

Hospital Quarterly

Performance Profiles

Emergency Department

Western NSW Local Health District

Same period Change since

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Bathurst Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 6,384 patients	6,430	-0.7%
Emergency presentations: ² 6,327 patients	6,336	-0.1%

Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 644 patients	547	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	9 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,948 patients	2,090	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	17 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 52 minutes	54 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,264 patients	3,382	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	24 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 87 minutes	110 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 449 patients	303	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	12 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 84 minutes	91 minutes	103 minutes

Bathurst Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 6,384 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 74.1%

	one year ago
6,430	-0.7%
72.4%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

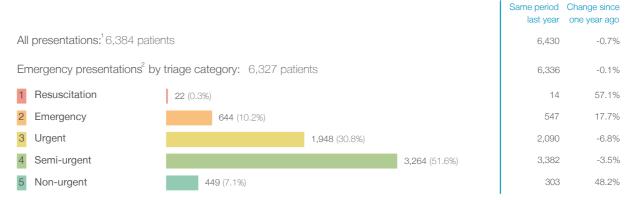
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

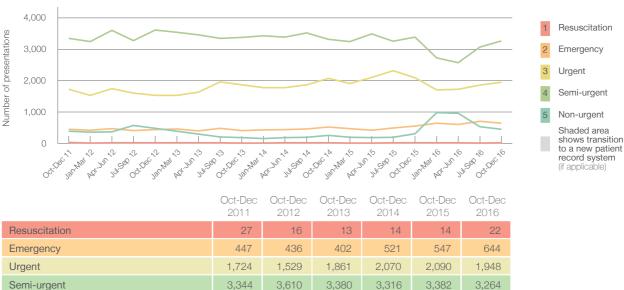
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Bathurst Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



Bathurst Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 934 patients	437	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	18 minutes	-5 minutes
90th percentile time	34 minutes	66 minutes	-32 minutes

474

5,838

6,172

6,065

5,926

449

Same period Change since

6,327

6,336

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

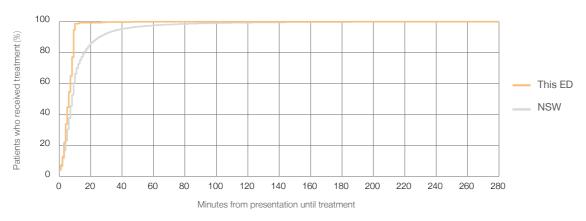
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

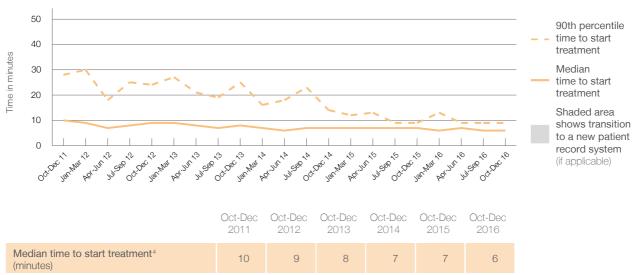
October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 644	547	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 641	545	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 9 minutes	9 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



28

24

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

14

9

9

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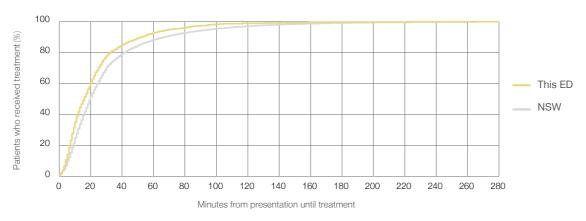
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Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,948	2,090	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,925	2,066	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	17 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 52 minutes	54 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	22	17	14	14	17	16
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	62	51	41	43	54	52

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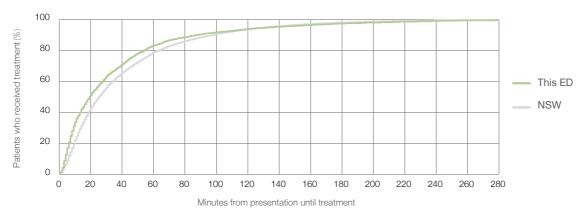
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Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4

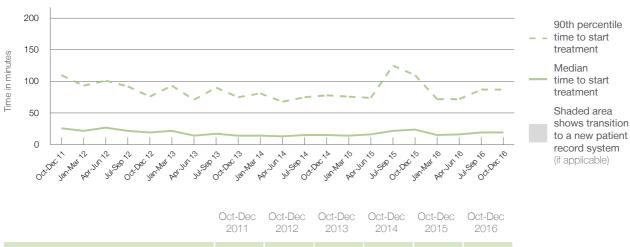
October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,264	3,382	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3,048	3,126	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 19 minutes	24 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 87 minutes	110 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	26	19	14	15	24	19
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	110	76	75	78	110	87

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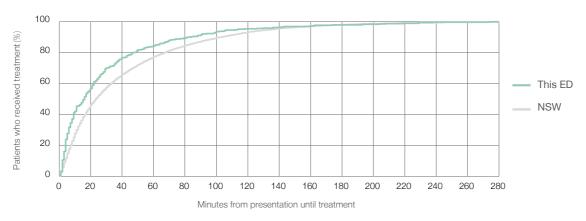
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$\textbf{Bathurst Base Hospital:} \ \ \text{Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5}$

October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 449	303	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 388	272	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	12 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 84 minutes	91 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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NSW

Same period

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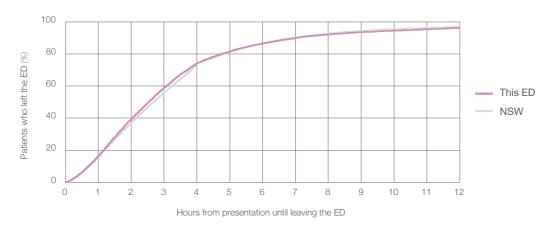
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Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

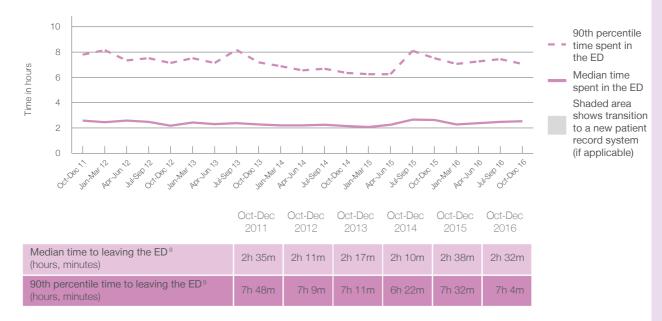
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 6,384 patients 6,430 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6,384 patients 6,430 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 32 minutes 41 minutes 7 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 7 hours and 4 minutes 32 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

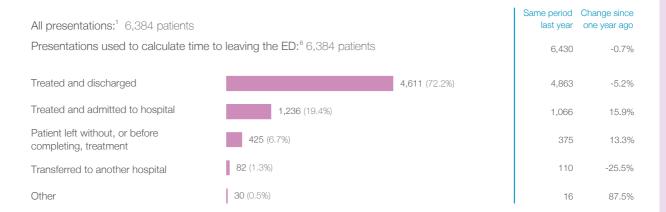
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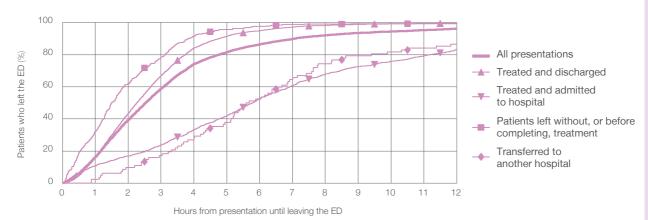
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Bathurst Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	16.2%	43.5%	67.0%	84.1%	94.9%	98.2%	99.2%	99.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	10.8%	16.8%	23.8%	33.3%	52.7%	68.0%	76.0%	83.3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	32.2%	61.9%	78.6%	91.5%	97.6%	99.1%	99.3%	99.3%
Transferred to another hospital	2.4%	9.8%	17.1%	28.0%	52.4%	74.4%	81.7%	86.6%
All presentations	16.3%	39.3%	58.9%	74.1%	86.4%	92.1%	94.5%	96.3%

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Bathurst Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 16,384 patients

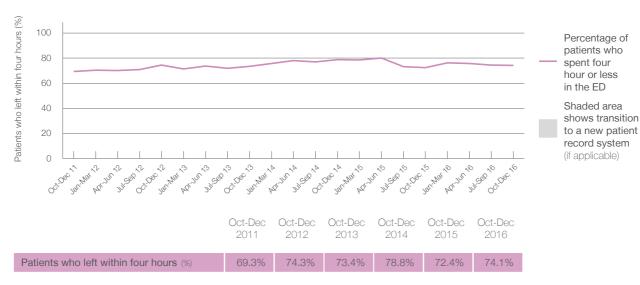
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 6,384 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

74.1%

Change since one year ago	
-0.7%	6,430
-0.7%	6,430
	72.4%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Dubbo Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 8,659 patients	7,789	11.2%
Emergency presentations: ² 8,232 patients	7,545	9.1%

Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,008 patients	811	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	19 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 3,131 patients	2,779	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	24 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	70 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 3,222 patients	3,438	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	31 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	107 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 824 patients	485	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	31 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	120 minutes	103 minutes

Dubbo Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 8,656 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 73.1%

	one year ago
7,787	11.2%
73.7%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

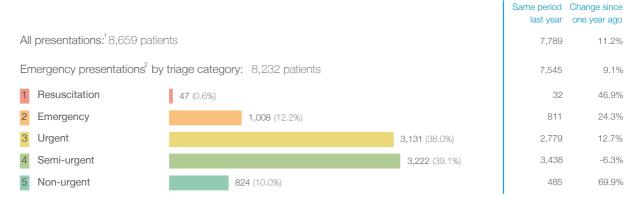
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

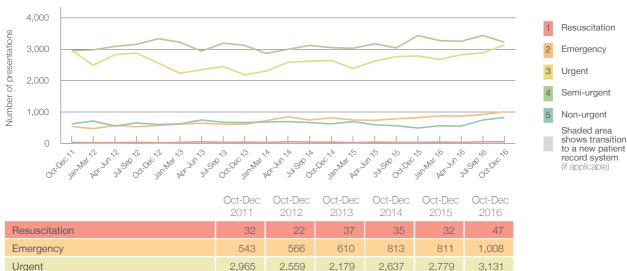
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Dubbo Base Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



3,124

6,616

3,048

7,157

3,438

485

7,545

3,222

8,232

824

Same period Change since

Dubbo Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

2,957

7,114

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

last year	one year ago
914	
13 minutes	-1 minute
31 minutes	-3 minutes
	914 13 minutes

596 7,076

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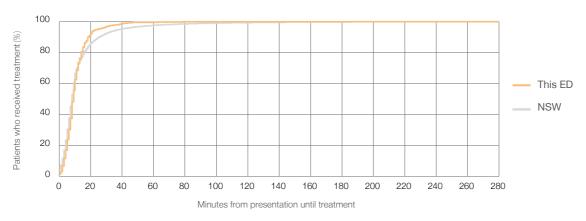
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

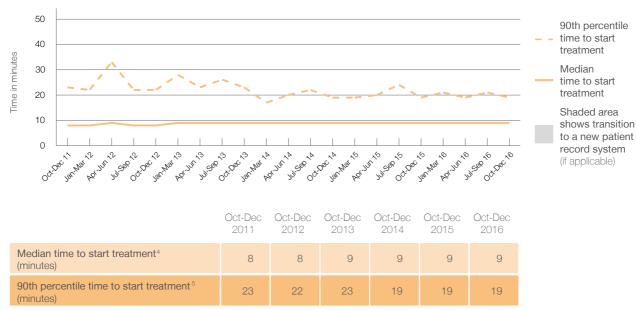
October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,008	811	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,004	808	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 19 minutes	19 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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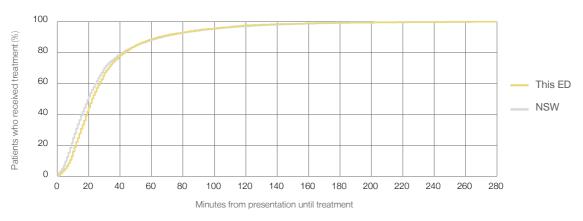
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Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

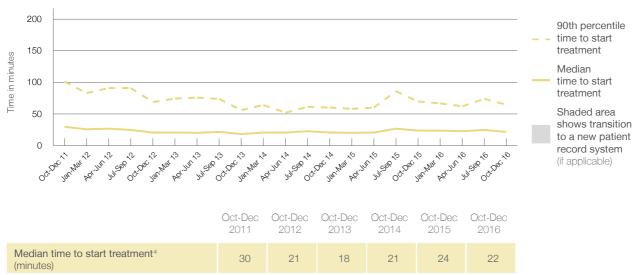
October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,131	2,779	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 3,072		
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 22 minutes	24 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 65 minutes	70 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



(+)	Data points	are not	shown in	graphs fo	or quarters	when	patient	numbers	are	too:	small.
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101

69

56

60

70

65

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

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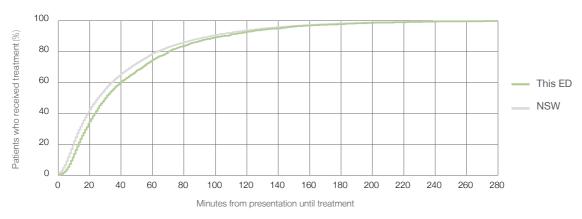
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 3,222	3,438	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,999	3,143	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 31 minutes	31 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 105 minutes	107 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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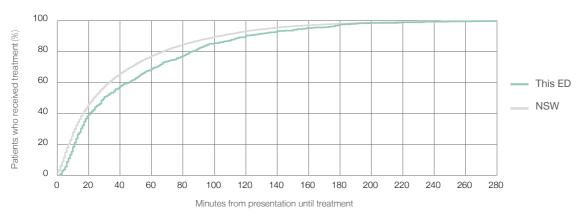
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Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 824	485	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 670	359	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 30 minutes	31 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 120 minutes	120 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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NSW

Same period

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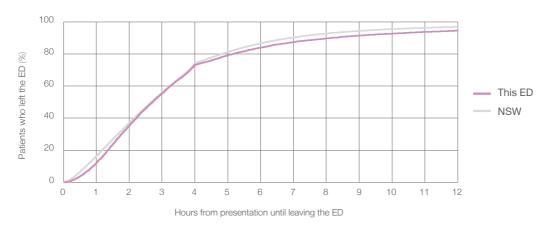
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Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

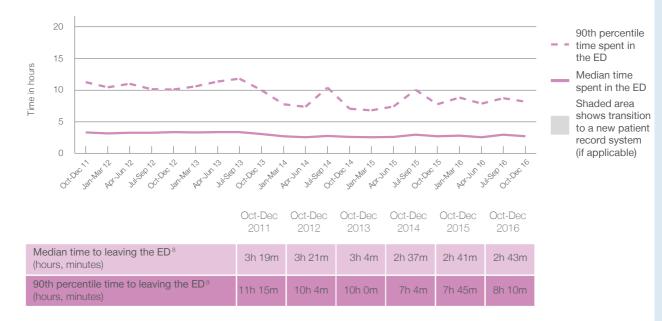
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 8,659 patients 7,789 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 8,656 patients 7,787 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 43 minutes 41 minutes 41 minutes 7 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 8 hours and 10 minutes 45 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



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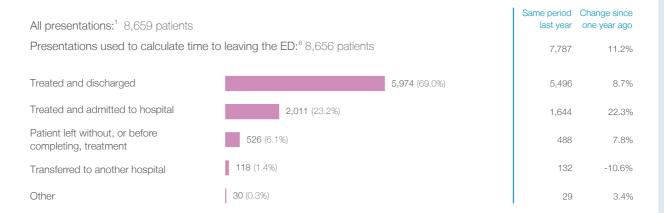
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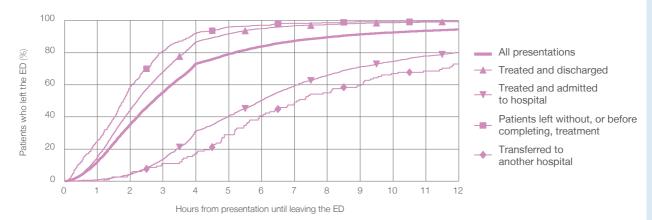
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Dubbo Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	14.9%	44.4%	68.2%	86.7%	95.0%	97.6%	98.7%	99.3%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.7%	4.1%	13.7%	31.2%	50.4%	66.0%	74.5%	80.2%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	25.1%	58.9%	81.0%	92.0%	97.1%	98.7%	99.2%	99.8%
Transferred to another hospital	0%	4.2%	11.0%	16.9%	40.7%	55.1%	66.9%	72.9%
All presentations	12.1%	35.4%	55.4%	73.1%	83.9%	89.7%	92.6%	94.5%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Dubbo Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 18,659 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 8,656 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

73.1%

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
7,789	11.2%
7,787	11.2%
73.7%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 †*



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED)
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Forbes District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: ¹ 2,048 patients	2,492	-17.8%
Emergency presentations: ² 1,793 patients	1,905	-5.9%

Forbes District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 72 patients	83	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	5 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	*	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 251 patients	265	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	13 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 52 minutes	36 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 560 patients	724	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	25 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 81 minutes	69 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 903 patients	833	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 26 minutes	27 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	96 minutes	103 minutes

Forbes District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Same period change since one year ago

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 2,048 patients

2,491

-17.8%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

87.1%

93.8%

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

903

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

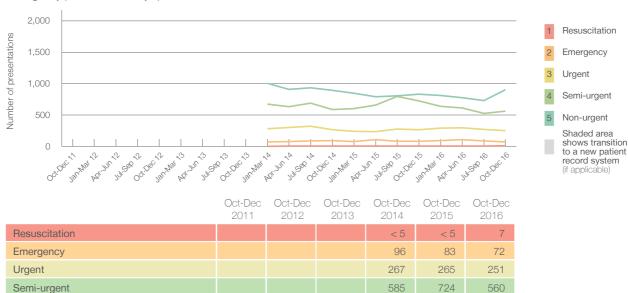
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Forbes District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016

			last year	one year ago
All presentations: 2,048 patier	nts		2,492	-17.8%
Emergency presentations ² by	triage category: 1,793 patients		1,905	-5.9%
1 Resuscitation	7 (0.4%)		< 5	*
2 Emergency	72 (4.0%)		83	-11.1%
3 Urgent	251 (14.0%)		265	-5.3%
4 Semi-urgent	560 (31.2%)		724	-22.7%
5 Non-urgent		903 (50.4%)	833	8.4%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 ^{‡§}



Forbes District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 159 patients	53	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	9 minutes	30 minutes	-21 minutes
90th percentile time	25 minutes	*	*

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

1,841

1.905

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

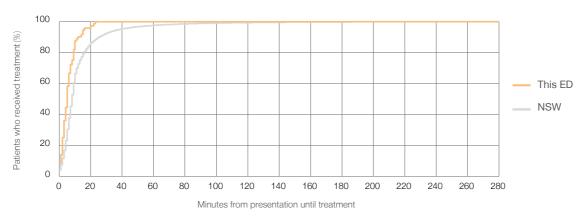
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Forbes District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same perior last year.		(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 72		83	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting ti	me: ³ 72	81	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	5 minut	:es	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ *		*	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡§}



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

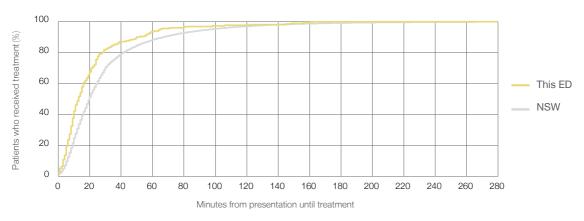
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Forbes District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 251	265	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 249	259	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 13 minutes	13 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 52 minutes	36 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡§}



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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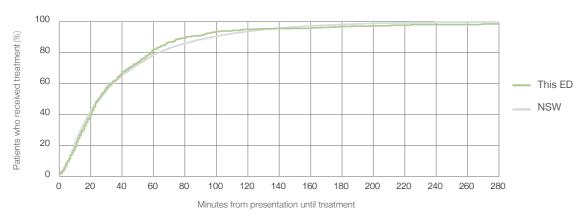
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Forbes District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4

October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 560	724	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 538	703	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	25 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 81 minutes	69 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡§}



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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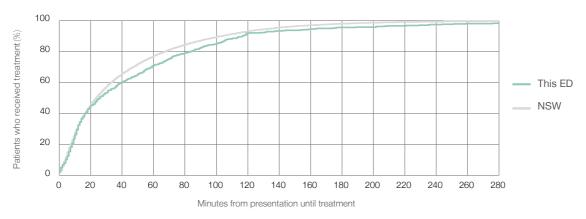
^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Forbes District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or ab	prasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 903		833	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate	e waiting time:3 798	798	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	26 minutes	27 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	117 minutes	96 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡§}



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

Same period

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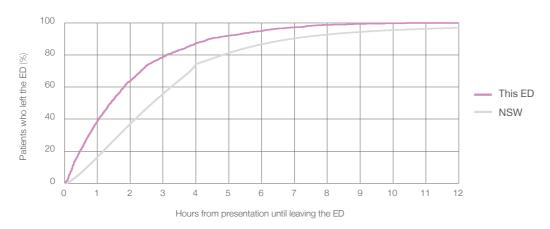
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Forbes District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 2,048 patients 2,492 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 2,048 patients 2,491 0 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 1 hours and 25 minutes 41 minutes 3 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 4 hours and 26 minutes 11 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$



^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

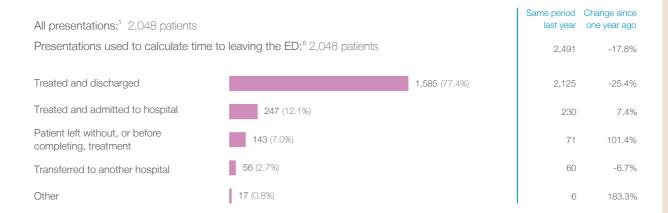
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

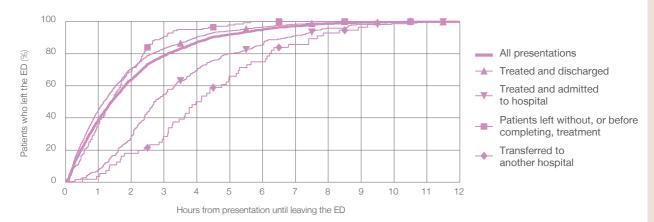
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Forbes District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	44.9%	70.5%	83.2%	90.3%	96.5%	99.2%	99.8%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	7.7%	28.7%	54.7%	69.6%	85.4%	96.0%	98.8%	100%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	36.4%	68.5%	90.9%	95.1%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	3.6%	17.9%	28.6%	50.0%	75.0%	92.9%	100%	100%
All presentations	38.9%	63.9%	78.8%	87.1%	94.9%	98.7%	99.7%	100%

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^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Forbes District Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 12,048 patients

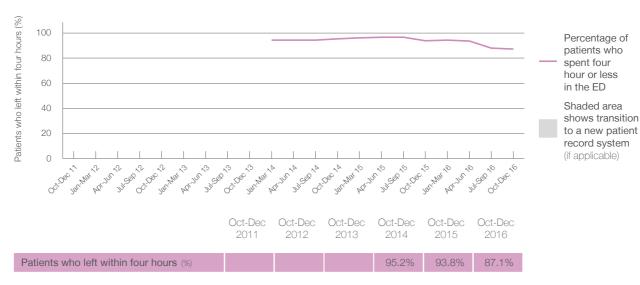
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 62,048 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

87.1%

Same period last year one year ago
2,492 -17.8%
2,491 -17.8%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 118



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Mudgee District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 3,236 patients	3,463	-6.6%
Emergency presentations: ² 3,067 patients	3,124	-1.8%

Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 213 patients	192	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 28 minutes	28 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 732 patients	606	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 62 minutes	63 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,607 patients	1,582	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 36 minutes	38 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	103 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 504 patients	739	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 38 minutes	39 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	120 minutes	103 minutes

Mudgee District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 3,234 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 87.1%

Change since	Same period
one year ago	last year
-6.6%	3,462
	89.5%

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

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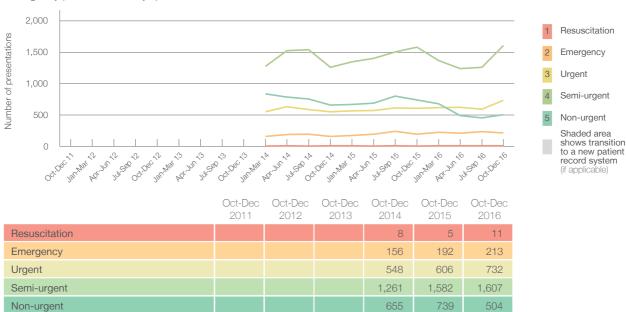
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Mudgee District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016

			last year	one year ago
All presentations: 3,236 patier	nts		3,463	-6.6%
Emergency presentations ² by	triage category: 3,067 patients		3,124	-1.8%
1 Resuscitation	11 (0.4%)		5	120.0%
2 Emergency	213 (6.9%)		192	10.9%
3 Urgent	732 (23.9%)		606	20.8%
4 Semi-urgent		1,607 (52.4%)	1,582	1.6%
5 Non-urgent	504 (16.4%)		739	-31.8%

Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 ^{‡§}



Mudgee District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

last year	one year ago
195	
18 minutes	-6 minutes
53 minutes	-17 minutes
	195 18 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

2,628

3,124

3.067

Same period Change since

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^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

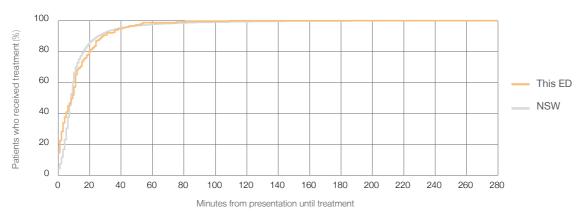
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

$\textbf{Mudgee District Hospital:} \ \mathsf{Time \ patients \ waited \ to \ start \ treatment, \ triage \ 2$

October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 213	192	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 212	191	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 9 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 28 minutes	28 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡§}



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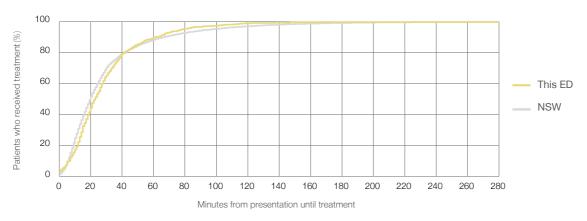
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 732	606	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 725	583	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	22 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 62 minutes	63 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡§}



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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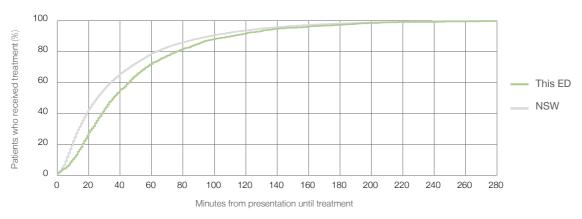
^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,607	1,582	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,501	1,410	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 36 minutes	38 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 111 minutes	103 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡§}



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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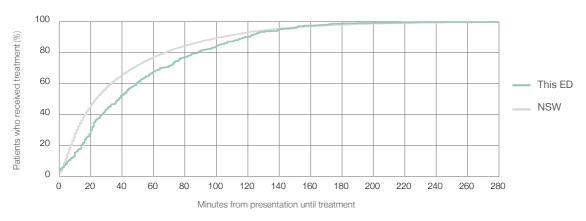
^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 504	739	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 432	539	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 38 minutes	39 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 118 minutes	120 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016^{†‡§}



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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^(§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

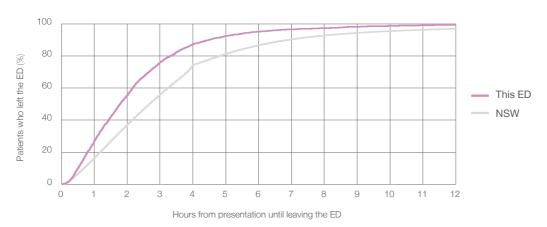
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

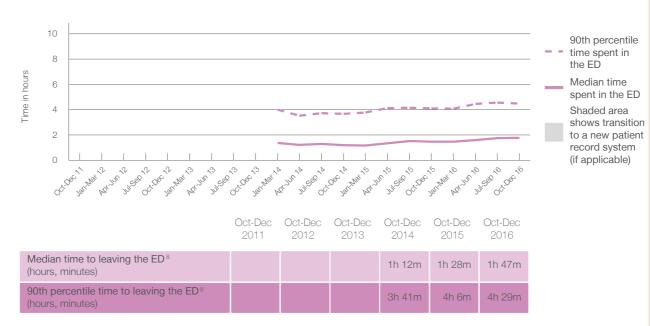
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 3,236 patients 3,463 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 3,234 patients 3,462 1 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 1 hours and 47 minutes 28 minutes 41 minutes 4 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 4 hours and 29 minutes 6 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

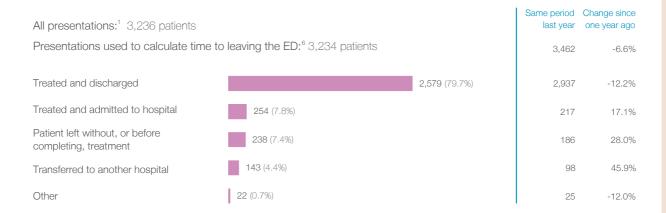
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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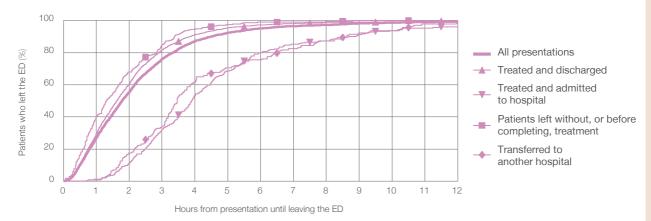
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016 $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	29.6%	60.6%	81.7%	91.2%	97.2%	98.6%	99.3%	99.7%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.2%	11.4%	32.3%	53.1%	79.9%	87.4%	93.7%	96.1%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	40.3%	68.1%	84.9%	94.5%	99.2%	99.6%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	0.7%	17.5%	34.3%	61.5%	75.5%	87.4%	93.7%	98.6%
All presentations	27.1%	55.5%	76.0%	87.1%	95.1%	97.3%	98.6%	99.4%

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Mudgee District Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 13,236 patients

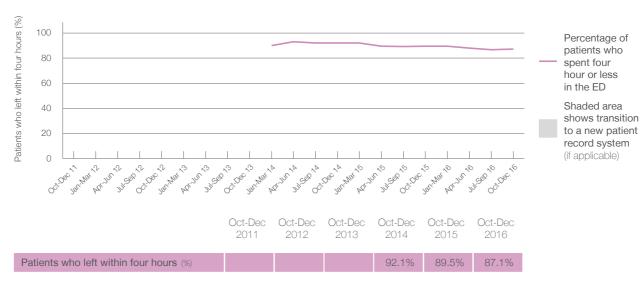
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 3,234 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

87.1%

Same period last year one year ago
3,463 -6.6%
3,462 -6.6%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 118



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Orange Health Service: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: ¹ 7,547 patients	7,515	0.4%
Emergency presentations: ² 7,440 patients	7,381	0.8%

Orange Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,032 patients	953	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	11 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,680 patients	1,523	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	15 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 39 minutes	38 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,765 patients	2,729	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	22 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	80 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 1,906 patients	2,115	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	22 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	113 minutes	103 minutes

Orange Health Service: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 7,543 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 73.0%

	one year ago
iast year	one year ago
7,515	0.4%
74.6%	

- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

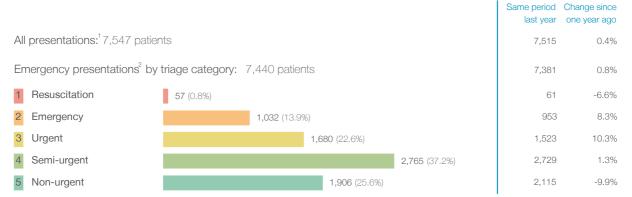
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

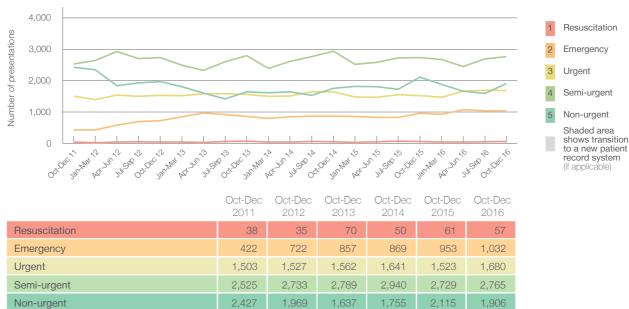
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Orange Health Service: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



Orange Health Service: Patients arriving by ambulance

6,915

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate trans	sfer of care time: 7 1,355 patients	1,194	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	10 minutes	1 minute
90th percentile time	22 minutes	22 minutes	0 minutes

6,986

6,915

7.255

7,381

7,440

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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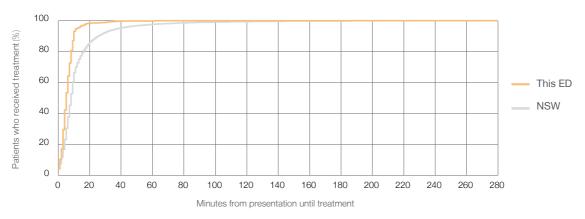
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Orange Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,032	953	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,031	949	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 5 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 10 minutes	11 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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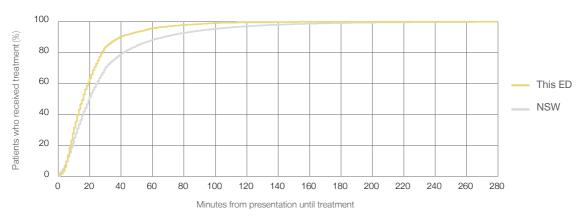
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Orange Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,680	1,523	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,661	1,516	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 16 minutes	15 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 39 minutes	38 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	19	19	17	13	15	16
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	50	53	57	34	38	39

 $^{(\}dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$

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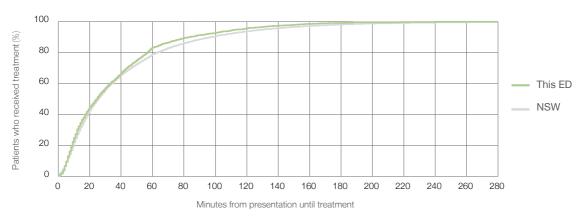
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Orange Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4

October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,765	2,729	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,675	2,641	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	22 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 83 minutes	80 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	89	90	101	72	80	83

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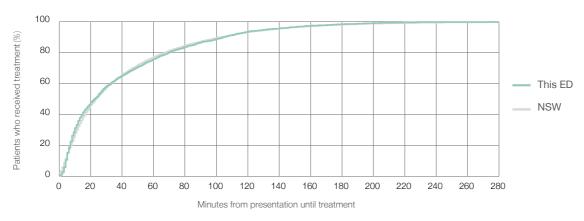
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Orange Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5

October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,906	2,115	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,784	1,969	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 23 minutes	22 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 105 minutes	113 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	36	26	20	13	22	23
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	128	110	113	85	113	105

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NSW

Same period

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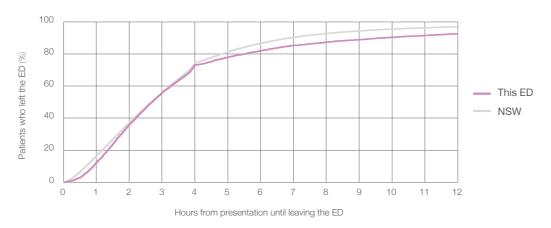
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Orange Health Service: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

last vear (this period) All presentations: 7,547 patients 7,515 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 7,543 patients 7,515 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 42 minutes 41 minutes 9 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 9 hours and 44 minutes 13 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

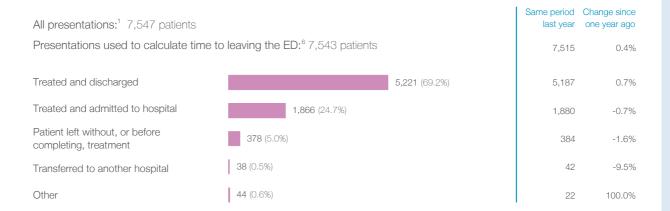
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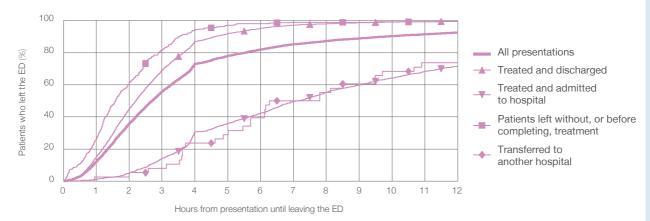
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Orange Health Service: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	15.0%	45.1%	69.0%	86.8%	95.2%	98.0%	99.1%	99.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.1%	5.0%	14.1%	30.6%	42.3%	55.4%	64.2%	71.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	26.2%	61.1%	81.7%	94.2%	98.1%	98.9%	99.2%	99.5%
Transferred to another hospital	2.6%	5.3%	7.9%	23.7%	39.5%	55.3%	68.4%	73.7%
All presentations	12.2%	35.9%	55.8%	73.0%	82.0%	87.3%	90.3%	92.5%

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Orange Health Service: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 17,547 patients

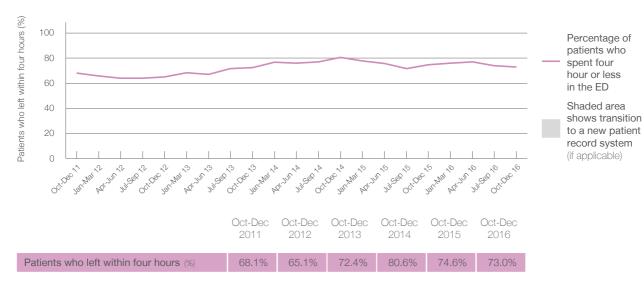
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 7,543 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

73.0%

Change since one year ago	
0.4%	7,515
0.4%	7,515
	74.6%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
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- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

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Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).