NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Canterbury Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 11,211 patients	11,535	-2.8%
Emergency presentations: ² 11,171 patients	11,494	-2.8%

Canterbury Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment 3

October to December 2017

October to December 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,168 patients	1,098	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 16 minutes	15 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 4,095 patients	3,839	
Median time to start treatment 4 17 minutes	16 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 59 minutes	53 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 4,689 patients	5,290	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	79 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,180 patients	1,237	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	18 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	97 minutes	103 minutes

Canterbury Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 11,207 patients

	9	
Percentage of patients who spent		
four hours or less in the ED		79.3%
four hours or less in the ED		79.3

	Change since one year ago
11,535	-2.8%
85.4%	

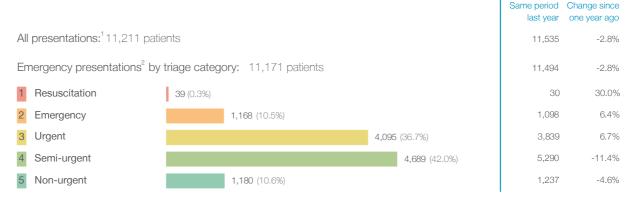
- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

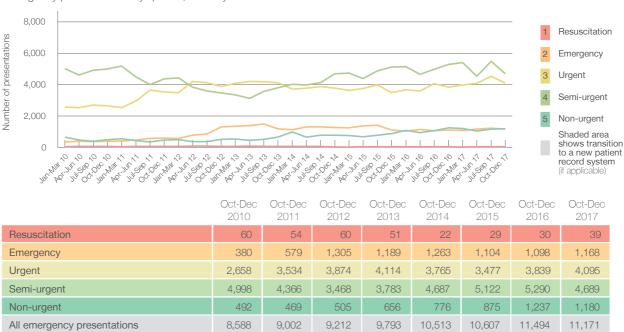
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Canterbury Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 [‡]



Canterbury Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfe	er of care time: 7 1,927 patients	1,912	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	10 minutes	10 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	20 minutes	19 minutes	1 minute

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Same period Change since

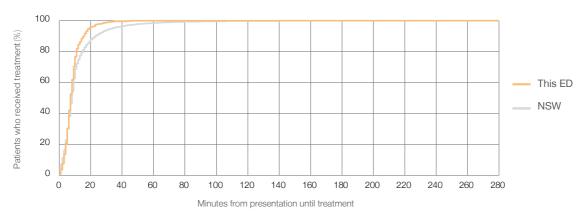
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Canterbury Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

October to December 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,168	1,098	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,167	1,096	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 16 minutes	15 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment 4 (minutes)	8	8	8	8	8	7	7	7
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	20	23	23	17	17	16	15	16

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

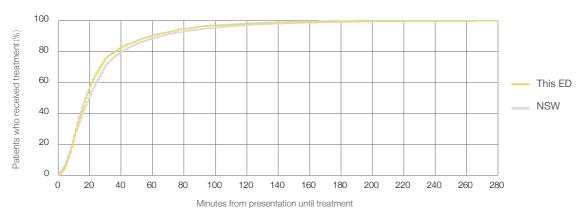
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Canterbury Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

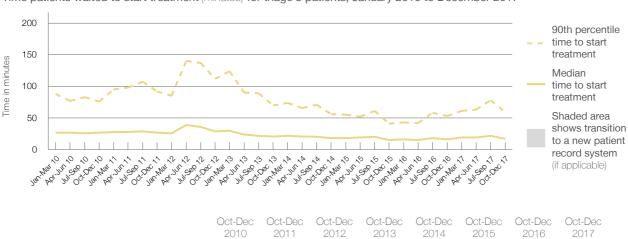
October to December 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 4,095	3,839	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,032	3,796	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 17 minutes	16 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 59 minutes	53 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	27	27	29	21	18	15	16	17
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	76	92	112	70	56	41	53	59

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

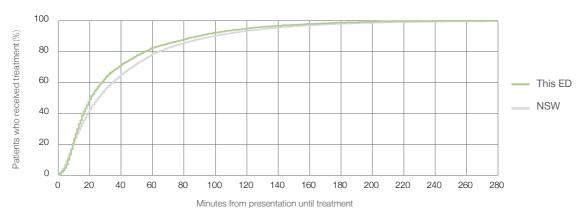
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Canterbury Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4

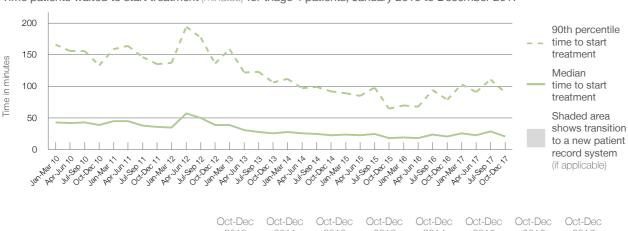
October to December 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 4,689	5,290	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,380	5,016	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 21 minutes	21 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 90 minutes	79 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	39	36	39	26	23	18	21	21
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	133	135	136	106	92	65	79	90

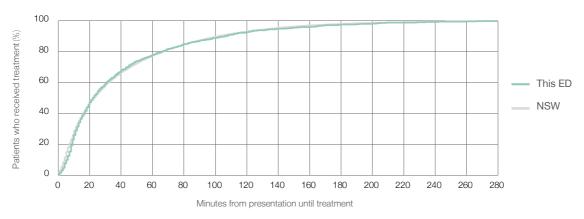
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^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

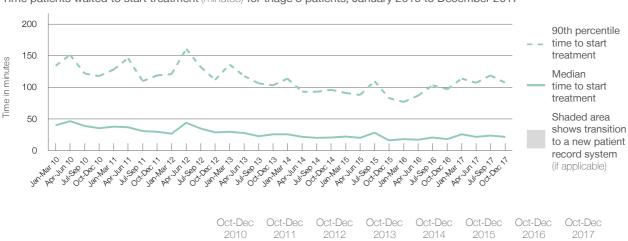
Canterbury Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,180	1,237		
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting to	1,018		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes		18 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	107 minutes	97 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	36	30	29	26	21	16	18	22
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	118	119	112	103	96	83	97	107

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NSW

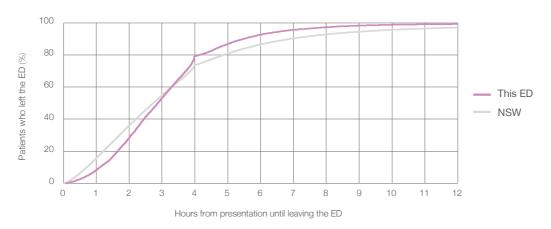
Same period

Canterbury Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2017

(this period) last vear All presentations: 11,211 patients 11,535 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 11,207 patients 11,535 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED ⁸ 2 hours and 53 minutes 44 minutes 4 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 5 hours and 30 minutes 50 minutes 55 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017

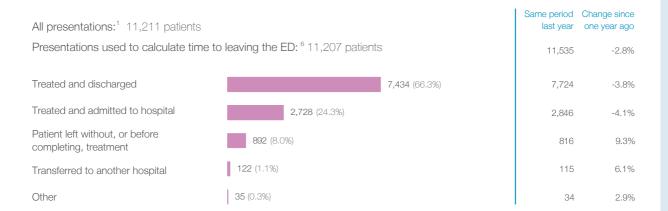


^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

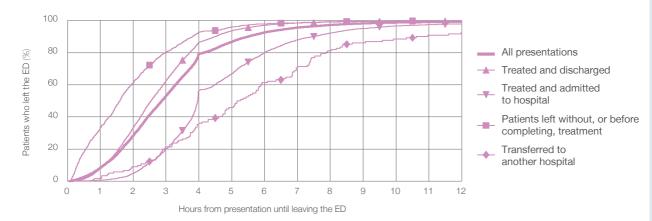
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Canterbury Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	8.1%	33.4%	62.6%	86.6%	97.1%	99.1%	99.7%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.5%	4.8%	20.0%	56.6%	80.1%	92.3%	96.7%	97.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	33.2%	61.2%	80.5%	92.7%	98.0%	99.2%	99.7%	99.8%
Transferred to another hospital	1.6%	9.0%	21.3%	36.1%	61.5%	81.1%	88.5%	92.6%
All presentations	8.4%	28.6%	53.3%	79.3%	92.6%	97.3%	98.8%	99.3%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Canterbury Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 111,211 patients

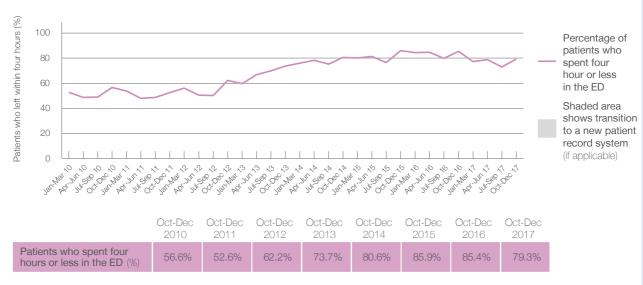
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 11,207 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

79.3%

one year ago	
-2.8%	11,535
-2.8%	11,535
	05.40/

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).