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Maitland Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview July to September 2017

		Change since one year ago
All presentations:1 12,610 patients	12,232	3.1%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 12,538 patients	12,165	3.1%

### Maitland Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

July to September 2017

			Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,993 patients				
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	8 minutes		8 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	46 minutes		22 minutes	29 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blo	od loss, dehydration): 3,392 p	atients	3,285	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	29 minutes		22 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment $^{5}$	131 m	ninutes	76 minutes	83 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. spraine	d ankle, earache): 5,838 patier	nts	5,447	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	55 minutes		41 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment $^{\rm 5}$		177 minutes	131 minutes	121 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cur	ts or abrasions): 1,279 patient	ts	1,231	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	62 minutes		55 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment $^{5}$		176 minutes	141 minutes	118 minutes
Maitland Hospital: Time from	n presentation until leavir	na the ED		
•		<u> </u>	1	

July to September 2017	-		1	Change since one year ago
Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 12,609 patients				3.1%
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED		60.8%	70.5%	

\* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.

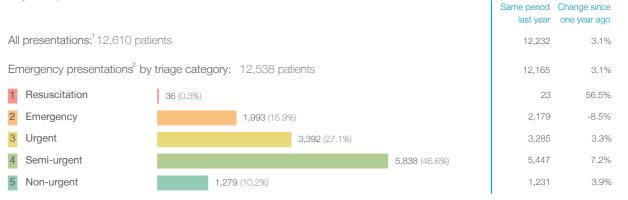
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

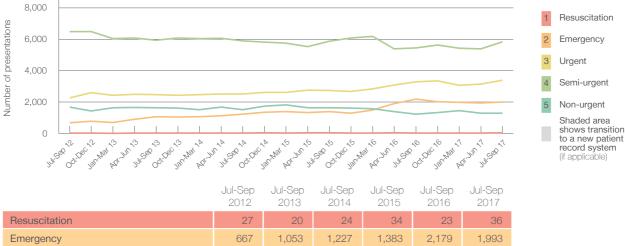
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

# Maitland Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

July to September 2017



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017<sup>‡</sup>



Same period Change since

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Urgent	2,256	2,474	2,503	2,722	3,285	3,392
Semi-urgent	6,487	5,937	5,891	5,872	5,447	5,838
Non-urgent	1,666	1,629	1,515	1,634	1,231	1,279
All emergency presentations	11,103	11,113	11,160	11,645	12,165	12,538

# Maitland Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

July to September 2017

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	2,121		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	9 minutes	9 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	22 minutes	20 minutes	2 minutes

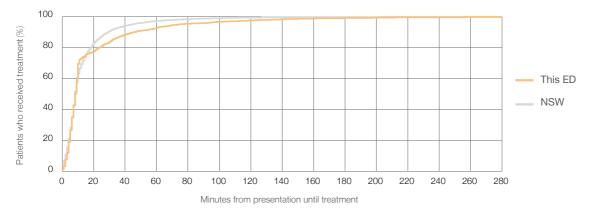
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after  $(\pm)$ transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

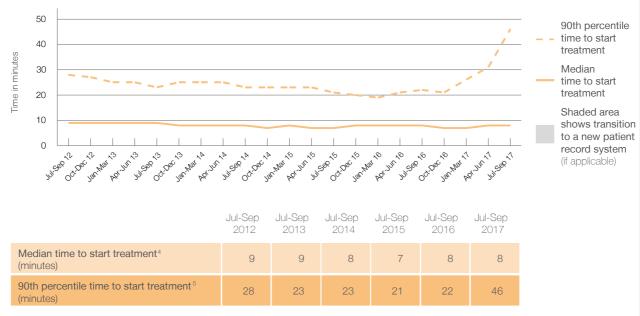
**Maitland Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 July to September 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,993	2,179	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 1,938	2,135	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	8 minutes	9 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 46 minutes	22 minutes	29 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



## Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, July 2012 to September 2017<sup>†‡</sup>



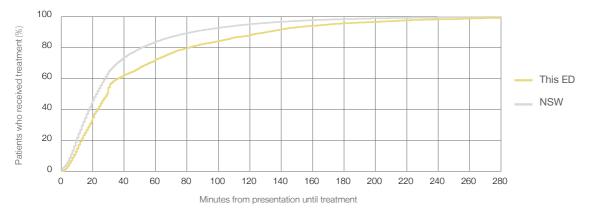
(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

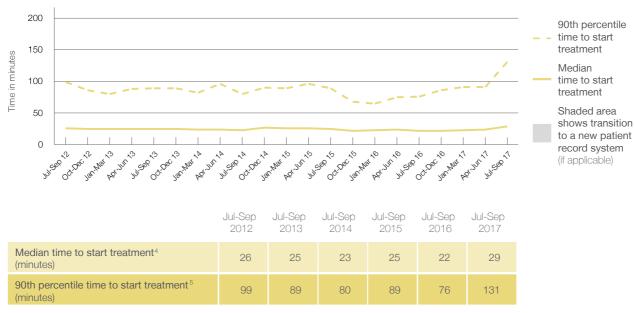
**Maitland Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 July to September 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood	Same period last year	NSW (this period)	
Number of triage 3 patients: 3,392	3,285		
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 3,155			
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	29 minutes	22 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	131 minutes	76 minutes	83 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017







Hunter New England Local Health District

Major hospitals (B)

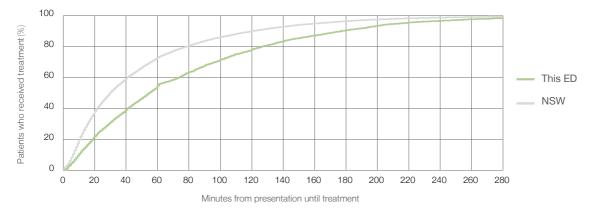
<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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**Maitland Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 July to September 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 5,838	5,447	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 4,598	4,585	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 55 minutes	41 minutes	30 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	131 minutes	121 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, July 2012 to September 2017<sup>†‡</sup>



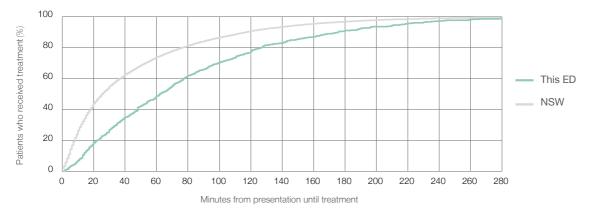
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**Maitland Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 July to September 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 1,279	1,231	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 839	904	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 62 minutes	55 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	141 minutes	118 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, July to September 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, July 2012 to September 2017<sup>†‡</sup>



(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

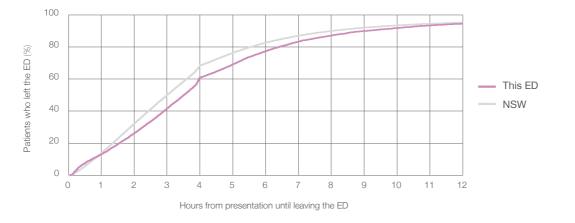
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# Maitland Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

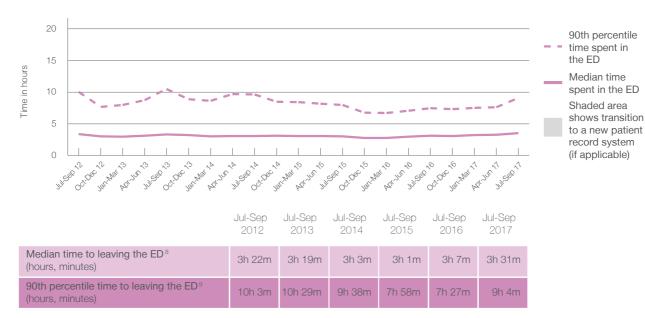
July to September 2017

NSW Same period (this period) last vear All presentations:1 12,610 patients 12,232 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 12,609 patients 12,232 3 hours and 3 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 31 minutes 0 minutes 7 minutes 7 hours and 8 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED<sup>9</sup> 9 hours and 4 minutes 27 minutes 2 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, July to September 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017

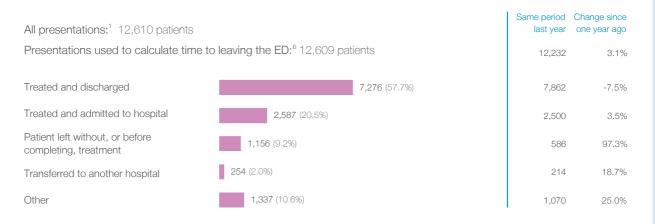


<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

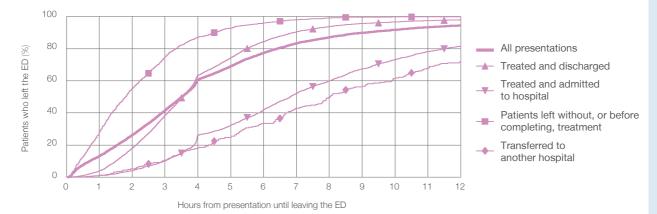
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

# **Maitland Hospital:** Time patients spent in the ED By mode of separation

July to September 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, July to September 2017<sup>†‡</sup>



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

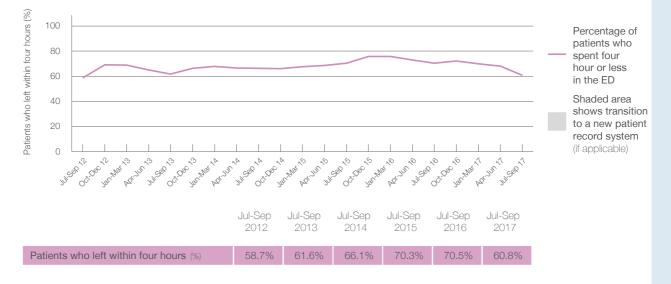
Treated and discharged	3.9%	18.1%	38.4%	63.3%	84.4%	93.8%	96.7%	98.0%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.0%	4.0%	10.1%	26.0%	42.1%	59.9%	73.1%	81.7%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	27.9%	55.2%	74.9%	87.0%	96.0%	99.1%	99.8%	99.9%
Transferred to another hospital	1.2%	5.1%	10.6%	18.1%	33.5%	49.6%	61.4%	72.0%
All presentations	13.2%	26.3%	41.7%	60.8%	77.4%	87.1%	91.8%	94.5%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Maitland Hospital: Time spent Percentage of patients who spe			
July to September 2017		Same period last year	Change since one year ago
All presentations at the emergency dep	artment:1 12,610 patients	12,232	3.1%
Presentations used to calculate time to	12,232	3.1%	
Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED	60.8%	70.5%	

#### Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, July 2012 to September 2017<sup>†‡</sup>



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- + Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the
- Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.
  Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

#### Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 17 October 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 17 October 2017).

Major hospitals (B) Hunter New England Local Health District