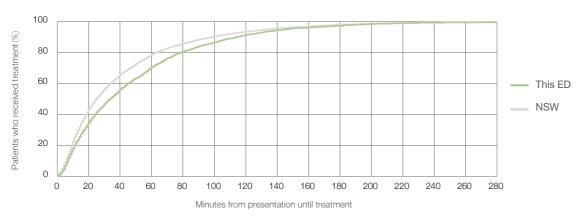
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 January to March 2018

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,625	3,391	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 3,393	3,178	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 34 minutes	33 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	116 minutes	98 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



treatment 5 (minutes)

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

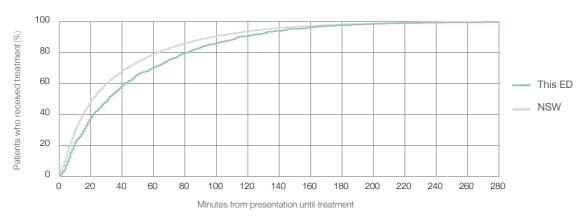
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

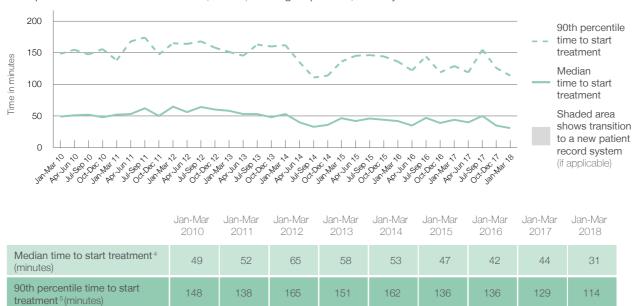
Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 January to March 2018

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,114	965	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 977	825	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	44 minutes	22 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	129 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2018



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

January to March 2018

All presentations: ¹ 8,988 patients

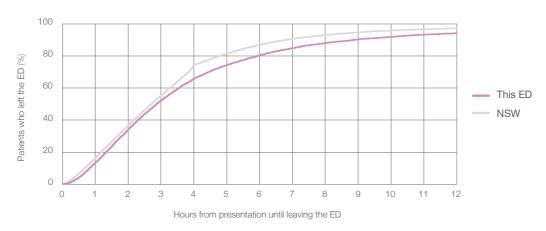
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: ⁶ 8,985 patients

Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 2 hours and 52 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED ⁹ 8 hours and 52 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	8,417
	8,417
2 hours and 42 minutes	2 hours and 45 minutes
6 hours and 49 minutes	8 hours and 46 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2018



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



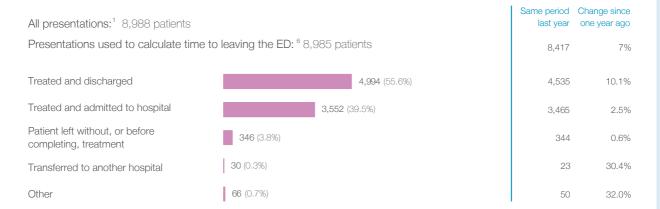
 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

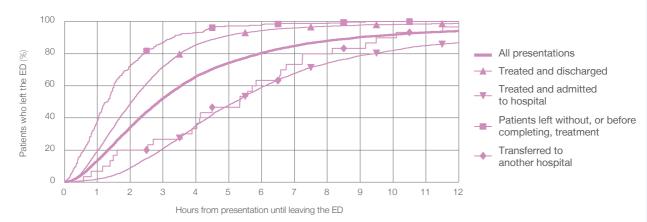
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation January to March 2018



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2018 ^{†‡}



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	19.5%	49.0%	71.9%	85.5%	94.4%	97.2%	98.2%	98.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.9%	9.0%	20.9%	35.3%	59.0%	74.2%	82.0%	86.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	38.2%	72.3%	87.0%	93.1%	98.0%	98.8%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	6.7%	20.0%	26.7%	33.3%	63.3%	80.0%	90.0%	96.7%
All presentations	13.5%	34.2%	52.2%	65.8%	80.4%	88.1%	91.8%	94.2%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Lismore Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

January to March 2018

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,988 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 8,985 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
8,417	7%
8,417	7%
00.00/	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to March 2018 †‡



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2018.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 April 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 April 2018).