

Hospital Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

South Eastern Sydney Local Health District

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 14,878 patients	14,696	1.2%
Emergency presentations: ² 13,863 patients	13,509	2.6%

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,157 patients	1,222	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 24 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 7,113 patients	6,736	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes	65 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,851 patients	4,759	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	19 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 85 minutes	83 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 548 patients	595	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	27 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	108 minutes	103 minutes

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 14,864 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 65.1%

ı	Same period	Change since
ı	last year	one year ago
ı		
ı	14,695	1.2%
ı		
ı		
ı	68.1%	
ı	68.1%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

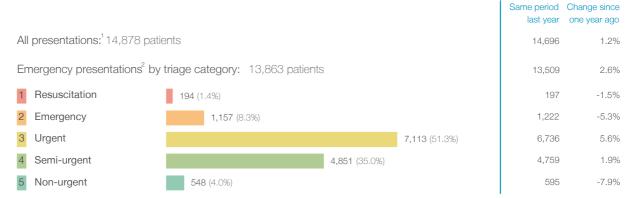
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

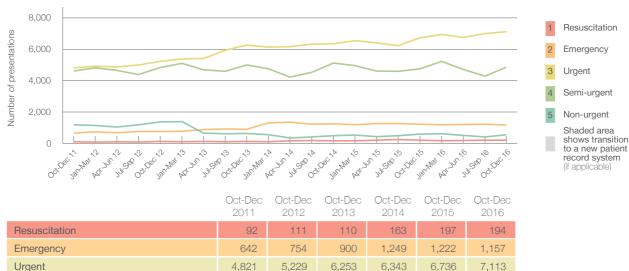
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



4,824

1.360

12,278

5,006

12,896

4,605

11,334

5,110

495

13,360

4,759

595

13,509

4,851

13,863

548

Same period Change since

Prince of Wales Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

		ast year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care til	me: ⁷ 3,422 patients	3,305	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time 10 minute	es 11	minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	minutes 26	minutes	-1 minute

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

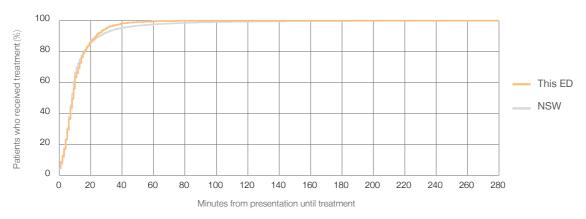
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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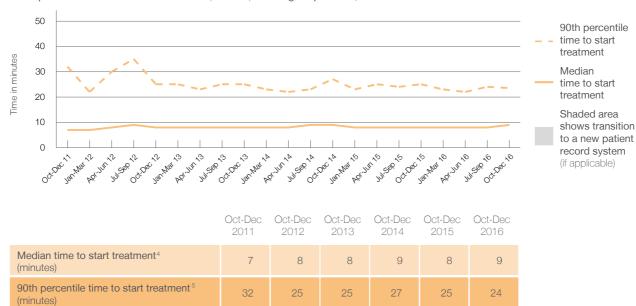
Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,157	1,222	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,140	1,216	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 24 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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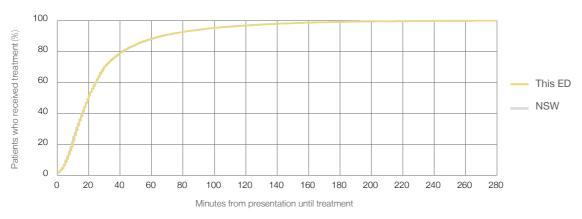
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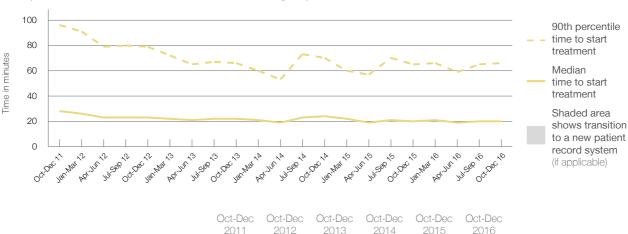
Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 7,113	6,736	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 6,996		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 66 minutes	65 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	28	23	22	24	20	20
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	96	79	66	70	65	66

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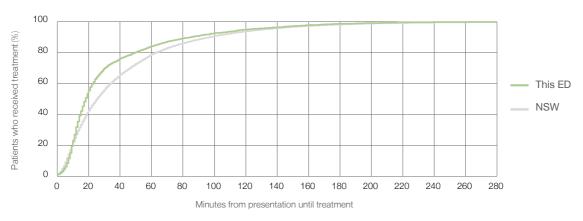
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Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,851	4,759	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,674	4,592	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 18 minutes	19 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 85 minutes	83 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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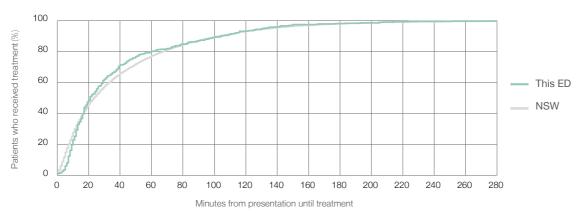
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 548	595	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 417	460	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	27 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 105 minutes	108 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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NSW

Same period

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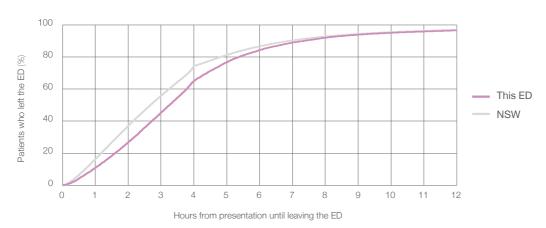
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Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

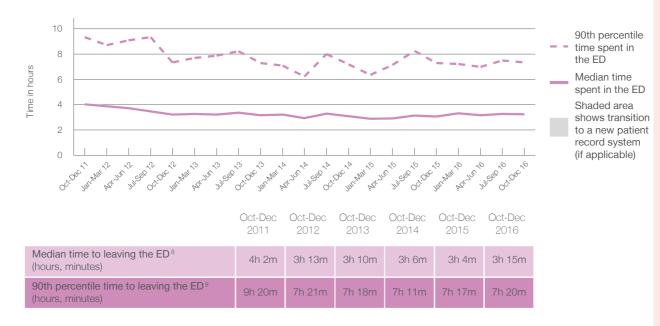
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 14,878 patients 14,696 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 14,864 patients 14,695 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 15 minutes 41 minutes 7 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 7 hours and 20 minutes 17 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



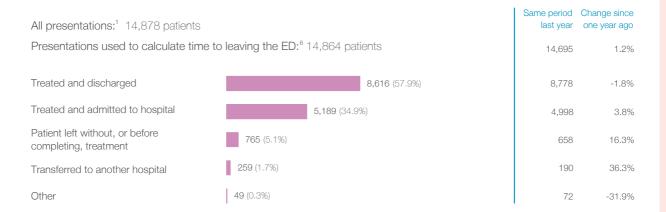
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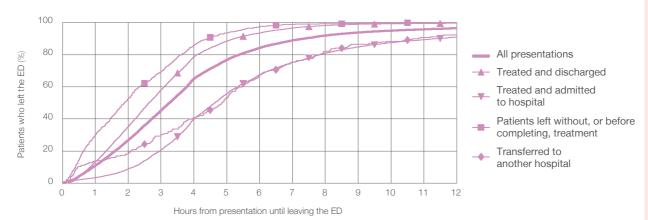
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Prince of Wales Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	13.4%	35.2%	58.2%	78.8%	93.6%	98.2%	99.2%	99.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	3.4%	8.9%	20.8%	40.1%	67.6%	80.9%	87.5%	91.0%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	30.1%	52.5%	69.7%	85.8%	97.4%	99.2%	99.7%	99.9%
Transferred to another hospital	13.9%	18.5%	30.1%	40.5%	67.2%	81.9%	88.4%	92.3%
All presentations	11.0%	26.9%	45.4%	65.1%	84.3%	92.0%	95.0%	96.5%

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Prince of Wales Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 14,878 patients

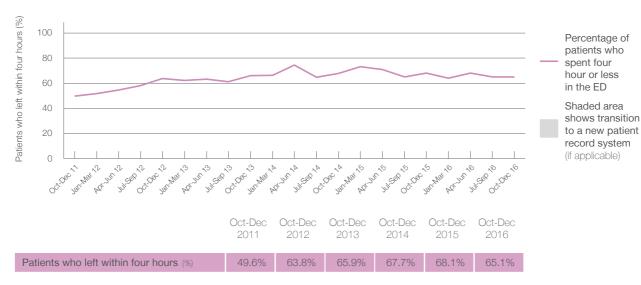
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 14,864 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

65.1%

	Change since one year ago
14,696	1.2%
14,695	1.2%
68.1%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

NSW

Same period

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

St George Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 19,721 patients	19,396	1.7%
Emergency presentations: ² 19,592 patients	19,269	1.7%

St George Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 2,431 patients	2,504	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 8,702 patients Madian time to start treatment 4 25 minutes	7,804	
Median line to start treatment	26 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	66 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 7,254 patients	7,478	05
Median time to start treatment	33 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 79 minutes	81 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,056 patients	1,330	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 33 minutes	32 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	98 minutes	103 minutes

St George Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 19,714 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

63.6

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
19,396	1.6%
66.6%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

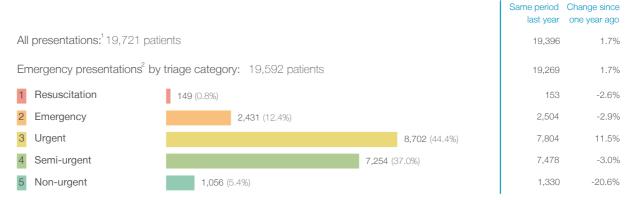
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

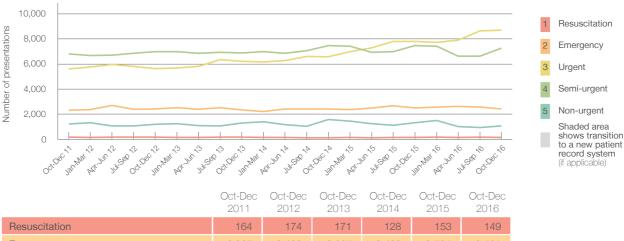
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St George Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



164	174	171	128	153	149
2,307	2,422	2,337	2,420	2,504	2,431
5,603	5,642	6,223	6,587	7,804	8,702
6,802	6,997	6,872	7,462	7,478	7,254
1,233	1,191	1,293	1,567	1,330	1,056
16,109	16,426	16,896	18,164	19,269	19,592
	2,307 5,603 6,802 1,233	2,307 2,422 5,603 5,642 6,802 6,997 1,233 1,191	2,307 2,422 2,337 5,603 5,642 6,223 6,802 6,997 6,872 1,233 1,191 1,293	2,307 2,422 2,337 2,420 5,603 5,642 6,223 6,587 6,802 6,997 6,872 7,462 1,233 1,191 1,293 1,567	2,307 2,422 2,337 2,420 2,504 5,603 5,642 6,223 6,587 7,804 6,802 6,997 6,872 7,462 7,478 1,233 1,191 1,293 1,567 1,330

St George Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 5,053 patients	4,733	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	11 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	21 minutes	20 minutes	1 minute

Same period Change since

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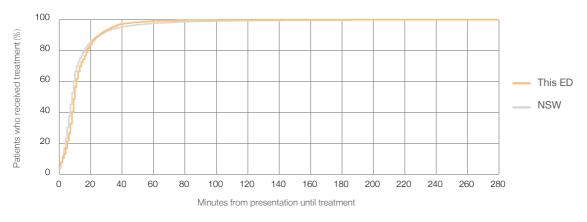
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St George Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

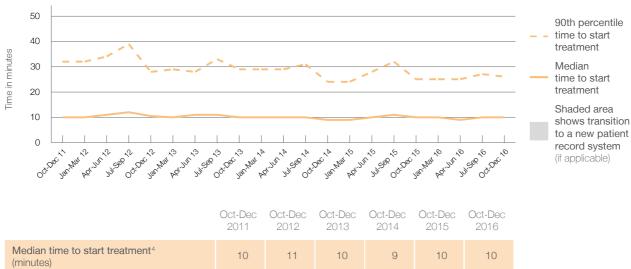
October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 2,431	2,504	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,425	2,500	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 10 minutes	10 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 26 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	10	11	10	9	10	10	
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	32	28	29	24	25	26	

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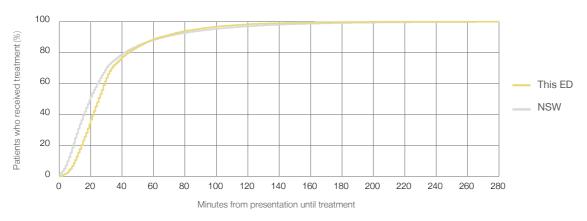
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

St George Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 8,702	7,804	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 8,578	7,732	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	26 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	66 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	28	27	27	24	26	25
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	94	75	75	62	66	65

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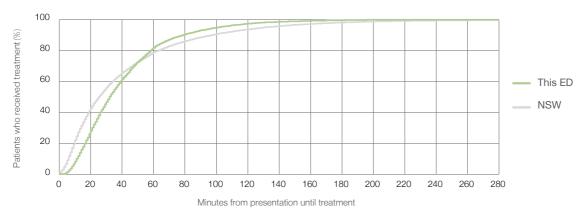
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St George Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4

October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 7,254	7,478	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 7,065	7,270	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	33 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 79 minutes	81 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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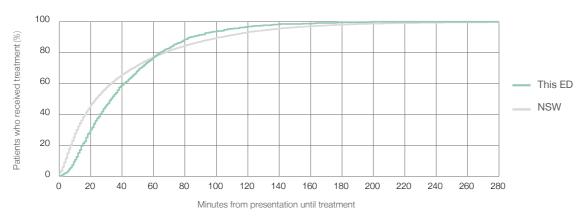
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St George Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5

October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,056	1,330	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 950	1,220	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 33 minutes	32 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 84 minutes	98 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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St George Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

All presentations: 19,721 patients

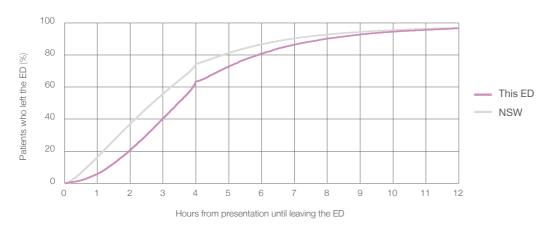
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 19,714 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 28 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 7 hours and 57 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year	
	19,396	
	19,396	
2 hours and 41 minutes	3 hours and 18 minutes	
6 hours and 54 minutes	7 hours and 4 minutes	

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



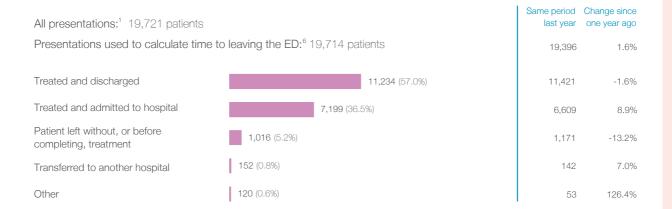
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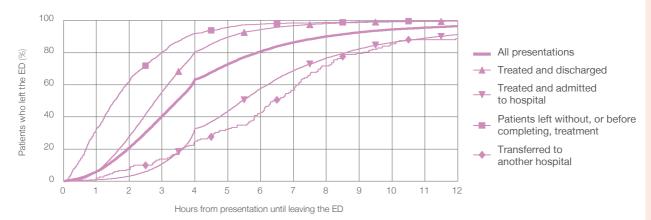
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St George Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	6.1%	27.8%	55.8%	80.9%	94.4%	98.1%	99.3%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.9%	3.1%	10.9%	32.8%	57.7%	76.7%	86.4%	91.4%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	32.5%	62.3%	80.5%	91.9%	97.8%	98.8%	99.7%	99.8%
Transferred to another hospital	2.0%	7.2%	13.8%	25.0%	42.8%	71.7%	85.5%	88.8%
All presentations	6.0%	20.8%	40.6%	63.6%	80.8%	90.2%	94.5%	96.6%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

St George Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 19,721 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 19,714 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

63.6%

	Change since one year ago
19,396	1.7%
19,396	1.6%
66.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED)
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

NSW

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sutherland Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: ¹ 12,936 patients	12,915	0.2%
Emergency presentations: ² 12,789 patients	12,778	0.1%

Sutherland Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,646 patients		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	14 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 31 minutes	33 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 5,286 patients	4,853	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	28 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 70 minutes	64 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,858 patients	5,052	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	29 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 81 minutes	76 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 940 patients	1,065	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	26 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 89 minutes	89 minutes	103 minutes

Sutherland Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 12,932 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 67.99

	one year ago
12,915	0.1%
73.3%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

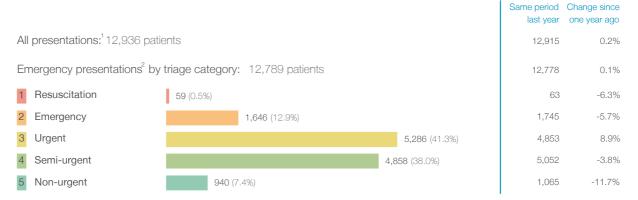
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

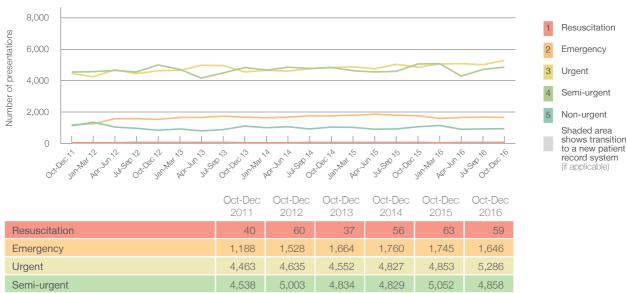
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sutherland Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



Sutherland Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

11,343

12,063

12,193

12,512

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 3,418 patients		3,274	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	13 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	28 minutes	25 minutes	3 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

940

Same period Change since

12,789

1.065

12,778

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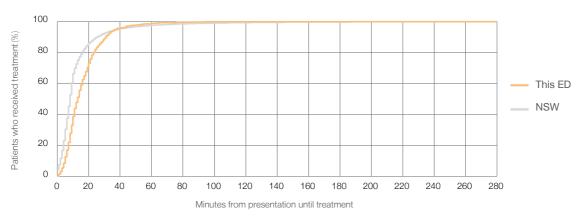
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sutherland Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,646		
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,640		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 13 minutes	14 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 31 minutes	33 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	11	11	12	13	14	13
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	28	28	27	29	33	31

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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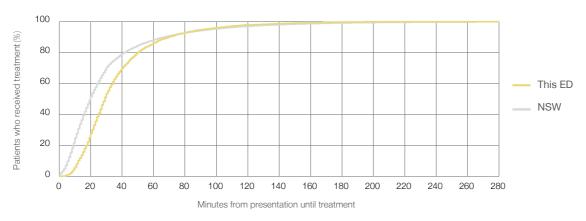
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sutherland Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

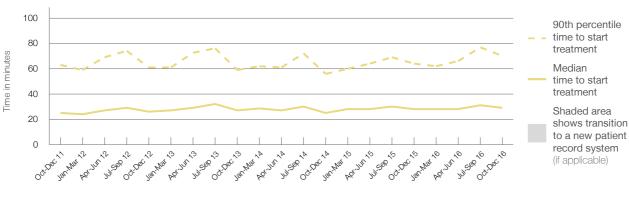
October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)		last year	(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 5,286		4,853	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 5,191		4,783	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	29 minutes	28 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	70 minutes	64 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	25	26	27	25	28	29
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	63	61	59	56	64	70

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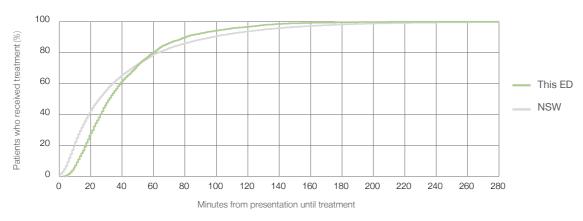
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sutherland Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4

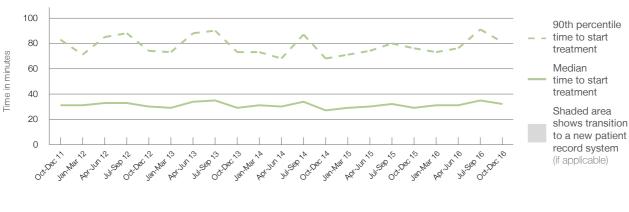
October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)		(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,858		
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 4,693		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	29 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 81 minutes	76 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011			Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	31	30	29	27	29	32
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	83	74	73	68	76	81

PERFORMANCE PROFILES: Emergency department care

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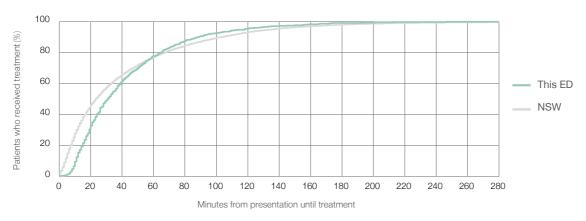
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sutherland Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5

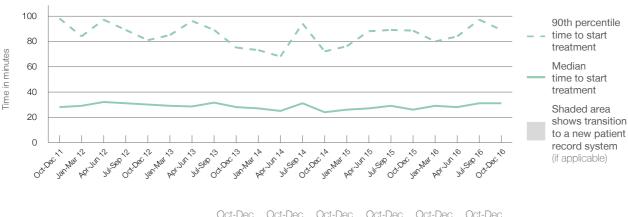
October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)		(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 940		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 834		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	26 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 89 minutes	89 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014		Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	28	30	28	24	26	31
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	98	81	75	72	89	89

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NSW

Same period

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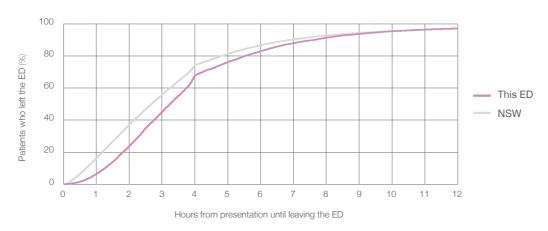
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sutherland Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

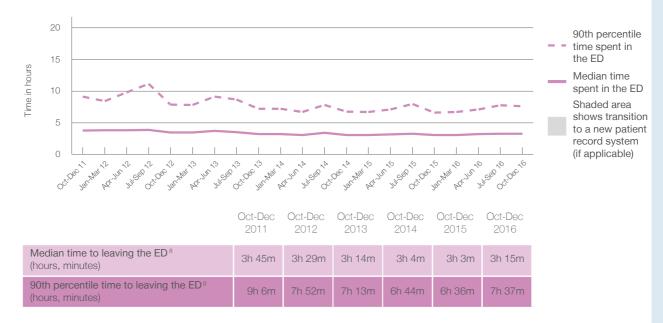
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 12,936 patients 12,915 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 12,932 patients 12,915 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 15 minutes 41 minutes 6 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 7 hours and 37 minutes 36 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



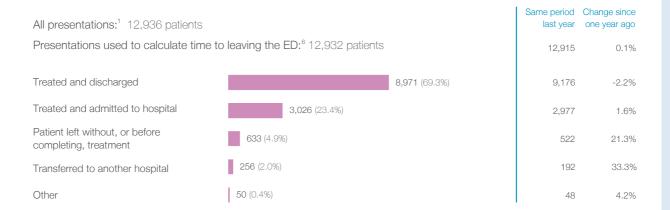
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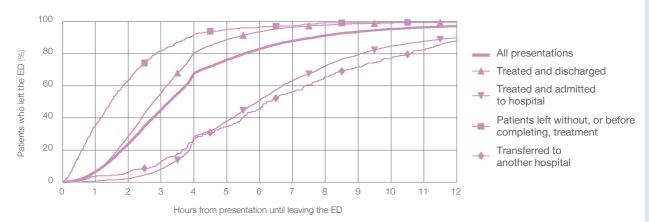
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Sutherland Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	6.2%	28.7%	55.8%	80.6%	93.7%	97.9%	99.2%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.7%	2.1%	8.3%	28.2%	50.9%	72.4%	84.8%	89.8%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	35.1%	63.3%	82.0%	91.9%	96.7%	99.2%	99.5%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	3.5%	6.3%	12.9%	27.0%	45.3%	65.6%	77.0%	87.9%
All presentations	6.5%	23.9%	45.2%	67.9%	82.9%	91.4%	95.4%	97.1%

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Sutherland Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 12,936 patients

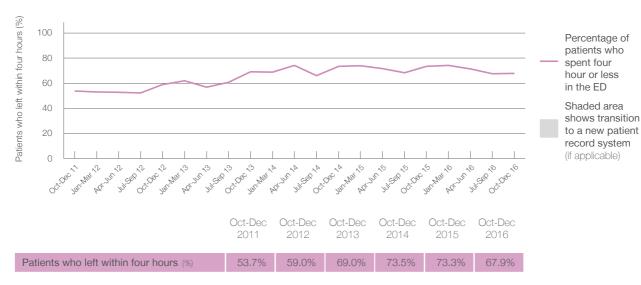
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 12,932 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
12,915	0.2%
12,915	0.1%
73.3%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



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- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
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- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

NSW

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: ¹ 8,036 patients	9,894	-18.8%
Emergency presentations: ² 7,720 patients	7,893	-2.2%

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 104 patients	115	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 20 minutes	17 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 994 patients	950	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	19 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 50 minutes	45 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,448 patients	4,137	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	24 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 76 minutes	67 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 2,174 patients	2,691	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 34 minutes	28 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 100 minutes	87 minutes	103 minutes

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,032 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
i crocinage of patients who sport	04 50/
four hours or less in the ED	91.5%

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
9,894	-18.8%
89.0%	

Same period Change since

Same period

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

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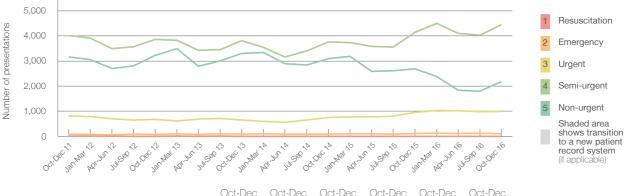
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016

			last year	one year ago
All presentations: 8,036 patien	nts		9,894	-18.8%
Emergency presentations ² by triage category: 7,720 patients				-2.2%
1 Resuscitation	< 5		< 5	*
2 Emergency	104 (1.3%)		115	-10.5%
3 Urgent	994 (12.9%)		950	4.6%
4 Semi-urgent		4,448 (57.6%)	4,137	7.5%
5 Non-urgent	2,174 (28.2%)		2,691	-19.2%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Resuscitation	6	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 5
Emergency	87	77	94	87	115	104
Urgent	809	669	645	748	950	994
Semi-urgent	4,014	3,865	3,812	3,756	4,137	4,448
Non-urgent	3,159	3,229	3,305	3,093	2,691	2,174
All emergency presentations	8,075	7,840	7,856	7,684	7,893	7,720

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 733 patients	734	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	8 minutes	9 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	18 minutes	16 minutes	2 minutes

Same period Change since

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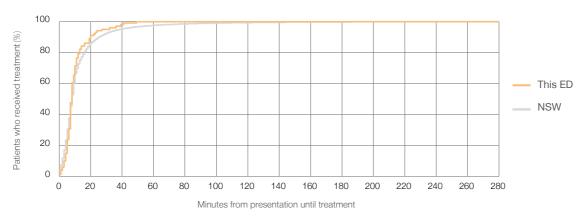
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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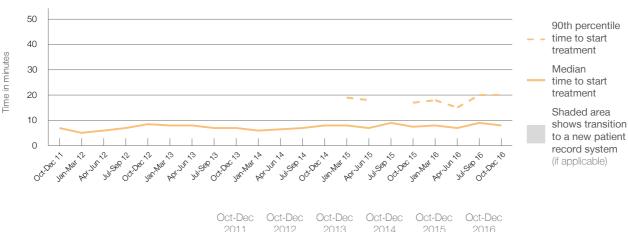
Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 104	115	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 101		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 20 minutes	17 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	7	9	7	8	8	8
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	*	*	*	*	17	20

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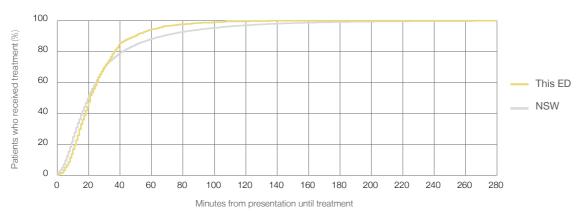
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Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 994	950	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 976	928	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	19 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 50 minutes	45 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	14	16	17	18	19	21
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	31	37	37	40	45	50

 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

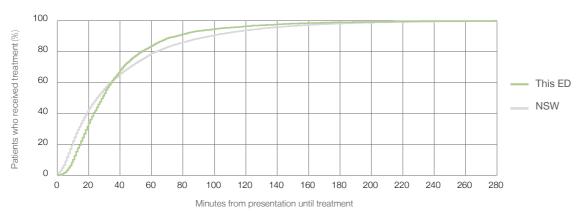
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,448	4,137	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,318	4,011	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	24 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 76 minutes	67 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	21	21	20	23	24	29
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	57	58	55	60	67	76

 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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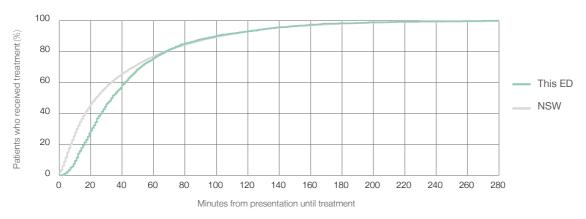
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

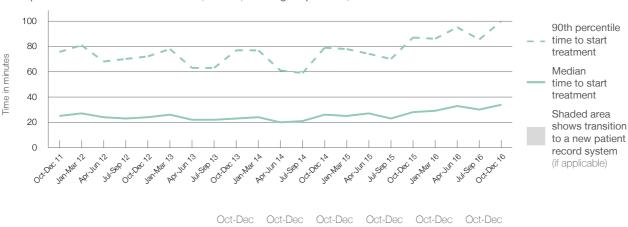
Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 2,174	2,691	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,002	2,503	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 34 minutes	28 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	87 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡}



	2011	2012		2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	25	24	23	26	28	34
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	76	72	77	79	87	100

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

All presentations: 8,036 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 8,032 patients

Median time spent in the ED $^{\rm 8}$

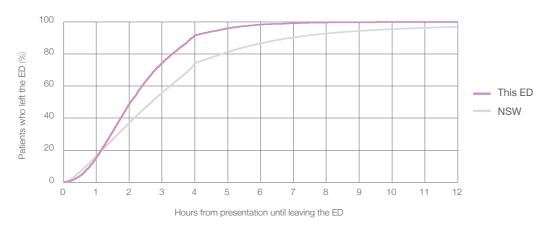
2 hours and 3 minutes

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

3 hours and 55 minutes

NSW (this period)	Same period last year
	9,894
	9,894
2 hours and 41 minutes	2 hours and 11 minutes
6 hours and 54 minutes	4 hours and 10 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



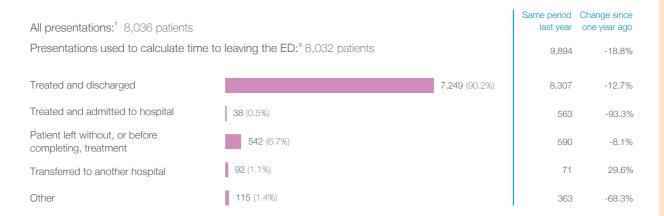
 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

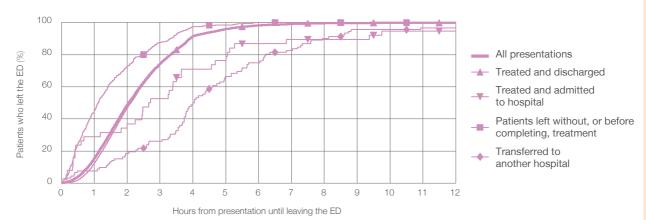
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	12.7%	46.9%	73.9%	91.6%	98.5%	99.8%	99.9%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	28.9%	36.8%	52.6%	71.1%	86.8%	89.5%	94.7%	94.7%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	45.2%	72.9%	87.6%	97.6%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	7.6%	18.5%	26.1%	50.0%	75.0%	90.2%	95.7%	96.7%
All presentations	15.6%	48.8%	74.4%	91.5%	98.3%	99.6%	99.9%	99.9%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Sydney/Sydney Eye Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,036 patients

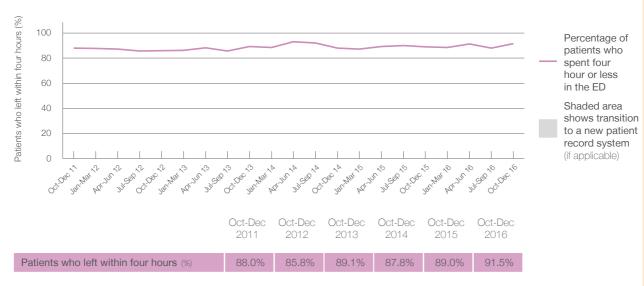
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,032 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

91.5%

Same period last year one year ago
9,894 -18.8%
9,894 -18.8%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED)
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).