

# Hospital Quarterly

# Performance Profiles

**Emergency Department** 

Southern NSW Local Health District

#### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Bateman's Bay District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 4,132 patients	3,649	13.2%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 3,976 patients	3,511	13.2%

#### Bateman's Bay District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 359 patients	296	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 26 minutes	19 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,117 patients	1,134	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	18 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 56 minutes	58 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,891 patients	1,703	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 23 minutes	30 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 85 minutes	131 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 600 patients	370	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 23 minutes	27 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	119 minutes	103 minutes

### Bateman's Bay District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,132 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 87.5

Same period	Change since
last year	one year ago
3,649	13.2%
83.9%	

Same period Change since

Same period

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

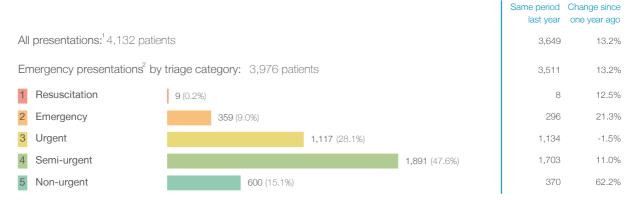
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

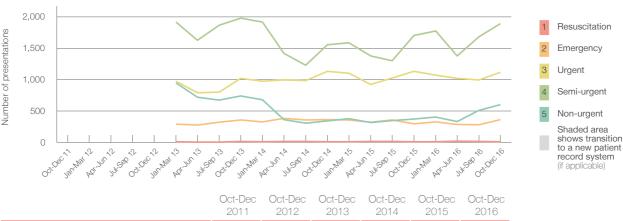
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Bateman's Bay District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 <sup>‡§</sup>



8	9
296	359
1,134	1,117
1,703	1,891
370	600
3,511	3,976
	1,134 1,703 370

#### Bateman's Bay District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transf	er of care time: 7 492 patients	411	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	10 minutes	9 minutes	1 minute
90th percentile time	24 minutes	23 minutes	1 minute
ED Transfer of care time  Median time	10 minutes	9 minutes	

- (†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.
- (‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

  Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
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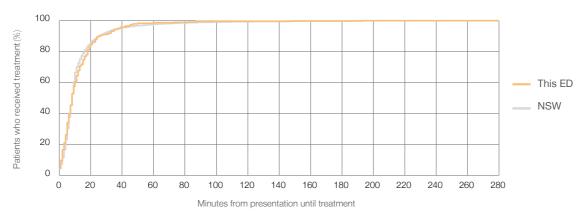
Same period Change since

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

## **Bateman's Bay District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain,	severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 359		296	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calc	culate waiting time:3 358	295	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	8 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	26 minutes	19 minutes	26 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016<sup>†‡§</sup>



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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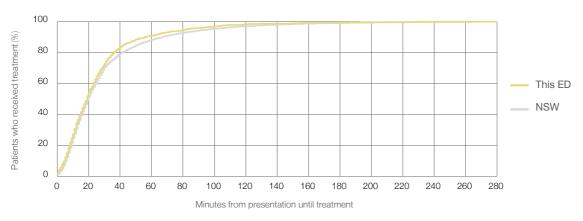
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## **Bateman's Bay District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,117	1,134	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,065	1,102	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 19 minutes	18 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 56 minutes	58 minutes	67 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016<sup>†‡§</sup>



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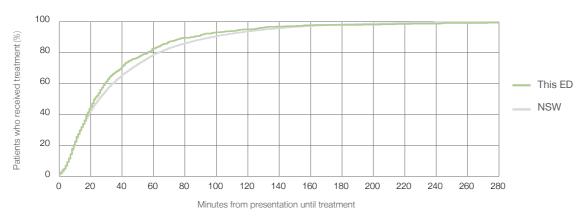
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## **Bateman's Bay District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,891	1,703	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 924	1,534	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 23 minutes	30 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 85 minutes	131 minutes	97 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016<sup>†‡§</sup>



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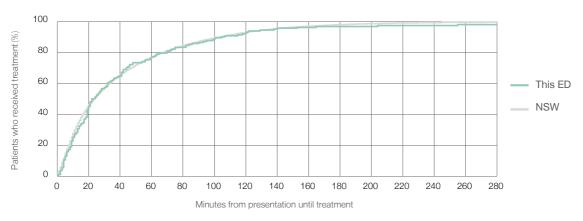
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# **Bateman's Bay District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 600	370	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 162	291	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 23 minutes	27 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 105 minutes	119 minutes	103 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016<sup>†‡§</sup>



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Same period

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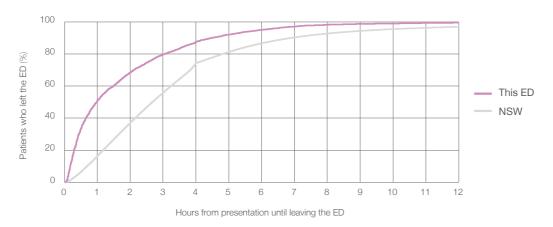
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#### Bateman's Bay District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

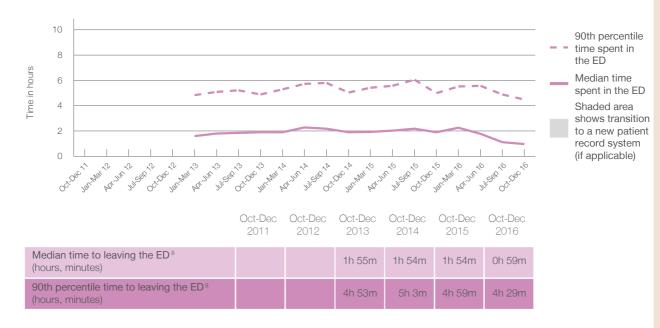
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 4,132 patients 3,649 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 4,132 patients 3,649 1 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 0 hours and 59 minutes 54 minutes 41 minutes 4 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 4 hours and 29 minutes 59 minutes 54 minutes

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016  $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$ 



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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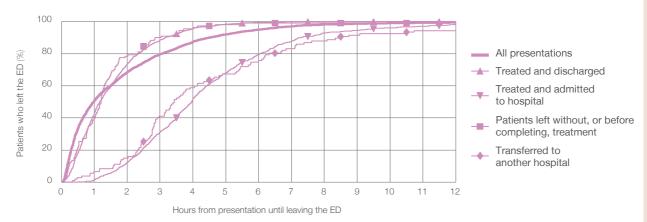
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Bateman's Bay District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016

Same period Change since All presentations: 4,132 patients last year one year ago Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 4,132 patients 13.2% 3.649 1,717 (41.6%) Treated and discharged -32.4% 2.540 Treated and admitted to hospital 812 (19.7%) 725 12.0% Patient left without, or before 111 (2.7%) -61.9% 291 completing, treatment 107 (2.6%) 24.4% Transferred to another hospital 1,385 (33.5%) Other 9685.7%

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016  $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$ 



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	43.1%	73.6%	88.5%	95.7%	99.5%	99.9%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	1.5%	12.3%	31.2%	52.1%	79.4%	93.0%	96.2%	98.3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	39.6%	78.4%	90.1%	95.5%	99.1%	99.1%	99.1%	99.1%
Transferred to another hospital	6.5%	15.0%	41.1%	58.9%	75.7%	87.9%	92.5%	94.4%
All presentations	50.8%	68.5%	79.7%	87.5%	95.0%	98.2%	99.0%	99.5%

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

# **Bateman's Bay District Hospital:** Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 4,132 patients

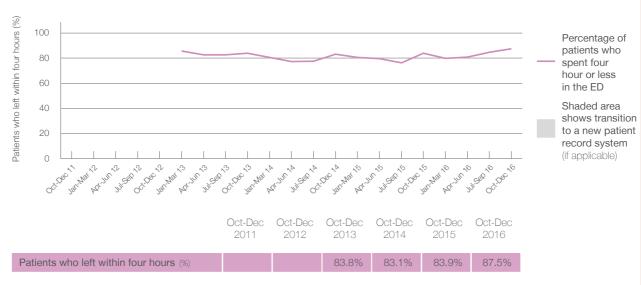
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,132 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

87.5%

Same period last year one year ago 3,649 13.2% 3,649 13.2% 83.9%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 118



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

Same period

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Goulburn Base Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 4,660 patients	4,436	5.0%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 4,399 patients	4,058	8.4%

#### Goulburn Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 448 patients	465	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 23 minutes	27 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,722 patients	1,561	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 21 minutes	29 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 68 minutes	103 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,921 patients	1,707	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 29 minutes	45 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	168 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 286 patients	301	
That of the first total of a factorial and a f		
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 24 minutes	30 minutes	24 minutes

#### Goulburn Base Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,660 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

	one year ago
4,436	5.0%
77.8%	

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

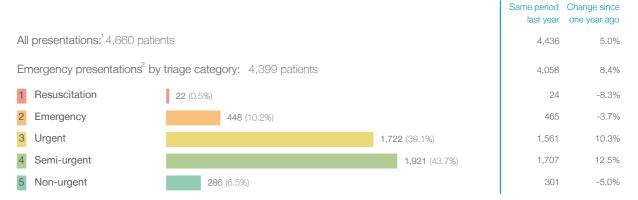
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

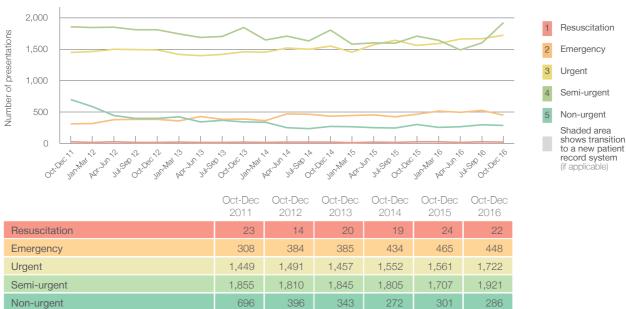
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### **Goulburn Base Hospital:** Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 <sup>‡</sup>



#### Goulburn Base Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

4,331

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	770		
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	13 minutes	14 minutes	-1 minute
90th percentile time	29 minutes	34 minutes	-5 minutes

4,095

4,050

4,082

4,058

4,399

Same period Change since

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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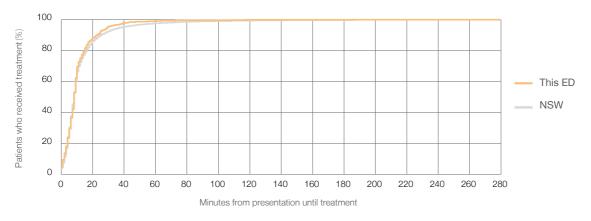
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### Goulburn Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 448	465	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 448	463	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 8 minutes	9 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 23 minutes	27 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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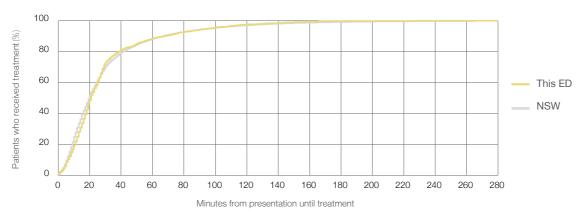
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### Goulburn Base Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,722	1,561	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,683	1,514	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 21 minutes	29 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 68 minutes	103 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> (minutes)	32	32	26	26	29	21
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> (minutes)	91	100	82	90	103	68

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger) \quad \text{Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small}.$ 

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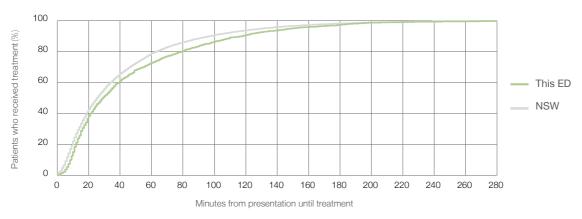
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# **Goulburn Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,921	1,707	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,767	1,532	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 29 minutes	45 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 118 minutes	168 minutes	97 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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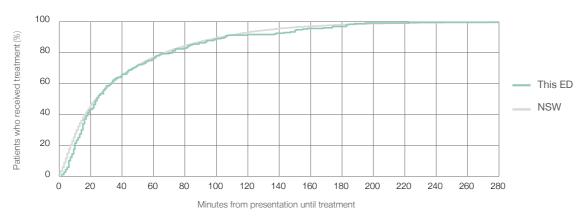
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# **Goulburn Base Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 286	301	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 227	226	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 24 minutes	30 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 106 minutes	138 minutes	103 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Same period

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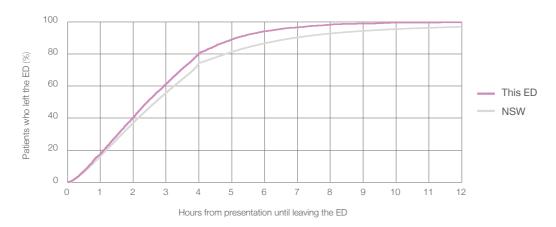
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#### Goulburn Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

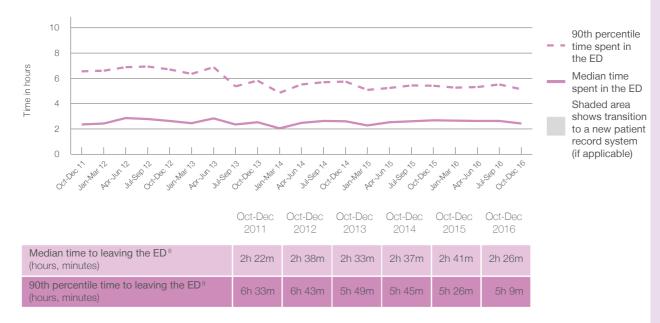
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 4,660 patients 4,436 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 4,660 patients 4,436 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 26 minutes 41 minutes 41 minutes 5 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 5 hours and 9 minutes 26 minutes 54 minutes

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



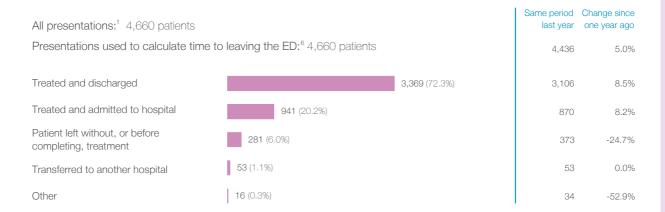
 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

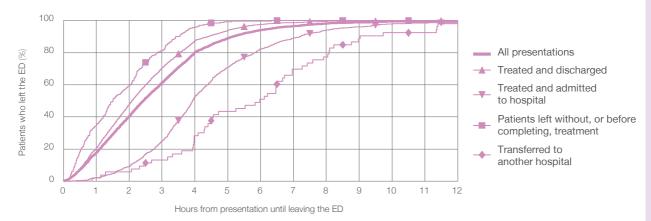
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Goulburn Base Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	20.7%	48.0%	70.6%	87.5%	97.6%	99.5%	99.9%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.1%	9.2%	25.2%	52.8%	82.4%	94.0%	98.0%	98.6%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	34.9%	59.4%	81.5%	95.7%	99.6%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	1.9%	5.7%	13.2%	28.3%	50.9%	77.4%	92.5%	98.1%
All presentations	17.8%	40.5%	61.5%	80.4%	94.1%	98.2%	99.4%	99.7%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Goulburn Base Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 14,660 patients

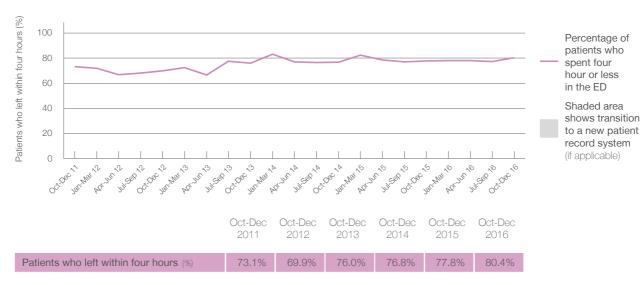
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,660 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

80.4%

	Change since
last year	one year ago
4,436	5.0%
4,436	5.0%
77.8%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

Same period

#### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Moruya District Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: <sup>1</sup> 2,787 patients	2,686	3.8%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 2,579 patients	2,521	2.3%

#### Moruya District Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 308 patients	264	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 28 minutes	22 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 823 patients	783	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	18 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 51 minutes	57 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,053 patients	970	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 23 minutes	30 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 83 minutes	110 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 380 patients	485	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 20 minutes	34 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	147 minutes	103 minutes

#### Moruya District Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 2,787 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

	one year ago
2,686	3.8%
77.3%	

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

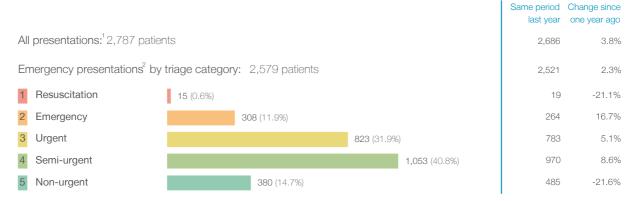
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

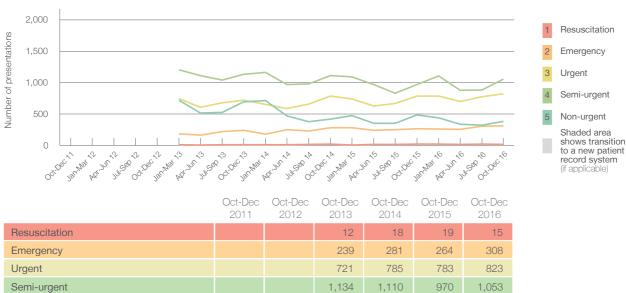
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Moruya District Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 <sup>‡§</sup>



#### Moruya District Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Non-urgent

	last year	one year ago
ensfer of care time: 7 421 patients **	502	
12 minutes	13 minutes	-1 minute
28 minutes	35 minutes	-7 minutes
		ansfer of care time: 7 421 patients **  502  12 minutes  13 minutes

- (†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.
- (‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

  Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- (§) Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- (\*\*) Interpret with caution: total ambulance arrivals include more than 30% of records for which transfer of care time cannot be calculated.

2,614

2.799

2,521

2,579

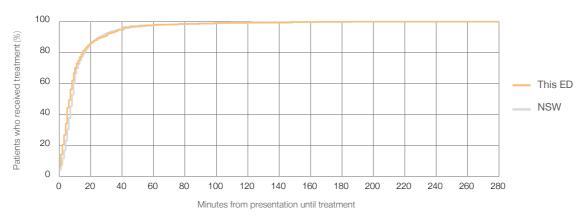
Same period Change since

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

## **Moruya District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 308	264	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 307	261	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 7 minutes	7 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 28 minutes	22 minutes	26 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016<sup>†‡§</sup>



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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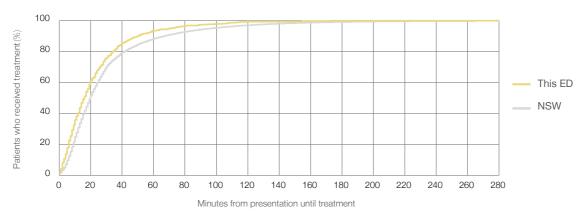
<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### **Moruya District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)			(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 823			
Number of triage 3 patients used to calcu	ate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 807	757	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	16 minutes	18 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	51 minutes	57 minutes	67 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016<sup>†‡§</sup>



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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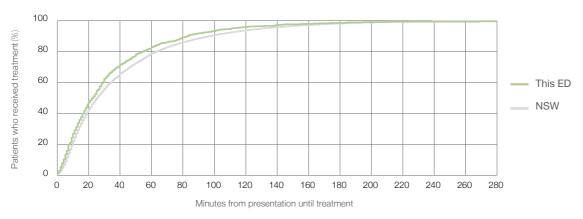
<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### **Moruya District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,053	970	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 942	869	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 23 minutes	30 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 83 minutes	110 minutes	97 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016<sup>†‡§</sup>



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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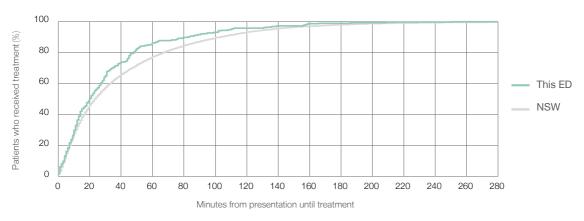
<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

## **Moruya District Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 380	485	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 286	402	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 20 minutes	34 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 83 minutes	147 minutes	103 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016<sup>†‡§</sup>



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Same period

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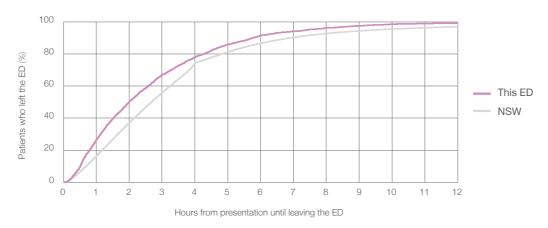
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Moruya District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

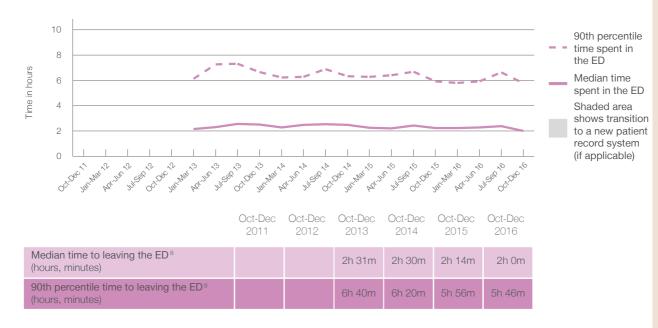
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 2,787 patients 2,686 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 2,787 patients 2,686 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 0 minutes 14 minutes 41 minutes 5 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 5 hours and 46 minutes 56 minutes 54 minutes

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016  $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$ 



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

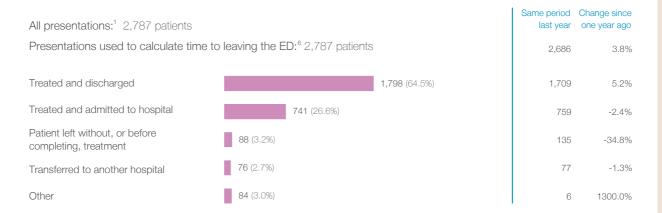
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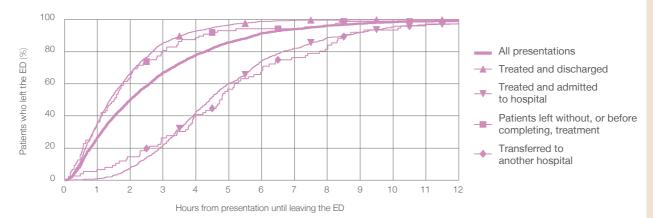
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Moruya District Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	35.6%	66.7%	85.4%	92.8%	98.9%	99.7%	99.9%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.9%	7.8%	22.0%	42.4%	74.4%	88.8%	95.5%	97.4%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	35.2%	63.6%	80.7%	88.6%	94.3%	96.6%	98.9%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	6.6%	14.5%	26.3%	40.8%	68.4%	81.6%	93.4%	97.4%
All presentations	26.6%	50.2%	67.0%	78.0%	91.4%	96.2%	98.5%	99.2%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Moruya District Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 12,787 patients

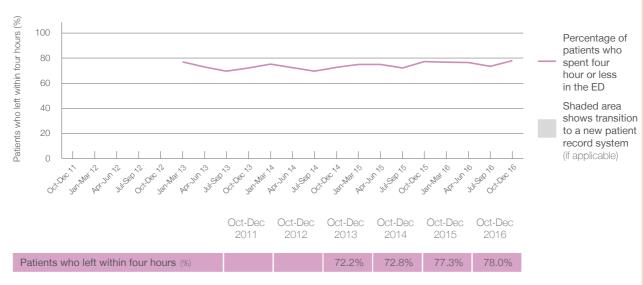
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 2,787 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

78.0%

	Change since one year ago
2,686	3.8%
2,686	3.8%
77.3%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 118



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

Same period

#### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Queanbeyan Health Service: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 4,840 patients	4,407	9.8%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 4,736 patients	4,280	10.7%

#### Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 282 patients	271	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 9 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 27 minutes	20 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,335 patients	937	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 21 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 58 minutes	75 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 2,305 patients	2,308	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 29 minutes	29 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	118 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 805 patients	764	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 32 minutes	30 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	132 minutes	103 minutes

#### Queanbeyan Health Service: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,840 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED 87.49

1	Change since one year ago
4,407	9.8%
80.7%	

- \* Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

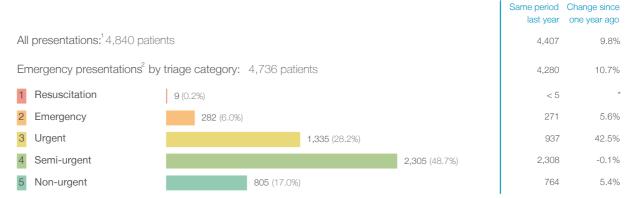
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

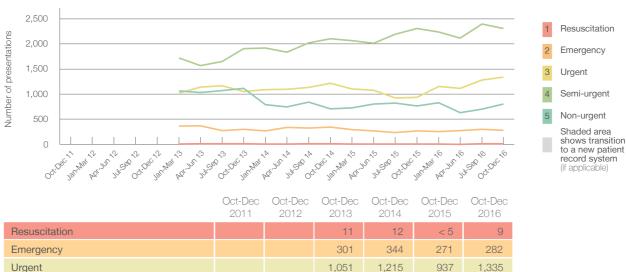
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Queanbeyan Health Service: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 <sup>‡§</sup>



#### Queanbeyan Health Service: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

	last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate transfer of care time: 7 435 patients	367	
ED Transfer of care time		
Median time 11 minutes	11 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time 19 minutes	22 minutes	-3 minutes

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

2,100

4,376

1,904

4,381

2,308

4,280

2,305

805

Same period Change since

4,736

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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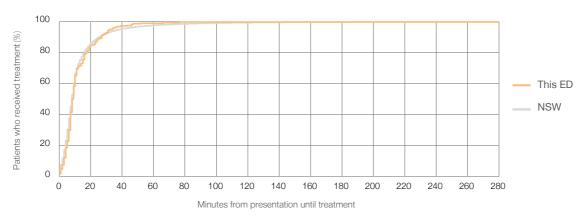
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### **Queanbeyan Health Service:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2

October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 282	271	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 282	266	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 9 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 27 minutes	20 minutes	26 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016<sup>†‡§</sup>



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(±)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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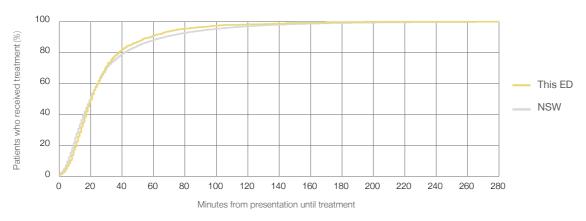
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### **Queanbeyan Health Service:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,335	937	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,304	920	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 21 minutes	21 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 58 minutes	75 minutes	67 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016<sup>†‡§</sup>



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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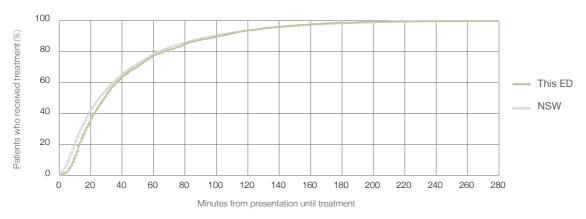
<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

## **Queanbeyan Health Service:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 2,305	2,308	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,123	2,122	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 29 minutes	29 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 102 minutes	118 minutes	97 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016<sup>†‡§</sup>



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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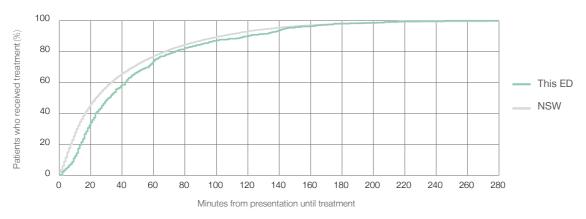
<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

## **Queanbeyan Health Service:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 805	764	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 648	596	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 32 minutes	30 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	132 minutes	103 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016<sup>†‡§</sup>



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

Same period

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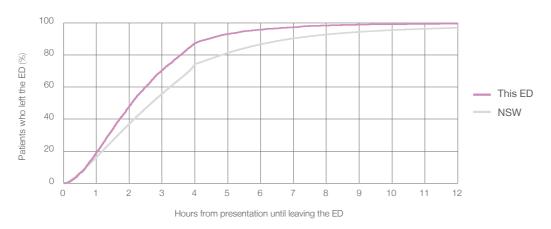
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

last vear (this period) All presentations: 4,840 patients 4,407 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 4,840 patients 4,407 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 5 minutes 10 minutes 41 minutes 5 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 4 hours and 24 minutes 30 minutes 54 minutes

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016  $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$ 



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

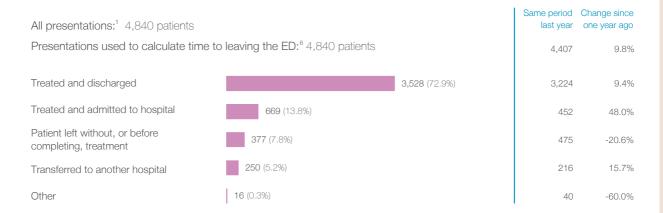
<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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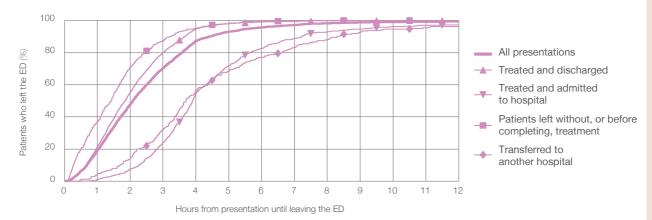
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Queanbeyan Health Service: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016  $^{\dagger \ddagger \$}$ 



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	21.6%	55.4%	80.1%	94.8%	99.1%	99.8%	100%	100%
Treated and admitted to hospital	0.9%	7.6%	23.9%	54.9%	82.7%	93.0%	96.3%	97.3%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	37.1%	70.8%	87.3%	95.2%	99.7%	100%	100%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	4.0%	14.4%	32.0%	56.4%	77.2%	88.0%	94.8%	96.4%
All presentations	19.2%	48.0%	70.5%	87.4%	95.7%	98.3%	99.2%	99.4%

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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<sup>(§)</sup> Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### Queanbeyan Health Service: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 4,840 patients

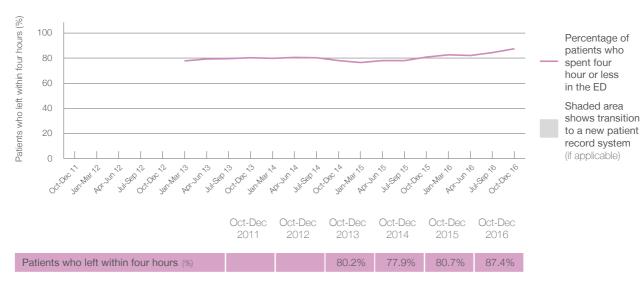
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,840 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

87.4%

Same period last year one year ago
4,407 9.8%
4,407 9.8%

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 118



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- Quarterly information for this hospital is shown where data are available from the Health Information Exchange, NSW Health. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).

Same period Change since

Same period

#### More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare\_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### South East Regional Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 4,440 patients	3,351	32.5%
Emergency presentations: <sup>2</sup> 4,137 patients	3,065	35.0%

#### South East Regional Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment<sup>3</sup>

October to December 2016

	last year	(this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 414 patients	259	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 7 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 21 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 1,258 patients	788	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 20 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 70 minutes	69 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 1,745 patients	1,521	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 32 minutes	34 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	115 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 706 patients	488	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 46 minutes	33 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	134 minutes	103 minutes

#### South East Regional Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,439 patients

Percentage of patients who spent	
i crocinage of patients who spent	70.00/
four hours or less in the ED	72.3%

	Ohange since one year ago
	, ,
3,350	32.5%
81.6%	

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

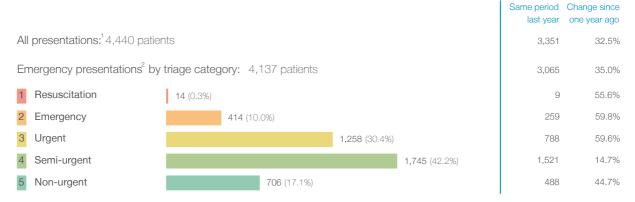
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

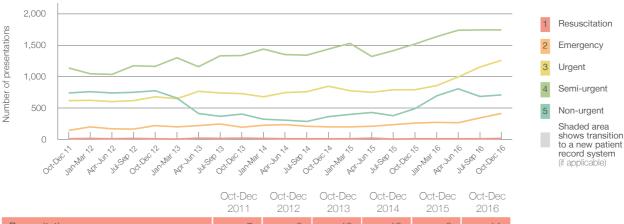
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### South East Regional Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations<sup>2</sup> by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 <sup>‡</sup>



	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Resuscitation	7	8	19	12	9	14
Emergency	141	218	194	198	259	414
Urgent	619	678	728	848	788	1,258
Semi-urgent	1,136	1,163	1,337	1,436	1,521	1,745
Non-urgent	737	776	402	359	488	706
All emergency presentations	2,640	2,843	2,680	2,853	3,065	4,137

#### South East Regional Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
er of care time: 7 880 patients	594	
12 minutes	12 minutes	0 minutes
25 minutes	34 minutes	-9 minutes
	12 minutes	r of care time: <sup>7</sup> 880 patients 594  12 minutes 12 minutes

<sup>(†)</sup> Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Same period Change since

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

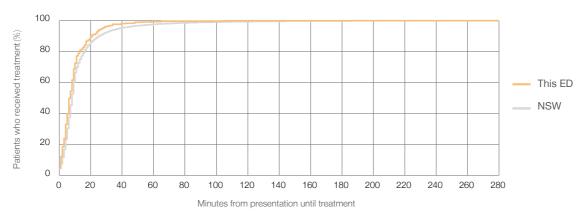
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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## **South East Regional Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 414	259	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: <sup>3</sup> 410	256	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 7 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 21 minutes	25 minutes	26 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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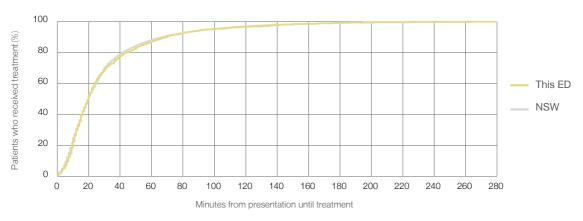
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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

### **South East Regional Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 1,258	788	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,232	766	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup> 20 minutes	20 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup> 70 minutes	69 minutes	67 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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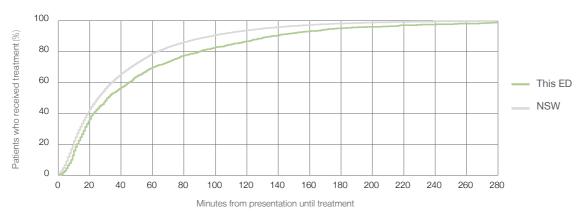
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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### **South East Regional Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)			NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 1,745			
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,574			
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	32 minutes	34 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>	137 minutes	115 minutes	97 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



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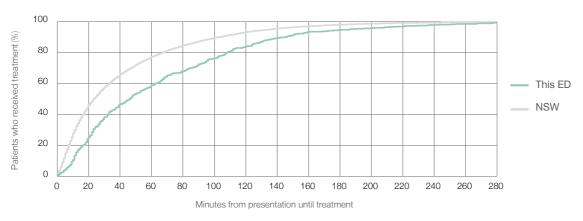
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

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### **South East Regional Hospital:** Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)			Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 706			488	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 547			411	
Median time to start treatment <sup>4</sup>	46 minutes		33 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment <sup>5</sup>		146 minutes	134 minutes	103 minutes

#### Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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Same period

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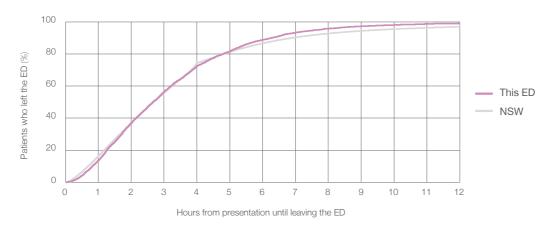
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#### South East Regional Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

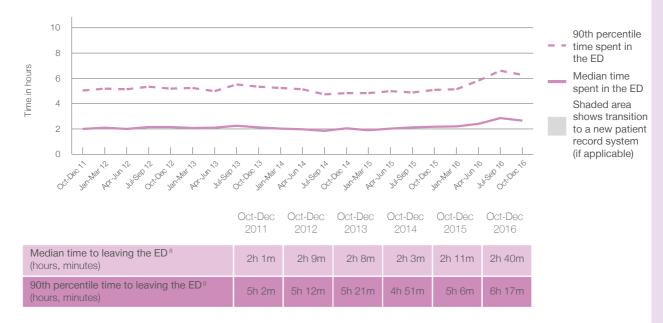
October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 4,440 patients 3,351 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:<sup>6</sup> 4,439 patients 3,350 2 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 2 hours and 40 minutes 11 minutes 41 minutes 5 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 6 hours and 17 minutes 6 minutes 54 minutes

#### Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



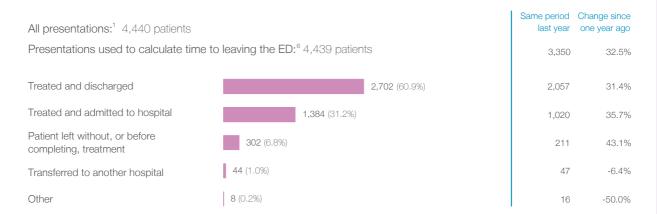
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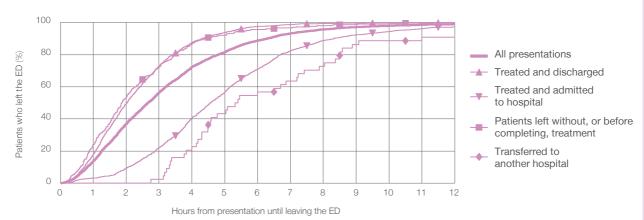
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### South East Regional Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	18.1%	49.6%	72.9%	87.6%	97.6%	99.4%	99.9%	99.9%
Treated and admitted to hospital	3.1%	9.4%	22.1%	40.8%	71.0%	88.8%	94.5%	97.4%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	24.2%	53.6%	72.2%	86.8%	95.7%	98.0%	99.3%	100%
Transferred to another hospital	0%	0%	2.3%	22.7%	56.8%	72.7%	88.6%	90.9%
All presentations	13.8%	36.9%	56.4%	72.3%	88.8%	95.8%	98.1%	99.1%

 $<sup>(\</sup>dagger)$  Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

<sup>(‡)</sup> Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

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From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

#### South East Regional Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 14,440 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 4,439 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
3,351	32.5%
3,350	32.5%
81.6%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- \* Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).