NSW

Same period Change since

Same period

Singleton District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

April to June 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 2,808 patients	2,841	-1.2%
Emergency presentations: ² 2,730 patients	2,776	-1.7%

Singleton District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

April to June 2017

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 171 patients	187	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 29 minutes	31 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 739 patients	722	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 25 minutes	25 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 72 minutes	74 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,672 patients	1,650	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 37 minutes	40 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	110 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 148 patients	212	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	30 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 89 minutes	92 minutes	101 minutes

Singleton District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED April to June 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 2,808 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
2,841	-1.2%
90.5%	

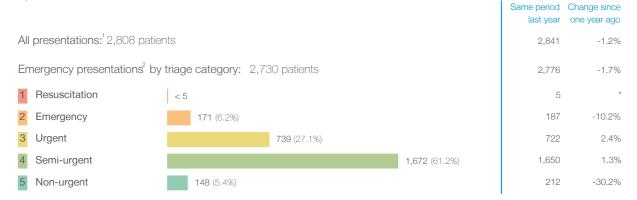
- * Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

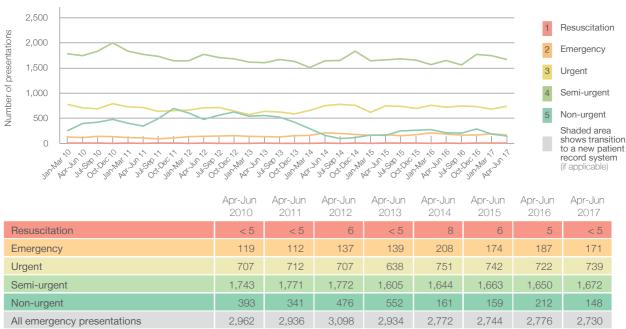
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Singleton District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

April to June 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 [‡]



Singleton District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

April to June 2017

			Change since one year ago
sfer of care time: 7 268 patients		261	
5 minutes		6 minutes	-1 minute
	119 minutes	14 minutes	105 minutes
	ofer of care time: 7 268 patients 5 minutes	5 minutes	Iast year sfer of care time: 7 268 patients 261 5 minutes 6 minutes

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

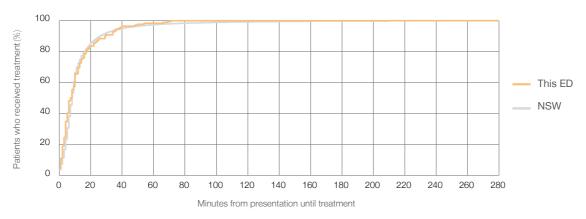
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

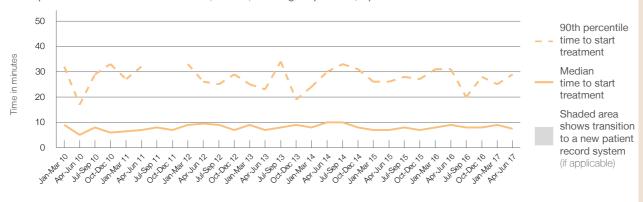
Singleton District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 April to June 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 171	187	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: ³ 164	181	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 29 minutes	31 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	5	7	10	7	10	7	9	8
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	17	32	26	23	30	26	31	29

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

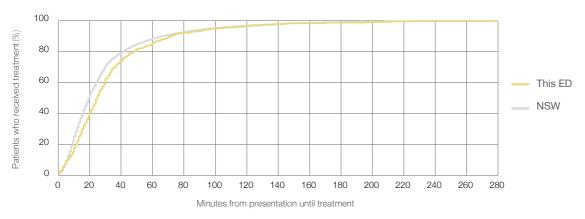
^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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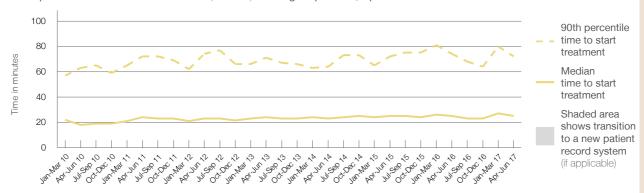
Singleton District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 April to June 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 3 patients: 739	722		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calc	691		
Median time to start treatment ⁴	25 minutes	25 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	72 minutes	74 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	18	24	23	24	23	25	25	25
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	63	72	74	71	64	72	74	72

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

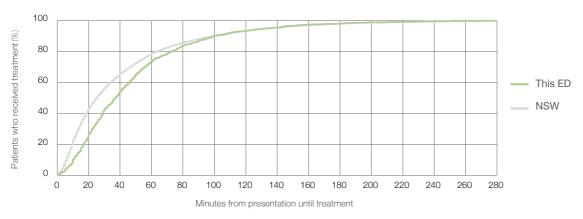
^(±) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper:

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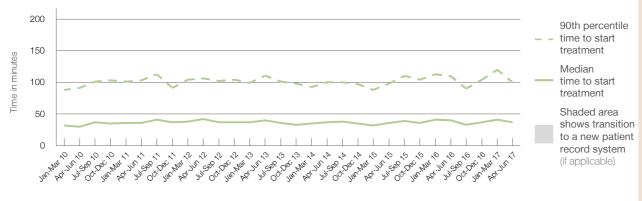
Singleton District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 April to June 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,672	1,650	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,602	1,565	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 37 minutes	40 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 100 minutes	110 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	30	36	42	40	37	36	40	37
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	91	103	106	111	100	98	110	100

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

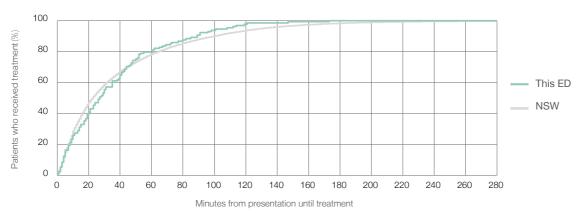
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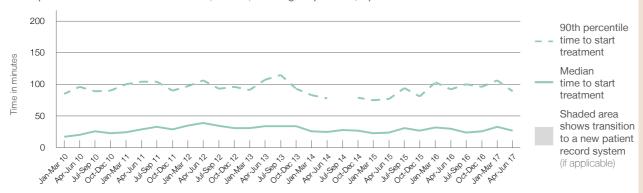
Singleton District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 April to June 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 148	212	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 128	188	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 27 minutes	30 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 89 minutes	92 minutes	101 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, April to June 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



	Apr-Jun 2010	Apr-Jun 2011	Apr-Jun 2012	Apr-Jun 2013	Apr-Jun 2014	Apr-Jun 2015	Apr-Jun 2016	Apr-Jun 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	20	29	39	34	25	24	30	27
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	96	104	106	107	78	77	92	89

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Singleton District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

April to June 2017

90th percentile time spent in the ED 9

All presentations: 1 2,808 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,808 patients

Median time spent in the ED 8 1 hours and 25 minutes

Same period NSW (this period)

2,841

2,841

1 hours and 33 minutes

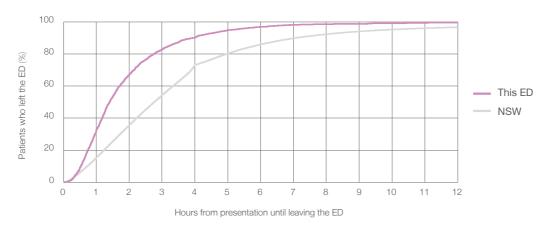
3 hours and 55 minutes

NSW (this period)

2 hours and 46 minutes

7 hours and 5 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, April to June 2017



3 hours and 58 minutes

Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 †‡



 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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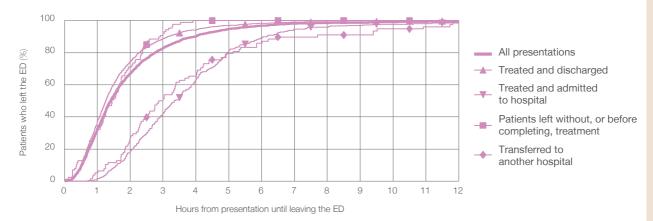
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Singleton District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation April to June 2017

All presentations: ¹ 2,808 patients			Same period last year	Change since one year ago
Presentations used to calculate time to	2,841	-1.2%		
Treated and discharged		2,322 (82.7%)	2,335	-0.6%
Treated and admitted to hospital	267 (9.5%)		283	-5.7%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	87 (3.1%)		63	38.1%
Transferred to another hospital	78 (2.8%)		84	-7.1%
Other	54 (1.9%)		76	-28.9%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, April to June 2017 **



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	37.3%	74.5%	88.8%	94.2%	98.3%	99.2%	99.6%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.5%	18.7%	41.9%	63.3%	89.1%	95.9%	97.8%	98.5%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	32.2%	71.3%	92.0%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	5.1%	26.9%	51.3%	65.4%	85.9%	91.0%	94.9%	98.7%
All presentations	32.6%	67.3%	82.9%	90.2%	96.8%	98.5%	99.2%	99.6%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Singleton District Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED April to June 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 1 2,808 patients

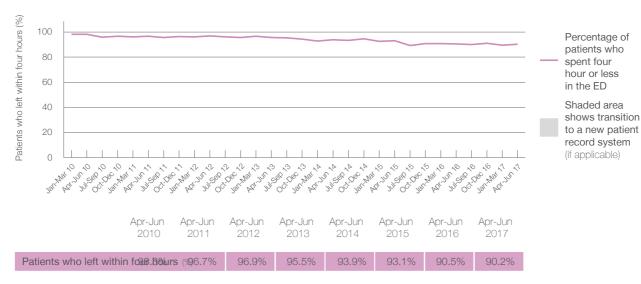
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 2,808 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

90.2%

	Change since one year ago
2,841	-1.2%
2,841	-1.2%
90.5%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, April 2012 to June 2017 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 21 July 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 21 July 2017).