Same period Change since

More information is available on BHI's interactive portal at www.bhi.nsw.gov.au/healthcare_observer

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Royal North Shore Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2016

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 21,164 patients	19,866	6.5%
Emergency presentations: ² 21,024 patients	19,801	6.2%

Royal North Shore Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment³

October to December 2016

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 4,335 patients	4,131	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 8 minutes	8 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	17 minutes	26 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 5,947 patients	5,774	
Median time to start treatment ⁴	19 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 50 minutes	47 minutes	67 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 7,620 patients	6,951	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 29 minutes	29 minutes	25 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 81 minutes	80 minutes	97 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 2,716 patients	2,631	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 35 minutes	36 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	106 minutes	103 minutes

Royal North Shore Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2016

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 21,164 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED

Change since	Same period
one year ago	last year
6.5%	19,866
	63.9%

- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

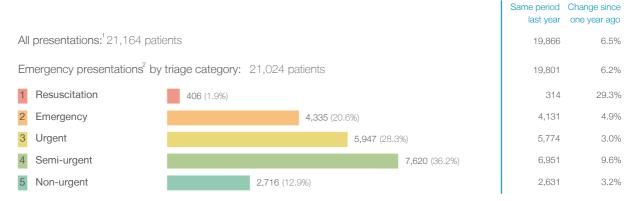
Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient's presenting problems.

Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

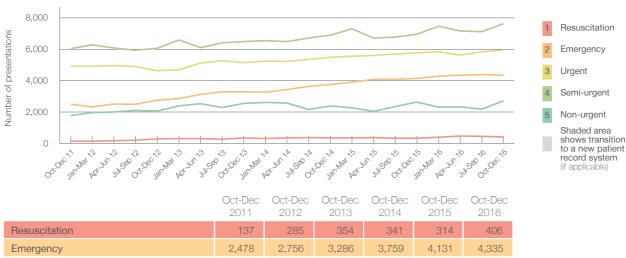
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Royal North Shore Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2016



Emergency presentations² by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 [‡]



Urgent	4,913	4,638	5,133	5,485	5,774	5,947
Semi-urgent Semi-urgent	6,030	6,048	6,483	6,884	6,951	7,620
Non-urgent	1,777	2,060	2,556	2,376	2,631	2,716
All emergency presentations	15,335	15,787	17,812	18,845	19,801	21,024

Royal North Shore Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

October to December 2016

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran-	sfer of care time: 7 4,504 patients	4,246	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	15 minutes	14 minutes	1 minute
90th percentile time	32 minutes	32 minutes	0 minutes

Same period Change since

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

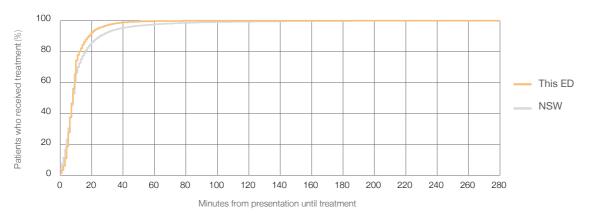
Royal North Shore Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2016

Triage 2	Emergency	(e.g. chest pain,	sever	e burns)		
Number o	of triage 2 patie	ents: 4,335				
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 4,311						
Median tim	e to start treatm	nent ⁴	8 m	inutes		

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

Same period last year	NSW (this period
4,131	
4,120	
8 minutes	8 minutes
17 minutes	26 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



(+)	Data no	ints are	not s	hown in	graphs	for a	uarters	when	natient	numbers	are too	small.

19

16

17

14

17

18

(minutes)

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

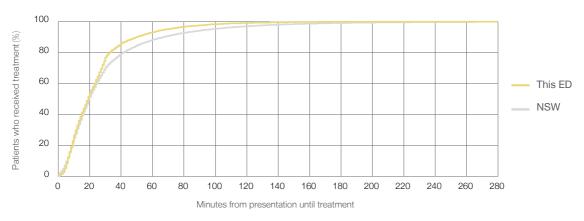
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Royal North Shore Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3

October to December 2016

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)			(this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 5,947			
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 5,835			
Median time to start treatment ⁴	19 minutes	19 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	50 minutes	47 minutes	67 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	22	20	18	17	19	19
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	87	59	49	49	47	50

 $^{(\}dagger)$ $\;$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Royal North Shore Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2016

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)

Number of triage 4 patients: 7,620

Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 7,291

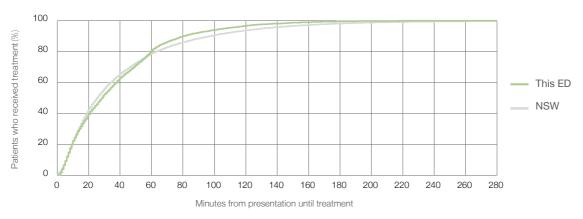
Median time to start treatment⁴

90th percentile time to start treatment⁵



Same period last year	NSW (this period)
6,951	
6,668	
29 minutes	25 minutes
80 minutes	97 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment(minutes) for triage 4 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	30	29	26	25	29	29
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	116	98	80	79	80	81

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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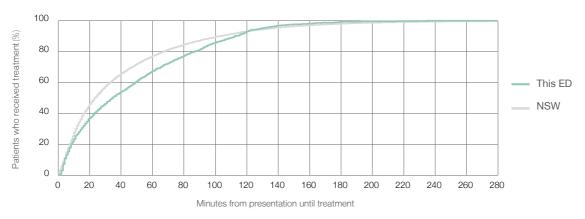
Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Royal North Shore Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2016

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 2,716	2,631	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 2,421	2,384	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 35 minutes	36 minutes	24 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	106 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2016



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, October 2011 to December 2016



 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

NSW

Same period

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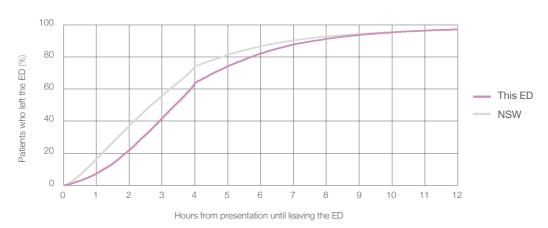
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Royal North Shore Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2016

(this period) last vear All presentations: 21,164 patients 19,866 Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:6 21,164 patients 19,866 3 hours and 2 hours and Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 24 minutes 21 minutes 41 minutes 7 hours and 6 hours and 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 7 hours and 37 minutes 26 minutes 54 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2016



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016



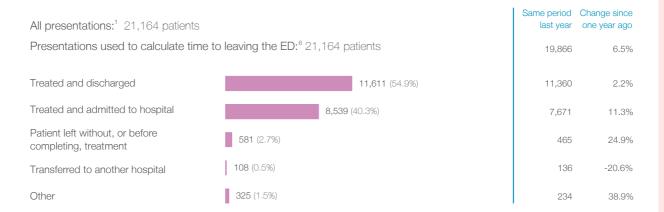
 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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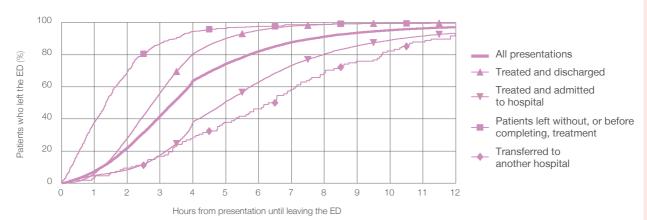
From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Royal North Shore Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2016



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2016



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	6.1%	28.1%	56.2%	80.6%	95.2%	98.9%	99.6%	99.8%
Treated and admitted to hospital	4.7%	8.3%	17.5%	38.1%	63.1%	80.4%	89.1%	93.4%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	37.9%	69.4%	87.1%	94.5%	97.8%	99.0%	99.5%	99.7%
Transferred to another hospital	3.7%	9.3%	16.7%	28.7%	46.3%	68.5%	82.4%	92.6%
All presentations	7.4%	22.0%	41.8%	63.8%	82.1%	91.3%	95.3%	97.2%

 $^{(\}dagger)$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after trans For more information, see Background Paper:

Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

From March 2017, Hospital Quarterly reports the 90th percentile time, rather than the 95th percentile time, for related ED measures.

Royal North Shore Hospital: Time spent in the ED

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2016

All presentations at the emergency department: 121,164 patients

Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED:⁶ 21,164 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
19,866	6.5%
19,866	6.5%
63.9%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, October 2011 to December 2016 11



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- † Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, January to March 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient's presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 24 January 2017).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 24 January 2017).