Same period Change since

John Hunter Hospital: Emergency department (ED) overview

October to December 2017

	last year	one year ago
All presentations: 1 19,789 patients	19,440	1.8%
Emergency presentations: ² 19,650 patients	19,227	2.2%

John Hunter Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment ³

October to December 2017

	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns): 1,751 patients	1,701	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment 5 16 minutes	21 minutes	23 minutes
Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration): 4,414 patients	4,764	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 62 minutes	80 minutes	65 minutes
Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache): 10,320 patients	9,833	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	33 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	117 minutes	99 minutes
Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions): 3,065 patients	2,802	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 42 minutes	42 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	147 minutes	103 minutes

John Hunter Hospital: Time from presentation until leaving the ED

October to December 2017

Attendances used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 19,789 patients

Percentage of patients who spent 61.0% four hours or less in the ED

	one year ago
19,440	1.8%
65.0%	

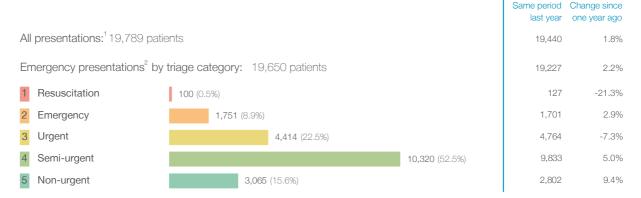
- Suppressed due to small number of patients and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency attendances at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All attendances that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients waited equal to or longer
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 10% of patients waited equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier time recorded for clerical registration or the triage process. Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care relevant to the patient<s presenting problems.

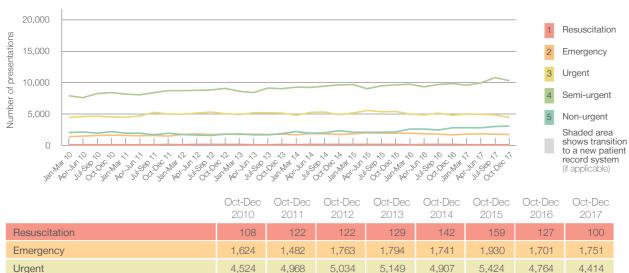
Source: Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

John Hunter Hospital: Patients presenting to the emergency department

October to December 2017



Emergency presentations² by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 [‡]



John Hunter Hospital: Patients arriving by ambulance

8,423

16,848

8,702

1 941

17,215

8,997

17,961

9,625

18,739

9,652

19.324

9,047

17,721

October to December 2017

All emergency presentations

Semi-urgent

Non-urgent

		last year	one year ago
Arrivals used to calculate tran	sfer of care time: 7 4,978 patients	4,731	
ED Transfer of care time			
Median time	11 minutes	11 minutes	0 minutes
90th percentile time	21 minutes	23 minutes	-2 minutes

10,320

3.065

19.650

9,833

2.802

19.227

Same period Change since

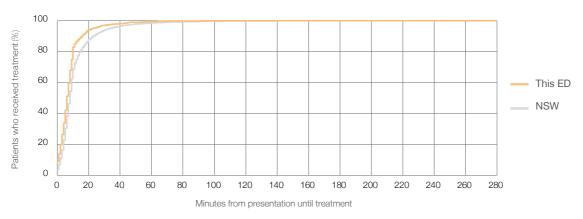
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

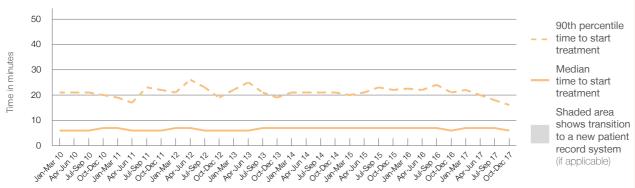
John Hunter Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 2 October to December 2017

Triage 2 Emergency (e.g. chest pain, severe burns)		NSW (this period)
Number of triage 2 patients: 1,751	1,701	
Number of triage 2 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 1,734	1,686	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 6 minutes	6 minutes	8 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 16 minutes	21 minutes	23 minutes

Percentage of triage 2 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 2 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	7	6	6	7	7	7	6	6
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	20	22	19	19	21	22	21	16

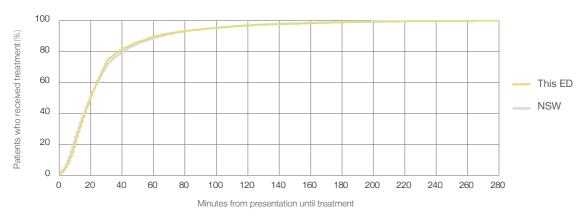
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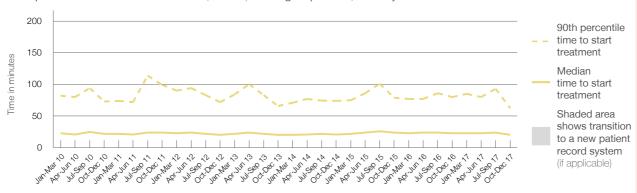
John Hunter Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 3 October to December 2017

Triage 3 Urgent (e.g. moderate blood loss, dehydration)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 3 patients: 4,414	4,764	
Number of triage 3 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 4,297	4,645	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 20 minutes	23 minutes	20 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 62 minutes	80 minutes	65 minutes

Percentage of triage 3 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 3 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 † ‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	22	24	20	20	21	24	23	20
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	73	99	72	66	74	79	80	62

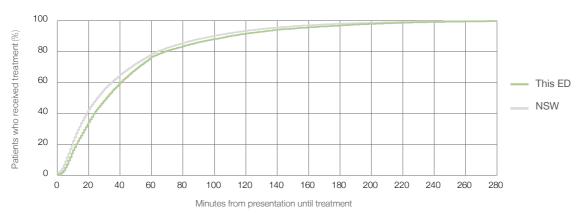
^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

^(‡) Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

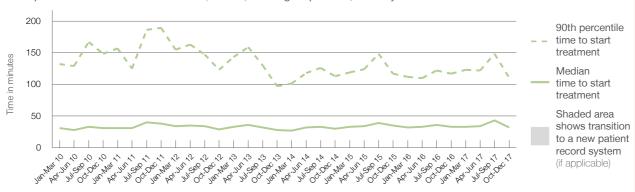
John Hunter Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 4 October to December 2017

Triage 4 Semi-urgent (e.g. sprained ankle, earache)	Same period last year	NSW (this period)
Number of triage 4 patients: 10,320	9,833	
Number of triage 4 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 9,270	9,074	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 32 minutes	33 minutes	26 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ 111 minutes	117 minutes	99 minutes

Percentage of triage 4 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 4 patients, January 2010 to December 2017 †‡



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	31	38	29	28	30	35	33	32
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	148	189	123	97	113	117	117	111

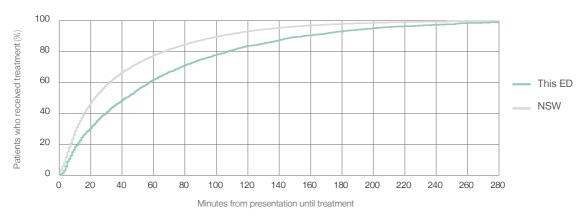
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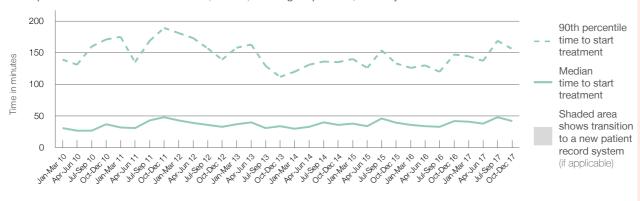
John Hunter Hospital: Time patients waited to start treatment, triage 5 October to December 2017

Triage 5 Non-urgent (e.g. small cuts or abrasions)	Same period last year	(this period)
Number of triage 5 patients: 3,065	2,802	
Number of triage 5 patients used to calculate waiting time: 3 2,372	2,290	
Median time to start treatment ⁴ 42 minutes	42 minutes	23 minutes
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵	147 minutes	103 minutes

Percentage of triage 5 patients who received treatment by time, October to December 2017



Time patients waited to start treatment (minutes) for triage 5 patients, January 2010 to December 2017



	Oct-Dec 2010	Oct-Dec 2011	Oct-Dec 2012	Oct-Dec 2013	Oct-Dec 2014	Oct-Dec 2015	Oct-Dec 2016	Oct-Dec 2017
Median time to start treatment ⁴ (minutes)	37	48	33	34	36	40	42	42
90th percentile time to start treatment ⁵ (minutes)	171	189	139	112	135	133	147	156

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

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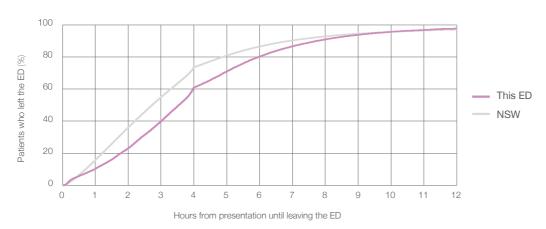
John Hunter Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

October to December 2017

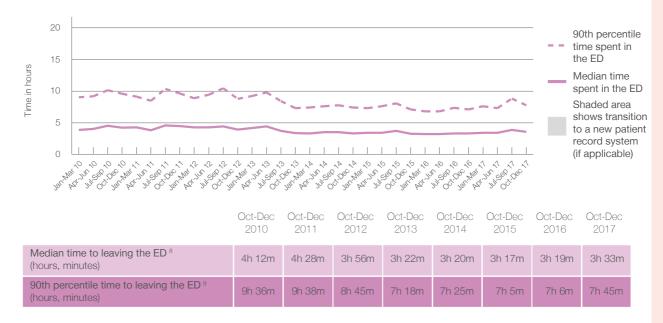
All presentations: 19,789 patients Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 19,789 patients Median time spent in the ED 8 3 hours and 33 minutes 90th percentile time spent in the ED 9 7 hours and 45 minutes

NSW Same period (this period) last vear 19,440 19.440 3 hours and 2 hours and 7 hours and 6 hours and 6 minutes 55 minutes

Percentage of patients who left the ED by time, October to December 2017



Time patients spent in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017

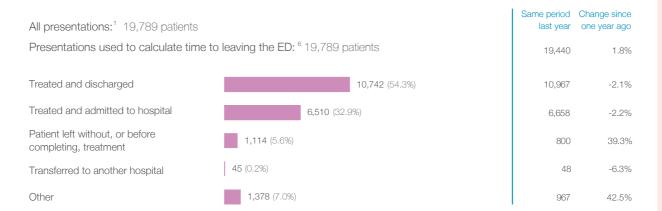


^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

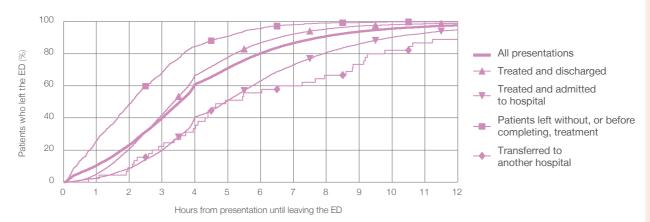
Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

John Hunter Hospital: Time patients spent in the ED

By mode of separation October to December 2017



Percentage of patients who left the ED by time and mode of separation, October to December 2017



1 hour 2 hours 3 hours 4 hours 6 hours 8 hours 10 hours 12 hours

Treated and discharged	4.9%	20.6%	42.1%	66.3%	86.9%	95.4%	98.1%	99.0%
Treated and admitted to hospital	2.5%	8.6%	19.9%	40.7%	63.1%	80.7%	90.2%	94.9%
Patient left without, or before completing, treatment	25.8%	48.5%	68.2%	84.6%	95.5%	99.1%	99.8%	99.8%
Transferred to another hospital	2.2%	8.9%	22.2%	33.3%	55.6%	66.7%	82.2%	88.9%
All presentations	10.3%	23.1%	39.9%	61.0%	80.2%	90.9%	95.6%	97.7%

^(†) Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers are too small.

Caution is advised when interpreting abrupt changes over time at the hospital level. For example, performance before and after transition to a new information system is not directly comparable. For more information, see Background Paper: Approaches to reporting time measures of emergency department performance, December 2011.

John Hunter Hospital: Time spent in the ED Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED October to December 2017

All presentations at the emergency department: 19,789 patients

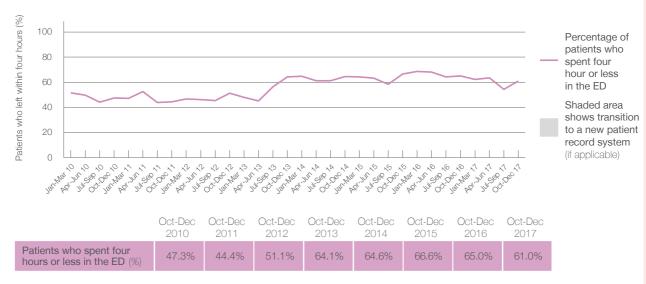
Presentations used to calculate time to leaving the ED: 6 19,789 patients

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED



	Change since one year ago
19,440	1.8%
19,440	1.8%
65.0%	

Percentage of patients who spent four hours or less in the ED, by quarter, January 2010 to December 2017 **



- * Suppressed due to small numbers and to protect privacy. Relevant graphs are also suppressed.
- $_{\mbox{\scriptsize †}}$ Data points are not shown in graphs for quarters when patient numbers were too small.
- 1. All emergency and non-emergency presentations at the emergency department (ED).
- 2. All presentations that have a triage category and are coded as emergency presentations or unplanned return visits.
- 3. Some patients are excluded from ED time measures due to calculation requirements. For details, see the *Technical Supplement: Emergency department measures, July to September 2016.*
- 4. The median is the time by which half of patients started treatment. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 5. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients started treatment. The final 105% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 6. All presentations that have a departure time.
- 7. Transfer of care time refers to the period between arrival of patients at the ED by ambulance and the transfer of responsibility for their care from paramedics to ED staff in an ED treatment zone. For more information see Spotlight on Measurement: measuring transfer of care from the ambulance to the emergency department.
- 8. The median is the time by which half of patients left the ED. The other half of patients took equal to or longer than this time.
- 9. The 90th percentile is the time by which 90% of patients left the ED. The final 10% of patients took equal to or longer than this time.

Note: Presentation time is the earlier of times recorded for the start of clerical registration or the triage process.

Treatment time is the earliest time recorded when a healthcare professional provides medical care that is relevant to the patient<s presenting problems. For patients who were treated and discharged, departure time is the time when treatment was completed. For all other patients, departure time is the time when the patient actually left the ED.

Note: All percentages are rounded and therefore percentages may not add to 100%.

Sources: ED data from Health Information Exchange, NSW Health (extracted 23 January 2018).

Transfer of care data from Transfer of Care Reporting System (extracted 23 January 2018).