

Hospital Quarterly

## Performance Profiles

## **Emergency Department**

Sydney Children's Hospitals Network

January to March 2016

Sydney Children's Hospital: Emergency	y department	(ED)	overview
January to March 2016			

		Change since one year ago
All attendances:1 9,458 patients	9,099	4%
Emergency attendances: <sup>2</sup> 9,280 patients	8,946	4%

#### Sydney Children's Hospital: Time from presentation to treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 394 patients	432	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	9 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 29 minutes	31 minutes	35 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,609 patients	1,609	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	21 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 62 minutes	72 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 6,917 patients	6,584	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 40 minutes	35 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	161 minutes	137 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 294 patients	260	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 50 minutes	34 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	135 minutes	135 minutes

#### Sydney Children's Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2016				Change since one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to l	eaving the ED:6 9,457 patients		9,099	4%
Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours		74%	78%	

\* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

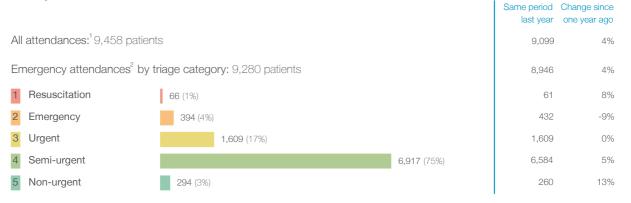
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

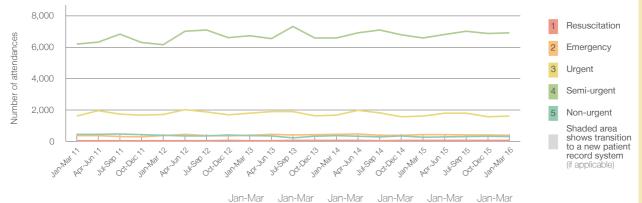
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

#### Sydney Children's Hospital: Patients attending the emergency department

January to March 2016



Emergency attendances<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>‡</sup>



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Resuscitation	43	35	34	50	61	66
Emergency	356	369	379	440	432	394
Urgent	1,618	1,708	1,796	1,664	1,609	1,609
Semi-urgent	6,204	6,157	6,724	6,594	6,584	6,917
Non-urgent	442	381	368	366	260	294
All emergency attendances	8,663	8,650	9,301	9,114	8,946	9,280

## Sydney Children's Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance January to March 2016

			Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	fer of care time: <sup>7</sup> 658 patients	598	
ED Transfer of care time $\$$			
Median time	9 minutes	9 minutes	-1 minutes
95th percentile time	18 minutes	21 minutes	-3 minutes

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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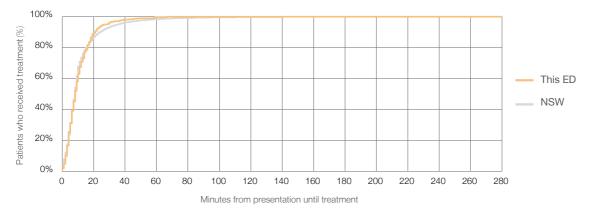
(§) For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and results should be interpreted with caution.

Paediatric specialist hospitals (A2)

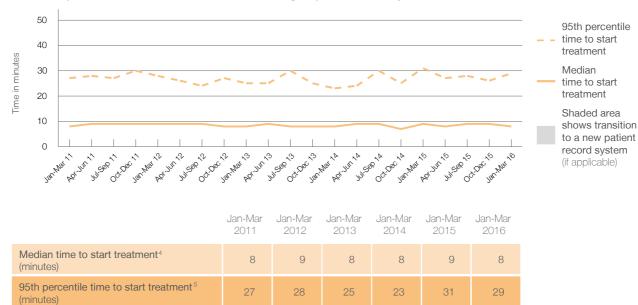
**Sydney Children's Hospital:** Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2 January to March 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 394		
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 393		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 29 minutes	31 minutes	35 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



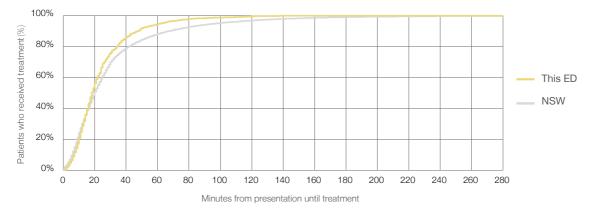
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**Sydney Children's Hospital:** Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3 January to March 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,609		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 1,608		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 18 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 62 minutes	72 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



#### Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



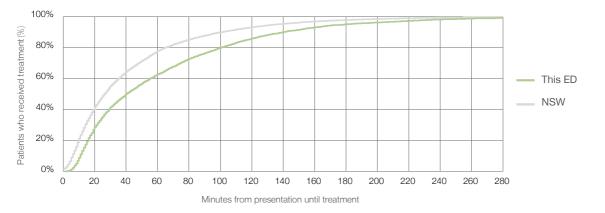
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**Sydney Children's Hospital:** Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 6,917	6,584	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 6,562	6,297	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 40 minutes	35 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	161 minutes	137 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



#### Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	36	38	35	33	35	40
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	152	167	157	148	161	180

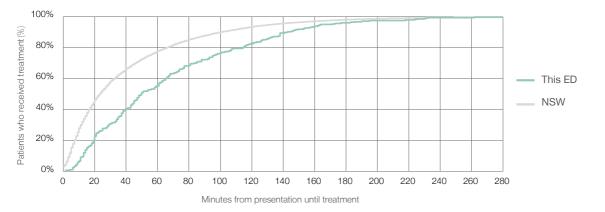
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**Sydney Children's Hospital:** Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 294	260	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 273	232	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 50 minutes	34 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	135 minutes	135 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



#### Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	35	27	34	31	34	50
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	133	102	150	117	135	171

Paediatric specialist hospitals (A2)

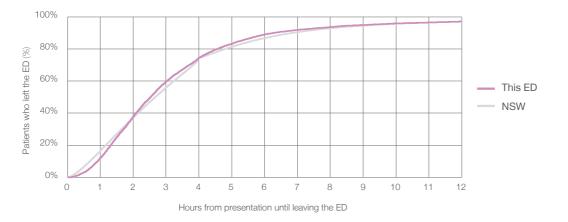
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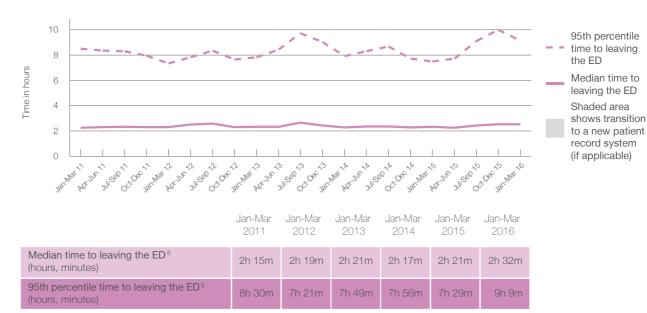
## **Sydney Children's Hospital:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016

NSW Same period last vear (this period) All attendances:1 9,458 patients 9,099 Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,457 patients 9,099 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time to leaving the ED<sup>8</sup> 2 hours and 32 minutes 21 minutes 40 minutes 7 hours and 9 hours and 95th percentile time to leaving the ED<sup>9</sup> 9 hours and 9 minutes 29 minutes 25 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016  $^{\dagger \ddagger}$ 



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

4%

4%

3%

19%

-47%

42%

405

68

12

#### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

#### Sydney Children's Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED By mode of separation January to March 2016 Same period Change since All attendances:1 9,458 patients last year one year ago Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 9,457 patients 9.099 Treated and discharged 6,931 (73%) 6.678 Treated and admitted to hospital 1,993 (21%) 1,936

Patient left without, or before completing, treatment

Transferred to another hospital

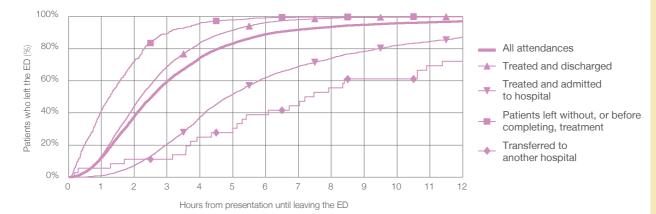
Other

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>

481 (5%)

36 (0%)

17 (0%)



#### 1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	13%	44%	69%	84%	96%	99%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1%	7%	20%	37%	62%	74%	82%	87%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	42%	72%	90%	96%	99%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	6%	11%	11%	25%	39%	56%	61%	72%
All attendances	12%	38%	60%	74%	89%	94%	96%	97%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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# Sydney Children's Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation January to March 2016 All attendances: <sup>1</sup> 9,458 patients Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 9,457 patients Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours 74%

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
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- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
   Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016). Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 April 2016).

Paediatric specialist hospitals (A2)

#### The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Emergency department (ED) overview

January to March 2016

	1	Change since one year ago
All attendances:1 13,955 patients	13,568	3%
Emergency attendances: <sup>2</sup> 13,752 patients	13,326	3%

#### The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time from presentation to treatment<sup>3</sup>

January to March 2016 Same period NSW (this period) last year Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 428 patients 415 7 minutes Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 6 minutes 8 minutes 10 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 17 minutes 35 minutes Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,391 patients 3.052 21 minutes Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 21 minutes 20 minutes 71 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> 80 minutes 99 minutes Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 9,699 patients 9.665 43 minutes 34 minutes 26 minutes Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 209 minutes 175 minutes 137 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment<sup>5</sup> Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 116 patients 114 52 minutes Median time to start treatment<sup>4</sup> 23 minutes 43 minutes 174 minutes 135 minutes 95th percentile time to start treatment<sup>6</sup> 154 minutes

### The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

January to March 2016			last year	one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to	eaving the ED:6 13,955 patients		13,568	3%
Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours		71%	75%	

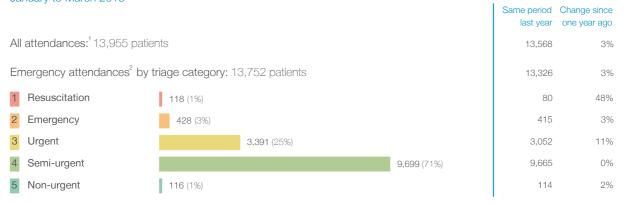
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- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
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- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.

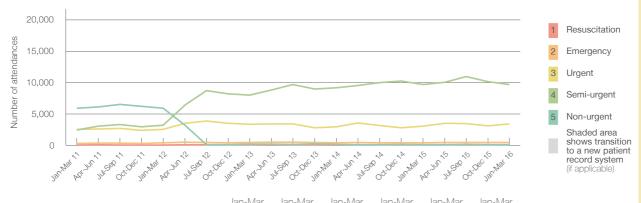
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).

#### The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Patients attending the emergency department January to March 2016



Emergency attendances<sup>2</sup> by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>‡ ®</sup>



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Resuscitation	58	69	72	61	80	118
Emergency	309	411	462	388	415	428
Urgent	2,523	2,550	3,380	2,926	3,052	3,391
Semi-urgent	2,461	3,231	8,005	9,196	9,665	9,699
Non-urgent	5,901	5,905	184	161	114	116
All emergency attendances	11,252	12,166	12,103	12,732	13,326	13,752

#### The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Patients arriving by ambulance January to March 2016

	Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 959 patients	1,084	
ED Transfer of care time <sup>§</sup>		
Median time 6 minutes	7 minutes	-1 minute
95th percentile time 19 minutes	20 minutes	-1 minute

(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after  $(\pm)$ transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- ( $\Omega$ ) The Sydney Children's Hospitals Network (Randwick and Westmead) advise that application of ED triaging definitions has been standardised across their facilities. This has resulted in a reporting shift of some cases from category 5 to category 4 and from category 4 to category 3 at Children's Hospital Westmead from June 2012 onwards.
- (§) For some smaller NSW hospitals, transfer of care times reported in Hospital Quarterly are being assessed for data quality and results should be interpreted with caution.

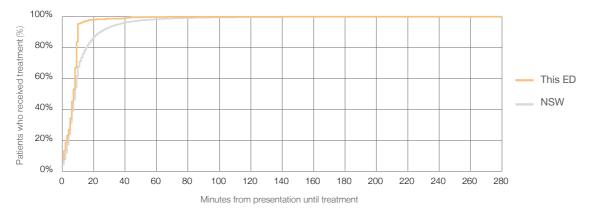
PERFORMANCE PROFILES: Emergency department care January to March 2016

Paediatric specialist hospitals (A2)

## **The Children's Hospital at Westmead:** Time from presentation to treatment, triage 2 January to March 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, se	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 2 patients: 428	415		
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 428		415	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	7 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	10 minutes	17 minutes	35 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016







<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

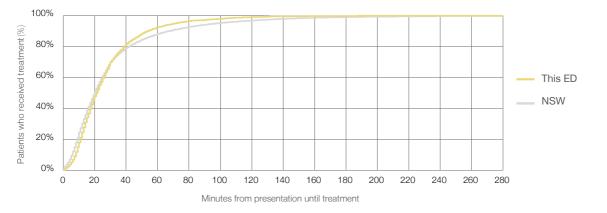
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<sup>(§)</sup> This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

## **The Children's Hospital at Westmead:** Time from presentation to treatment, triage 3 January to March 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,391	3,052	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 3,385	3,052	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 21 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 71 minutes	80 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



#### Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>++§</sup>



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

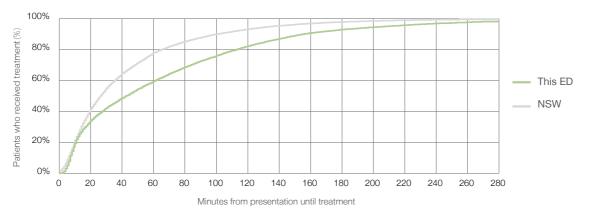
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## The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time from presentation to treatment, triage 4 January to March 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 9,699	9,665	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time:3 8,350	8,604	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 43 minutes	34 minutes	26 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 209 minutes	175 minutes	137 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



#### Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>1+§</sup>



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

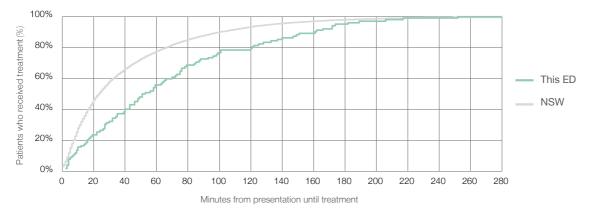
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## **The Children's Hospital at Westmead:** Time from presentation to treatment, triage 5 January to March 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 116	114	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 102	101	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 52 minutes	43 minutes	23 minutes
95th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	154 minutes	135 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, January to March 2016



#### Time from presentation until treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>++§</sup>



<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

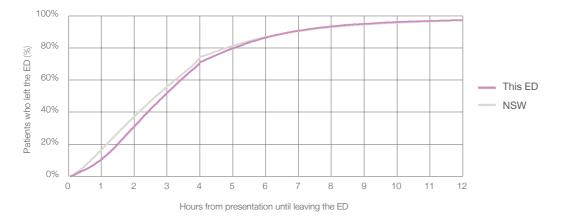
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## **The Children's Hospital at Westmead:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED January to March 2016

NSW Same period last vear (this period) All attendances:1 13,955 patients 13,568 Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 13,955 patients 13,568 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time to leaving the ED<sup>8</sup> 2 hours and 54 minutes 45 minutes 40 minutes 8 hours and 9 hours and 95th percentile time to leaving the ED<sup>9</sup> 9 hours and 1 minutes 13 minutes 25 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, January to March 2016



## Time from presentation until leaving the ED, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016 $^{^{\dagger\pm\,\$}}$



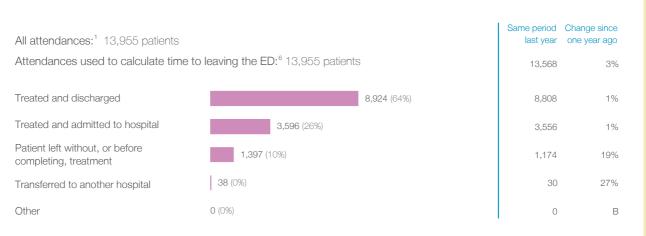
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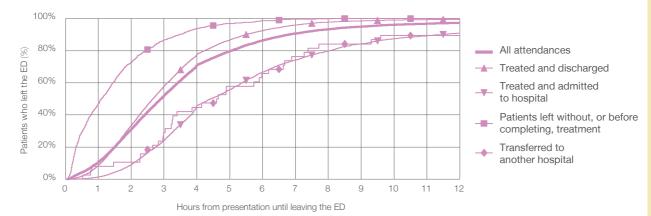
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#### The Children's Hospital at Westmead: Time from presentation until leaving the ED By mode of separation

January to March 2016



#### †‡ § Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, January to March 2016



#### 1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	9%	34%	58%	78%	93%	98%	99%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1%	9%	24%	46%	67%	80%	87%	91%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	47%	73%	87%	94%	99%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	8%	11%	29%	45%	66%	84%	89%	89%
All attendances	11%	31%	52%	71%	86%	93%	96%	97%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after  $(\pm)$ transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

<sup>(§)</sup> This hospital does not use one of the two major information systems implemented in NSW emergency departments. Caution is advised when comparing results from this emergency department to others. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

## **The Children's Hospital at Westmead:** Time from presentation until leaving the ED Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation

January to March 2016			Change since one year ago
All attendances: 1 13,955 patients		13,568	3%
Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 13,955 patients		13,568	3%
Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours	71%	75%	

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED within four hours of presentation, by quarter, January 2011 to March 2016<sup>†‡</sup>



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- <sup>†</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- \* Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see
- Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients started treatment. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All attendances that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 95th percentile is the time by which 95% of patients left the ED. The final 5% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
   Note: All percentages rounded to whole numbers and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.
   Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 22 April 2016).
  - Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 22 April 2016).